IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-1)

10 PT. ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
1234567890

8 PT. ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890

6 PT. ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890

PIONEERS IN METHYLENE BLUE TESTING SINCE 1974

MICRO INTERNATIONAL

15809 COUNTY ROAD 5, BURNSVILLE, MN U.S.A. (612) 435-7887

150mm

6"

CALIFORNIA STATE ARCHIVES

Microfilm Processing

TITLE OF WORK,

GOVENOR'S PROCLAMATIONS

ROLL NO.

2

CSA-23 (6/85)

State of California
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

I, MARCH FONG EU, Secretary of State of the State of California, hereby certify:

That each of the microphotographic copies of any paper document or record following in this roll of film is a full and correct copy of the original filed in my office, and that each said copies was microphotographed under my direction and control this 10th day of DEC, 1985

Authority for this microfilm reproduction is Section 1551 of the Evidence Code.

Filmed by:

J. R. Wainscott
Microfilm Tech. II
State Archives

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I execute this certificate and affix the Great Seal of the State of California this 11th day of DEC, 1985.

March Fong Eu

Secretary of State

Ser 118
Proclamation
597

Proclamation guaranteeing against Boll Weevil

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT. 23 1920
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Fremont Gotz

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 32

(With Regulations)

PERTAINING TO MEXICAN COTTON BOLL WEEVIL

AND PINK BOLLWORM OF COTTON.

Whereas, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that injurious insects known as the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil (Anthonomus grandis Boh.) and the Pink Bollworm (Pectinophora gossypiella Saunders), new to and not hitherto known to exist within and throughout the State of California, exist in several states of the United States;

Now, Therefore, it is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil or the Pink Bollworm into the State of California that a horticultural quarantine be and the same is hereby established in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples of cotton, seed cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed hulls, cotton ginning and milling machinery, cotton bagging, used cotton pickers' bags, and all other articles or materials that have been used in connection with growing, harvesting, ginning, baling or manufacturing cotton lint, seed cotton or cotton seed from any other state, territory or locality of the United States, except under and subject to the following regulations:

REGULATION 1. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state or locality of the United States known to be infested with the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil or the Pink Bollworm, is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such seed cotton or cotton seed as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

REGULATION 2. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state of the United States where the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil or the Pink Bollworm are not known to exist will be admitted into the State of California subject to the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California seed cotton or cotton seed from any state in the United States where the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil or the Pink Bollworm are not known to exist shall first

make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the seed cotton or cotton seed was grown, the amount of the importation and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Accompanying the application must be a certificate, in duplicate, signed by the State Entomologist of the state where the seed cotton or cotton seed was grown, and setting forth the locality of origin of the seed cotton or cotton seed comprising the shipment.

REGULATION 3. Seed cotton or cotton seed imported or brought into the State of California under permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have each package or container in the shipment plainly and correctly marked to show the number of the permit, the quantity of the contents, the state and locality where grown, the name and address of the exporter and the name and address of the consignee.

REGULATION 4. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples, or any form of unmanufactured cotton from other states of the United States, except the State of Arizona, shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent.

REGULATION 5. Cotton bagging that has been used as a container for seed cotton or cotton seed, or in the baling of cotton, cotton lint, or cotton waste, or in the manufacture or handling of cotton seed by-products in any other state of the United States, except the State of Arizona, is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton bagging as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

REGULATION 6. Cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery that has previously been used in the ginning or milling of seed cotton, cotton seed, or cotton seed by-products, in any state of the United States other than the State of Arizona, will be admitted into the State of California subject to and only under the following requirements: Persons contemplating

the importing or bringing into the State of California of any such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation, shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the location from which the shipment is to be made, the nature and amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture, shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and setting forth the fact that all the cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery included in the shipment had been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery without the certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

REGULATION 7. Cotton picking-bags that have been used for picking or harvesting cotton in any state or territory where the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil or the Pink Bollworm are known to exist, or any cotton picking-bags that have cotton lint or cotton seed in or upon or adhering to the same, are hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton picking-bags as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

REGULATION 8. Railroad cars that have been used for the transportation of seed cotton, cotton lint or cotton seed must immediately upon arrival at California points be thoroughly cleaned of all cotton seed, and such cotton seed shall be burned upon removal from the car, or such cars shall be so disinfected or sterilized as to remove all possible danger of infestation of the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil or the Pink Bollworm. Any and all such cars found at any point in California containing cotton seed in or upon any of the parts thereof shall be amenable to all the regulations of this order, and shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine

guardians, until said cotton seed is destroyed and the car disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection.

REGULATION 9. Upon arrival at any common carrier station in the State of California of any car lot shipment of agricultural emigrant moveables, farming implements, or other field appliances, from the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, or any other states in which the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil or the Pink Bollworm may become established, shall be held intact and not delivered to consignee until notice has been given to and certificate of release received from the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such car lot shipment of agricultural emigrant moveables is received.

REGULATION 10. That no shipment of household goods, agricultural emigrant moveables, farming implements, or other field appliances, to points within the State of California from the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, or any other states in which the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil or the Pink Bollworm may become established, shall be delivered by common carrier agents to consignees until there has been presented an affidavit executed by the shipper or owner on blanks provided by the state to the effect that the shipment includes no seed cotton or cotton seed.

REGULATION 11. Agricultural emigrant moveables, farming implements, or other field appliances, imported or brought into the State of California by other than common carrier transportation, from the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such agricultural emigrant moveables are imported or brought, until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil and the Pink Bollworm of cotton.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order supersedes Quarantine Order No. 26 issued January 4, 1915, and Amendments Nos. 1, 2 and 3 to Quarantine Order No. 26, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

(S E A L)

Approved:

Governor of the State of California.

Issued: October 1, 1920

[F3670:53]

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, the destruction of life and property by fire in the United States amounts annually to an enormous total and it is of the utmost importance that everything possible should be done to safeguard life and property throughout the Nation from the ravages of fire, and,

WHEREAS, statistics compiled by the Fire Prevention Bureau of the Pacific and national authorities on the subject show that the majority of fires are caused by carelessness and negligence and are preventable, and,

WHEREAS, Fire Prevention Day will be observed throughout the country in the prosecution of a national campaign to reduce fire losses,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, in conformity with a request of the Fire Prevention Bureau of the Pacific, do hereby designate Saturday, October 9, 1920, as FIRE PREVENTION DAY, in the State of California, and do most earnestly appeal to all state, municipal and fire insurance bodies to cooperate in the observance of that day to the end that fire losses in this state may be appreciably reduced during the coming year.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor.

[F3670:532]

Proclamation

In response to several requests from patriotic-minded citizens and organizations, I hereby designate Saturday, October 30th, to be "New Voters' Day."

The purpose is to impress upon new voters, both native-born and naturalized, their responsibilities of citizenship. Plans are being made to hold appropriate ceremonies in many communities of the State to welcome into the body politic these young men and women upon whom the right of suffrage has been conferred.

I believe that such celebrations will be of inestimable value in encouraging study Americanism. Recognition of the duties of citizenship is essential if free government shall be successful. Our republic will endure as this responsibility of the individual voter is realized and faithfully and intelligently discharged.

I trust a statewide movement can be established for a yearly patriotic observance day when "new voters" will be accepted into the body of active citizenship with such ceremony as will adequately express the dignity and importance of the occasion.

Wm. D. Stephens,
Governor.

October 17, 1929.

[F3670.533]

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION.

I hereby proclaim THURSDAY, the 11th day of November, 1920, a legal holiday, in commemoration of the Armistice that ended the conflict of arms in the Great Worlds War.

On this day tribute should be paid to the memory of the young American manhood that was sacrificed. We must not forget the mothers, fathers, wives and other loved ones who suffered the heartbreaking loss of those dearest to them.

There should also be expression on this day of rejoicing over the preservation of our civilization. The institutions of free government, the eternal principles of justice and right, and the doctrine of mercy and brotherhood were again triumphant in the greatest onslaught upon them that history has known. A significance will, therefore, in the years to come, be attached to Armistice Day that will mark it as one of the greatest events in human affairs. I shall suggest to the legislature of California at its next session that November 11th be set aside as a permanent holiday.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of October, 1920.

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
by Frank S. Curry Deputy

[F3670: 534]

4d Proclamation 598
119
Nov 11th 1920 Made
Legal Holiday

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 16 1920
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION.

I hereby proclaim THURSDAY, the 11th day of November, 1920, a legal holiday, in commemoration of the Armistice that ended the conflict of arms in the Great Worlds War.

On this day tribute should be paid to the memory of the young American manhood that was sacrificed. We must not forget the mothers, fathers, wives and other loved ones who suffered the heartbreaking loss of those dearest to them.

There should also be expression on this day of rejoicing over the preservation of our civilization. The institutions of free government, the eternal principles of justice and right, and the doctrine of mercy and brotherhood were again triumphant in the greatest onslaught upon them that history has known. A significance will, therefore, in the years to come, be attached to Armistice Day that will mark it as one of the greatest events in human affairs. I shall suggest to the legislature of California at its next session that November 11th be set aside as a permanent holiday.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of October, 1920.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor.

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

by Frank C. Coy Deputy

[F3670:535]

No Proclama 499
Nov 1 20

Thanksgiving
Day
November 25-1920

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 15 1920
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY of STATE
By Frank C. Jordan

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

The President of the United States has proclaimed Thursday, the 25th Day of November, 1920, as Thanksgiving Day.

It devolves also upon me as Governor of California, to declare that day a legal holiday, and to call upon the people of this state to unite in rendering thanks to Almighty God for the bounteous blessings showered upon the state and the nation during the present year.

California has made wondrous strides inrecovering from the effects of the late war, its industries have flourished, its people have been prosperous, and law and order have been maintained, and the citizens of this state have displayed in peace the same unbounded patriotism and energy that characterized their efforts in war. The people have rallied to meet the needs of a world under reconstruction.

With a still greater year in prospect, due to early and copious rains, California has good reason for thanksgiving.

Now, therefore, I, William D. Stephens, Governor of the State of California, do proclaim Thursday, November, 25th, to be a legal holiday and urge all citizens to gather in their homes, or respective places of worship, for thanksgiving and prayer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of November, 1920.

Wm. D. Stephens

GOVERNOR.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

by Frank C. Corey Deputy

[F 3670: 535a]

Executive Department

State of California

TO ALL, TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING:

I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby certify that it duly appears from the statement of the vote made by the Secretary of State of the State of California filed in his office, a copy of which has been transmitted to this office as required by law, that at the General Election held on Tuesday, the second day of November, A.D., 1920, in said State of California, the following named persons, to wit:

John H. Rosseter,
W. I. Hollingsworth,
A. H. Hewitt,
A. J. Mathews,
George M. Francis,
C. C. Young,
Wylie M. Giffen,
Lawrence J. Flaherty,
George R. Davis,
Mrs. Edward F. Glaser,
Ed. Fletcher,
Mrs. D. C. Stephens,
Mrs. Charles C. Teague,

respectively received the highest number of votes cast for the office of Elector, for the State of California, of President and Vice-President of the United States of America, and that they are duly appointed by said election respectively to the said office of Elector;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, as Governor aforesaid, and in pursuance of law, do hereby commission the said

John H. Rosseter,
W. I. Hollingsworth,
A. H. Hewitt,
A. J. Mathews,
George M.Francis,
C. C. Young,
Wylie M. Giffen,
Lawrence J. Flaherty,
George R. Davis,
Mrs. Edward F. Glaser,
Ed. Fletcher
Mrs. D.C. Stephens,
Mrs. Charles C. Teague,

respectively an Elector, for the State of California, of

Executive Department

State of California

TO ALL, TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING:

I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby certify that it duly appears from the statement of the vote made by the Secretary of State of the State of California filed in his office, a copy of which has been transmitted to this office as required by law, that at the General Election held on Tuesday, the second day of November, A.D., 1920, in said State of California, the following named persons, to wit:

John H. Rosseter,
W. I. Hollingsworth,
A. H. Hewitt,
A. J. Mathews,
George M. Francis,
C. C. Young,
Wylie M. Giffen,
Lawrence J. Flaherty,
George R. Davis,
Mrs. Edward F. Glaser,
Ed. Fletcher,
Mrs. D. C. Stephens,
Mrs. Charles C. Teague,

respectively received the highest number of votes cast for the office of Elector, for the State of California, of President and Vice-President of the United States of America, and that they are duly appointed by said election respectively to the said office of Elector;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, as Governor aforesaid, and in pursuance of law, do hereby commission the said

John H. Rosseter,
W. I. Hollingsworth,
A. H. Hewitt,
A. J. Mathews,
George M. Francis,
C. C. Young,
Wylie M. Giffen,
Lawrence J. Flaherty,
George R. Davis,
Mrs. Edward F. Glaser,
Ed. Fletcher
Mrs. D.C. Stephens,
Mrs. Charles C. Teague,

respectively an Elector, for the State of California, of

President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at the City of Sacramento, this 14th day of December, A.D., 1920.

Governor of California

By the Governor:
Attest:

Secretary of State

President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at the City of Sacramento, this 14th day of December, A.D., 1920.

Governor of California

By the Governor:
Attest:

Secretary of State

[F3670:536]

Executive Department

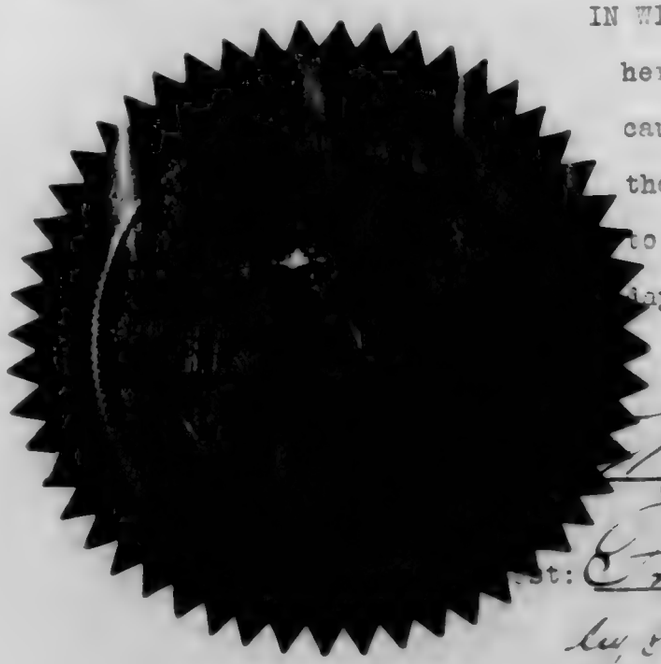
State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, W. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the fifteenth day of February, 1921, in the Ninth Congressional District of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from said Ninth Congressional District caused by the death of Chas. F. Van de Water.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part 1, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 17th day of December, 1920.



W. D. Stephens
Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By [illegible] Deputy

[F3u 0:53]

JW 12/3

599

Proclamation by
Director of Agriculture
Amendment No 2
Quarantine order
No 31 pertaining
to Oriental fruit

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 6 - 1921
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan Deputy

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 31.

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil.

The following facts have been determined by the Director of Agriculture, to-wit:

The alfalfa weevil (Hypera postica)has now been found and officially recorded as existing in the County of White Pine, State of Nevada, and in the County of Malheur, State of Oregon.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction into the State of California of the alfalfa weevil (Hypera postica), that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 31 be hereby made to apply, and do apply until further orders, to all parts of that territory known as the County of White Pine, State of Nevada, and to all parts of that territory known as the County of Malheur, State of Oregon, in addition to and including the States and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 31.

Quarantine Order No. 31 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture.

Approved:

Governor of California.

Issued January 3, 1921.

[F3670:538]-

Proclamation 505

Special Election

Feb 15th 1921

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, WM. D. [illegible], Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the fifteenth day of February, 1921, in the Twenty-fourth Assembly District of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Assemblyman from said Twenty-fourth Assembly District caused by the death of Assemblyman William M. Collins.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part 1, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2[illegible] day of December, 1920.

Governor.

Attest: [illegible]

[illegible] Secretary of State

[illegible]

LF3670

PROCLAMATION.

The San Francisco County Council of the American Legion has requested that I proclaim Sunday, January 30th as "ARMY NURSE DAY" in California for the purpose of recognizing appropriately the services in the World War of the Army Nurse Corps.

The various States of the Union have joined in observing this occasion, and I believe it to be one in which the State of California should participate

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do proclaim SUNDAY, January 30th as "ARMY NURSE DAY" in the State of California, and call upon the citizens of this state to observe the occasion by proper services in the churches and elsewhere, and by wearing the rose which has been recognized as the symbol of the Army nurse, in order that the heroic and unselfish services of the women comprising the Army Nurse Corps during the World War should be suitably remembered.

William D. Stephens

Governor.

Sacramento, California.

LT 36 S4

Executive Department

State of California

—PROCLAMATION
by
Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of California.

The people of California are now called upon publicly to support in a financial way a movement which the misinformed are prone to refer to as the "California issue". I refer to the Japanese problem and the campaign being launched to raise an emergency educational fund with which to convince America that this is not a "California issue", but a serious problem for all America.

Concerning California, this problem strikes at her social, economic and political development.

Concerning our sister States and America in general, the menace grows - it has to do with the "race plans for a century to come" of an aggressive people. We are seen entering into an economic competition that will drive white farmers from the land, destroy social, religious and political barriers and give to an unassimilable people the control of certain essentials of our Civilization.

California was sure of the justness of her position in the recent enactment of the Alien Land Law, which stopped the loopholes in the 1913 law. Unfortunately, Eastern discussion fails to reveal a clear understanding of the problem, and to protect all our people ALL AMERICA must have a full appreciation of what a part of the Eastern press refer to as the "California issue".

[F3670.541]

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, there exists in this State an Association of Commercial Secretaries, representing two hundred California cities and towns, and organized for the purpose of promoting the interests not alone of their respective communities but of the State in general.

AND WHEREAS, this Association has requested that a date be set on which residents of California be urged to write letters to relatives, friends and acquaintances living elsewhere, inviting them to visit California and obtain first hand knowledge of our attractions to the settler.

AND WHEREAS, this great State, with an area of 158,297 square miles, and endowed by Nature with every blessing, has a present population of 3,426,536, and is well able to provide happiness and prosperity for millions more.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby approve the idea and motive of a "CALIFORNIA INVITATION DAY" and do set Monday, February 14th, 1921, as the day for loyal and patriotic Californians to express in letters to others the hospitality of the region in which we live and the many natural advantages which we desire to share with fellow Americans.

And I do hereby urge that we enter upon the spirit of the occasion with befitting zest, and in behalf of the community in which we reside, take the time on February 14th to write relatives, friends and acquaintances living outside of California, reciting the opportunities that are open and extending

a hearty invitation to "Come to California".

And I further urge all of the splendid, State serving, community developing newspapers of California not only to foster and encourage the letter writing campaign herein proposed, but in addition thereto each to publish an editorial letter setting forth the attractiveness and charm of California, the sweetheart of the world.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the Great Seal of the State of California, this 11th day of January, 1921, and of the admission of the State of California the 71st.

Governor.

[F3670:542]

Ave)

12680

Quarantine Proclamation
against
Strawberry Root Mites

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 8 - 1921
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Kay DEPUTY

EXECUTIVE OFFICE SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 33

(With Regulations)

PERTAINING TO STRAWBERRY ROOT WEEVIL IN CALIFORNIA.

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an injurious insect known as the Strawberry Root Weevil (Brachyrhinus (Otiorhynchus) rugifrons, Gyll.), new to and not hitherto known to exist within and throughout the State of California, exists in a portion of Alameda County, California.

It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further spread of said Strawberry Root Weevil that a horticultural quarantine be and the same is hereby established in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against strawberry plants, strawberries, strawberry chests, baskets, trays, boxes and slides, and all other articles used in growing or harvesting strawberries from that portion of Alameda County, California, hereinafter described as infested territory, and no such material so quarantined against shall be moved from said infested territory except under and subject to the following regulations:

REGULATION 1. Infested territory: All that portion of Alameda County, California, legally described as follows:

First: Beginning at a stake in the center of the County Road between Hayward and Russell Station known as County Road No. 1009, distant thereon South 89 degrees 27' West 13.37 chains from the Center of County Road between Mt. Eden and San Lorenzo and running thence along said line of County Road No. 1009 South 89 degrees 27' West 4.34 chains to a stake; thence South 26 degrees 33' East 12.576 chains to a stake; thence South 63 degrees 27' West 10.785 chains to a stake in the line dividing the land of Herman Mohr from the land of The Estate of Anna J. Wrede, deceased; thence along said dividing line South 26 degrees 33' East 8.234 chains to a stake; thence North 62 degrees 52' East 14.91 chains to a stake; thence North 27 degrees 8' West 18.76 chains to the place of beginning.

Containing 18.78 acres.

Second: Beginning at a point on the Center Line of the County Road from Hayward to Russell Station known as County Road No. 1009 , distant thereon South 89 degrees

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 33

(With Regulations)

PERTAINING TO STRAWBERRY ROOT WEEVIL IN CALIFORNIA.

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an injurious insect known as the Strawberry Root Weevil (Brachyrhinus (Otiorhynchus) rugifrons, Gyll.), new to and not hitherto known to exist within and throughout the State of California, exists in a portion of Alameda County, California.

It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further spread of said Strawberry Root Weevil that a horticultural quarantine be and the same is hereby established in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against strawberry plants, strawberries, strawberry chests, baskets, trays, boxes and slides, and all other articles used in growing or harvesting strawberries from that portion of Alameda County, California, hereinafter described as infested territory, and no such material so quarantined against shall be moved from said infested territory except under and subject to the following regulations:

REGULATION 1. Infested territory: All that portion of Alameda County, California, legally described as follows:

First: Beginning at a stake in the center of the County Road between Hayward and Russell Station known as County Road No. 1009, distant thereon South 89 degrees 27' West 13.37 chains from the Center of County Road between Mt. Eden and San Lorenzo and running thence along said line of County Road No. 1009 South 89 degrees 27' West 4.34 chains to a stake; thence South 26 degrees 33' East 12.576 chains to a stake; thence South 63 degrees 27' West 10.785 chains to a stake in the line dividing the land of Herman Mohr from the land of The Estate of Anna J. Wrede, deceased; thence along said dividing line South 26 degrees 33' East 8.234 chains to a stake; thence North 62 degrees 52' East 14.91 chains to a stake; thence North 27 degrees 8' West 18.76 chains to the place of beginning.

Containing 18.78 acres.

Second: Beginning at a point on the Center Line of the County Road from Hayward to Russell Station known as County Road No. 1009 , distant thereon South 89 degrees

27' West 17.71 chains from the intersection of said line of Road and the center line of the County Road leading from Mt. Eden to San Lorenzo known as Telegraph Road and running thence from said place of beginning along said line of County Road No. 1009 South 89 degrees 27' West 12.00 chains to a stone monument at the Northeast corner of the land belonging to the Estate of Paul Mohr, deceased; thence along the Easterly boundary line of said Mohr's land South 26 degrees 33' East 17.836 chains to a post; thence North 63 degrees 27' East 10.785 chains to a post, thence North 26 degrees 33' West 12.576 chains to place of beginning.

Containing 16.40 acres and being a portion of Plot "5" of the South portion of the Soto Rancho.

REGULATION 2. Strawberry plants or other plants or soil shall not be moved from said infested territory for any purpose whatsoever, and all loose plants and rubbish shall be collected and destroyed by burning within said infested territory.

REGULATION 3. Strawberries shall not be moved from said infested territory except upon compliance with the following requirements:

(a) Strawberry chests must be placed on stilts, and stilts kept covered with tanglefoot of a consistency to prevent weevils crawling up stilts.

(b) Picking trays shall not be allowed to come in contact at any time with chests, and baskets shall be transferred from picking trays to chests without permitting such contact.

(c) No chest, basket, tray, box, slide, or other article used in growing, harvesting or marketing of strawberries shall be moved from said infested territory until the same has been inspected by an authorized State Quarantine Guardian or authorized agent of the Director of Agriculture and passed as clean.

(d) Strawberry chests used in transporting strawberries from infested territory must be plainly and legibly marked with grower's name and numbered serially, and all such chests shall be registered in the office of the State Quarantine Guardian of Alameda County.

(e) No chest, tray, basket, box or slide, used in infested territory shall be used in any strawberry field outside of said infested territory.

R. W. Kelley

Director of Agriculture.

(SEAL)

Approved: W. D. Stephens

Governor of the State of California.

Issued: April 7, 1921.

[illegible]

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, by Act of Congress, the second Sunday of May has been designated as "MOTHERS' DAY", and it has been ordered that the United States flag shall be displayed on all government buildings on that day, and

WHEREAS, the Senate and the Assembly of the State of California has authorized and requested the Governor of California to issue a proclamation calling upon State, County and local officials to display the flag upon their homes and other suitable places, and

WHEREAS, bearing in mind the heroic sacrifices of the pioneer mothers who braved untold hardships and peril to aid in founding our great state and having in mind the sacrifices and loyalty of California Mothers during the Worlds War and other Wars, it is fitting that the people of California should join in honoring the mothers of the nation, and the glorification of the home, upon which the nation is built,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, May 8, "MOTHERS' DAY" in California, and request that the national emblem be displayed on all state, county and municipal buildings and grounds, and upon the homes of the people on that day.

WM. D. STEPHENS,
Governor of California

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Motor transportation has become an indispenable factor in agriculture, commerce and industry; and

WHEREAS, The automobile has greatly enriched the recreational life of our state and nation and is an important element in the development of the social solidarity of the people; and

WHEREAS, The automobile industry is said to be the second largest industry in the country and is deserving of special recognition;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do proclaim SATURDAY, the 14th day of May, 1921, to be observed as automobile day in recognition of this great industry.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, The forests of California, with proper care and protection from fire, will supply by their recurring growth for generation after generation the needs for timber of all of our citizens; and

WHEREAS? During the summer of 1920, forest, brush, grass, hay, and grain fires devastated 415,275 acres in California, causing a direct monetary loss estimated at $983,562; killing young trees the value of which, fifty years hence, cannot be estimated; destroying pasture that should have fed hundreds of cattle, sheep, and horses; denuding watershed areas of growth needed to conserve water from winter storms for summer irrigation and electric power purposes; leaving barren waste in place of sylvan beauty; and,

WHEREAS, With our growing population our forests are becoming more valuable, both for timber and for the enjoyment and recreation of our populace and tourists from other states, and

WHEREAS, By reasonable care and protection this great loss can be greatly reduced, our forests preserved, our hay, grain, and pasture conserved,

THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California do proclaim the week, May 23 to 29, 1921, FOREST PROTECTION AND FIRE PREVENTION WEEK, and call upon all of the citizens of California to pledge themselves to exercise watchful care against the starting of fires, either in forest, pasture, or grain areas and to extinguish them promptly when by mischance they do occur, knwoing that so to do is to perform one of the most important services that can be rendered to the present and future welfare of our State.

Let teachers observe the week by impressing upon our boys and girls this duty.

Let ministers instruct their congregations.

Let associations such as the Boy Scouts, Farm Bureaus, patriotic and benevolent societies, Chambers of Commerce, Women's Clubs, and the like join in this crusade to protect ourselves and our posterity.

Let railroads take all steps needful to prevent or extinguish fires along their rights of way.

Let lumbermen leave no fire traps after logging.

Let fishermen and all who use the forests or countryside for health or recreation see to it that their fires are kept safe and that carelessness does not endanger that which they enjoy.

Let all citizens adopt as their slogan for this and succeeding years, "HELP PREVENT FIRES", and thus preserve the beauty and wealth of our beloved State.

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor.

[illegible]

Proclamation.

Whereas, it is proposed to observe National Disabled Soldiers' Week beginning May 29, and the National Disabled Soldiers' League has arranged a program for that week, to be observed throughout the nation, which has for its slogan: "Remember the Disabled Soldiers," and

Whereas, this is an appeal to which the heart of California will quicken, in gratitude for the sacrifices and heroism of the service men who gave their lives and their bodies for the honor and liberty of America,

Now therefore, I William D. Stephens, governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week of May 29 to June 4 as Disabled Soldiers Week, in California, and I urge all loyal citizens to observe the week in recognition of the esteem in which those who are suffering from disabilities incurred in the World War are held in this state. I further urge that special services be held for the disabled soldiers Sunday, May 29; that the public cooperate in finding employment for those who can work; that disabled soldiers in the hospitals be visited during the week, and that entertainments be arranged for their benefit.

(Signed) Wm. D. Stephens
Governor of California.

[F36:54]

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION.

1

A great disaster has fallen upon Pueblo, Colorado. Hundreds have been drowned. Thousands are homeless and hungry. Help is needed.

The Governor of Colorado has called . assistance. The response should be made quickly and in money. All who can should give liberally. Let each community contribute at once.

California must not forget the response made to her needs in 1906.

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor

Dated: Sacramento, California, June 6, 1921.

Proclamation.

Whereas, California rice is one of the finest cereal foods produced for human consumption, and

Whereas, the more widespread use of rice as food would conduce to the benefit of the consumer as a health measure, and would encourage one of California's greatest industries, and

Whereas, a serious condition confronts the rice growers of California, due to the failure of the rice market, and

Whereas, it will be of great benefit to the entire state to relieve the condition thus existing, and to release the wealth tied up in the idle rice crop of 1920,

Now therefore, I, Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of the State of California, having the welfare of the rice industry at heart, do hereby proclaim Saturday, June 11, as California Rice Day, and appeal to the people of California to buy California rice early and often.

Wm. D. Stephens,
Governor.

Note

[illegible]

Proclamation

Whereas, June 14, 1921, is the 144th anniversary of the creation of the national flag of the United States of America, and

Whereas, California stands second to no other state in reverencing the national emblem, which today occupies a more glorious position in the history of the world than ever before, due to America's unselfish sacrifices and mighty efforts for the preservation of liberty throughout the world, and

Whereas, the inculcation of love and respect for the flag is requisite to the building of good citizenship

Now therefore, I, Wm. D. Stephens, governor of the State of California, desiring to emphasize these principles, urge upon all citizens of California the observance of National Flag Day, June 14th.

Wm. D. Stephens,
Governor.

Dated 5/27/21

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the New Voters Day Committee of the American Legion has proposed that the evening of July 4 be dedicated in California to the holding of services in recognition of the attainment of citizenship by the young men and women of the State, who have just reached their majority, and by naturalized voters of foreign birth, and

WHEREAS, the need of emphasizing the importance and the dignity of citizenship in our republic was never more vital, because of the insidious propaganda of those radical agencies, which would break down and destroy the form of government under which this nation has attained its present majestic importance, and

WHEREAS, it is peculiarly fitting that the birthday of the nation should be observed by the dedication of new voters to the service of the Country,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California having at heart the encouragement of patriotic citizenship and loyalty to the United States of America, do hereby ask that all good citizens encourage the holding of special services on the evening of July 4th, 1921, to the end that our new voters may realize their full obligation to this our own beloved Republic.

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor.

[F3670:552]

Jard

601

Proclamation
No 125

Quarantine order
No 34 Pertaining to
Asparagus

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 7 - 1921
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

(With Regulations)

PERTAINING TO ALFALFA WEEVIL

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa and other forage and cover crops, known as Alfalfa Weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the states of Utah, Idaho and Wyoming, and in certain counties in the State of Colorado, to-wit: Delta, Gunnison and Montrose, and in certain counties in the State of Nevada, to-wit: White Pine and Washoe, and in a certain county in the State of Oregon, to-wit: Malheur, all of which being hereinafter designated as infested territory, and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers, that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa, railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2519b of the Political Code of the State of California, against said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers, that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa, railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles from said infested territory except as hereinafter provided.

REGULATION 1. Alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw and alfalfa meal that has been grown, manufactured or stored in the said infested territory is hereby

prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw or meal as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

REGULATION 2. The material known locally in the State of Utah as "salt grass packing" shall be admitted into the State of California, provided that each shipment of salt grass packing is accompanied by an official certificate signed by the Crop Pest Inspector of the State of Utah, setting forth that all of the following requirements have been complied with to-wit: That the material in the shipment was cut between the dates of October 1 and April 1; that the raking, shocking, stacking, baling or shipping of this material was not allowed until the maximum daily temperature of the season had fallen below sixty degrees Fahrenheit, and that none of the material in the shipment had been held in the field from one season to another. All shipments of salt grass packing from the State of Utah not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for, shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The use of such salt grass as a packing material in shipments of fruits, crockery and other materials shall be permitted, provided it has been cut and removed from the field between October 1 and April 1, as above specified, and stored in warehouses remote from alfalfa fields, alfalfa hay or other suspected materials.

REGULATION 3. An official certificate signed by the state inspection officer of the state in which potatoes originate shall accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in or shipped from the said infested territory into the State of California. Such certificates shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen immediately prior to loading into car, placed in fresh clean sacks and packed in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw. All shipments of potatoes from said infested territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

REGULATION 4. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants imported or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory must be packed in fresh shavings, excelsior or other suitable packing (except tule, hay or straw), and each shipment must be accompanied by an official certificate establishing the fact that each package in the shipment has been fumigated for a period of one hour for alfalfa weevil in an airtight enclosure subsequent to being boxed, baled or packed for shipment, with cyanide of potassium or sodium at the rate of one ounce to each one hundred cubic feet of space. All shipments of nursery and ornamental stock and other plants as enumerated in this regulation, not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and all such shipments shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

REGULATION 5. No shipment of household effects, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory shall be brought into the State of California by any common carrier, person or persons unless such shipment be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the owner or shipper in accordance with the following forms, on blanks which will be furnished to applicants by the inspection official of the state in which shipment originates, one of such duplicates designated as Copy No. 1 to be mailed to the Chief Quarantine Officer, Department of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, and the other of said duplicates designated as Copy No. 2 to be delivered to the common carrier agent, with a special certificate appended, to attach to the way bill:

State of .....)
) ss.
County of.....)

I hereby solemnly swear that I was present during the preparation for shipment of the household effects or emigrant movables which this affidavit accompanies; that the goods were delivered to the ..... at ..... on
(Railroad) (Station)
..... constituting (less than) a carload ....
(Month, day, year)
.....
(If carload write initials and car number here)
..... to be shipped to .....
(Name of consignee)
at .....
(Destination)

REGULATION 4. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants imported or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory must be packed in fresh shavings, excelsior or other suitable packing (except tule, hay or straw), and each shipment must be accompanied by an official certificate establishing the fact that each package in the shipment has been fumigated for a period of one hour for alfalfa weevil in an airtight enclosure, subsequent to being boxed, baled or packed for shipment, with cyanide of potassium or sodium at the rate of one ounce to each one hundred cubic feet of space. All shipments of nursery and ornamental stock and other plants as enumerated in this regulation, not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and all such shipments shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

REGULATION 5. No shipment of household effects, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory shall be brought into the State of California by any common carrier, person or persons unless such shipment be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the owner or shipper in accordance with the following forms, on blanks which will be furnished to applicants by the inspection official of the state in which shipment originates, one of such duplicates designated as Copy No. 1 to be mailed to the Chief Quarantine Officer, Department of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, and the other of said duplicates designated as Copy No. 2 to be delivered to the common carrier agent, with a special certificate appended, to attach to the way bill:

State of .....)
) ss.
County of.....)

I hereby solemnly swear that I was present during the preparation for shipment of the household effects or emigrant movables which this affidavit accompanies; that the goods were delivered to the ..... at ..... on
(Railroad) (Station)
..... constituting (less than) a carload ....
(Month, day, year)
....
(If carload write initials and car number here)
..... to be shipped to .....
(Name of consignee)
at .....
(Destination)

via .....
(Give initials of other lines)
that no alfalfa seed, nursery stock, vegetables or fruit is included in the shipment and that no hay, straw or grain is included for packing material or any purpose except as food necessary for live stock in transit to the California state line; that the shipment is made up of the following:

Household goods, farm implements, tools, harness, farm wagons, automobile (draw a line through items not included), stands of bees, live stock .....
(Specify)
feed for animals in transit .....
.....
(Specify kinds and amount of each)
and .....
(Specify any items not included in previous classification)

.....

(Shipper or owner)

Subscribed and sworn to before me .....,
a Notary Public, in and for the State of .....,
County of ....., this ..... day of ....., 19..

.....

(Notary Public)

My commission expires ....., 19.....

The special certificate from the owner or shipper to be appended to Copy No. 2 shall be in accordance with the following form:

I hereby agree to observe explicitly the requirements of the California Quarantine Order No. 34 with regard to hay, straw or grain (included as stock feed for use before reaching the California state line), household and agricultural emigrant movables and other materials, and hereby certify that I have mailed this day one copy of the foregoing

affidavit to the Chief Quarantine Officer, Department of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

.....

(Signature)

Upon the arrival at any common carrier station of any shipment of the articles enumerated in this regulation such shipment shall be held intact until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or the State Quarantine Guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued.

REGULATION 6. It shall be the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used for the transportation of live stock, or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw in or through any part of the said infested territory before the same enter the State of California.

REGULATION 7. Used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only upon compliance with the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California any of the articles enumerated in this regulation shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, a description of the articles for which a permit is requested, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the person in California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery and implements heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and establishing the fact that all machinery and implements included in the shipment have been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of

cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of machinery and/ or implements not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery and/ or implements without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

REGULATION 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles from the said infested territory arriving in California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle arrives until it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from alfalfa weevil.

REGULATION 9. Baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, used farming implements and other field appliances imported or brought into the State of California by other than common carrier transportation from the said infested territory shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such articles are imported or brought until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from alfalfa weevil.

REGULATION 10. Alfalfa seed will be admitted into California from the said infested territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than recleaned alfalfa seed.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

.....

This order supersedes Quarantine Order No. 31 issued November 14, 1918, and amendments Numbers 1, 2 and 3 to Quarantine Order No. 31 and shall take effect immediately.

(SEAL)
Approved:

Director of Agriculture.

Governor of the State of California.

Issued: July 5th, 1921.

PROCLAMATION BY GOVERNOR WM. D. STEPHENS

California potato growers are in need of help. Freight rates to the east should be reduced and every effort is being made in that direction.

Another way to help will be for California people to eat more potatoes. I therefore urge that restaurants and hotels increase the consumption of potatoes by featuring them on their bills of fare.

I also urge that every family buy a sack of potatoes and continue to purchase them by the sack until the existing situation improves.

It would be helpful if merchants selling potatoes under present conditions would do so on very close margins.

In order to secure interest and cooperation of the people of this State I hereby designate Thursday, July 28th, as POTATO DAY in California. Don't forget to buy a sack of potatoes.

[F3670.S5H]

Proclamation by Gov. W. D. Stephens
August 30 - 1921

WHEREAS, by the passage of the Sweet act, approved August 8th, 1921, the President and Congress have provided means for the speedy settlement of the hundreds of thousands of claims of our nation's disabled ex-service men and women who were injured in defense of America in the Great War, and

WHEREAS, the Veterans Bureau comprising the United States Public Health Service, the Federal Board for Vocational Education and the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, is now engaged in an effort to make amends for the delay which has attended the settlement of the disability claims of our citizen defenders for over two and one half years since the signing of the Armistice, and

WHEREAS, the Veterans Bureau under Director in chief, Col. Charles A. Forbes and Major Louis T. Grant, district manager of the 12th district, has inaugurated a Cleanup Campaign in which two groups of officers of the Bureau are now touring the State of California, Arizona and Nevada as published in bulletins displayed in every post office of this district, and

WHEREAS, These groups have been given authority to act immediately upon the cases which may be presented in person to them by the disabled veterans; and,

WHEREAS, a special effort will be made at the State Capitol on September 4th to 8th and at the State Fair, to render speedy justice to all disabled veterans who may present themselves with honorable discharges and such other affidavits as they may be able to procure, at that time before the examining board; and

WHEREAS, all good citizens respect our government and honor our citizen defenders for the signal service which they have rendered in the nation's hour of gravest peril; now, therefore

I, William D. Stephens, Governor of California, do hereby call upon the loyal and grateful citizens and upon all patriotic and welfare organizations of this State, to cooperate to the fullest extent with the Veterans Bureau even at the cost of time and personal sacrifice to seek out and bring before the officials of the Bureau now touring the State, all disabled ex-service men and women who have not yet received the well deserved assistance which has been provided for their benefit by the people of a greatful nation.

The press is specially urged to give fullest possible measure of publicity to the efforts of the Federal Government through the Veterans Bureau, to speedily bind up the wounds of those brave men and women whose bodies were broken in the triumphant defense of our beloved America.

MELON DAY

Throughout the length and breadth of California the very finest watermelons and canteloupes are grown. This year an unusually large crop has been grown and now in order that all of them may be sold and enjoyed, I urge every lover of the watermelon and canteloupe of California to buy several of them both for personal enjoyment and to help the producer.

Let's go back to our childhood for one day and eat melons on Wednesday, August 17, 1921, which I now proclaim Melon Day.

Wm. D. Stephens, Governor.

[F3:70.356]

517

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, Friday, September 9, 1921, is the seventy-first anniversary of the admission of the State of California into the Union, and

WHEREAS, Admission Day has been declared to be a legal holiday in commemoration of this momentous event in the history of the Golden State, and

WHEREAS, the grateful inhabitants of this state trace all the blessings and achievements of our commonwealth from the date of her admission into the union of the states

Now, therefore, I, Wm D. Stephens, governor of California, believing it to be a most praise-worthy custom to observe Admission Day, do hereby urge all residents of California to join in celebrating this historic day. I hereby call upon all state departments to observe this holiday, and to fly the flag of the United States on public buildings.

Wm D. Stephens

Governor

[F3670.S51]

Proclamation.

Whereas, Saturday, September, 17, 1921, is the 134th anniversary of the signing of the Constitution of the United States, and

Whereas, the development of the greatest republic in all history, the United States of America, owes its inception to the adoption of a constitutional government assuring to all its citizens justice and liberty under the law, and

Whereas, the people of America through their heroic sacrifices and valor in the World War re-dedicated themselves to the principles laid down by the Fathers of the Republic in the Constitution , and

Whereas, the nations of the world that do not enjoy the blessings of a constitutional government are torn by unrest and violence ,

Now therefore, I , Wm. D. Stephens, governor of California, believing that the agencies of unrest and violence can best be combatted by a nation-wide emphasis of the great ~~great~~ blessings that are guaranteed to all citizens of the United States ~~but~~ by the Constitution, do hereby proclaim Saturday , September 17, 1921, as Constitution Day in California, and appeal to all citizens to observe the occasion by public meetings, instructions in the schools, churches and other gathering places , and by dissemination in the public press of information in regard to the Constitution.

[LF 3670:558]

Proclamation
No 1902

Restricting guaranteed
Order No 27.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT -1 1991
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 37

There being no further need for the maintenance of Quarantine Order No. 27 the same is hereby revoked.

R. H. Clarke
Director of Agriculture

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor of the State of California

[F3670:559]

1

Proclamation.

No 12603

Amendment to Quarantine
Order No 34
Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
1921
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

The following facts have been determined by the Director of Agriculture, to-wit:

The County of Storey, State of Nevada, being in close proximity to the County of Washoe, State of Nevada, the importation of possible carriers of the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) from the County of Storey, State of Nevada, into the State of California may result in the introduction of said alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) into California; And, that, the movement of alfalfa hay and other carriers of the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) from the County of Washoe, State of Nevada, into the County of Ormsby, State of Nevada, renders the importation of possible carriers of the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) from the County of Ormsby, State of Nevada, into the State of California equally dangerous.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34 be hereby made to apply, and do apply until further orders, to all parts of that territory known as the County of Storey, State of Nevada, and to all parts of that territory known as the County of Ormsby, State of Nevada, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

SEAL

Director of Agriculture

Approved: Dec. 30- 1921

Governor of the State of California

[F3670:560]

604

3rd Proclamation
No 8

Emergency Order No 36
Pertaining to Water Use
During Rest

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
[illegible] 1921
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 36

Pertaining to White Pine Blister Rust

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the white pine blister rust (Peridermium strobi Kleb.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in several states of the United States, and that five-leafed pine trees, and currant and gooseberry plants (Ribes and Grossularia), are known to be carriers of this disease.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the white pine blister rust (Peridermium strobi Kleb.) into California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all five-leafed pine trees, and all species and varieties of currant and gooseberry plants and cuttings imported or brought from any and all states and districts east of and including the states of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana, and no five-leafed pine tree, or currant or gooseberry plant or cutting shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all five-leafed pine trees and currant and gooseberry plants and cuttings arriving in California from any state or district east of and including the states of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Chief Quarantine Officer, State Department of Agriculture and all State Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

This order supersedes Quarantine Order No. 30, issued February 1, 1917, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

Approved: Jul 30- 1921

Governor of the State of California

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 36

Pertaining to White Pine Blister Rust

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the white pine blister rust (Peridermium strobi Kleb.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in several states of the United States, and that five-leafed pine trees, and currant and gooseberry plants (Ribes and Grossularia), are known to be carriers of this disease.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the white pine blister rust (Peridermium strobi Kleb.) into California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all five-leafed pine trees, and all species and varieties of currant and gooseberry plants and cuttings imported or brought from any and all states and districts east of and including the states of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana, and no five-leafed pine tree, or currant or gooseberry plant or cutting shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all five-leafed pine trees and currant and gooseberry plants and cuttings arriving in California from any state or district east of and including the states of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Chief Quarantine Officer, State Department of Agriculture and all State Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

This order supersedes Quarantine Order No. 30, issued February 1, 1917, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

Approved: [illegible] 1921

Governor of the State of California

SLF3670:561

605

Proclamation

No 129

Quarantine Order No 35

Pertaining to Sweet

Potato Weevil

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State

OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OCT - 1 1921

FRANK C. JORDAN

SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible]

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 35

(With Regulations)

PERTAINING TO SWEET POTATO WEEVIL

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to sweet potato tubers and sweet potato plants known as the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the states of Florida, Texas and Louisiana, and in certain counties in the State of Mississippi, to-wit; Jackson, Harrison, Hancock, Pearl River, Pike and Amite, and in a certain county in the State of Georgia, to-wit; Charlton, all of which being hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas), and parts thereof and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulvus Spp.) and yams (Dioscorea Spp.) are liable to be carriers of said sweet potato weevil into districts otherwise free from said weevil.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said sweet potato weevil into California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws, and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulvus, Spp.) and yams (Dioscorea Spp.) from all states and districts of the United States except as hereinafter provided:

REGULATION 1. Sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws, and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulvus, Spp.) and yams (Dioscorea Spp.) that have been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory are hereby prohibited entry into California for any purpose whatsoever and any such articles as prohibited entry in this regulation arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

REGULATION 2. Sweet potato tubers, (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and yams (Dioscorea Spp.) that have not been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory will be admitted into California only upon compliance with the following conditions:

Each and every shipment of material admissable under this regulation shall bear an official certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which shipment originates establishing the fact that all the material contained in the shipment was grown, packed and stored in a district free from sweet potato weevil. Such certificate shall state the number of packages in the shipment, where grown, the name and address of the grower, the name and address of the shipper, the point of shipment, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of consignee. A copy of such certificate shall be mailed by shipper, in advance of shipment, to the Chief Quarantine Officer, State Department of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any and all shipments of the articles enumerated in this regulation arriving in California without the certificate as provided for shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

All deputies of the Chief Quarantine Officer, State Department of Agriculture, and all State Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

This order is effective immediately.

R. N. [illegible]
Director of Agriculture

(SEAL)

Approved: Nov. 30- 1921

[illegible]
Governor of the State of California

Issued: _____

LIBRARY

519

Proclamation.

Whereas, the loss of life and property due to fire throughout the country each year amounts to staggering fi figures, and in 1920 alone resulted in the loss of 15,000 lives and the destruction of $500,000.00 in property, and

Whereas, a nation-wide campaign is being made by the National Board of Fire Underwriters and the International Association of Fire Engineers to reduce this enormous drain upon the life and resources of the nationa, and

Whereas, the governors of all states have been requested to cooperate in this campaign of conservation against fire loss, by setting aside one day in October as National Fire Prevention Day, to the end that the public may be educated to prevent fires, and to eliminate fire hazards in the home and in their places of business,

Now therefore, I Wm. D. Stephens, governor of California, believing that California should joint most heartily in such a praiseworthy enterprise, do hereby designate Monday, October 10, 1921, as National Fire Prevention Day in California, and I urge all citizens of California to take an active interest in making that day effective by a general clean-up of all fire hazards and [illegible], and I urge all owners of property, employers and school officials to join in observing the day.

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, the association of commercial secretaries of California, representing two hundred California cities, has proposed that a day be set aside to be known as California Invitation Day when all loyal Californians may join in inviting residents of other states to come to California and enjoy the wonderful advantages of climate and production of this favored state, and

WHEREAS, the inauguration of this day last year resulted in great benefit to the state of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, believing that great good can be accomplished by a personal invitation to the citizens of other states to come to California, do hereby proclaim Wednesday, October 11, 1922 as CALIFORNIA INVITATION DAY, and I hereby urge all Californians to write to relatives, friends, and acquaintances living outside of the State, a description of the opportunities and advantages of residence in California and to extend to them a cordial invitation to make their homes in the Golden State. I also appeal to all newspapers in California to support the campaign of letter writing and to publish editorial letters setting forth the attractions of California, as a stimulus to their readers to cooperate in this praiseworthy movement.

Proclamation.

In grateful remembrance of the extraordinary service rendered to our country by ~~that great American~~ Theodore Roosevelt, I desire to remind the people of California that Thursday, October 27, 1921, will be the 63rd anniversary of the birth of that great American. I therefore urge that in the schools and in public gatherings on that day the lesson taught by Theodore Roosevelt's ~~type of citizenship~~ love and unselfish devotion to the public good be emphasized to the end that the citizenship of America may be inspired by the ideals that guided his career.

Hiram W. Johnson
Governor of California

[illegible]

PROCLAMATION.

In commemoration of the termination of hostilities in the Great World War, I hereby proclaim ARMISTICE DAY, Friday, November 11, 1921, to be a legal holiday in California.

And I ask all people within the State on that days to join our soldiers, sailors and marines in their various programs for celebrating the closing of the most destructive war the world has ever known.

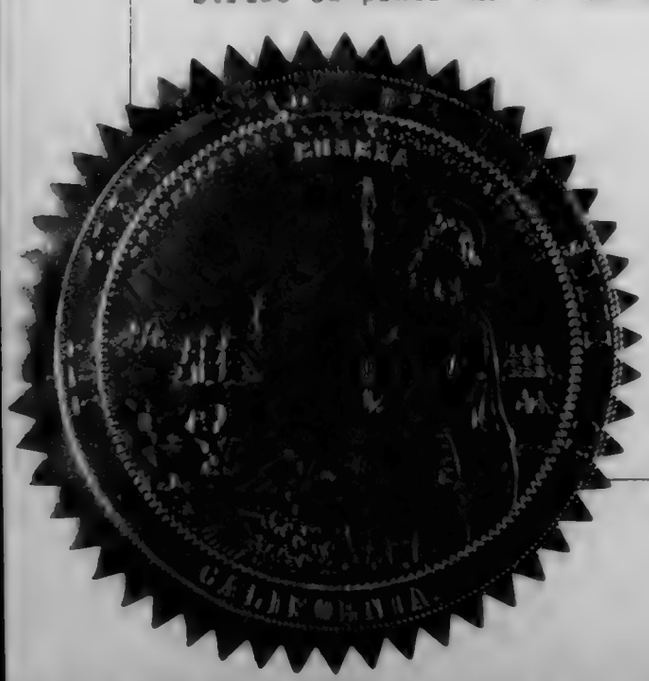
A nation's tribute to our unknown soldier dead will be paid in the ceremonies attending the burial at Washington, D. C. on Armistice Day of an unidentified American Hero who on a battlefield in France, gave all he had for his flag and country.

By request of the President of the United States every person should stand uncovered and reverently from 11:58 to 12 O'clock noon on Armistice Day in honor of those who gave their lives that liberty might live.

In our observance of this day I trust that all will remember the sacrifices made by our own hero sons and pay to them the honor that is due. Let us also accord full measure of respect to the War Mothers and the fathers and other loved ones of soldiers who fell in the war for theirs is a continuing sacrifice.

Let us join in the world-wide prayer of war burdened humanity, that those gathering in the Disarmament Conference shall be actuated and guided in all their deliberations and conclusions, by the wishes and hopes of all mankind that war shall be banished and the manufacture of implements and munitions of war shall cease. Let us pray as never before that the powers of the World shall set out in a new stride of peace and of humanized civilization.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 31st day of October, 1921.



Governor.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

[F3670.566]

606

Proclamation

No 180

Making Friday, Nov 11-1921

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 1 1921

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By

Executive Department

State of California

PROCL[illegible].

[illegible] commemorat[illegible] hostilities in th[illegible], I here[illegible] DAY, [illegible].

[illegible] on that day [illegible]s, sailors and [illegible] in their various [illegible] of the most destruc-[illegible] ever [illegible].

[illegible] in th[illegible]ies attending the [illegible] Washington, [illegible] lefiel[illegible], [illegible].

[illegible] every [illegible] rev[illegible] liberty [illegible].

[illegible] trust that all will [illegible] our own hero sons [illegible] to [illegible]. Let us also accord [illegible] fathers [illegible] other lived [illegible] theirs [illegible].

[illegible] join in [illegible]-wide [illegible] humanity, that those [illegible] in the [illegible] Conference shall be actuate[illegible] guide[illegible] all their deliberations and concl[illegible], the wish[illegible] of all mandkind, that war shall [illegible]ished [illegible] manufacture of [illegible]ents and munitions of war [illegible]. Let us pray [illegible] never before that the Lowers [illegible] shall set out [illegible] stride of peace and of humanized civilization.

[illegible] to be affixed this 31st [illegible] of October, 1921.

W. D. Stephens
Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By Frank H. Cory Deputy

[F 3670 : 567]

1/2 607

Proclamation that the Industrial

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 10 1921
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION THAT THE CALIFORNIA INDUSTRIAL FARM FOR WOMEN IS READY FOR THE ADMISSION OF WOMEN THERETO.

WHEREAS, the Director of the Department of Institutions of the State of California has certified to me that the California Industrial Farm for Women is now ready for the admission of women thereto, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter one hundred sixty-five, Statutes of California nineteen hundred and nineteen; and

WHEREAS, said Chapter one hundred sixty-five requires the Governor to proclaim the fact of the readiness of said institution for the admission of women thereto, upon receipt of the certificate of the Director of the Department of Institutions to that effect;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, William D. Stephens, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by law do hereby proclaim that the California Industrial Farm for Women, located in Sonoma County, California, is ready for the admission of women thereto, subject to such proper rules as have or may be adopted by the Director of the Department of Institutions of the State of California and the Statutes of the State of California applicable thereto.

W. D. Stephens
Governor of the State of California.

Dated at Sacramento, California this 8th day of November, in the year of our Lord One Thousand nine Hundred Twenty-One.

Attest Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
by Frank S. Coy
Deputy

upplementing my proclamation of October 21st, wherein I declared Armistice Day - November 11th, 1921, to be a legal holiday in California, I desire to call atten ion to that part o the rmistice Day proclamation of the resident of the ited tates wherein he requests the tolling o all public and church bells for fifteen minutes and also for two minutes of silent thanks.

The President's suggestion means that these ceremonies sh ll take place at the same moment, all over the United States -

Now, therefore, I, m. . , overnor o California, recommend that all public and church be ls in California be tolled at intervals between 8:45 and 9 o'clock . . of said day and that from 9 o'clock . . to two minutes a t that hour, all devout and patriotic citizens, uncovered, observe a period o silent thanks.

Proclamation

WHEREAS, the Pacific Division of the American Red Cross will hold its fifth annual Red Cross Roll Call in California during the period from November 10th to November 24th, and

WHEREAS, all true Californians remember with admiration the great work done by the Red Cross during the World War and the period of re-construction following, and desire the continuance of the activities of this splendid organization during times of peace,

NOW THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, having in mind the brilliant record of the American Red Cross and believing that every citizen should join in the work, do hereby proclaim Sunday, November 13, 1921, the opening day of the Roll Call, as Red Cross Sunday in California, and I urge a general observance thereof.

Wm D. Stephens

Governor of California

LF36 0:8?5

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, HONORABLE WARREN G. HARDING, President of the United States, has proclaimed Thursday the 24th day of November, 1921, as Thanksgiving Day, and

WHEREAS, it devolves upon me as Governor of the State of California to proclaim that day a legal holiday and to urge the people of California to join in the nation-wide observance of a day of thanksgiving for the great benefits conferred during the present year upon the State and the Nation, and

WHEREAS, the citizens of California have good reason for thanksgiving because of the prosperity and peace that have been given to this State as the reward of the industry and patriotism of our people; and because the future holds promise of uninterrupted growth and prosperity,

NOW THEREFORE, I, Wm. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, in deep gratitude to Almighty God, do proclaim Thursday, November 24th, to be a legal holiday and urge all citizens to observe the day in a befitting manner.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I HAVE HEREUNTO SET MY HAND AND CAUSED THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO BE AFFIXED THIS 8th DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1921.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

Asst. Grant Deputy

LF36 C15 C5

O.K. - H.A.J.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, HONORABLE WARREN G. HARDING, President of the United States has proclaimed Thursday the 24th day of November, 1921, as Thanksgiving Day, and

WHEREAS, it devolves upon me ~~is my duty~~ as Governor of the State of California to proclaim that day a legal holiday and to urge the people of California to join in the nation-wide observance of a day of thanksgiving for the great benefits conferred during the present year upon the State and the Nation, and,

WHEREAS, the citizens of California have good reason for thanksgiving because of the prosperity and peace that have been given to this State as the reward of the industry and patriotism of our people; and because the future holds promise of uninterrupted growth and prosperity,

NOW THEREFORE, I, Wm. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, in deep gratitude to Almighty God, do proclaim Thursday, November 24th, to be a legal holiday and urge all citizens to observe the day in a befitting manner.

IN WITNESS, etc.

Issued Nov 8 1921

[illegible]

525

file copy

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

WHEREAS, the Federal Bureau of Education in cooperation with the American Legion and the National Education Association is planning for the Nation-wide observance for AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK, December 3rd to 9th inclusive, and the Honorable Warren G. Harding, President of the United States has ~~signified his intention to~~ issued a proclamation urging the various States and Territories to join in the general observance of this Week, and

WHEREAS, it is of the utmost importance to the welfare of California and the Nation at large that those phases of education relating to Americanism, citizenship, patriotism, the needs of teachers and schools, the problem of illiteracy, equality of educational opportunity, hygiene and physical education be especially emphasized at this time, and

WHEREAS, the observance of AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK in California in 1921 was conducive of excellent results in the quickening of the public interest in educational matters and particularly matters affecting education in Americanism and citizenship,

NOW THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, desiring to emphasize the public responsibility toward matters of education and the teaching of Americanism, do hereby proclaim December 3rd to 9th inclusive, AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK in California, and I do hereby urge all educational agencies, all civic and business organizations, the Press and the Pulpit in California to observe AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK by proper exercises, publication, and public addresses.

_____

Governor of California.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, the national organization of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, is planning a country-wide canvass for funds to assist its members, and to place the national and local chapters of the association on a sound basis, and

WHEREAS, the need of many of the wounded and disabled veterans of the World War warrants the most generous response of a people grateful for the sacrifices and sufferings of these worthy men, and

WHEREAS, Saturday, December 17, 1921, has been designated as For-Get-Me-Not Day by the Disabled Veterans of the World War, and funds will be collected for relief on that day,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Wm. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, in grateful appreciation of the heroism of the disabled veterans, do hereby proclaim Saturday, December 17th, 1921, as For-Get-Me-Not Day in California.

Note - To be released when President Harding's Proclamation is released. -F.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the National Education Association and the American Legion, have joined in a nation-wide request that December 4th to 10th be observed as "American Education Week' and,

Whereas, it is proposed to devote this period to emphasizing the great value of education in building good citizenship, and inculcating sturdy Americanism among the children of the country, and

Whereas, special attention is to be given to the teaching of what makes a good American to the native-born recently attained to citizenship, and the immigrants who have recently been admitted to citizenship, but who are comparatively strangers to American ideals and American patriotism, and

Whereas, our distinguished leader, Warren G. Harding, President of the United States, has indorsed the objects of American Education Week, and has urged its national observance,

Now, therefore, I, Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of California, desiring to encourage education in American citizenship and patriotism, do hereby proclaim December 4th to 10th as American Education Week in California, and urge its general observance in conformity with the plans of the American Education Association ,and the American Legion.

LF 3670.5 H

In Box

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

WHEREAS, the Near East Relief, a semi-public organization incorporated by Act of Congress, formerly known as the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief, is attempting to ameliorate the conditions of the survivors of the destruction of Smyrna, and

WHEREAS, the heart of California has been stirred to its depths by this regrettable tragedy which has shocked the World, and will respond generously to the appeal for funds to alleviate the suffering of the victims of this disaster,

NOW THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, do hereby appeal to all citizens of California to respond according to their means, to the appeal for aid for these stricken people and I do hereby urge that all citizens forward their donations to the Near East Relief, 333 Mills Building, San Francisco. Let it be the sacred duty of every citizen without regard to race, creed, or color, to aid in the fullest extent possible in salvaging these suffering men, women and children from the perils of famine, disease, and privation.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor of California

[1 3670 515]

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, a Nation-wide campaign is being waged to reduce the mortality from tuberculosis and this campaign was instrumental last year in saving thousands of lives, and

WHEREAS, the organizations behind this Nation-wide movement have raised the funds necessary to carry on this most praiseworthy work of humanity, namely, the caring for and curing tuberculosis patients, and conducting educational work to prevent the spread of this disease, through the sale of Christmas Seals,

NOW THEREFORE, I do most heartily endorse this great movement and urge all loyal Californians to buy and to use the Christmas Seals, thereby performing a patriotic and charitable duty.

Wm. D. Stephens

GOVERNOR.

[F3670.576]

-- P R O C L A M A T I O N --

WHEREAS, the week of January 17th to January 24th, 1922, has been designated as National Thrift Week under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, and

WHEREAS, this most helpful and timely movement in the interest of the restoration of normal industry throughout the United States has received the support of the United States Treasury and all leading business, civic and educational organizations throughout the United States, and

WHEREAS, the inculcation of a spirit of thrift and economy in the minds of the people of our Nation and especially the young people, is an effort deserving the whole hearted cooperation of all agencies having at heart the welfare and the prosperity of our country, in the promotion of normal production, steady employment and the combating of unrest among the people of America, and

WHEREAS, the program of National Thrift Week has been especially devised to foster all these economic benefits,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, M. D. STEPHENS, Governor of ~~the United States~~ California do hereby appeal to all officials of the state and of the various counties and cities and the educational authorities of the State as well as all civic, commercial and religious organizations to cooperate heartily in the observance of Thrift Week and to give all the assistance possible to the Young Men's Christian Association in conducting the campaign.

[F3670.577]

608

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF [illegible]
JAN 17 [illegible]
FRANK G. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
LEE A. STRONG, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO.35

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.) exists in the County of Mobile, State of Alabama:

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary in order to further prevent the introduction of the said sweet potato weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 35 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders, to all parts of that territory known as the County of Mobile, State of Alabama, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 35.

Quarantine Order No. 35 is amended accordingly.

R V Hecke

Director of Agriculture

Approved:

Wm D Stephens

Governor of the State of California

Issued January 16, 1922

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, California produced one seventh of all the honey in the United States, aggregating 1[illegible] lbs., in 1921, and

WHEREAS, the beekeepers of California added $4,000,000. to the wealth of this State through the harvesting of the last honey crop, and have built up an industry affording employment and a livelihood to large numbers of workers, and the industry is yet in its infancy as regards the possibility of future development, and

WHEREAS, the California State Beekeepers Association, which has fostered this great industry from a small beginning to its present development, will hold its thirty-third annual meeting in the City of Visalia, February 8th, 9th, and 10th,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, D. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, desiring to promote the welfare of all California industries, and to encourage the honey industry to still greater production, do hereby designate February 5th - 11th as California Honey Week, and urge all citizens of this State to patronize the products of the Beekeepers of California during that period.

At Sacramento, Calif.
January , 1922.

609

Proclamation

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 25 1922
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 38

Pertaining to Eastern Filbert Blight

--

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the eastern filbert blight (Cryptosporella anomala (Pk.) Sacc.) new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in several states of the United States, and that all varieties and species of the cultivated filbert tree and the American wild hazel (Corylus Americana) tree are known to be carriers of this disease.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the eastern filbert blight (Cryptosporella anomala (Pk.) Sacc.) into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all trees, plants, grafts, cuttings, or scions of all species and varieties of the cultivated filbert or hazelnut and the American wild hazel (Corylus Americana) imported or brought from any and all states and districts of the United States east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, and no trees, plants, grafts, cuttings, or scions of any species or variety of cultivated filbert or hazelnut or American wild hazel (Corylus Americana) shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all trees, plants, grafts, cuttings, or scions of the cultivated filbert or hazelnut or American wild hazel (Corylus Americana) arriving in California from any state or district east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Chief Quarantine Officer, State Department of Agriculture, and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

Director of Agriculture

Approved:

Governor of the State of California

Issued:

[F3670:510_

filed Portland, Or.

610

Certificate of Incorporation of
~~Agreement~~ of the Press Printing
Company
~~Articles of Incorporation~~

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
[illegible] 1922
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
LEE A. STRONG, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G H HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO.36

Pertaining to White Pine Blister Rust

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that white pine blister rust (Peridermium strobi, Kleb.) exists in certain portions of that part of the State of Washington lying west of the Cascade Mountains:

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the said white pine blister rust (Peridermium strobi, Kleb.) into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 36 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders, to all parts of that territory lying west of and including the counties of Whatcom, Skagit, Snohomish, King, Pierce, Lewis and Skamania in the State of Washington in addition to the states set forth in Quarantine Order No. 36.

Quarantine Order No. 36 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

Approved:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: [illegible]

[F3670:581]

gw 532

136

PROCLAMATION

Dated May 1, 1922.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 2 - 1922
FRANK C. JORDAN SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Cori DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Executive Department,
State of California,
May 1, 1922.

WHEREAS, The Director of Agriculture of the State of California has ascertained that cattle located in a certain area in the County of Mono, State of California, hereinafter described, and the Counties of Douglas and Lyon, State of Nevada, are liable to communicate an infectious disease known as scabies in cattle or cattle scab, to cattle not so affected located elsewhere in the State of California, should said cattle located in the areas hereinafter described and named be shipped, moved, transported, driven, or grazed over any lands situated in any other part of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, the Director of Agriculture of the State of California, with the approval of the Governor, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of said disease of scabies or scab in cattle, has, on this 1st day of May, 1922, quarantined the Counties of Douglas and Lyon in the

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Executive Department,
State of California,
May 1, 1922.

WHEREAS, The Director of Agriculture of the State of California has ascertained that cattle located in a certain area in the County of Mono, State of California, hereinafter described, and the Counties of Douglas and Lyon, State of Nevada, are liable to communicate an infectious disease known as scabies in cattle or cattle scab, to cattle not so affected located elsewhere in the State of California, should said cattle located in the areas hereinafter described and named be shipped, moved, transported, driven, or grazed over any lands situated in any other part of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, the Director of Agriculture of the State of California, with the approval of the Governor, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of said disease of scabies or scab in cattle, has, on this 1st day of May, 1922, quarantined the Counties of Douglas and Lyon in the

State of Nevada, and all of those portions of the following townships located in the County of Mono, State of California:

Township 8 north Ranges 22 and 23 east, M. D. M.

9 " " 21, 22 and 23 " "

10 " " 22 " "

WHEREAS, The Director of Agriculture has, on this 1st day of May, 1922, made and established the following rules and regulations governing the movements of cattle from said quarantine areas of the State of California and State of Nevada:

From and after this 1st day of May, 1922, every person, company, corporation, their agents, and servants, are hereby prohibited from driving, grazing, moving, transporting, or shipping, or from causing or permitting to be driven, grazed, moved, transported, shipped, or drifted into any part of the State of California, any cattle originating or being in aforesaid quarantined areas in Mono County, California, and Douglas and Lyon Counties, Nevada, unless such cattle have first been inspected by the Director of Agriculture,or his duly authorized agent, or by a duly authorized agent of the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry, and are accompanied by a certificate issued by such officer, stating that said cattle are free from contagious and infectious diseases and cattle scab or scabies, and exposure thereto: provided, however, that when cattle exposed to scabies that are not a part of a diseased herd, and which have been dipped once in a dip recognized and permitted by the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry, under the supervision of an agent of the California Department of Agriculture or Bureau of Animal Industry inspector and so certified by such inspector, may be moved into California: provided, that if such cattle are exposed to sarcoptic scabies, two dippings, six to seven days apart, will be required, and all such dipped cattle shall be shipped or moved immediately, without exposure to infection, following such dipping.

Cattle or herds of the quarantine area in Mono County, California, and Douglas and Lyon Counties, Nevada, which are not diseased with scabies and not exposed thereto, may be shipped or transported elsewhere in or into California upon inspection by a Bureau of Animal Industry inspector, when

accompanied by a certificate from such inspector showing the cattle to be free from disease, or exposure thereto, said inspection and certification shall have been made immediately prior to shipment or movement.

All cattle in any herd or shipment in which the disease of scabies is present shall be classed as diseased cattle and none of them shall be offered for movement or shipment elsewhere in or into California. The removal from such herd or shipment of any cattle which are visibly diseased and thereafter offering any portion of the remaining cattle of such herd or shipment for movement or shipment elsewhere in or into California is directly and positively prohibited.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim the areas described in this proclamation quarantined within and by the State of California; and further hereby proclaim the foregoing rules and regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture for the maintenance and enforcement of such quarantine to be legal and binding rules and regulations within the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said rules and regulations shall be maintained and enforced within the State of California, and that a violation thereof shall subject all persons so violating any of said rules and regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of the said act of the legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899,

as amended," approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed, the 1st day of May, A. D. 1922.

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Secretary of State.

By Deputy

[F367 0:582]

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

WHEREAS, National Hospital Day will be observed throughout United States on May 12, 1922, the One Hundred Second Anniversary of the birth of Florence Nightingale, and the observance of that day has been endorsed by Honorable Warren G. Harding, President of the United States, and the Governors of many states, and

WHEREAS, the general observance of National Hospital Day, which was inaugurated in 1921, resulted in a great stimulation of the movement for improved hospital facilities throughout the Nation, and the encouragement of the development of modern hospital facilities, is one of the most humane projects of our civilization,

NOW THEREFORE, I, Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of California, desiring to cooperate in this movement as a most praiseworthy effort for human welfare do hereby designate May 12, 1922, as National Hospital Day in California, and urge its general observance so that public interest may be stimulated in the movement for better hospitals.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor.

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

WHEREAS, the second Sunday in May has been designated by act of Congress as "Mothers' Day", and it has been ordered that the United States Flag shall be displayed on all government buildings on that day, and

WHEREAS, the Senate and Assembly of the State of California is on record requesting the Governor of California to issue a proclamation calling upon the State, County and municipal authorities to recognize the spirit of that day by displaying the national flag upon public buildings and the homes of the people, and

WHEREAS, California is proud to do honor to the spirit of motherhood and to recognize the self-sacrifice and constructive part born by the mothers of California in the upbuilding of this State,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, May 14th, "Mothers' Day" in California, and do hereby appeal to the churches to observe the day by appropriate programs, and request that the National Emblem be displayed on all state, county and municipal buildings and grounds, and upon the homes of our citizens upon that day.

Wm D. Stephens

Governor of California

at Sacramento

[F3670:584]

Proclamation

Whereas, National Disabled Soldiers' Week will be observed throughout the nation, May 26 to June 3rd, under the auspices of the National Disabled Soldiers League: and

Whereas, it is proposed by the various organizations, and governmental agencies having the welfare of the men, who were incapacitated during the World War, to concentrate the interest of all citizens upon the problem of alleviating the sufferings, and mitigating the distress of these heroic men and their families; xkm to stimulate efforts for legislation in their behalf; to find employment for those who need it; to provide entertainment for those who are bedridden, and to urge better hospital facilities for them,

Now therefore, before believing this to be a most praiseworthy program, and one in which all Californians having a lively appreciation of the service and sacrifices xf rendered by the disabled veterans of America, should join most earnestly, I, Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim May 26 to June 3rd, Disabled Soldiers' Week in California, and urge all citizens to join in its observance in conformity with the program arranged by the National Disabled Soldiers League.

[f3670:585]

WHEREAS, the Optometrists of California and the Western States are about to assemble in convention in the City of Los Angeles, and

WHEREAS, the members of the profession of Optometrists, as a whole, have done much to add to the comfort and usefulness of citizens by the advancement of this Science,

THEREFORE, I, Wm. D. Stephens, do hereby proclaim the week of May 29th to June 3rd "Better Vision Week" throughout the State of California.

Sacramento, May 26th, 1922

[F3670.586]

WHEREAS, Memorial Day, May 30th, set apart by a grateful nation to honor the memory of those heroes of the Civil War, who died, "that this Nation might live," has achieved a new solemnity and significance to the present generation by reason of the fact that many thousands of brave American soldiers laid down their lives on the fields of France, and elsewhere during the World War, and

WHEREAS, as long as the Republic shall endure it shall be the sacred duty of all loyal citizens to reverence the memory of those self-sacrificing sons of the Nation who have made the supreme offering upon the altar of national duty, upon the field of battle, on the sea, or in the camps of our armies, and

WHEREAS, it is fitting that not only shall the memory of the honored dead of other wars be kept green by reverent remembrance and tender services at the graves of the here dead, but also that those who so recently made the supreme sacrifice in the World War shall be brought vividly to mind, that their deeds shall not be allowed to fade from the minds of future generations, and

WHEREAS, it is proposed by the Veterans of Foreign Wars in cooperation with the American War Mothers, and other like organizations, to attach a special significance to Memorial Day, May 30th, by requesting everyone to wear a Flanders' poppy as a reminder of our boys who gave up their lives on Flanders' fields.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, believing this to be a most worthy object, do hereby appeal to all Californians to wear "Flanders' Poppies" on Memorial Day.

[F3670:587]

Filed

Declaration

No 611

137

Declaration

against Personal Guar

Guaranty in Alfalfa

Meal

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

AUG 8 - 1922

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Curry
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G H HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO.2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO.34.

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil.

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus Gyll.) exists in the County of Pershing, State of Nevada; now, therefore,

It is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of said alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders, to all parts of that territory known as the County of Pershing, State of Nevada, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

Approved: Signed:

Governor of the State of California.

Director of Agriculture

ISSUED: August 8, 1922.

[F3670.E5]

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

The poultry industry of the United States is a tremendous one, and in California alone is valued at more than fifty million dollars.

In Petaluma each year, the people of Sonoma County join in a great celebration known as Egg Day. It is well worth going any distance to see, and I am pleased to suggest to all who can to visit Petaluma on

EGG DAY, AUGUST 19, 1922.

And that the industry may receive further and proper encouragement, I name Saturday, August 19, 1922 as Egg Day in California and request all loyal Californians to eat more eggs.

Governor of California.

[F3670:589]

End

612

Proclamation

declaring Sunday August
[illegible] a Holiday
[illegible])

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

AUG [illegible]

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

WHEREAS, Tuesday, August 29, 1922 is the day appointed by law for holding a Primary Election throughout the State of California; and

WHEREAS, the permanence of our democratic institutions and form of government depend on the exercise of the right of franchise by every voter, and lively interest in all matters pertaining to government;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, M. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested and in conformity to the provisions of section three of the primary election law, do hereby proclaim Tuesday, August 29, 1922, to be a public holiday, in order that all citizens may have an opportunity to participate in this election.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 21 day of August, 1922

M. D. Stephens

Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By Frank M. Coffey

Deputy

[F 3670.590]

13613

Quarantine Proclamation
No 39.

against Mexican
Cotton Boll Weevil
or
Pink Boll Worm

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 26 1922
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 39

(With regulations.)

Pertaining to Mexican cotton boll weevil, and varieties thereof, and pink bollworm of cotton.

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that injurious insects known as the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil (Anthonomus grandis Boh.), and varieties thereof, and the Pink Bollworm (Pectinophora gossypiella Saunders), new to and not hitherto known to exist within and throughout the State of California, exist in several states of the United States;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, and varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm into the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples of cotton, seed cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed hulls, cotton ginning and milling machinery, cotton sacking, used cotton pickers' bags and all other articles or materials that have been used in connection with growing, harvesting, ginning, baling or manufacturing cotton lint, seed cotton or cotton seed from any other state, territory or locality of the United States, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state or locality of the United States wherein the cultivated cotton is known to be infested with the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm, is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such seed cotton or cotton seed as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 2. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state of the United States where the Mexican Cotton Boll

Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton may be admitted into the State of California subject to the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California seed cotton or cotton seed from any state in the United States where the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the purpose for which the seed cotton or cotton seed is intended, the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the seed cotton or cotton seed was grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Accompanying the application must be a statement signed by the State Entomologist of the state from which the seed cotton or cotton seed is to be imported to the effect that the seed cotton or cotton seed will be inspected before shipment and that a certificate of inspection signed by the State Entomologist will accompany the shipment or be attached to the waybills, conductors manifests, memoranda or bills of lading covering such shipment. Such certificate shall set forth the locality of origin of the seed cotton or cotton seed comprising the shipment, shall establish the fact that the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, and varieties thereof, and the Pink Bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton in the state in which the seed cotton or cotton seed originates, and shall give the initials and car number of the car in which shipped if carlot shipment; if less than carlot shipment markings of container or containers shall be given. A copy of the certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Chief of the Bureau of Plant Quarantine, State Department of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Regulation 3. Seed cotton or cotton seed imported or brought into the State of California under permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have each package or container in the shipment plainly and correctly marked to show the number of the permit, the quantity of the contents, the state and locality where grown, the name and address of the exporter and the name and address of the consignee. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the treatment which shall be given the commodity or container or vehicle by consignee as a condition of entry of material for which permit is requested.

Regulation 4. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples, or any form of unmanufactured cotton from any other state of the United States shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name

and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify treatment which shall be given commodity or container or vehicle by consignee as a condition of entry of material for which permit is requested.

Regulation 5. Cotton bagging that has been used as a container for seed cotton or cotton seed, or in the baling of cotton, cotton lint, or cotton waste, or in the manufacture or handling of cotton seed by-products in any other state of the United States is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton bagging as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out af the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 6. Cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery that has previously been used in the ginning or milling of seed cotton, cotton seed or cotton seed by-products, in any state of the United States will be admitted into the State of California subject to and only under the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of any such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation, shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the location from which the shipment is to be made, the nature and amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and setting forth the fact that all the cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery included in the shipment had been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 7. Cotton picking-bags that have been used

for picking or harvesting cotton in any state or territory of the United States or any cotton picking-bags that have cotton lint or cotton seed in or upon or adhering to the same, are hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton picking-bags as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 8. Railroad cars that have been used for the transportation of seed cotton, cotton lint or cotton seed must immediately upon arrival at California points be thoroughly cleaned of all cotton seed, and such cotton seed shall be burned upon removal from the car, or such cars shall be so disinfected or sterilized as to remove all possible danger of infestation of the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, and varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm. Any and all such cars found at any point in California containing cotton seed in or upon any of the parts thereof shall be amenable to all the regulations of this order, and shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardians, until said cotton seed is destroyed and the car disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection.

Regulation 9. Upon arrival at any common carrier station in the State of California of any shipment of emigrant movables, farming implements, or other field appliances, or of used household goods, from the states of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, or any other state in which the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm may become established, the same shall be held intact by the common carrier agent, and not delivered to the consignee, shipper, owner, or agent, until the shipment has been inspected by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, and there has been presented an affidavit executed by the consignee, shipper, owner, or agent, on blanks provided by the State, to the effect that the shipment includes no seed cotton or cotton seed or other articles quarantined against in this order.

Regulation 10. Emigrant movables, farming implements, or other field appliances, imported or brought into the State of California by other than common carrier transportation, from the states of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such emigrant movables are imported or brought, until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from the Mexican Cotton

Boll Weevil, and varieties thereof, and the Pink Bollworm of cotton, and other articles quarantined against in this order.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order supersedes Quarantine Order No. 32, issued October 1, 1920, and shall take effect immediately.

R. Mead

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED:

W. D. Stephens

Governor of the State of California.

Issued: August 26, 1922

[3670:591]

614

Proclamation No
1140
Pertaining to Helix Pisana

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 20 1922
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 40

(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Helix pisana

WHEREAS; the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a snail (Helix pisana) injurious to agriculture and horticulture new to and not heretofore known to exist within and throughout the State of California exists in that part of the City of San Diego, State of California described as follows:

"Beginning at the intersection of the shore line of the Pacific Ocean and the westerly line of Pueblo Lot 1285, according to map of the Pueblo Lands of San Diego made by James Pascoe in 1870 and filed in the office of the Recorder of said County, and running thence southerly and northeasterly along the westerly and southeasterly boundaries of said Pueblo Lot to an intersection with the easterly boundary of Pueblo Lot 1284; thence southerly along said easterly boundary to an intersection with the southerly boundary of a Re-subdivision of a portion of Villa Tract, La Jolla Park, according to County Recorder's Map thereof No. 1535; thence westerly along said southerly boundary line to the westerly boundary of said Pueblo Lot 1284; thence southerly along said westerly boundary to the southeast corner of Pueblo Lot 1262; thence westerly along the northerly boundary of said Pueblo Lot 1262 to the northwest corner thereof; thence southerly along the westerly boundary of said Pueblo Lot 1262; and the westerly boundary of Pueblo Lot 1257 to an intersection with the easterly prolongation of the center line of Bonair Street, in Starkey's Prospect Park, according to Map thereof filed in the said County Recorder's office and numbered 1729; thence westerly along said center line and its easterly prolongation to an intersection with the westerly boundary of Pueblo Lot 1259; thence northerly along said boundary to an intersection with the southerly line of Bonair Street in South La Jolla, according to Map thereof filed in the said County Recorder's Office and numbered 887, being also the southeast corner of Pueblo Lot 1260; thence easterly along the southerly boundary of said Pueblo Lot 1260 to an intersection with the shore line

of the Pacific Ocean; thence northerly and easterly following said shore line to the place of beginning. Also all of Pueblo Lot 1298." All of which is hereinafter referred to as infested area.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary in order to prevent the further spread of said snail, (Helix pisana) that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of said infested area in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said snail (Helix pisana), all plants, plant products, (including hay, straw, grass and weeds), forest plant products (including lumber, logs, posts, poles, railroad ties, and cordwood), buildings, building and construction material, new and used, earth, soil, sand, stone, rubbish, garbage and all other articles and things infested with said snail (Helix pisana), or liable to be infested with said snail (Helix pisana) or liable to transport said snail (Helix pisana) and no such articles so quarantined against shall be moved from said infested area except under and subject to the following regulations.

Regulation 1. Hay, straw, grass, weeds, earth, soil, sand, stone and native and outdoor plants shall not be moved out of the said infested area for any purpose whatsoever.

Regulation 2. Rubbish and garbage shall not be moved from the said infested area except by authorized city collectors in covered, tight wagons and then only for the purpose of burning at a place to be designated by the Director of Agriculture or his deputy or deputies or a duly authorized state quarantine guardian of San Diego County, State of California.

Regulation 3. No article quarantined against in this order not mentioned in regulations 1 and 2 shall be moved out of the said infested area unless and until it shall have been inspected by a deputy of the Director of Agriculture or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian of San Diego County and found to be free from said snail (Helix pisana) and a permit issued for the movement out of the said infested area of such article.

Regulation 4. Persons intending to move from said infested area any article or articles for which permit is re-

quired by these regulations shall make application to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, or to the County Horticultural Commissioner, Court House, San Diego for a permit. Articles to be inspected must be free from earth, sand and soil and permits will issue only for articles which are not infested or liable to be infested with said snail (Helix pisana).

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

Approved:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: September 15, 1922

615

Proclamation
No 141

Calling Spl Election
in 6th Congressional
district for Nov 7-1922
Vice J.A. Elston deceased

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 26 1922
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank J. Kelly
DEPUTY

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, WILLIAM D.STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the seventh day of November, 1922, in the SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from said SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT caused by the death of J.A.ELSTON.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part 1, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of September, A.D. 1922.



Wm D. Stephens
Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

by Frank F. McCoy Deputy

Exhibit 548

548

Executive Department

State of California

[redacted].

[redacted], the destruction of life and property by fire throughout the United States has been increasing annually until the total loss of material wealth now approximates the tremendous sum of $[illegible],000,000 every year, or a daily loss of $1,370,000 in property, and forty-eight lives daily, and

[redacted], the fire loss in the State of California during the five years ended with 1920 reached an aggregate of $54,213,371, a sum sufficient to build 10,842 homes costing $5,000 a piece, and

[redacted], investigation has shown that most fires are preventable, and the tremendous waste attributable to this cause is unnecessary, and an ever-increasing drain on the resources of this country, and

[redacted], National Fire Prevention Week will be observed [redacted] States, [redacted] writers in an effort to [redacted] reduce the annual fire loss [redacted],

[redacted], I, [redacted] D. [redacted], Governor of California, believing that it is of the utmost importance that all citizens of California should cooperate most heartily with the effort to reduce the loss of life and property by fire, do hereby [redacted] October 4 to 9, 1920, as Fire Prevention Week in California and urge all citizens, State Departments, Chambers of Commerce, civic organizations and public school officials to take part actively in the observance of that week, and I appeal to all citizens and property owners to remove all rubbish and litter and other fire hazards from about their homes and places of business, and I further urge all churches to call attention to the objects of Fire Prevention Week by means of sermons and addresses, and all newspapers through editorial and other mention, to emphasize the importance of this most praise-worthy movement.

Governor of California.

EP 0 59-

Executive Department

State of California

[illegible]

[illegible], the association of commercial secretaries of California, representing [illegible] cities, has proposed that a day be set aside to [illegible] California invitation may which all may [illegible] and may join in invit[illegible] residents of other states to visit California and enjoy the material advantages of [illegible] production of this favorite state, and

WHEREAS, the [illegible] of this day last year resulted in great benefit to the [illegible] of California;

[illegible] to be observed, believing that good can be accomplished [illegible] to be [illegible] many [illegible] ure [illegible] quarters [illegible] to, according [illegible] Committee [illegible] to extend [illegible] Golden State. I [illegible] all Americans to support the [illegible] letters setting forth the [illegible] to their friends [illegible] ment.

142

546

FILED

3 U 02

Frank J. McGarry

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT } ss.
State of California }

I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a general election will be held throughout said State on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1922, at which the following offices are to be filled:

GOVERNOR;
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR;
SECRETARY OF STATE;
CONTROLLER;
TREASURER;
ATTORNEY GENERAL;
SURVEYOR GENERAL;
MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, from each of the Four Equalization Districts in the State;

UNITED STATES SENATOR;
MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, from each of the eleven Congressional Districts in the State;

STATE SENATOR from each of the following twenty senatorial Districts in the State: Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-eighth, and Fortieth Districts.

Member of the Assembly from each of the Eighty Assembly Districts in the State;

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION;
CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
(Unexpired term, ending January 3, 1927)

TWO ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT (Full Term)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
(Unexpired term, ending January 3, 1927)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
(Unexpired term, ending January 8, 1923)

PRESIDING JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
FIRST APPELLATE DISTRICT, Division One, (Full Term)

PRESIDING JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
THIRD APPELLATE DISTRICT (Unexpired term, Ending
January 5, 1931)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT, Division One, (Full Term)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL,
THIRD APPELLATE DISTRICT (Full Term)

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT in each of the respective counties of ALAMEDA, FRESNO, GLENN, KERN, LOS ANGELES, MADERA, RIVERSIDE, SAN BERNARDINO, SAN DIEGO, SAN FRANCISCO, SANTA CLARA, SHASTA, STANISLAUS and TULARE, the number to be elected to such office in each of said counties in which such election is to be held, both for the regular term thereof and for the unexpired term thereof, being such as is prescribed by the Constitution and laws of this State;

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE in each of the counties and townships in the State, the number to be elected to each office in each of said counties and townships being such as is prescribed by the laws of this State;

ALSO such State County, township, district and other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed Constitutional amendments, bond acts, questions, propositions, initiative measures and acts suspended by referendum, as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and laws of this State;

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code of the State of California; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, Wm. D. Stephens, as Governor of the State of California, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the said State to be affixed at the City of Sacramento this eighth day of October, 1922.

Wm. D. Stephens
GOVERNOR.

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

by Frank S. Curry Deputy

546

Election Proclamation

Executive Department
State of California } ss.

I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a general election will be held throughout said State on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1922, at which the following offices are to be filled:

GOVERNOR;
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR;
SECRETARY OF STATE;
CONTROLLER;
TREASURER;
ATTORNEY GENERAL;
SURVEYOR GENERAL;
MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, from each of the Four Equalization Districts in the State;
UNITED STATES SENATOR;
MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, from each of the Eleven Congressional Districts in the State;
STATE SENATOR from each of the following Twenty Senatorial Districts in the State: Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-eighth, and Fortieth Districts.
MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the Eighty Assembly Districts in the State;
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION;
CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Unexpired Term, ending January 3, 1927);
TWO ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT (Full Term);
ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Unexpired Term, ending January 8, 1923);
ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Unexpired Term, ending January 3, 1927);
PRESIDING JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, FIRST APPELLATE DISTRICT, Division One (Full Term);
PRESIDING JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, THIRD APPELLATE DISTRICT (Unexpired Term, ending January 5, 1931);
ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT, Division One (Full Term);
ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, THIRD APPELLATE DISTRICT (Full Term);
JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT in each of the respective counties of ALAMEDA, FRESNO, GLENN, KERN, LOS ANGELES, MADERA, RIVERSIDE, SAN BERNARDINO, SAN DIEGO, SAN FRANCISCO, SANTA CLARA, SHASTA, STANISLAUS and TULARE, the number to be elected to such office in each of said counties in which such election is to be held, both for the regular term thereof and for the unexpired term thereof, being such as is prescribed by the Constitution and laws of this State;
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE in each of the counties and townships in the State, the number to be elected to each office in each of said counties and townships being such as is prescribed by the laws of this State;
ALSO such state, county, township, district and other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed Constitutional amendments, bond acts, questions, propositions, initiative measures and acts suspended by referendum, as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and laws of this State;

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code of the State of California; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, William D. Stephens, as Governor of the State of California, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the said State to be affixed at the City of Sacramento this 8th day of October, 1922.



Wm D. Stephens

Governor.

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

19340

PROCLAMATION.

Be it known that Friday, October 27, 1922 will be NAVY DAY, and will be observed as such throughout the United States. All loyal citizens are proud of the achievements and the personnel of the American Navy, which constitutes the first line of defense of the Nation. It has been foremost in defense of the peace of the Nation and is a pioneer in carrying out the policy of world disarmament.

I deem it proper, therefore, to appeal to all loyal citizens of California to join in the observance of NAVY DAY, Friday, October 27, 1922, and to cooperate in the effort to maintain the United States Navy as an efficient and dependent arm of defense and to emphasize the mutual dependence of the Navy and the people of America.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor of California.

٣٢ عاد ٥ ٩٨

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

WHEREAS, the sixth annual roll call of the American Red Cross will be started November 11 throughout the United States for the enrollment of members and the reviving of interest in the aims and achievements of the American Red Cross during peace and war, and

WHEREAS, November 12th is to be observed as Red Cross Sunday, when it is proposed to hold suitable Red Cross exercises in all churches and places of worship in furtherance of the National movement to maintain the Red Cross as a great, efficient organization to relieve and prevent suffering at home and abroad, and

WHEREAS, the citizens of California recall with grateful rememberance the heroic work of this beneficient organization during the World War, and the loyal service it has rendered since that great conflict , in bringing comfort and care to disabled veterans in hospitals and safeguarding the families of these men from worry and privation, as well as the yeoman service it is performing in the preservation of the public health, and extending relief to victims of disaster at home and abroad,

NOW THEREFORE, I , Wm. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, having a sincere appreciation of the many-sided service of the American Red Cross and desiring to place California in the front rank of the States in its loyal support of the American Red Cross, do hereby urge all citizens of California to enroll themselves as Red Cross members and to cooperate heartily to the end that its en-

rollment may be greater and more efficient than ever.

I DO HEREBY FURTHER PROCLAIM, Sunday, November 12, 1922, as Red Cross Sunday in California and urge all churches and religious organizations to devote that day to the advancement of the American Red Cross by suitable exercises and addresses in connection with the regular religious services.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor of California

[F3670.S4x]

542

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Saturday, the 11th day of November, 1922, will be the fourth anniversary of the signing of the Armistice which terminated the great World War and marked the triumph of democracy over autocracy, and

WHEREAS, the American Expeditionary Forces by their splendid offensive delivered at a most critical time, contributed in a large measure to the victory and thus saved the institution of free Government, justice and humanity from the most deadly peril known in the history of civilization, and

WHEREAS, the People of California in full appreciation of the tremendous significance this day bears to the American Nation have decreed that Armistice Day shall be a legal holiday,

NOW THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, believing it to be of the utmost importance that the people of this commonwealth should keep alive the memory of this momentous event in human history, and by so doing further emphasize the principles upon which this Government is founded, as well as in grateful recognition of the valor and unselfish heroism displayed by those who served to maintain those principles, I do hereby urge upon all citizens of California to observe Armistice Day as a legal holiday in a manner befitting the solemnity of the occasion.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor.

[3670: 599]

543

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 10 1922
[illegible] SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Honorable Warren G. Harding, President of the United States has appointed Thursday, November 30th, "as a day of thanksgiving, supplication, and devotion," and

WHEREAS, It devolves upon me as Governor of the State of California to proclaim that day as Thanksgiving Day throughout this State, and

WHEREAS, the people of California have profound reason to rejoice and be grateful for a condition of prosperity which is unparalleled in every department of human life, and which has made this State one of the most favored of Providence among the commonwealths of this great Nation,

NOW THEREFORE, I, Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of the State of California do appoint and set apart Thursday, November 30th, as Thanksgiving Day and earnestly urge all citizens to observe this day by giving thanks to the Giver of all good things for the bountiful blessings He has bestowed upon us during the past year.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of November, 1922.

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

LF3. D'60.

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

BE IT KNOWN, that the Nation-wide campaign to raise funds for the relief of the victims of the Smyrna disaster and other unfortunates in the Near East will be concluded on Sunday, December 3rd, 1922, by the Near East Emergency Fund Committee and affiliated organizations, with the especial approval of the Honorable Warren G. Harding, President of the United States.

NOW THEREFORE, I desire to supplement my previous proclamation appealing to the citizens of California to join heartily in the relief of suffering humanity in this stricken area, by urgently calling upon all loyal Californians to exert themselves to make this State's contribution worthy of the great heart of California.

Governor

Sacramento
November 25th, 1922.

1-1307

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

WHEREAS, the Federal Bureau of Education in cooperation with the American Legion and the National Education Association is planning for the Nation-wide observance for AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK, December 3 to 9 inclusive, and the Honorable Warren G. Harding, President of the United States has signified his intention to issue a proclamation urging the various States and Territories to join in the general observance of this Week, and

WHEREAS, it is of the utmost importance to the welfare of California and the Nation at large that those phases of education relating to Americanism, citizenship, patriotism, the needs of teachers and schools, the problem of illiteracy, equality of educational opportunity, hygiene and physical education be especially emphasized at this time, and

WHEREAS, the observance of AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK in California in 1921 was conducive of excellent results in the quickening of the public interest in educational matters and particularly matters affecting education in Americanism and citizenship,

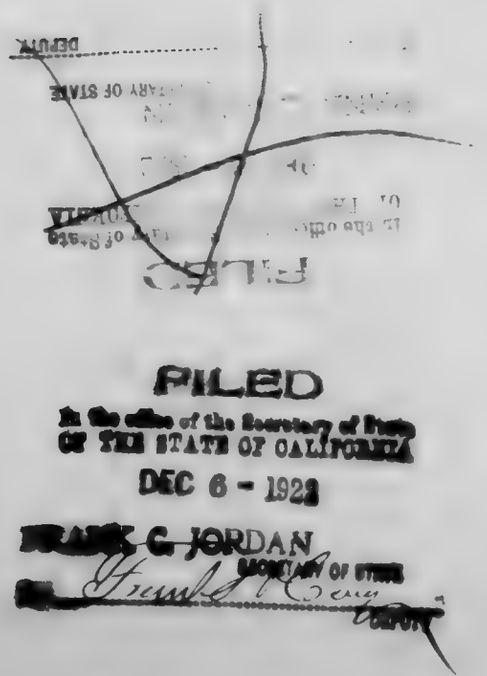
NOW THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of California, desiring to emphasize the public responsibility toward matters of education and the teaching of Americanism, do hereby proclaim December 3 to 9 inclusive, AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK in California, and I do hereby

urge all educational agencies, all civic and business organizations, the Press and the Pulpit in California to observe AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK by proper exercises, publication, and public addresses.

Governor of California.

[F3670.692]

616



FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEC 6 - 1928

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 9th day of January, 1923, in the FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT of this state to fill the vacancy in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from said Fifth Congressional District caused by the death of John I. Nolan, for the unexpired term, expiring the 4th of March, 1923; and also a special election to be held on the same date of January 9th, 1923, to fill the vacancy in the said office of Representative from the said Fifth Congressional District, caused by the death of the said John I. Nolan, for the full term of two years, beginning March 4th, 1923.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such reward to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of December, 1922.

Wm D Stephens
Governor.

Attest: Frank C Jordan
Secretary of State

by Frank C Curry
Deputy

617

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 13 1922
FRANK C. JORDAN
By Secretary of State
Frank M. Coff

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, I, Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of the State of California, did heretofore and on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1922, make and issue a certain proclamation and order that a special election shall be held on the 9th day of January, 1923, in the Fifth Congressional District of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Representative in the Congress of the United States from said Fifth Congressional District caused by the death of John I. Nolan, for the unexpired term, expiring on the 4th of March, 1923; and also a special election to be held on the same date of January 9th, 1923, to fill the vacancy in the said office of Representative from the said Fifth Congressional District, caused by the death of the said John I. Nolan, for the full term of two years, beginning March 4, 1923; and

WHEREAS, it now appears that the public interest will be promoted by deferring the time of said elections;

NOW THEREFORE, I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby rescind, vacate, and set aside so much of said proclamation and order as fixes and appoints January 9th, 1923, as the date upon which said special election shall be held, and do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 23rd

day of January, 1923, in the Fifth Congressional District of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from said Fifth Congressional District caused by the death of John I. Nolan, for the unexpired term, expiring the 4th of March, 1923; and also a special election to be held on the same date of January 23rd, 1923, to fill the vacancy in the said office of Representative from the said Fifth Congressional District, caused by the death of said John I. Nolan, for the full term of two years, beginning March 4, 1923.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such reward to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of December, 1922.

Governor.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

By.

[illegible] 3670: 6041

618

Proclamation

No 141

Partial Spec Election

June 30 - 1922

In 17th Senatorial Dist

Vice E. J. Ryson

deceased.

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OCT [illegible] 1922

[illegible] JAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

[illegible]

DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the Thirtieth day of January 1923, in the SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Senator from said SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT caused by the death of Senator E. S. Rigdon.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 18th day of December, 1922.

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy

LT 3670 C05 M
549

Proclamation by the Governor, proclaiming the due adoption and ratification by the People of the State of California of that certain Act entitled:

"An Act to authorize the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the single object of creating a fund to carry on the operations of the veterans' welfare board in accordance with the provisions of the California veterans' welfare act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and also in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, or either of them enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and of any and all acts amendatory or supplemental to said acts, or either of them; to provide ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such principal matures; to create a veterans' welfare finance committee the members of which are to serve without compensation; to define the powers and duties of said veterans' welfare finance committee and of other state officers in relation to this act; to

appropriate money for the expense of preparing and of advertising the sale of the bonds herein authorized to be issued; and to provide for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, 1922,"

approved June 1, 1921; and proclaiming the said Act, and each and all the provisions thereof, to be in full force and effect and irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities therein created shall be paid and discharged.

State of California)
)
Executive Department.)

WHEREAS, the legislature of the State of California at its regular session commencing on the 3rd day of January, 1921, did duly and regularly pass a certain act entitled: "An Act to authorize the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the single object of creating a fund to carry on the operations of the veterans' welfare board in accordance with the provisions of the California veterans' welfare act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and also in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, or either of them enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of

California, and of any and all acts amendatory or supplemental to said acts, or either of them; to provide ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such principal matures; to create a veterans' welfare finance committee the members of which are to serve without compensation; to define the powers and duties of said veterans' welfare finance committee and of other state officers in relation to this act; to appropriate money for the expense of preparing and of advertising the sale of the bonds herein authorized to be issued; and to provide for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, 1922," which said act was duly approved on June 1, 1921; and

WHEREAS, said act provides that the same be submitted to the People of the State of California for their ratification at the general election to be held in the month of November, A. D., 1922, and that the Governor shall include the submission of said act to the People, as aforesaid, in his proclamation calling for said general election; and,

WHEREAS, the Secretary of State did cause the said act to be duly published for the time and in the manner therein provided, and in accordance with said act and as provided by section 1 of article XVI of the Constitution of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, pursuance to the terms and provisions of said act and pursuant to law, the Governor of the State of California did duly include in his proclamation calling said general election aforesaid, the submission of said act to the People of the State of California and the said act was duly submitted to the People of the State of California in accordance with the terms thereof for their ratification at the said general election held in the month of November, A. D., 1922; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the terms and provisions of said act and pursuant to law the votes for and against said act were counted, returned, canvassed and declared in all respects as provided by said act and by law; and

WHEREAS, the said act did receive in favor thereof a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at said election aforesaid, and thereupon did become and now is in full force and effect as therein provided, and irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities in and by said act created shall be paid and discharged; and the said act further provided that the Governor shall make proclamation thereof;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, pursuant to and in accordance with the terms and provisions of said act, do hereby proclaim:-

FIRST: That in accordance with that certain act entitled: "An Act to authorize the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the sirgle object of creating a fund to carry on the operations of the veterans' welfare

board in accordance with the provisions of the California veterans' welfare act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and also in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, or either of them enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and of any and all acts amendatory or supplemental to said acts, or either of them; to provide ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such principal matures; to create a veterans' welfare finance committee the members of which are to serve without compensation; to define the powers and duties of said veterans' welfare finance committee and of other state officers in relation to this act; to appropriate money for the expense of preparing and of advertising the sale of the bonds herein authorized to be issued; and to provide for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, 1922," approved June 1, 1921, the Secretary of State of the State of California did cause the said act to be duly published for the time and in the manner therein provided, and in accordance with said act as provided by section 1 of article XVI of the Constitution of the State of California;

SECOND: That in accordance with the terms and

provisions of said act hereinbefore referred to, and hereinafter set forth, the Governor of the State of California did duly include in his proclamation calling said general election, to be held and which was held on the 7th day of November, A. D., 1922, the submission of said act to the People of the State of California, and the said act was duly submitted to the People of the State of California, in accordance with the terms thereof, for their ratification at the said general election so held on the 7th day of November, A. D., 1922;

THIRD: That pursuant to the terms and provisions of said act, and pursuant to law, the votes cast for and against said act were counted, returned, canvassed and declared in all respects as provided by said act and by law;

FOURTH: That the said act did receive in favor thereof a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at the election aforesaid, and thereupon did become and now is in full force and effect, as in said act provided, and irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities in and by said act created shall be paid and discharged;

FIFTH: That the said act herein referred to is in the words and figures following to-wit:

Senate Bill No. 502.

Passed the Senate April 21, 1921.

Secretary of the Senate

Passed the Assembly April 28, 1921.

Chief Clerk of the Assembly

This bill was received by the Governor, this_____

day of_____A. D. 1921, at_____o'clock___M.

Private Secretary of the Governor

CHAPTER . . . .

An act to authorize the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the single object of creating a fund to carry on the operations of the veterans' welfare board in accordance with the provisions of the California veterans' welfare act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and also in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, or either of them enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and of any and all acts amendatory or supplemental to said acts, or either of them; to provide ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such principal matures; to create a veterans' welfare finance committee the members of which are to serve without compensation; to define the powers and duties of said veterans' welfare finance committee and of other state officers in relation to this act; to appropriate money for the expense of preparing and of advertising the sale of the bonds herein authorized to be issued; and to provide for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, 1922.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of creating a fund to carry on the operations of the veterans' welfare board in accordance with the provisions of the California veterans' welfare act enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and also in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act enacted at the forty fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, or either of them enacted at the forty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of California, and of any and all acts amendatory or supplemental to said acts, or either of them, the veterans' welfare finance committee created by this act shall be and it hereby is authorized and empowered to create a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, of the State of California, in the manner and to the extent hereinafter provided, but not otherwise, nor in excess thereof.

SEC. 2. After the issuance of the proclamation of the governor provided for in section sixteen of this act, and immediately after adoption of any resolution by the veterans' welfare finance committee hereby created, provided for in section eleven of this act, the state treasurer shall prepare the requisite number of suitable bonds of the denomination of one thousand dollars in accordance with the specifications contained in such resolution. The aggregate par value of all bonds issued under this act shall not exceed the sum of ten million dollars, and the bonds issued under any such resolution shall bear interest from the date of issuance of said bonds to the date of maturity thereof, at a rate to be determined by the said veterans' welfare finance committee and specified in such resolution, but in no case exceeding six per cent per annum. Both principal and interest shall be payable in gold coin of the United States, of the present standard of value, at the office of the state treasurer, or at the office of any duly authorized agent of the state treasurer, and shall be so payable at the times specified in said resolution or resolutions.

All bonds issued under this act shall bear the signature of the governor and the facsimile countersignature of the controller and shall be endorsed by the state treasurer either by original signature or by signature stamp adopted for each particular bond issue under this act, and the said bonds shall be signed, countersigned and endorsed by the officers who shall be in office on the date of issuance thereof, and each of said bonds shall bear an impress of the great seal of the State of California. The said bonds so signed, countersigned, endorsed and sealed, when sold, shall be and constitute a valid and binding obligation upon the State of California, although the sale thereof be made at a date or dates upon which the officers having signed, countersigned and endorsed said bonds, or any or either of said officers, shall have ceased to be the incumbents of the offices held by them at the time of signing, countersigning, or endorsing said bonds. Each bond issued under this act shall contain a clause or clauses stating that interest shall cease to accrue thereon from and after the date of maturity thereof, and referring to this act and to the resolution of the veterans' welfare finance committee hereunder by virtue of which said bond is issued.

SEC. 3. The requisite number of suitable interest coupons, appropriately numbered, shall be attached to each bond issued under this act. Said interest coupons shall bear the facsimile signature of the state treasurer who shall be in office on the date of issuance of the bond to which said coupons pertain.

SEC. 4. All bonds issued under this act and sold shall be deemed to have been called in at their respective dates of

maturity and the state treasurer shall, on the respective dates of maturity of said bonds, or as soon thereafter as said matured bonds are surrendered to him, pay the same out of the proceeds of the controller's warrants drawn in his favor as provided in section five hereof and perforate the bonds so paid with a suitable device in a manner to indicate such payment and the date thereof. He shall also, on the said respective dates of maturity, cancel all bonds bearing said dates of maturity and remaining unsold, by perforation with a suitable device in a manner to indicate such cancellation and the date thereof. The provisions of this section shall be applicable also to the interest coupons pertaining to the bonds authorized by this act to be issued, and shall be applicable, as far as practicable, to any duly authorized agent of the state treasurer.

SEC. 5. There is hereby appropriated from the general fund in the state treasury such sum annually as will be necessary to pay the principal of and the interest on the bonds issued and sold pursuant to the provisions of this act, as said principal and interest becomes due and payable.

There shall be collected annually in the same manner and at the same time as other state revenue is collected such a sum, in addition to the ordinary revenues of the state, as shall be required to pay the principal and interest on said bonds as herein provided, and it is hereby made the duty of all officers charged by law with any duty in regard to the collections of said revenue, to do and perform each and every act which shall be necessary to collect such additional sum.

On the several dates of maturity of said principal and interest in each fiscal year, there shall be returned into the general fund in the state treasury, all of the moneys in the specific fund into which the proceeds from the sale of the said bonds have been covered as herein prescribed, not in excess of the principal of and interest on the said bonds then due and payable and, in the event of such moneys so returned on said dates of maturity being less than the said principal and interest then due and payable, then the balance remaining unpaid shall be returned into the general fund in the state treasury out of said specific fund as soon thereafter as it shall become available, together with interest thereon, from such dates of maturity until so returned, at the rate of five per cent per annum, compounded semi-annually.

Both principal and interest of said bonds shall be paid when due upon warrants duly drawn against said appropriation from the general fund by the controller of the state in favor of the state treasurer or in favor of any duly authorized agent of the state treasurer, upon demands audited by the state board of control, and the moneys to be returned into

the general fund in the state treasury pursuant to the provisions of this section shall likewise be paid as herein provided upon warrants duly drawn by the controller of the state upon demands duly audited by the state board of control.

SEC. 6. The sum of fifteen thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses that may be incurred by the state treasurer in having said bonds prepared and in advertising their sale. Said amount shall be refunded to the general fund in the state treasury out of the specific funds into which the proceeds from the sale of said bonds shall be respectively covered in accordance with the provisions of this act on controller's warrant duly drawn for that purpose.

SEC. 7. When the bonds authorized to be issued under this act shall be duly executed, they shall be by the state treasurer sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in such parcels and numbers as the said treasurer shall be directed by the governor of the state, under seal thereof, after a resolution requesting such sale shall have been adopted by the veterans' welfare board and approved by the governor of the state; but said treasurer must reject any and all bids for said bonds, or for any of them, which shall be below the par value of said bonds so offered plus the interest which has accrued thereon between the date of sale and the last preceding interest maturity date; and with the approval of the governor, he may from time to time, by public announcement at the place and time fixed for the sale, continue such sale, as to the whole of the bonds offered, or any part thereof offered, to such time and place as he may select. Before offering any of said bonds for sale the said treasurer shall detach therefrom all coupons which have matured or will mature before the day fixed for such sale.

SEC. 8. Due notice of the time and place of sale of all bonds must be given by said treasurer by publication in one newspaper published in the city and county of San Francisco and also by publication in one newspaper published in the city of Oakland and by publication in one newspaper published in the city of Los Angeles and by publication in one newspaper published in the city of Sacramento once a week during four weeks prior to such sale. In addition to the notice last above provided for, the state treasurer may give such further notice as he may deem advisable, but the expense and cost of such additional notice shall not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars for each sale so advertised. The proceeds of the sale of such bonds and such amount as may have been paid as accrued interest thereon shall be forthwith paid over by said treasurer into the veterans' welfare

fund for land settlement, or into the veterans' farm and home building fund, as the case may be, in accordance with the resolution of the veterans' welfare finance committee, provided for in section eleven of this act, by virtue of which resolution the said bonds shall have been issued, and must be used exclusively to provide useful employment and the opportunity to acquire farm homes with profitable livelihood on the land for veterans and to provide for cooperation of the state with the agencies of the United States engaged in work of similar character, and to furnish to veterans the opportunity to purchase farms, homes and home sites, in accordance with the provisions of the California veterans' welfare act and of the veterans' farm and home purchase act, or either of them, and of any and all acts amendatory or supplemental to said acts, or either of them; *provided*, that the said veterans' welfare board must pay over to the general fund of the state from the proceeds of the sale of the bonds all money which has been heretofore or may be hereafter appropriated and advanced out of the general fund in the state treasury for the use of the said veterans' welfare board on condition that it shall be so paid over; *provided, further*, that the said veterans' welfare board may, out of the proceeds from the sale of said bonds, pay all or any part of any indebtedness heretofore by it incurred in accordance with law and remaining unpaid, including the interest accrued thereon, unless the rate of interest applying to such indebtedness is less than the rate of interest applying to the said bonds; and *provided, further*, that the proceeds from the sale of said bonds may be used to pay the debt created by the issuance and sale thereof.

SEC. 9. The veterans' welfare board shall be and hereby is authorized, with the approval of the state board of control, to invest any surplus moneys in any of the funds subject to or appropriated for its use in bonds of the United States, or of the State of California, or of the several counties or municipalities or other political subdivisions of the State of California, and to sell such bonds, or any of them, at the governing market rates, upon approval of the state board of control.

SEC. 10. There is hereby created a veterans' welfare finance committee composed of the governor, state controller, state treasurer, chairman of the state board of control, and chairman of the veterans' welfare board, all of whom shall serve thereon without compensation and a majority of whom shall be empowered to act for said committee. The attorney general of the state shall be the legal advisor of the veterans' welfare finance committee.

Upon request of the veterans' welfare board, supported by a statement of the plans and projects of the veterans' welfare board with respect thereto, which statement shall designate

the specific fund to which such plans and projects relate, the veterans' welfare finance committee shall determine whether or not a bond issue under this act is necessary or desirable to carry such plans and projects into execution.

SEC. 11. Whenever the said veterans' welfare finance committee shall have determined that a bond issue under this act is necessary or desirable to carry such plans and projects into execution, it shall adopt a resolution to this effect. The said resolution shall authorize and direct the state treasurer to prepare the requisite number of suitable bonds and shall specify:

1. The aggregate number, aggregate par value, and the date of issuance of the bonds to be issued.

2. The date or dates of maturity of the bonds to be issued and the number and numerical sequence of the bonds maturing at each date of maturity.

3. The annual rate of interest which the bonds to be issued shall bear.

4. The number, numerical sequence, amount or amounts, and the dates of maturity of the interest coupons to be attached to the said bonds.

5. The specific fund into which the proceeds from the sale of the bonds to be issued shall be placed and from which disbursements thereof shall be made in accordance with this act.

6. The technical form and language of the bonds to be issued and of the interest coupons to be attached thereto.

In determining the date or dates of maturity of the said bonds and the amount of bonds maturing at each date of maturity, the veterans' welfare finance committee shall be guided by the amounts and dates of maturity of the revenues estimated to accrue to the veterans' welfare board from the project or projects to be financed by each issue, and shall fix and determine said dates and amounts in such manner that, together with the dates and amounts of interest payments on the said bond issue, they shall coincide, as nearly as practicable, and be commensurate, as nearly as practicable, with the dates and amounts of such estimated revenues; *provided*, that the bonds first to mature in each issue shall mature not later than five years from the date of issuance thereof; *provided, further*, that specified numbers of bonds of specified numerical sequence shall thereafter mature at annual intervals; *and provided, further*, that the bonds last to mature in each issue shall mature not later than forty-five years from the date of issuance thereof.

The rate of interest to be borne by the said bonds shall be uniform for all the bonds of the same issue and shall be determined and fixed by the veterans' welfare finance committee according to the then prevailing market conditions, but shall in no case exceed six per cent per annum, and the determination of said committee as to the rate of interest shall be conclusive as to the then prevailing market conditions. The interest coupons to be attached to the said bonds shall be payable at semiannual intervals from the date of issuance of said bonds; *provided*, that the interest coupon first payable may, if the veterans' welfare finance committee shall so determine and specify, be payable one year after the date of issuance of said bonds.

SEC. 12. All actual and necessary expenses of the veterans' welfare finance committee and of the members thereof shall be paid out of the fund into which the proceeds from the sale of said bonds shall be covered, upon approval of the state board of control and on controller's warrant duly drawn for that purpose, and shall constitute expenses of the veterans' welfare board.

SEC. 13. The state controller, the state treasurer, and the veterans' welfare finance committee shall keep full and particular account and record of all their proceedings under this act, and they shall transmit to the governor an abstract of all such proceedings thereunder, with an annual report, to be by the governor laid before the legislature biennially; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the governor, or the attorney general, or a committee of either branch of the legislature, or a joint committee of both, or any citizen of the state.

SEC. 14. This act, if adopted by the people, shall take effect on the fifteenth day of November, 1922, as to all its provisions except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing, and proclaiming the votes, and as to said excepted provisions this act shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This act shall be submitted to the people of the State of California for their ratification at the next general election, to be held in the month of November, 1922, and all ballots at said election shall have printed thereon and in a square thereof, the words: "For the veterans' welfare bond act of 1921," and in the same square under said words the following in brevier type: "This act provides for a bond issue of ten million dollars to be used by the veterans' welfare board in assisting California war veterans to acquire farms or homes." In the square immediately below the square containing such words, there shall be printed on said ballot the words: "Against the veterans' welfare bond act of 1921," and in the same square immediately below said words "Against the veterans' welfare bond act of 1921" in brevier type shall be printed "This act provides for a bond issue of ten million dollars to be used by the veterans' welfare board in assisting California war veterans to acquire farms or homes." Opposite the words "For the

veterans' welfare bond act of 1921" and "Against the veterans' welfare bond act of 1921," there shall be left spaces in which the voters may place a cross in the manner required by law to indicate whether they vote for or against said act, and those voting for said act shall do so by placing a cross opposite the words "For the veterans' welfare bond act of 1921" and those voting against the said act shall do so by placing a cross opposite the words "Against the veterans' welfare bond act of 1921." The governor of this state shall include the submission of this act to the people, as aforesaid, in his proclamation calling for said general election.

SEC. 16. The votes cast for or against this act shall be counted, returned and canvassed and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for state officers; and if it appear that said act shall have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at said election as aforesaid, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the governor shall make proclamation thereof; but if a majority of the votes cast as aforesaid are against this act then the same shall be and become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state in accordance with law to have this act published in at least one newspaper in each county, or city and county, if one be published therein, throughout this state, for three months next preceding the general election to be holden in the month of November, 1922; the costs of publication shall be paid out of the general fund, on controller's warrants duly drawn for that purpose and shall be refunded to the general fund out of the veterans' welfare fund for land settlement and the veterans' farm and home building fund jointly, each of said funds sharing one-half of said costs. Said refund shall be made upon controller's warrants duly drawn against said funds for said purpose upon demands audited by the state board of control.

SEC. 18. This act may be known and cited as the "veterans' welfare bond act of 1921."

SEC. 19. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the Assembly

Approved ---------- A. D. 1921.

Governor

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the Great Seal of the State of California, at my office in the State Capitol, this 20th day of December, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-two.

Governor of the State of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

by Frank M. Coony, Deputy

[F3670.606]

File

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, the toll taken in life and damage to property through traffic accidents is reaching appalling proportions, and calls for the most sober consideration of governmental authorities and the public generally in an effort to reduce this loss to a minimum, and

WHEREAS, the California Association of Highway Patrolmen, composed of traffic officers engaged in the work of making the streets and highways safe for traffic and pedestrians has selected the week of December 18th to December 25th as "Safety First Week" in California for the purpose of emphasizing the need of greater precautions in the regulation traffic and the observance of existing traffic laws,

NOW THEREFORE, I, Wm. D. Stephens, Governor of California, believing it to be highly essential that the lamentable waste of life and property through traffic accidents, which is a blot upon our civilization, be eliminated, I do hereby designate December 18th to 25th a "Safety First Week" in California and I appeal to all owners and drivers of vehicles of all kinds to observe this week, and to make every effort to reduce the number of traffic accidents by awakening the spirit of law observance on the road.

Wm. D. Stephens

Governor.

[F36-c 507]

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 9th day of January, 1923, in the FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT of this state to fill the vacancy in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from said Fifth Congressional District caused by the death of John I. Nolan, for the unexpired term, expiring the 4th of March, 1923; and also a special election to be held on the same date of January 9th, 1923, to fill the vacancy in the said office of Representative from the said Fifth Congressional District, caused by the death of the said John I. Nolan, for the full term of two years, beginning March 4th, 1923.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such reward to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of December, 1922.

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
by Frank K. Corry Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, WM. D. STEPHENS, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the Thirtieth day of January 1923, in the SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Senator from said SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT caused by the death of Senator E. S. Rigdon.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 18th day of December, 1922.

Wm. D. Stephens
Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

NOTE - NUMBERS 609-619 not used under reassignment of numbers, March, 1974.

No. 620

Complaint

Summons

Affidavit

Malemorts Citn

FILED

Office of the Secretary of State

Frank L. Coon

DEPUTY

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

C H HECKE DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 41

(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Citrus White Flies

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to citrus and other trees and plants, known as Dialeurodes citrifolii, Morgan, exists in the State of Florida, and that an insect injurious to citrus plants and other trees and plants known as citrus white fly, (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.) is widely distributed in and throughout the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory, and that the following plants, trees, and ornamental nursery stock are known hosts or food plants of the above mentioned insects, to wit:

Citrus (orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine, and all other species cultivated in America)
China tree (Melia azedarach)
Umbrella China tree (Melia azedarach umbraculifera)
Cape jessamine (Gardenia jasminoides)
Privets (Ligustrum sp.)
Japan Persimmon (Diospyros kaki)
Lilac (Syringa sp.)
Coffee (Coffea arabica)
Prickly Ash (Xanthoxylum clavo-herculis)
Wild Persimmon (Diospyros virginiana)
Allamanda (Allamanda nerifolia)
Cultivated Pear (Pyrus sp.)
Banana shrub (Magnolia fuscatum)
Pomegranate (Punica granatum)
Smilax (Smilax sp.)
Cherry Laurel (Prunus laurocerasus)
Wild Olive or devilwood (Osmanthus americanus)
Viburnum (Viburnum nudum)
Green Ash (Fraximus lanceolata)

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction into California of Dialeurodes citri and

Dialeurodes citrifolii that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all the above named trees, plants, and ornamental nursery stock, or parts thereof, from the said infested territory, except under and subject to the following regulations.

Regulation 1. Dormant nursery stock of the persimmon and pear varieties may be imported into the State of California only upon compliance with the following conditions: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of dormant nursery stock of the persimmon or pear varieties from the said infested territory shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the nursery stock was grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent.

Regulation 2. All shipments of nursery stock admissible under the foregoing regulation must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

Regulation 3. All dormant nursery stock of the persimmon or pear varieties imported or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory not covered by a permit to import, as provided in Regulation 1, shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. Any and all shipments of the host plants, trees, and ornamental nursery stock, or parts thereof, quarantined against in this order, except as provided for in Regulation 1, arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

CONTINUATION NO. 3

The foregoing order does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order supersedes Quarantine Order No. 15 issued August 30, 1912, Quarantine Order No. 18, issued December 17, 1912, and Quarantine Order No. 21, issued March 4, 1913, as amended November 14, 1918, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: [illegible]

Jnd 620-A.

Proclamation
No 149

Amending Quarantine
Proclamation pertaining
to Alfalfa Meal

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 20 1923
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO.34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus Gyll.) exists in the County of Baker, State of Oregon; now, therefore,

It is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of said alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders, to all parts of that territory known as the County of Baker, State of Oregon, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

(Signed) _____
Director of Agriculture.

Approved:

(Signed) _____
Governor of the State of California.

Issued: January 25, 1923.

621

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 8 - 1923
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, FRIEND W. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 1st day of May, 1923, in the TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from said TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT caused by the death of HENRY Z. OSBORNE.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 8th day of March, 1923.

Friend W. Richardson

Governor

Attest: [illegible]

Secretary of State.

624

2nd Proclamation
No 151

Amendment No 4 to Quarantine
Order No 34 Re California Horses

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 13 1923
FRANK C. JORDAN
By Frank C. Jordan

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

The following facts have been determined by the Director of Agriculture, to wit:

The alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) having been found to be established in close proximity to the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, the importation of possible carriers of the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) from the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, into the State of California, may result in the introduction of said alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) into California.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders, to all parts of that territory known as the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

R. Howe

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: June 15, 1[illegible]

Gov Proclamation

1625

Restoring to Citizenship

Carlson

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUN 20 1923

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank J. Kelly
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 43

(With regulations.)

Pertaining to Citrus Canker.

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous disease of citrus plants and citrus fruits known as citrus canker (Pseudomonas citri, Hasse), not known to occur in California, exists in several states of the United States and that citrus plants and parts thereof and citrus fruits are liable to be carriers of said disease into the State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said citrus canker into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus canker, all varieties of citrus fruits, and citrus plants and parts thereof, including buds and scions and citrus seeds imported, shipped or brought from any state or territory of the United States other than the State of Arizona; and no such citrus fruits or citrus plants or parts thereof or citrus seeds shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Citrus seeds may be imported into the State of California only when a permit has been issued by the Director of Agriculture. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of citrus seeds shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the citrus seeds were grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the treatment which shall be given citrus seeds as a condition of entry of seeds for which permit is requested.

Regulation 2. All shipments of citrus seeds admissible under the foregoing regulation must be held by the common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G H HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 43

(With regulations.)

Pertaining to Citrus Canker.

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous disease of citrus plants and citrus fruits known as citrus canker (Pseudomonas citri, Hasse), not known to occur in California, exists in several states of the United States and that citrus plants and parts thereof and citrus fruits are liable to be carriers of said disease into the State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said citrus canker into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus canker, all varieties of citrus fruits, and citrus plants and parts thereof, including buds and scions and citrus seeds imported, shipped or brought from any state or territory of the United States other than the State of Arizona; and no such citrus fruits or citrus plants or parts thereof or citrus seeds shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Citrus seeds may be imported into the State of California only when a permit has been issued by the Director of Agriculture. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of citrus seeds shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the citrus seeds were grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the treatment which shall be given citrus seeds as a condition of entry of seeds for which permit is requested.

Regulation 2. All shipments of citrus seeds admissible under the foregoing regulation must be held by the common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or

agent until released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

Regulation 3. Any and all shipments of citrus fruits and citrus plants and parts thereof, including buds, scions and seeds, except as provided for in Regulation 1, arriving in California from any state or territory of the United States, other than the State of Arizona, shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulat' Any and all citrus fruits, citrus plants or parts thereof, .ng buds, scions and seeds, imported, or in any other manner ..ought or carried into the State of California, from any state or territory of the United States except the State of Arizona, whether as ship's stores, dining car stores, private car stores or otherwise, shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents, such disposition to be made under the supervision and direction of the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

Regulation 5. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, and camping implements, arriving in California from any state or territory of the United States shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or Quarantine Guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle or baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects or camping implements may arrive, until it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from all varieties of citrus fruits and citrus plants and parts thereof, including buds, scions and seeds.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order supersedes Quarantine Order No. 28, issued September 21, 1916, and Amendment No. 1 thereto, issued November 28, 1916, and shall take effect immediately.

R. Kleme
Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED:

F. W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California.

Issued: June 16 1933.

Proclamation
No - 1626

Quarantine No 42
Pertaining to Citrus
White Fly

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 19 1923
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank J. McCarthy
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 42

(With Regulations)

Pertaining to the Citrus White Fly

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to citrus plants and other trees and plants, known as citrus white fly, (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.) exists in the City of Sacramento, County of Sacramento, City of Marysville, County of Yuba, and Yuba City, County of Sutter, hereinafter described as infested territory, and that the following plants, trees, ornamental nursery stock and parts thereof are known hosts or food plants of the citrus white fly:

Citrus (orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine, and all other species cultivated in America)
China tree (Melia azedarach)
Umbrella China tree (Melia azedarach umbraculifera)
Cape jessamine (Gardenia jasminoides)
Privets (Ligustrum sp.)
Japan Persimmon (Diospyros kaki)
Lilac (Syringa sp.)
Coffee (Coffea arabica)
Prickly Ash (Xanthoxylum clavo-herculis)
Wild Persimmon (Diospyros virginiana)
Allamanda (Allamanda nerilifolia)
Cultivated Pear (Pyrus sp.)
Banana shrub (Magnolia fuscatum)
Pomegranate (Punica granatum)
Smilax (Smilax sp.)
Cherry Laurel (Prunus laurocerasus)
Wild Olive or devilwood (Osmanthus americanus)
Viburnum (Viburnum nudum)
Green Ash (Fraxinus lanceolata)

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary in order to prevent the further spread of Dialeurodes citri in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinafter described infested territory in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all the above named trees, plants, ornamental nursery stock and parts thereof, from the areas hereinafter described as infested territory, and no such trees, plants, ornamental nursery stock, or parts thereof, as quarantined against in this order shall be moved or allowed to be moved from the in-

fested territory, except under and subject to the following regulations.

Regulation 1 - Infested Territory: All that portion of the City of Sacramento, bounded by the Sacramento River on the west, the north city limits on the north, 31st. Street on the east, and Y Street on the south;

All that portion of Yuba County included in the incorporate limits of the City of Marysville, and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south bank of Yuba River opposite D Street in said city; thence down the south bank of said river to the center of Feather River; thence up the center of Feather River to a point opposite Sixteenth Street in said city; thence easterly along the north line of said Sixteenth Street to E Street of said city; thence northerly along the west line of E Street to the northwest corner of Surburban Lot 5, Range D; thence easterly to the other side of the levee as now located by said city; thence along the outer side of said levee until it intersects the Brown's Valley road or grade; thence along the extreme southeasterly side of said Brown's Valley road or grade to a point where said Brown's Valley road or grade intersects Swezy Street; thence due south to the south bank of the Yuba River; thence along the south bank of Yuba River to the place of beginning;

All that portion of Sutter County included within the legal boundaries of the Town of Yuba City, and described as follows: Beginning at northeast corner of the Alta Subdivision as the same is laid down and platted on a map thereof filed in the office of the Recorder of Sutter County on the 5th. day of July 1906, in Book No. 1 of Surveys, Sutter County records, at page 39, and running thence along the north line of said Alta Subdivision, S. 65° 30' W. nineteen hundred and sixty-nine (1969) feet the center of the County Road leading from Yuba City to Live Oak, thence S. 1° 22' W. along the center line of said road, eighty-six and five-tenths (86.5) feet, to a point where the north line produced of the land now or formerly owned by Nellie Ainsley intersects the center line of said road, thence N. 88° 58' W. twenty-six hundred ninety-one and four-tenths (2691.4) feet to a point where the center of line of Gray Avenue as laid down and designated on a map entitled "Map of the Subdivision of the E. ½ of the Whyler Estate" filed October 17th, 1894, in the office of the Recorder of Sutter County in Book No. 1 of Surveys, Sutter County Records at page 12, produced, intersects said last above named line and course thence S. 0° 45' E. along the center line of said Gray Avenue as laid down and

Regulation 4. All dormant nursery stock of the persimmon or pear varieties transported or brought into any other locality of the State of California from the said infested territory not covered by a permit to transport, as provided in Regulation 2, shall be immediately returned to the said infested territory, or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 5. Any and all shipments of the host plants, trees and ornamental nursery stock, or parts thereof, quarantined against in this order, except as provided for in Regulation 2, arriving in any other locality of the State of California from the said infested territory shall be immediately returned to the said infested territory, or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 19, 1923.

153 11/627

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 16 1923
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank McCoy
Deputy

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 5 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) exists in the County of Sierra, State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) in the State of California, that all the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders to all parts of that territory known as the County of Sierra, State of California, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

C. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 16, 1923.

Std Proclamation

628 No 154

Amendment to Proclamation
dated No 41
Fortaine & Cetinos Waterbody

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 19 1923
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By: Frank J. Coney

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO.41

Pertaining to Citrus White Flies

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the Citrus White Fly, (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.) exists in the State of Arkansas.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent further the introduction of said Citrus White Fly into the State of California, that all the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 41 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders, to all parts of the State of Arkansas, in addition to and including the states set forth in Quarantine Order No. 41.

Quarantine Order No. 41 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 19, 1923.

(14) Proclamation 629

15 C

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State

[illegible]

[illegible]

SECRETARY OF STATE

[illegible]

PROCLAMATION OF GOVERNOR.

Declaring August 10, 1923 a holiday in respect to the memory of the late Warren G. Harding.

In order that the people of California may have an opportunity of paying their respect to the memory of the late Warren G. Harding, president of the United States, who sacrificed his life in the service of his country, and in order that a day of prayer, fasting and mourning may be observed in honor of his life and service to the nation, I hereby declare Friday, August 10, 1923 a holiday throughout the state.

Dated August 7, 1923.



Governor of the State of California.

Gue #155

629

Proclamation declaring
Friday Nov. 2-1923 a
no[illegible]
Pres. Harding

[illegible]

[illegible] the office of the Secretary of State
[illegible] THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

[illegible]

[illegible] OF STATE

by Frank F. Co[illegible]

[illegible]

POSTAL TELEGRAPH – COMMERCIAL CABLES

CLARENCE H. MACKAY, President.

RECEIVED AT

TELEGRAM

DELIVERY NO. 511

This is a fast Telegram unless otherwise indicated by signal after the number of words:—"Blue" (Day Letter) "N.L." (Night Letter) or "Nite" (Night Telegram) Form 16 Dbl

STANDARD TIME INDICATED ON THIS MESSAGE

1 Sf Xo 1230P 62 6ex

LongBeach Cal Aug 3 1923

Frank C Jordan

Secy of State Sacto Cal

I Freind Wm Richardson governor of the State of California
do hereby declare friday the third day of August 1923
a day of mourning at the death of our Beloved
President Warren G Harding and I ask all citizens of
the State to close their places of business in respect
to his memory

Friend Wm Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

Jei

630

Proclamation

No.

157

Pertaining to acceptance

assuring Guarantee

Order No 3X

Amendment No 36

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State

of the State of Florida

SECRETARY OF STATE

DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 6 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Until March 1, 1924, that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of a line drawn east and west through the town of Wabuska, County of Lyon, State of Nevada, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 34 provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 34 and offered for entry into California from that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of a line drawn east and west through the Town of Wabuska, County of Lyon, State of Nevada, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: _____

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 6 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Until March 1, 1924, that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of a line drawn east and west through the town of Wabuska, County of Lyon, State of Nevada, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 34 provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 34 and offered for entry into California from that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of a line drawn east and west through the Town of Wabuska, County of Lyon, State of Nevada, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: H. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Issued: _____

Glass 158

631

Proclamation Quarantining
Counties of Jefferson & Stephens
Oklahoma a/c Dourine Patalo
Ferret

In the o
OF THE
OC 1923

Frank J. Cain

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 35

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius Fab.) exists in the Counties of Jefferson and Stephens in the State of Oklahoma.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the said sweet potato weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 35 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders, to all parts of that territory known as the County of Jefferson, State of Oklahoma, and to all parts of that territory known as the County of Stephens, State of Oklahoma, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 35.

Quarantine Order No. 35 is amended accordingly.

A. Kent

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

C. C. Young

Governor of the State of California

Issued: October 4, 1923

for Publication

C.C. 632

REGULATION

October 29, 19 .

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 31 1923
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SACRAMENTO

R E G U L A T I O N

PROHIBITING IMPORTATION OF SCABBY SHEEP

Executive Department
Sacramento, California
October 29, 1923

WHEREAS, the director of agriculture of the State of California after investigation has determined that sheep originating in other states may carry a contagious disease known as scabies should such sheep be shipped, transported, or driven into California; and,

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, the Governor of the State of California upon recommendation of the director of agriculture deems it expedient to prohibit shipments or movements of sheep into California except as follows:

REGULATIONS GOVERNING MOVEMENTS OF SHEEP INTO CALIFORNIA

Paragraph I

From and after this fifteenth day of November, 1923, NO RAILROAD OR COMMON CARRIER shall accept sheep for shipment to California for any purpose until a written or telegraphic permit to ship has been obtained from the California Department of Agriculture, Division of Animal Industry, and the inspection certificate issued as required by paragraphs II and III of this order. Such permit and certificate shall be attached to the waybill accompanying the shipment. Sheep for IMMEDIATE SLAUGHTER may be shipped without

inspection if accompanied by a permit unless said permit requires inspection.

Paragraph II

Every person, company, corporation, or their agents are prohibited from shipping, transporting, or driving any sheep into the State of California unless said sheep are accompanied by (1) permit to ship issued by the California Department of Agriculture, Division of Animal Industry; (2) certificate of inspection from inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry or regular employee of livestock sanitary authority of state of origin certifying said sheep are free from contagious disease including sheep scabies and exposure thereto.

INSTRUCTIONS TO INSPECTORS

Paragraph III

Inspectors certifying to shipments of sheep destined to California shall determine that all of said sheep are and have been free from scabies or exposure thereto for a period not less than NINE MONTHS previous to the time of shipment or movement.

Sheep infected with or exposed to scabies shall not be shipped, transported, or moved into the State of California.

Sheep in any band or shipment in which scabies is present shall be classed as scabby or exposed sheep and none of them or any part of the band shall be accepted for shipment or movement into California. The removal of any sheep from a scabby or exposed band and thereafter offering the remaining sheep of such band for movement or shipment into California is positively prohibited.

In addition to these requirements, shippers of bucks must also observe the provisions of the California statute relating to the importation of bucks.

J. W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Robert C. Jordan
Deputy

inspection if accompanied by a permit unless said permit requires inspection.

Paragraph II

Every person, company, corporation, or their agents are prohibited from shipping, transporting, or driving any sheep into the State of California unless said sheep are accompanied by (1) permit to ship issued by the California Department of Agriculture, Division of Animal Industry; (2) certificate of inspection from inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry or regular employee of livestock sanitary authority of state of origin certifying said sheep are free from contagious disease including sheep scabies and exposure thereto.

INSTRUCTIONS TO INSPECTORS

Paragraph III

Inspectors certifying to shipments of sheep destined to California shall determine that all of said sheep are and have been free from scabies or exposure thereto for a period not less than NINE MONTHS previous to the time of shipment or movement.

Sheep infected with or exposed to scabies shall not be shipped, transported, or moved into the State of California.

Sheep in any band or shipment in which scabies is present shall be classed as scabby or exposed sheep and none of them or any part of the band shall be accepted for shipment or movement into California. The removal of any sheep from a scabby or exposed band and thereafter offering the remaining sheep of such band for movement or shipment into California is positively prohibited.

In addition to these requirements, shippers of bucks must also observe the provisions of the California statute relating to the importation of bucks.

J. W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Robert V. Jordan
Deputy

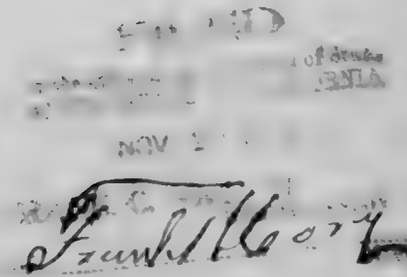
633

Proclamation

160

Thanksgiving Day

Nov 29-1973



Executive Department

State of California

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

In accordance with custom and the proclamation of the President of the United States, I, Friend W. Richardson, Governor of the State of California, do hereby declare Thursday, the [illegible] day of November, 1923, a legal holiday and day of thanksgiving, so that the people of the state may thank the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for his many blessings, and particularly the great blessing of our government, the form and ideals of which insure peace, order and justice, and give every person the right of freedom of speech and freedom of thought to a degree unequalled at any time or in any country in the history of the world.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at Sacramento, this 20th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and twenty three.



F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

the Governor

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

by Frank C. Corey Deputy

634

Proclamation
(Quarantine)

adding Washington to
State quarantined for
White Pine Blister Rust
in Quarantine order
No 36 issued March
25 1922

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 15 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Carey
DEPUTY

Proc -161
634
Proclamation
(Quarantine)

adding Washington to the
States quarantined for
White Pine Blister Rust
in Quarantine order
No 36 issued March
25 1922

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 15 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M Coury
Deputy

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 36

Pertaining to White Pine Blister Rust

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that white pine blister rust, (Peridermium strobi, Kleb.), exists in the State of Washington.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of said white pine blister rust, (Peridermium strobi, Kleb.), into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 36 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders to all parts of the State of Washington, in addition to and including the states set forth in Quarantine Order No. 36.

Quarantine Order No. 36 is amended accordingly.

This amendment supersedes Amendment No. 1 to Quarantine Order No. 36 issued March 25, 1922, and shall take effect immediately.

G H Hecke.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Issued: February 7, 1924

Red Proclamation

16635

Quarantine against
foot & mouth disease
Counties of Alameda: Contra
Costa: Napa & Solano

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 27 1924

FRED B. ... SECRETARY OF STATE

By ... DEPUTY

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that a contagious, communicable disease known as foot and mouth disease exists in domestic animals in Alameda, Contra Costa, Napa and Solano Counties; and

WHEREAS, The movements of all classes of domestic animals on the public highways or by transportation lines or vehicles within or to points outside of said counties will likely result in the further spread or dissemination of said disease to other animals not so affected; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor," approved March 18, 1899, as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has on this twenty-sixth day of February, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this twenty-sixth day of February, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their

agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any domestic animal including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said counties of Alameda, Contra Costa and Solano.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said counties.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any domestic animal including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said counties; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

(d) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting, shipping, or carrying any animal manure on or across the public highways or roads or on the transportation lines in said counties to points within said counties or to points outside same.

(e) The said Director of Agriculture of the State of California is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such further quarantine rules and regulations in said counties as he may from time to time deem expedient and

advisable in order to protect domestic animals of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of said foot and mouth disease.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

Now, therefore, I, Friend W. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor," approved March 18, 1899, as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-sixth day of February, A. D. 1924.

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

Re Reclamation 626

163

Quarantine for foot & mouth disease against Counties of San Francisco, Marin Sonoma Lake Mendocino Humboldt, San Mateo Alameda, San Benito Santa Cruz, Monterey, San Joaquin, Stanislaus Merced, Madera, Yolo & Sacramento

FEB 27 1924

Frank M Kaiser

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

—

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that domestic animals in San Francisco, Marin, Sonoma, Lake, Mendocino, Humboldt, San Mateo, Santa Clara, San Benito, Santa Cruz, Monterey, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Madera, Yolo, and Sacramento Counties have been exposed to the infection of a contagious, communicable disease known as foot and mouth disease; and

WHEREAS, Said foot and mouth disease infection is liable to spread or disseminate among domestic animals in said counties and in other parts of California if adequate restrictions are not placed on the movements of animals to points within and from said counties; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor," approved March 18, 1899, as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or dissemination

of said foot and mouth disease within the State of California has on this twenty-sixth day of February, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this twenty-sixth day of February, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any domestic animal or receiving any domestic animal for the purpose of being transported or shipped, from place to place, within or from the said counties, unless said animals shall have first been inspected by a veterinarian duly authorized by the Director of Agriculture to make such inspection; and said animals if so transported or shipped shall be accompanied by a written permit issued by said authorized veterinarian.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal on or across the highways or roads of said counties unless said animal is accompanied by a permit as provided for in subdivision (a) hereof.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any domestic animal on or across the public highways or roads of said counties, unless said animal is accompanied by a permit as provided for in section (a) hereof; provided, however, nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness.

(d) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from

transporting or carrying any animal manure on or across the public highways or roads on or the transportation lines in said counties from place to place within same or to points outside of same.

(e) The Director of Agriculture of the State of California is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such further quarantine rules and regulations in said counties as he from time to time may deem expedient and necessary in order to protect domestic animals of the State of California from the spread and dissemination of said foot and mouth disease.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

Now, therefore, I, Friend W. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal

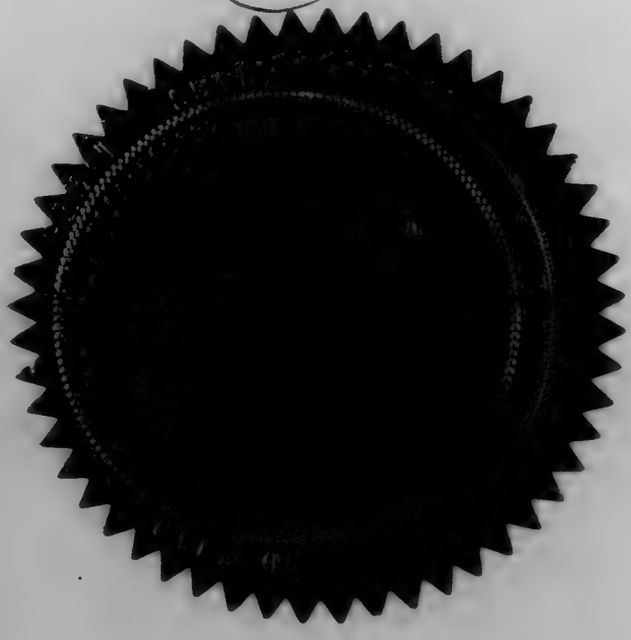
an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor," approved March 18, 1899, as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-sixth day of February, A. D., 1924.

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Secretary of State



Proclamation

164637

Removing Quarantine for Foot & Mouth disease from Madera and Lake Counties

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 28 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By ..... DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as Foot and Mouth Disease does not now exist in Madera and Lake Counties of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, the said Director of Agriculture considers it unnecessary to further restrict movements of animals and animal products in said counties of Madera and Lake as provided for in my Proclamation of February 26, 1924.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, do hereby remove all restrictions as to the movement of animals and animal products in said Madera and Lake Counties as provided for in my Proclamation of February 26, 1924.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-eighth day of February, A. D. 1924.

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

16638

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 18 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

Sacramento, March 12, 1924.

AMENDMENT NO.2 TO PROCLAMATION DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1924.

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as Foot and Mouth Disease, has not invaded and therefore does not exist in Humboldt, Mendocino, Yolo, Sacramento, Stanislaus, Merced, San Benito, Monterey and Santa Cruz Counties of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, the said Director of Agriculture considers it unnecessary to further restrict movements of animals and animal products in said counties of Humboldt, Mendocino, Yolo, Sacramento, Stanislaus, Merced, San Benito, Monterey and Santa Cruz as provided for in my Proclamation of February 26, 1924.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, do hereby remove all restrictions as to the movement of animals and animal products in said Humboldt, Mendocino, Yolo, Sacramento, Stanislaus, Merced, San Benito, Monterey and Santa Cruz Counties as provided for in my Proclamation of February 26, 1924.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Twelfth day of March, A. D. 1924.

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Secretary of State

New Reclamation 639

165

Amendment to Rule 20 Removing quarantine for foot & mouth disease from Counties as follows Humboldt: Mendocino: Yolo: Sacramento Solano Merced San Benito Monterey & Santa Cruz

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 18 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

Sacramento, March 12, 1924.

AMENDMENT NO.2 TO PROCLAMATION DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1924.

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as Foot and Mouth Disease ~~does~~ has not invaded and therefore ~~exist~~ does not exist in Humboldt, Mendocino, Yolo, Sacramento, Stanislaus, Merced, San Benito, Monterey and Santa Cruz Counties of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, the said Director of Agriculture considers it unnecessary to further restrict movements of animals and animal products in said counties of Humboldt, Mendocino, Yolo, Sacramento, Stanislaus, Merced, San Benito, Monterey and Santa Cruz as provided for in my Proclamation of February 26, 1924.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, do hereby remove all restrictions as to the movement of animals and animal products in said Humboldt, Mendocino, Yolo, Sacramento, Stanislaus, Merced, San Benito, Monterey and Santa Cruz Counties as provided for in my Proclamation of February 26, 1924.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Twelfth day of March, A. D. 1924.

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Secretary of State

By Frank C. Jordan, Deputy

for Proclamation

166 640

Exempting from quarantine for foot & mouth disease a portion of Napa & Solano Counties

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 1 8 1924
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

***

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the contagious, communicable disease known as foot and mouth disease is not now known to exist in the following described areas of Napa and Solano Counties of the State of California, to-wit: All that area not included in the boundary line beginning at the water front of the City of Benicia, thence following the State Highway in a northerly direction to the City of Cordelia; thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the wagon road to the Napa River; thence following the southerly course of Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and the Strait of Karquinez to the City of Benicia at the point of origin of this boundary line; and

WHEREAS, the said Director of Agriculture has further determined that the movements of live stock and agricultural products within and from the area in said Napa and Solano Counties not included within this boundary line can be safely made when properly supervised; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor," approved March 18, 1899, as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921,"

the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or dissemination of said foot and mouth disease has on the Eighteenth day of March, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations to govern the movements of live stock and agricultural products in Napa and Solano Counties:

(a) The area in Solano and Napa Counties included within the boundary line as described herein shall continue to be subject to the quarantine rules and regulations as prescribed in my Proclamation dated February 26, 1924, covering Alameda, Contra Costa , Solano and Napa Counties.

(b) The area in Solano and Napa Counties outside of the boundary line as described herein shall, from and after this Eighteenth day of March, 1924, be subject to the quarantine rules and regulations prescribed in my Proclamation dated February 26, 1924, for San Francisco, Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo , Santa Clara and San Joaquin Counties.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

Now, Therefore, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide

for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor," approved March 18, 1899, as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Eighteenth day of March, A. D., 1924.

C. W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California.

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

(Proclamation)

1641

Foot or mouth disease quarantine against Counties of Alameda; Contra Costa; Mariposa; Merced and certain area in Nevada & Solano

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 24 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan DEPUTY

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as Foot and Mouth disease exists in Alameda, Contra Costa, Mariposa, and Merced Counties, and also in that area in Solano and Napa Counties described as follows: All that area included within the boundary line beginning on the water front of the City of Benicia; thence following the State Highway in a northerly direction to the City of Cordelia; thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to the Napa River; thence following the southerly course of Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquines to the City of Benicia at point of origin of this boundary line; and

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by said Director of Agriculture that live stock in San Francisco, Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, San Joaquin, and those parts of Napa and Solano Counties located outside of the boundary line as described herein have been exposed to the infection of said foot and mouth disease; and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movement of live stock and agricultural products within or from said counties and areas will likely result in the further spread or dissemination of said disease to other animals not so affected; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act,

to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor," approved March 18,1899, as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has on this Twenty-second day of March, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

Alameda, Contra Costa, Mariposa, and Merced Counties, and that area of Solano and Napa Counties located within the boundary line described herein shall be known and designated as the Closed Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this twenty-second day of March, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any live stock including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said Closed Quarantined Area.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any live stock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined area;

provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The Counties of San Francisco, Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, San Joaquin, and those parts of Napa and Solano not included within the boundary line as described herein shall be known and designated as the Provisionally Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this Twenty-second day of March, 1924, very person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any live stock or receiving any live stock for the purpose of being transported or shipped, from place to place. within or from the Provisionally Quarantined Area unless a permit shall have first been obtained from the Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any live stock on or across the highways or roads of said Provisionally Quarantined Area unless said live stock is accompanied by the permit as provided for herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any live stock on or across the public highways or roads of said Provisionally Quarantined Area, unless said live stock is accompanied by the permit as provided for herein; provided, however, nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said Closed and Provisionally Quarantined Areas as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect live stock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of said foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me on and after the Twenty-sixth day of February, 1924, relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease, are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation

therefor," approved March 18, 1899, as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Twenty-second day of March, A. D., 1924.

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Secretary of State

By Frank L. Coy Deputy



Proclamation 642

168

Foot & Mouth disease Quarantine against San Francisco, Alameda Contra Costa; Marin; Mercer Los Angeles Counties & certain area of Solano & Napa Counties. This Quarantine includes Stock & Poultry

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 25 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank L. Coury
DEPUTY

2

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as foot and mouth disease exists in live stock in San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, Mariposa, Merced and Los Angeles Counties, and also in that area in Solano and Napa Counties described as follows: All that area included within the boundary line beginning on the water front of the City of Benicia; thence following the State Highway in a northerly direction to the City of Cordelia; thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to the Napa River; thence following the southerly course of Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquinez to the City of Benicia at point of origin of this boundary line; and

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by said Director of Agriculture that live stock in Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Madera and Fresno Counties, and those parts of Napa and Solano Counties located outside of the boundary line as described herein have been exposed to the infection of said foot and mouth disease; and

WHEREAS, the unrestricted movement of live stock and agricultural products within or from said counties and areas will likely result in the further spread or dissemination of said disease to other animals not so affected; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide

an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has on this twenty-fourth day of March, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, Mariposa, Merced and Los Angeles Counties, and that area of Solano and Napa Counties located within the boundary line described herein shall be known and designated as the Closed Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this twenty-fourth day of March, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any live stock including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said Closed Quarantined Area.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any live stock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined area; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The Counties of Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Madera and Fresno , and those parts of Napa and Solano not included within the boundary line as described herein shall

be known and designated as the Provisionally Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this twenty-fourth day of March, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any live stock or receiving any live stock for the purpose of being transported or shipped, from place to place, within or from the Provisionally Quarantined Area unless a permit shall have first been obtained from the Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any live stock on or across the highways or roads of said Provisionally Quarantined Area unless said live stock is accompanied by the permit as provided for herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any live stock on or across the public highways or roads of said Provisionally Quarantined Area, unless said live stock is accompanied by the permit as provided for herein; provided, however, nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said Closed and Provisionally Quarantined Areas as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect live stock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of said foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me on and after the twenty-second day of March, 1924, relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease, are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I. Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-fourth day of March, A. D., 1924.

F. W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Frank J. Corry
Deputy

Jrd

Proclamation 643

169

Foot & Mouth disease
quarantine against certain
area of Naples Islands
Counties also Counties of
San Francisco: Alameda
Contra Costa: San Joaquin
Stanislaus: Mariposa:
Merced Kern Los Angeles

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 8 - 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

.....

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as foot and mouth disease exists in live stock in San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, Mariposa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Kern and Los Angeles Counties, and also in that area in Solano and Napa Counties described as follows: All that area included within the boundary line beginning on the water front of the City of Benicia; thence following the State Highway in a northerly direction to the City of Cordelia; thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to the Napa River; thence following the southerly course of the Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquinez to the City of Benicia at point of origin of this boundary line; and

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the said Director of Agriculture that live stock in Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Madera and Fresno Counties, and those parts of Napa and Solano Counties located outside of the boundary line as described herein have been exposed to the infection of said foot and mouth disease; and

WHEREAS, the unrestricted movement of livestock and agricultural products within or from said counties and areas will likely result in the further spread or dissemination of said disease to other animals not so infected; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and

officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has on this first day of April, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Mariposa, Merced, Kern and Los Angeles Counties, and that area of Solano and Napa Counties located within the boundary line described herein shall be known and designated as the Closed Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this first day of April, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any livestock including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said Closed Quarantined Area unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided for herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any livestock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area without the permit as provided for herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The Counties of Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Madera and Fresno, and those parts of Napa and Solano not included within the boundary line as described herein shall be known and designated as the Provisionally Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantined regulations:

(a) From and after this first day of April, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporating any livestock or receiving any livestock for the purpose of being transported or shipped from the Provisionally Quarantined Area unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by daid Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said Closed and Provisionally Quarantined Areas as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of said foot and mouth disease.

All other proclamations issued by me prior to this date, relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe

the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, tp provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this first day of April, A. D., 1924.

C. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By Frank M. Coray Deputy

644

Proclamation

No

170

Amendment No 1 to
Proclamation of [illegible]
Petition [illegible]
Cutter Dam [illegible]
& Power Site
of Cutter

[illegible]

[illegible] 1924

[illegible] SECRETARY OF STATE

Frank C. Coffey

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G H HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO
EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 39

Pertaining to Mexican cotton boll weevil, and varieties thereof, and pink bollworm of cotton.

It having been determined by the Director of Agriculture that full protection from the introduction into the State of California of the cotton boll weevil and varieties thereof and the pink bollworm of cotton in connection with the importation of used cotton picking bags will be afforded by the sterilization of such picking bags and the enforcement of certain protective measures, Regulation 7 of Quarantine Order No. 39 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Regulation 7. Cotton picking bags that have been used for picking or harvesting cotton in any state or territory of the United States or any cotton picking bags that have cotton lint or cotton seed in or upon or adhering to the same are hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton picking bags as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent;

Provided, that, used cotton picking bags carried or otherwise brought into the State of California through a border quarantine station maintained by the State of California, where facilities are available for sterilization, may be admitted provided the said picking bags are immersed for not less than ten minutes in boiling water, said sterilization to be given at such border quarantine station and under the immediate and direct supervision of the quarantine inspector at such station.

All expense and labor connected with the sterilization of such cotton picking bags shall be borne by the owner or owners or person or persons in charge of same. Any failure or refusal by the owner or person in possession of such picking bags arriving at such border quarantine station to sterilize such bags to the satisfaction of the quarantine inspector at such station, shall result in such picking bags

being refused admittance into the State of California, and either immediately sent out of the state or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or party in possession of same.

Regulation 7 of Quarantine Order No. 39 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: April 15, 1924.

Rec'd Proclamation
"
645
171

Foot & Mouth disease Quarantine
Established in Sta. Ala; Contra Costa
San Joaquin; Stanislaus; Mariposa
Merced Kern; Los Angeles &
certain area in Napa; Solano
& San Bernardino Counties

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 22 1924
STATE
DEPUTY

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

.....

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as foot and mouth disease exists in live stock in San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, Mariposa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Kern and Los Angeles Counties, and also in that area in Solano and Napa Counties described as follows: All that area included within the boundary line beginning on the water front of the City of Benicia; thence following the State Highway in a northerly direction to the City of Cordelia; thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to the Napa River; thence following the southerly course of the Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquinez to the City of Benicia at point of origin of this boundary line; and in that area in San Bernardino County described as follows; that portion of San Bernardino County beginning at the west boundary line at point of intersection of the ~~xxxxxxxxx~~ Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad; following railroad right-of-way easterly to its intersection with the south boundary of San Bernardino County;following county line easterly to the point of intersection by the Santa Fe Railroad;following Santa Fe Railroad northerly to city limits of San Bernardino;following the San Bernardino city limits north to the point where the Santa Fe Railroad leaves the city;following the railroad right-of-way northerly to Verdemont and thence following a straight line due west to the west boundary of San Bernardino County; and

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the said Director of Agriculture that live stock in Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Madera and Fresno Counties, and those parts of Napa and Solano Counties located outside of the boundary line as described herein have been exposed to the infection of said foot and mouth disease; and

WHEREAS, the unrestricted movement of livestock and agricultural products within or from said counties and areas will likely result in the

so infected; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infections diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor, 'approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of f ot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has on this 21st day of April, 1924, established the following quarantine Regulations;

San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Mariposa, Merced, Kern and Los Angeles Counties, and those areas of Napa, Solano and San Bernardino Counties located within the boundary lines described herein shall be known and designated as the Closed Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this 21st day of April, 1924, every person persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any livestock including poultry for the pur ose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said Closed Quarantined Area unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided for herein.

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

.....

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as foot and mouth disease exists in live stock in San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, Mariposa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Kern and Los Angeles Counties, and also in that area in Solano and Napa Counties described as follows: All that area included within the boundary line beginning on the water front of the City of Benicia; thence following the State Highway in a northerly direction to the City of Cordelia; thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to the Napa River; thence following the southerly course of the Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquinez to the City of Benicia at point of origin of this boundary line; and in that area in San Bernardino County described as follows; that portion of San Bernardino County beginning at the west boundary line at point of intersection of the ~~xxxxxxxxx~~ Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad; following railroad right-of-way easterly to its intersection with the south boundary of San Bernardino County;following county line easterly to the point of intersection by the Santa Fe Railroad;following Santa Fe Railroad northerly to city limits of San Bernardino;following the San Bernardino city limits north to the point where the Santa Fe Railroad leaves the city;following the railroad right-of-way northerly to Verdemont and thence following a straight line due west to the west boundary of San Bernardino County; and

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the said Director of Agriculture that live stock in Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Madera and Fresno Counties, and those parts of Napa and Solano Counties located outside of the boundary line as described herein have been exposed to the infection of said foot and mouth disease; and

WHEREAS, the unrestricted movement of livestock and agricultural products within or from said counties and areas will likely result in the

further spread or dissemination of said disease to other animals not so infected; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infections diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor, 'approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has on this 21st day of April, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations;

San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Mariposa, Merced, Kern and Los Angeles Counties, and those areas of Napa, Solano and San Bernardino Counties located within the boundary lines described herein shall be known and designated as the Closed Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this 21st day of April, 1924, every person persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hefeby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any livestock including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said Closed Quarantined Area unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided for herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any livestock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area without the permit as provided for herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The Counties of Marin, Sonoma, Sana Mateo, Santa Clara, Madera, and Fresno and those parts of Napa and Solano not included within the boundary line as described herein shall be known and designated as the Provisionally Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this twenty-first day of April, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any livestock, or receiving any livestock for the purpose of being transported or shipped from the Provisionally Quarantined Area unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said Closed and Provisionally Quarantined Areas as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of said foot and mouth disease.

All other proclamations issued by me prior to this date, relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law,

do hereby proclaim these Quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases , to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor', approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this 21st. day of April, A. D. 1924.

H. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Robert W. Jordan

Deputy

Preliminary
No 172

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 1 - 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN, SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Coury, Deputy

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

.....

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease known as foot-and-mouth disease exists in live stock in San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, Mariposa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Madera, Kern, and Los Angeles Counties, and also in that area in Solano and Napa Counties described as follows: All that area included within the boundary line beginning on the water front of the City of Benicia; thence following the State Highway in a northerly direction to the City of Cordelia; thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to the Napa River; thence following the southerly course of the Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquinez to the City of Benicia at point of origin of this boundary line; and in that area in San Bernardino County described as follows: that portion of San Bernardino County beginning at the west boundary line at point of intersection of the Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad; following railroad right-of-way easterly to its intersection with the south boundary of San Bernardino County; following county line easterly to the point of intersection by the Santa Fe Railroad; following Santa Fe Railroad northerly to city limits of San Bernardino; following the San Bernardino city limits north to the point where the Santa Fe Railroad leaves the city; following the railroad right-of-way northerly to Verdemont and thence following a straight line due west to the west boundary of San Bernardino County; and

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the said Director of Agriculture that live stock in Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Fresno Counties, and those parts of Napa and Solano Counties located outside of the boundary line as described herein have been exposed to the infection of said foot-and-mouth disease, and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movement of live stock and agricultural products within or from said counties and areas will likely result in

the further spread or dissemination of said disease to other animals not so infected; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot-and-mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has on this twenty-sixth day of April, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Mariposa, Merced, Madera, Kern, and Los Angeles Counties, and those areas of Napa, Solano, and San Bernardino Counties located within the boundary lines described herein shall be known and designated as the Closed Quarantine Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this twenty-sixth day of April, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any live stock including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said Closed Quarantined Area unless said live stock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area, unless said animal or poultry is

accompanied by the permit as provided for herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam any live stock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said Closed Quarantined Area without the permit as provided for herein: provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot-and-mouth disease infection exists.

The Counties of Marin, Sonoma, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Fresno, and those parts of Napa and Solano not included within the boundary line as described herein shall be known and designated as the Provisionally Quarantined Area and shall be subject to the following quarantine regulations:

(a) From and after this twenty-sixth day of April, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any live stock, or receiving any live stock for the purpose of being transported or shipped from the Provisionally Quarantined Area unless said live stock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said Closed and Provisionally Quarantined Areas as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect live stock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of said foot-and-mouth disease.

All other proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot-and-mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law,

do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-sixth day of April, A. D. 1924.

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Secretary of State

By Frank M. Coro Deputy



Fed No 1733 647
Proclamation

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 2 - 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN, SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Coury, DEPUTY

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

---oOo---

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among live stock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY. ORANGE COUNTY.

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY.

ALAMEDA COUNTY: All that area in Alameda County located west of following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of the dirt road with the Contra Costa County boundary, thence following said road in a southerly direction through the cities of Santa Rita, Pleasanton and Sunol, thence following said road in easterly and southeasterly directions to its intersection with the State Highway, thence along State Highway in a southerly direction through Mission San Jose to its intersection with the Santa Clara boundary.

NAPA AND SOLANO COUNTIES: All that area in Napa and Solano counties included within the following boundary line: Beginning at the water front of the City of Benicia, thence following the State Highway to Cordelia, thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to Napa River, thence following southerly course of Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karkines to the beginning.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY: All that area in San Joaquin County located south of the boundary line beginning where the San Joaquin River intersects the Contra Costa-San Joaquin Counties boundary, thence following southeasterly along said River to its junction with Calaveras River, thence following northeasterly along Calaveras River to its intersection with the

Calaveras County boundary, except the following modified quarantined area in San Joaquin County: all that area included within the boundary formed by the right-of-way of the "Port Costa to Tracy Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad as it enters San Joaquin County, thence along said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to Tracy, thence in a southerly direction along the right-of-way of the "West Side Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad to the Stanislaus County boundary.

STANISLAUS COUNTY: All that area in Stanislaus County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MERCED COUNTY: All that are Merced County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra National Forest.

KERN COUNTY: All that area in Kern County within a radius of fifteen miles from infected premises.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of Los Angeles County located south of the southern boundary of the Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County located south of Angeles National Forest and west of right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad running from Verdement southwesterly to the western boundary of San Bernardino City limits, thence southerly to Riverside County boundary; and

WHEREAS, Live stock located in the following counties and areas, hereafter known and designated as the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA, have been exposed to said foot and mouth disease:

ALAMEDA COUNTY: All that area in Alameda County located east of a boundary line beginning at the intersection of the dirt road with the Contra Costa County boundary line, thence following said road in a southerly direction through the cities of Santa Rita, Pleasanton and Sunol, thence following said road in an easterly and southwesterly direction to its intersection with the State Highway, thence along the State Highway in a southerly direction through Mission San Jose to the Santa Clara County boundary line.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY: All that area in San Joaquin County included within the boundary formed by the right-of-way of the "Port Costa to Tracy Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad as it enters San Joaquin County, thence following said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to Tracy, thence in a southerly direction along the right-of-way of the "West Side Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad to the Stanislaus County boundary.

STANISLAUS COUNTY: All that area in Stanislaus County located west of the San Joaquin River.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located west of the San Joaquin River.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located east of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located east of the western boundary of the Sierra National Forest.

KERN COUNTY: All that area in Kern County located outside of a radius of fifteen miles from infected premises.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of that part of Los Angeles County located north of the southern boundary of the Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests; and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movements of live stock and agricultural products from said CLOSED and MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS will likely result in the further spread of said disease to live stock not so affected; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor', approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this second day of May, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA.

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping, or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided for herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without the permit as provided for herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses

and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any livestock, or receiving any livestock for the purpose of being transported or shipped from the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED and MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of said foot and mouth disease.

All other proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in

Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor', approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this second day of May, A.D., 1924.

C. C. Young

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Frank C. Corry Deputy

(Pro) 648
Proclamation

174

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 8 - 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

---o---

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY:

ORANGE COUNTY:

TULARE COUNTY:

ALAMEDA COUNTY: All that area in Alameda County located west of following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of the dirt road with the Contra Costa County boundary, thence following said road in a southerly direction through the cities of Santa Rita, Pleasanton and Sunol, thence following said road in easterly and southeasterly directions to its intersection with the State Highway, thence along State Highway in a southerly direction through Mission San Jose to its intersection with the Santa Clara boundary.

NAPA AND SOLANO COUNTIES: All that area in Napa and Solano counties included within the following boundary line: Beginning at the water front of the City of Benicia, thence following the State Highway to Cordelia, thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to Napa River, thence following southerly course of Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karkinez to the beginning.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY: All that area in San Joaquin County located south of the boundary line beginning where the San Joaquin

River intersects the Contra Costa-San Joaquin Counties boundary, thence following southeasterly along said River to its junction with Calaveras River, thence following northeasterly along Calaveras River to its intersection with the Calaveras County boundary, except the following area: All that area included within the boundary formed by the right-of-way of the "Port Costa to Tracy Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad as it enters San Joaquin County, thence along said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to Tracy, thence in a southerly direction along the right-of-way of the "west Side Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad to the Stanislaus County boundary.

STANISLAUS COUNTY: All that area in Stanislaus County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra National Forest.

KERN COUNTY: All that area in Kern County within a radius of fifteen miles from infected premises.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of Los Angeles County located south of the Southern boundary of the Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County located south of Angeles National Forest and west of right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad running from Verdement southwesterly to the western boundary of San Bernardino City Limits, thence southerly to Riverside County Boundary: and,

WHEREAS, Livestock located in the following area in SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY, hereafter known and designated as the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA, have been exposed to said foot and mouth disease: Beginning at the intersection of Islais Creek Channel with San Francisco Bay, thence westerly along Islais Creek Channel to Loomis Avenue, thence along Loomis Avenue to San Bruno Avenue to its intersection with Railroad Avenue, thence along Railroad Avenue to its intersection with Wallace Avenue, thence along Wallace Avenue to South Basin Canal and South Basin to San Francisco Bay; and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movements of live stock and agricultural products from said CLOSED and MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS will likely result in the further spread of said disease to live stock not so affected; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor', approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this seventh day of May, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any livestock including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from the said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided for herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any livestock, or receiving any livestock for the purpose of being transported or shipped from the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized

to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED and MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of said foot and mouth disease.

All other proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into

effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor', approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Seventh day of May, A.D., 1924.

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

By Frank L. Kerr Deputy



No 17649
Proclamation
Re Bond Act
Irrigation

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 14 1924
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Reay
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 35

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

The fact having been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the sweet potato weevil, (Cylas formicarius, Fab.) does not exist in that portion of the State of Louisiana north of the south boundaries of the parishes of Vernon, Rapides, Avoyelles and Concordia, Quarantine Order No. 35 is hereby amended to permit the entry into the State of California of all sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus sp.) and yams (Dioscorea sp.) grown, packed and stored in that portion of the State of Louisiana north of the south boundaries of the parishes of Vernon, Rapides, Avoyelles and Concordia, subject to the provisions of Regulation 2 of Quarantine Order No. 35.

Quarantine Order No. 35 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

Approved:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: May 7, 1924

Gov 176650

Proclamation
Pr. Dalmont
Power

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 14 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]

State of California

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

---o---

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED [illegible]:

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY.

[illegible] COUNTY.

TULARE COUNTY.

ORANGE COUNTY.

ALAMEDA COUNTY: All that area in Alameda County located west of following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of the dirt road with the Contra Costa County boundary, thence following said road in a southerly direction through the cities of Santa Rita, Pleasanton and Sunol, thence following said road in easterly andsoutheasterly directions to its intersection with the State Highway, thence along State Highway in a southerly direction through Mission San Jose to its intersection with the Santa Clara boundary.

NAPA AND SOLANO COUNTIES: All that area in Napa and Solano counties included within the following boundary line: Beginning at the water front of the City of Benicia, thence following the State Highway to Cordelia, thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to Napa River, thence following southerly course of Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquinez to the beginning.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY: All that area in San Joaquin County located south of the boundary line beginning where the San Joaquin River intersects the Contra Costa-San Joaquin Counties boundary, thence following southeasterly along said River to its junction with Calaveras River, thence following northeasterly along Calaveras River to its intersection with the Calaveras County boundary, except the following area: All that area included within the boundary formed by the right-of-way of the "Port Costa to Tracy Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad as it enters San Joaquin County, thence along said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to Tracy, thence in a southerly direction along the right-of-way of the "West Side Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad to the Stanislaus County boundary.

STANISLAUS COUNTY: All that area in Stanislaus County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra National Forest.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located east of the main line right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad running through Herndon, Fresno and Selma, except the portion thereof that is included within the corporate limits of the City of Fresno.

KERN COUNTY: All that area in Kern County within a radius of fifteen miles from infected premises.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of Los Angeles County located south of the southern boundary of Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County located South of Angeles National Forest and west of right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad running from Verdement southwesterly to the western boundary of San Bernardino City Limits, thence southerly to Riverside County Boundary; and,

WHEREAS, Livestock located in the following described area, hereafter known and designated as the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA, have been exposed to said infection of foot and mouth disease:

SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY: All that area included within the following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of Islais Creek Channel with San Francisco Bay, thence westerly along Islais Creek Channel to Loomis Avenue, thence along Loomis Avenue to San Bruno Avenue to its intersection with Railroad Avenue thence along Railroad Avenue to its intersection with Wallace Avenue, thence along Wallace Avenue to South Basin Canal and South Basin to San Francisco Bay; and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movements of live stock from said CLOSED AND MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS will likely result in the further spread of said disease to live stock not so affected; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An Act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this Act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an Act entitled 'An Act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this Act, and to provide an appropriation therefor', approved March 18, 1899," as amended;

and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this twelfth day of May, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

CLOSED QUARANTINE AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any livestock including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal including poultry in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided for herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any livestock, or receiving any livestock for the purpose of being transported or shipped from the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED nad MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW THEREFORE, I, Friend ... Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899" as amended; and further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twelfth day of May, A.D., 1924.

C. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

by Frank L. Coony Deputy

(SEAL)

re Proclamation
No 1794 651

Foot + mouth disease quarantine
Closed area certain parts of
~~Certain area~~
Contra Costa County
San Joaquin County
Stanislaus County
Merced County
Mariposa County
Madera County
Fresno County
Tulare County
Kern County
Los Angeles County
San Bernardino County
Orange County
Monterey Quarantine in
SF County
Alameda Co
Napa + Solano Co

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 2 6 1924
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
May 21, 1924.
--o--

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County.

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: All that area in Contra Costa County located west of the right-of-way of the "Port Costa to Tracy" branch of the Southern Pacific Railroad beginning at Antioch and following said right-of-way to the Alameda County border.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY: All that area in San Joaquin County included within the following boundary: Beginning where the San Joaquin River crosses the San Joaquin County-Stanislaus County border, thence following along said River in a northerly direction to its junction with Calaveras River, thence following northeasterly along Calaveras River to its intersection with the Calaveras County border.

STANISLAUS COUNTY: All that area in Stanislaus County located east of the right-of-way of the "Lathrop to Fresno Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad running through Salida, Modesto and Turlock.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra National Forest.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located between the western boundary of the National Forest and the main line right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad running through Herndon, Fresno and Selma, except the portion thereof that is included within the corporate limits of the city of Fresno.

TULARE COUNTY: All that area in Tulare County located west of the western boundary of the National Forest.

KERN COUNTY: All that area in Kern County within a radius of fifteen miles from infected premises.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of Los Angeles County located south of the southern boundary of Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County located south of Angeles National Forest and west of right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad running from Verdemont southwesterly to the western boundary of San Bernardino City Limits, thence southerly to Riverside County boundary.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
May 21, 1924.
--o--

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County.

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: All that area in Contra Costa County located west of the right-of-way of the "Port Costa to Tracy" ranch of the Southern Pacific Railroad beginning at Antioch and following said right-of-way to the Alameda County border.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY: All that area in San Joaquin County included within the following boundary: Beginning where the San Joaquin River crosses the San Joaquin County-Stanislaus County border, thence following along said River in a northerly direction to its junction with Calaveras River, thence following northeasterly along Calaveras River to its intersection with the Calaveras County border.

STANISLAUS COUNTY: All that area in Stanislaus County located east of the right-of-way of the "Lathrop to Fresno Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad running through Salida, Modesto and Turlock.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra National Forest.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located between the western boundary of the National Forest and the main line right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad running through Herndon, Fresno and Selma, except the portion thereof that is included within the corporate limits of the city of Fresno.

TULARE COUNTY: All that area in Tulare County located west of the western boundary of the National Forest.

KERN COUNTY: All that area in Kern County within a radius of fifteen miles from infected premises.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of Los Angeles County located south of the southern boundary of Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County located south of Angeles National Forest and west of right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad running from Verdemont southwesterly to the western boundary of San Bernardino City Limits, thence southerly to Riverside County boundary.

ORANGE COUNTY: All that area included within the following boundary line: Beginning where the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad enters Orange County, thence continuing along said right-of-way through Buena Park, Brookhurst and West Anaheim, to its intersection with Santa Ana River, thence following along the westerly and southerly course of said river to the Pacific Ocean.

WHEREAS, Livestock located in the following described area, hereafter known and designated as the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA, have been exposed to said infection of foot and mouth disease:

SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY: All that area included within the following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of Islais Creek Channel with San Francisco Bay, thence westerly along Islais Creek Channel to Loomis Avenue, thence along Loomis Avenue to San Bruno Avenue to its intersection with Railroad Avenue, thence along Railroad Avenue to its intersection with Wallace Avenue, thence along Wallace Avenue to South Basin Canal and South Basin to San Francisco Bay.

ALAMEDA COUNTY: All that area in Alameda County located west of the following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of the dirt road with the Contra Costa County boundary, thence following said road in a southerly direction through the cities of Santa Rita, Pleasanton and Sunal, thence following said road in an easterly, then in a southwesterly direction to its intersection with the State Highway, thence along State Highway in a southerly direction through Mission San Jose to its intersection with the Santa Clara boundary.

NAPA AND SOLANO COUNTIES: All that area in Napa and Solano Counties included within the following boundary line: Beginning at the water front of the City of Benicia thence following the State Highway to Cordelia, thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to Napa River, thence following southerly course of Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquinez to the beginning.

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movement of livestock from said CLOSED AND MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS will likely result in the further spread of said disease to livestock not so affected; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious disease, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a Veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor', approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this twenty-first day of May, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any livestock, including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided for herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA

Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any livestock, except for immediate slaughter and except also horses and mules, from, into, or from place to place within the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by the Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED AND MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California by virtue of the authority vested in me by law do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal andbinding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any andall persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislautre of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a Veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-first day of May, A.D., 1924.

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Frank C. Gorz

Deputy.

652

Proclamation

No 178

Foot & Mouth disease

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 27 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN, Secretary of State

By Frank M. Carey, Deputy

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
May 26, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: All that part of Contra Costa County located west of the following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of Tassajara Road with the Alameda County line, thence north along Tassajara Road over the mountain to Morgan Canyon Road, thence northwesterly along Morgan Canyon Road to Marsh Creek Road, thence northwesterly along Marsh Creek Road through city of Clayton to Kirker Pass Road, thence along Kirker Pass Road to Black Diamond Way Road, thence along Black Diamond Way Road through city of Pittsburg to New York Slough.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY: All premises on which foot and mouth disease infection exists.

STANISLAUS COUNTY: All that part of Stanislaus County located within the following boundary: Beginning where the right-of-way of the "Lathrop to Fresno Line" of the Southern Pacific Railroad crosses the Stanislaus River, thence following said right-of-way through Salida, Modesto and Turlock to its intersection with the Merced County border, thence following said border in an easterly direction to the Tuolumne County border, thence following the Tuolumne County border in a northerly direction to its intersection with Stanislaus River, thence following the course of said river in a westerly direction to the point of beginning.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All that part of Tuolumne County included within the following boundary: Starting at the west boundary line of the Stanislaus National Forest where it crosses the Middle Fork of the Stanislaus River, following a southerly direction from this point along the National Forest Line to the South Fork of the Stanislaus River, thence in a northeasterly direction along the South Fork of the Stanislaus River to Strawberry Lake; thence in a southeasterly direction to the Yosemite Park following the [illegible] River to the west boundary of Stanislaus National Forest, then south to the Tuolumne-Mariposa County line, thence along the Tuolumne County line in a westerly direction, then in a northerly direction to point of beginning.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra National Forest.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located between the western boundary of the National Forest and the main line right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad running through Herndon, Fresno and Selma, except the portion thereof that is included within the corporate limits of the City of Fresno.

TULARE COUNTY: All that part of Tulare County included within the following boundary line: Beginning at Tulare then following the highway to Lindsay, then following right-of-way of Southern Pacific Railroad from Lindsay through Terra Bella, then south along said railroad right-of-way to its intersection with the highway, thence along the highway to Pixley, thence along right-of-way of Southern Pacific Railroad from Pixley to point of beginning.

KERN COUNTY: All premises on which foot and mouth disease infection exists.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of Los Angeles County located south of the southern boundary of Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County located south of Angeles National Forest and west of right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad running from Verdemont southwesterly to the western boundary of San Bernardino City Limits, thence southerly to Riverside County boundary.

ORANGE COUNTY: All that area included within the following boundary line: Beginning where the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad enters Orange County, thence continuing along said right-of-way through Buena Park, Brookhurst and West Anaheim, to its intersection with Santa Ana River, thence following along the westerly and southerly course of said river to the Pacific Ocean.

WHEREAS, livestock located in the following described area, hereafter known and designated as the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA, have been exposed to said infection of foot and mouth disease:

SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY: All that area included within the following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of Islais Creek Channel with San Francisco Bay, thence westerly along Islais Creek Channel to Loomis Avenue, thence along Loomis Avenue to San Bruno Avenue to its intersection with Railroad Avenue, thence along Railroad Avenue to its intersection with Wallace Avenue, thence along Wallace Avenue to South Basin Canal and South Basin to San Francisco Bay.

ALAMEDA COUNTY: All that area in Alameda County located west of the following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of the dirt road with the Contra Costa County boundary, thence following said road in a southerly direction through the cities of Santa Rita, Pleasonton and Sunol, thence following said road in an easterly, then in a southwesterly direction to its intersection with the State Highway, thence along State Highway in a southerly direction through Mission San Jose to its intersection with the Santa Clara boundary.

NAPA AND SOLANO COUNTIES: All that area in Napa and Solano Counties included within the following boundary line: Beginning at the water front of the City of Benicia thence following the State Highway to Cordelia, thence in a westerly and northerly direction along the road to Napa River, thence following southerly course of Napa River, Napa Bay, Mare Island Strait and Strait of Karquinez to thebeginning.

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movement of livestock from said CLOSED AND MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS will likely result in the further spread of said disease to livestock not so affected; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious disease, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a Veterinarian, andto repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this twenty-sixth day of May, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any livestock, including poultry for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animal, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock including poultry on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided for herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA

Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any livestock, except for immediate slaughter and except also horses and mules, from, into, or from place to place within the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by the Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED AND MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a Veterinarian and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointmen. and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-sixth day of May, A.D., 1924.

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

Attest Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Frank H. Cox

Deputy.

Proclamation
#1979

Re Foot Mouth Disease

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 8 - 1924
FRANK C. JORDAN, SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Kenny, DEPUTY

(14½)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
June 5, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: All that part of Contra Costa County located west of the following boundary line: Beginning at the intersection of Tassajara Road with the Alameda County line, thence north along Tassajara Road over the mountain to Morgan Canyon Road, thence northwesterly along Morgan Canyon Road to Marsh Creek Road, thence northwesterly along Marsh Creek Road through city of Clayton to Kirker Pass Road, thence along Kirker Pass Road to Black Diamond Way Road, thence along Black Diamond Way Road through city of Pittsburg to New York Slough.

ALAMEDA, NAPA, SOLANO, KERN and SAN JOAQUIN COUNTIES: All premises on which foot and mouth disease infection exists.

STANISLAUS COUNTY: All that area in Stanislaus County located within the following boundary: Beginning where the range line between Range 11 East and Range 12 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian crosses the Merced-Stanislaus Counties boundary; thence following said range line to the Stanislaus River; thence following said River to the eastern boundary of Stanislaus County; thence following the eastern boundary of Stanislaus County to the southeast corner thereof; thence following southern boundary of Stanislaus County to point of beginning.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All that part of Tuolumne County included within the following boundary: Starting at the west boundary line of the Stanislaus National Forest where it crosses the Middle Fork of the Stanislaus River, following a southerly direction from this point along the National Forest line to the South Fork of the Stanislaus River, thence in a northeasterly direction along the South Fork of the Stanislaus River to Strawberry Lake; thence in a southeasterly direction to the Yosemite Park following the drift fences which form the southwest boundary of the Strawberry Range and the northeast boundary line of the upper Hull, Clavy, Rosasco and Park Ranges; thence in a southerly direction along the west boundary of the Yosemite National Park to the main Tuolumne River, thence in a southwesterly direction along the main Tuolumne River to the west boundary of Stanislaus National Forest, then south to the Tuolumne-Mariposa County line, thence along the Tuolumne County line in a westerly direction, then in a northerly direction to point of beginning.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located east of the San Joaquin River.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located within the following boundary: Beginning where the northern boundary of Madera County intersects the western boundary of the National Forest, thence following the western boundary of the National Forest to where it intersects the southern boundary of Madera County; thence following the southern boundary of Madera County to its intersection with the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad; thence following said right-of-way in a northerly direction to the Los Banos Road which intersects said right-of-way just south of Sharon; thence following said Los Banos Road in a westerly direction to where it intersects the Madera County boundary; thence following the Madera County boundary in a northerly and an easterly direction to point of beginning.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located within the following boundary: Beginning at the Madera-Fresno Counties border where the Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way enters Fresno County; thence following said right-of-way through Herndon to Fresno; thence following the paved highway in a southeasterly, then in a southerly direction to Sanger; thence following the authorized highway in a northeasterly direction to its intersection with King River; thence following said River to the western boundary of the National Forest; thence following the western boundary of the National Forest in a northerly direction to the northern boundary of Fresno County; thence following said northern boundary to point of beginning.

TULARE COUNTY: All that part of Tulare County included within the following boundary line: Beginning at Tulare then following the highway to Lindsay, then following right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad from Lindsay through Terra Bella, then south along said railroad right-of-way to its intersection with the highway, thence along the highway to Pixley, thence along right-of-way of Southern Pacific Railroad from Pixley to point of beginning.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of Los Angeles County located south of the southern boundary of Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County located south of Angeles National Forest and west of right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad running from Verdemont southwesterly to the western boundary of San Bernardino City limits, thence southerly to Riverside County boundary.

ORANGE COUNTY: All that area included within the following boundary line: Beginning where the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad enters Orange County, thence continuing along said right-of-way through Buena Park, Brookhurst and West Anaheim, to its intersection with Santa Ana River, thence following along the westerly and southerly course of said river to the Pacific Ocean.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located within the following boundary: Beginning where the northern boundary of Madera County intersects the western boundary of the National Forest, thence following the western boundary of the National Forest to where it intersects the southern boundary of Madera County; thence following the southern boundary of Madera County to its intersection with the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad; thence following said right-of-way in a northerly direction to the Los Banos Road which intersects said right-of-way just south of Sharon; thence following said Los Banos Road in a westerly direction to where it intersects the Madera County boundary; thence following the Madera County boundary in a northerly and an easterly direction to point of beginning.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located within the following boundary: Beginning at the Madera-Fresno Counties border where the Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way enters Fresno County; thence following said right-of-way through Herndon to Fresno; thence following the paved highway in a southeasterly, then in a southerly direction to Sanger; thence following the authorized highway in a northeasterly direction to its intersection with King River; thence following said River to the western boundary of the National Forest; thence following the western boundary of the National Forest in a northerly direction to the northern boundary of Fresno County; thence following said northern boundary to point of beginning.

TULARE COUNTY: All that part of Tulare County included within the following boundary line: Beginning at Tulare then following the highway to Lindsay, then following right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad from Lindsay through Terra Bella, then south along said railroad right-of-way to its intersection with the highway, thence along the highway to Pixley, thence along right-of-way of Southern Pacific Railroad from Pixley to point of beginning.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All of Los Angeles County located south of the southern boundary of Santa Barbara and Angeles National Forests.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County located south of Angeles National Forest and west of right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad running from Verdemont southwesterly to the western boundary of San Bernardino City limits, thence southerly to Riverside County boundary.

ORANGE COUNTY: All that area included within the following boundary line: Beginning where the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad enters Orange County, thence continuing along said right-of-way through Buena Park, Brookhurst and West Anaheim, to its intersection with Santa Ana River, thence following along the westerly and southerly course of said river to the Pacific Ocean.

WHEREAS, livestock located in the following described area, hereafter known and designated as the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA, have been exposed to said infection of foot and mouth disease:

SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY: All that area included within the following boundary: Beginning at the intersection of Islais Creek Channel with San Francisco Bay, thence westerly along Islais Creek Channel to Loomis Avenue, thence along Loomis Avenue to San Bruno Avenue to its intersection with Railroad Avenue, thence along Railroad Avenue to its intersection with Wallace Avenue, thence along Wallace Avenue to South Basin Canal and South Basin to San Francisco Bay.

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movement of livestock from said CLOSED AND MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS will likely result in the further spread of said disease to livestock not so affected; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious disease, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a Veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the state of California, not so affected, has, on this fifth day of June, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided for herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA

Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any livestock, except for immediate slaughter and except also horses and mules, from, into, or from place to place within the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by the Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED AND MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a Veterinarian and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this fifth day of June, A.D., 1924.

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA

Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from moving or transporting any livestock, except for immediate slaughter and except also horses and mules, from, into, or from place to place within the MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by the Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED AND MODIFIED QUARANTINED AREAS as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and bind-
ing regulations within the said counties of the State of Cali-
fornia, and do further proclaim that said regulations shall
be enforced within said counties and that a
violation shall subject any and all persons so
violating said regulations to the penalties provided
by law; that said act of the Legislature of the
State entitled "An act to protect domestic live-
stock from infectious diseases, to prescribe
means to carry into effect the provisions
thereof, and for the appointment of a Veterinarian
therefor", entitled 'An act to protect domestic live-
stock from infectious diseases, to provide for
the appointment of officials to carry into effect
the same, and to provide an appropriation
therefor", approved March 18, 1899", as amended, and as further
amended March 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and
caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this
day of March, A.D., 1924.

Governor of the State of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Frank M. Kemp Deputy

Rec 654

Flor Cavalcade

180

Relating to Flor Cavalcade

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUN 10 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN

By Frank C. Jordan

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 40

(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Helix pisana

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the snail (Helix pisana) exists in that part of the City of San Diego, State of California, described as follows:

"Beginning at the intersection of Francis Street and Imperial Ave., and running thence southerly and easterly along the northerly and easterly boundary of Imperial Ave., to an intersection with the easterly boundary of the Pueblo Lands of San Diego according to the map of Pueblo Lands of San Diego made by James Pascoe in 1870 and filed in the office of the recorder of said county, thence northerly along the easterly boundary of Pueblo Lands of San Diego to an intersection with the southerly boundary of Pueblo Lot #1347, thence westerly along the southerly boundary of Pueblo Lot #1347 to the southwest corner of Pueblo Lot #1347 identical with the northeast corner of Pueblo Lot #1152, thence southerly along the easterly boundary of Pueblo Lot #1152 to an intersection with Tompkins St., according to map #365 filed in the office of the Recorder of said County. Thence westerly along the southerly boundary of Tompkins St., to an intersection with Francis St., thence southerly along the easterly boundary of Francis St., to the place of beginning." All of which is hereinafter referred to as infested area.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of the snail, (Helix pisana) in the State of California, that all the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 40 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders to all parts of the said infested area in addition to and including the area set forth in Quarantine Order No. 40.

Quarantine Order No. 40 is amended accordingly.

G. H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: [illegible]

(hw)

655

Proclamation

15

Redesignation
in Channel 6
Nevada

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUN 18 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
EXECUTIVE OFFICE SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 7 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) exists in the County of Churchill, State of Nevada.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders to all parts of that territory known as the County of Churchill, State of Nevada, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

G. H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: _____

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 7 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) exists in the County of Churchill, State of Nevada.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirement[illegible]t forth in Quarantine Order No. 34 be hereby made [illegible]ly and do apply until further orders to all parts of [illegible] territory known as the County of Churchill, State of Nevada, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

R. Meeks

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Friend W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Issued: [illegible] 15, 1934

nd 1826 56

Proclamation
[illegible] Dress

10

Frankl Co

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
July 3, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: All that area in Contra Costa County bounded as follows: Bounded on the east and south by a line beginning at Suisun Bay directly north of Avon; thence following in a southerly direction to Avon; thence following right-of-way of the San Ramon branch of the Southern Pacific Railroad through Concord to Walnut Creek; thence following the tower power line of the Great Western Power Company from Walnut Creek to the county boundary, thence along the county boundary to San Pablo Avenue. Bounded on the north and west by a line beginning at the water front of City of Martinez; thence following the Franklin Canyon Road to its intersection with the State Highway; thence following State Highway in a southwesterly direction through the City of Pinole to Alvarado Street in City of San Pablo; thence along Alvarado Street to San Pablo Avenue; thence in a southeasterly direction along San Pablo Avenue to the county boundary, including all premises in Contra Costa County where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist.

ALAMEDA, SOLANO, STANISLAUS, SAN JOAQUIN AND KERN COUNTIES: All premises on which foot and mouth disease infection exists.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All that part of Tuolumne County included within the following boundary: Starting at the west boundary line of the Stanislaus National Forest where it crosses the Middle Fork of the Stanislaus River, following a southerly direction from this point along the National Forest line to the South Fork of the Stanislaus River, thence in a northeasterly direction along the South Fork of the Stanislaus River to Strawberry Lake; thence in a southeasterly direction to the Yosemite Park following the drift fences which form the southwest boundary of the Strawberry Range and the northeast boundary line of the Upper Hull, Clavy, Rosasco and Park Ranges; thence in a southerly direction along the west boundary of the Yosemite National Park to the main Tuolumne River; thence in a southwesterly direction along the main Tuolumne River to the west boundary of Stanislaus National Forest, then south to the Tuolumne-Mariposa County line, thence along the Tuolumne County line in a westerly direction, then in a northerly direction to point of beginning.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located north and east of the following boundary line, including premises on which foot and mouth disease infection exists: Beginning where the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad enters the northern boundary of Merced County; thence following said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to its intersection with Merced River; thence following Merced River in a southwesterly direction to its intersection with the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence following along right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad to its intersection with the Merced and Los Banos Road in City of Merced; thence following Merced and Los Banos road to its intersection with the Athlone and Sandy Mush Road; thence following in an easterly then in a southerly direction along the Sandy Mush Road and the western boundaries of Sections 3,10,15,22,27 and 34 of T 9S R 14E to the County boundary.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located within the following boundary: Beginning where the northern boundary of Madera County intersects the western boundary of the National Forest, thence following the western boundary of the National Forest to where it intersects the southern boundary of Madera County; thence following the southern boundary of Madera County to its intersection with the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad; thence following said right-of-way in a northerly direction to the Los Banos Road which intersects said right-of-way just south of Sharon; thence following said Los Banos Road in a westerly direction to where it intersects the Madera County boundary; thence following the Madera County boundary in a northerly and an easterly direction to point of beginning.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located within the following boundary: Beginning at the Madera-Fresno Counties border where the Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way enters Fresno County; thence following said right-of-way through Herndon to Fresno; thence following the paved highway in a southeasterly, then in a southerly direction to Sanger; thence following the authorized highway in a northeasterly direction to its intersection with King River; thence following said River to the western boundary of the National Forest; thence following the western boundary of the National Forest in a northerly direction to the northern boundary of Fresno County; thence following said northern boundary to point of beginning.

TULARE COUNTY: All that part of Tulare County included within the following boundary line: Beginning at Tulare then following the highway to Lindsay, then following right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad from Lindsay through Terra Bella, then south along said Railroad right-of-way to its intersection with the highway, thence along the highway to Pixley, thence along right-of-way of Southern Pacific Railroad from Pixley to point of beginning.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All that area in Los Angeles County included within the following boundaries; Bounded on the north by the Southern boundary of the National Forest beginning where it intersects Lexington Wash; thence following said southern boundary of the National Forest in a westerly direction to the State Highway; thence following the State Highway to San Fernando; thence following Brand Street, Chatsworth Street, Zelza Avenue and Devonshire Street to intersection with Reseda Avenue. Bounded on the west by the following boundary line; beginning where Reseda Avenue intersects Devonshire Street; thence following Reseda Avenue to its intersection with Ventura Boulevard; thence following Ventura Boulevard to its intersection with Benedict Canyon; thence following through Benedict Canyon to Santa Monica Boulevard; thence following Santa Monica Boulevard in an easterly direction to its intersection with Vermont Avenue; thence following Vermont Avenue to its intersection with Slawson Avenue; thence following Slawson Avenue in an easterly direction to Main Street; thence following Main Street and Harbor Boulevard in a southerly direction to the Pacific Ocean. Bounded on the south by the Pacific Ocean and the Orange County boundary. Bounded on the east by the following boundary line. Beginning where the Whittier Boulevard intersects the Orange County Boundary; thence following said Boulevard in a northwesterly direction to its intersection with Rio Hondo; thence following Rio Hondo and Lexington Wash in a northeasterly direction to the

southern boundary of the National Forest. Also infected premises located at El Segundo and Hawthorne.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County in which is located the following described portion of Fontana Farms, or what is otherwise known as the Decles Ranch; Beginning where Mulberry Avenue intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad, thence following said right-of-way to Citrus Avenue; thence following Citrus Avenue to Jurupa Avenue; thence following Jurupa Avenue to Mulberry Avenue; thence following Mulberry Avenue to point of beginning.

ORANGE COUNTY: All that area in Orange County located north and west of the following boundary line: Beginning at water-front of the City of Seal Beach; thence following Santa Ana Highway in an easterly direction to a point east of Westminster where highway turns in a northerly direction; thence following said highway to a line running due north to a point where it intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad midway between Almond and Buena Park; thence in a northwesterly direction along said railroad right-of-way to the county line.

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious disease, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this Third Day of July, 1924. established the following quarantine regulations:

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA.

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in saidCLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as proveded by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Third Day of July, A.D., 1924.

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

By

Deputy.

657

183

Re Foot Mortuary Assn

30

Secretary of State
CALIFORNIA

14 1924

By Frank [illegible] Deputy

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
July 8, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: All that area in Contra Costa County bounded as follows: Bounded on the east and south by a line beginning at Suisun Bay directly north of Avon; thence following in a southerly direction to Avon; thence following right-of-way of the San Ramon branch of theSouthern Pacific Railroad through Concord to Walnut Creek; thence following the tower power line of the Great Western Power Company from Walnut Creek to the county boundary, thence along the county boundary to San Pablo Avenue. Bounded on the north and west by a line beginning at the water front of City of Martinez; thence following the Franklin Canyon Road to its intersection with the State Highway; thence following State Highway in a southwesterly direction through the City of Pinole to Alvarado Street in City of San Pablo; thence along Alvarado Street to San Pablo Avenue; thence in a southeasterly direction along San Pablo Avenue to the county boundary, including all premises in Contra Costa County where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist.

ALAMEDA, SOLANO, STANISLAUS, SAN JOAQUIN AND KERN COUNTIES: All premises on which foot and mouth disease infection exists.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County except the area in the Stanislaus National Forest located south of the main branch of the Tuolumne River, and except also all the area included within the Yosemite National Park.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located north and east of the following boundary line, including premises on which foot and mouth disease infection exists: Beginning where the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad enters the northern boundary of Merced County; thence following said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to its intersection with Merced River; thence following Merced River in a southwesterly direction to its intersection with the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence following along right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad to its intersection with the Merced and Los Banos Road in City of Merced; thence following Merced and Los Banos Road to its intersection with the Athlone and Sandy Mush Road; thence following in an easterly then in a southerly direction along the Sandy Mush Road and the western boundaries of Sections 3,10,15,22,27 and 34 of T 9S R 14E to the County boundary.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

MADERA COUNTY: All that area in Madera County located within the following boundary; Beginning where the northern boundary of Madera County intersects the western boundary of the National Forest, thence following the western boundary of the National Forest to where it intersects the southern boundary of Madera County; thence following the southern boundary of Madera County to its intersection with the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad; thence following said right-of-way in a northerly direction to the Los Banos Road which intersects said right-of-way just south of Sharon; thence following said Los Banos Road in a westerly direction to where it intersects the Madera County boundary; thence following the Madera County boundary in a northerly and an easterly direction to point of beginning.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located within the following boundary; Beginning at the Madera-Fresno Counties border where the Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way enters Fresno County; thence following said right-of-way through Herndon to Fresno; thence following the paved highway in a southeasterly, then in a southerly direction to Sanger; thence following the authorized highway in a northeasterly direction to its intersection with King River; thence following said River to the western boundary of the National Forest; thence following the western boundary of the National Forest in a northerly direction to the northern boundary of Fresno County; thence following said northern boundary to point of beginning.

TULARE COUNTY: All that part of Tulare County included within the following boundary line: Beginning at Tulare then following the highway to Lindsay, then following right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad from Lindsay through Terra Bella, then south along said Railroad right-of-way to its intersection with the highway, thence along the highway to Pixley, thence along right-of-way of Southern Pacific Railroad from Pixley to point of beginning.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All that area in Los Angeles County included within the following boundaries; Bounded on the north by the Southern boundary of the National Forest beginning where it intersects Lexington Wash; thence following said southern boundary of the National Forest in a westerly direction to the State Highway; thence following the State Highway to San Fernando; thence following Brand Street, Chatsworth Street, Zelza Avenue and Devonshire Street to intersection with Reseda Avenue. Bounded on the west by the following boundary line; Beginning where Reseda Avenue intersects Devonshire Street; thence following Reseda Avenue to its intersection with Ventura Boulevard; thence following Ventura Boulevard to its intersection with Benedict Canyon; thence following through Benedict Canyon to Santa Monica Boulevard; thence following Santa Monica Boulevard in an easterly direction to its intersection with Vermont Avenue; thence following Vermont Avenue to its intersection with Slawson Avenue; thence following Slawson Avenue in an easterly direction to Main Street; thence following Main Street and Harbor Boulevard in a southerly direction to the Pacific Ocean. Bounded on the south by the Pacific Ocean and the Orange County boundary. Bounded on the east by the following boundary line. Beginning where the Whittier Boulevard intersects the Orange County Boundary; thence following said Boulevard in a northwesterly direction to its intersection with Rio Hondo; thence following Rio Hondo and Lexington Wash in a northeasterly direction to the southern boundary of the National Forest. Also infected premises located at El Segundo and Howthorne.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County in which is located the following described portion of Fontana Farms, or what is otherwise known as the Declez Ranch; Beginning where Mulberry Avenue intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad, thence following said right-or-way to Citrus Avenue; thence following Citrus Avenue to Jurupa Avenue; thence following Jurupa Avenue to Mulberry Avenue; thence following Mulberry Avenue to point of beginning.

ORANGE COUNTY: All that area in Orange County located north and west of the following boundary line: Beginning at the water-front of the City of Seal Beach; thence following Santa Ana Highway in an easterly direction to a point east of Westminster where highway turns in a northerly direction; thence following said highway to a line running due north to a point where it intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad midway between Almond and Buena Park; thence in a northwesterly direction along said railroad right-of-way to the county line.

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious disease, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this Eighth day of July, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA,, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Eighth Day of July, A.D., 1924.

F. W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California.

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Frank M. Coon
Deputy

gw

658

Proclamation

184

Re Foot & Mouth

Disease

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUL 18 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State
By [illegible] Deputy

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
July 17, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

SOLANO, CONTRA COSTA, ALAMEDA, STANISLAUS, SAN JOAQUIN, MADERA, KERN AND ORANGE COUNTIES: All premises on which foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County except the area in the Stanislaus National Forest located south of the main branch of the Tuolumne River, and except also all the area included within the Yosemite National Park.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located north and east of the following boundary line: Beginning where the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad enters the northern boundary of Merced County; thence following said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to its intersection with Merced River; thence following Merced River in a southwesterly direction to its intersection with the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence following along right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad to its intersection with the Merced and Los Banos Road in City of Merced; thence following Merced and Los Banos Road to its intersection with the Athlone and Sandy Mush Road; thence following in an easterly then in a southerly direction along the Sandy Mush Road and the western boundaries of Sections 3,10,15,22,27 and 34 of T 9S R 14E to the County boundary; including all premises in Merced County on which foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

FRESNO COUNTY: All that area in Fresno County located within the following boundary: Beginning at the Madera-Fresno Counties border where the Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way enters Fresno County; thence following said right-of-way through Herndon to Fresno; thence following the paved highway in a southeasterly, then in a southerly direction to Sanger; thence following the authorized highway in a northeasterly direction to its intersection with King River; thence following said River to the western boundary of the National Forest; thence following the western boundary of the National Forest in a northerly direction to the northern boundary of Fresno County; thence following said northern boundary to point of beginning.

TULARE COUNTY: All that part of Tulare County included within the following boundary line: Beginning at Tulare then following the highway to Lindsay, then following right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad from Lindsay through Terra Bella, then south along said Railroad right-of-way to its intersection with the highway, thence along the highway to Pixley, thence along right-of-way of Southern Pacific Railroad from Pixley to point of beginning.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All that area in Los Angeles County included within the following boundary: Beginning at intersection of Main and Seventh Streets in City of Los Angeles; thence following Seventh Street, Stephenson Avenue and Telegraph Road in a southeasterly direction; thence following in a southerly direction along Old Telegraph Road and continuing in a southerly direction to the County line; thence in a southwesterly direction along the county line to Spring Street in City of Long Beach; thence following Spring Street in a westerly direction to east bank of Flood Control Channel; thence following east bank of Flood Control Channel in a northerly direction to Wilmington Street; thence following Wilmington Street in a westerly direction to Harbor Boulevard; thence following Harbor Boulevard and Main Street in a northerly direction to point of beginning; including all premises in Los Angeles County where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County in which is located the following described portion of Fontana Farms, or what is otherwise known as the Declez Ranch; Beginning where Mulberry Avenue intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad, thence following said right-of-way to Citrus Avenue; thence following Citrus Avenue to Jurupa Avenue; thence following Jurupa Avenue to Mulberry Avenue; thence following Mulberry Avenue to point of beginning.

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this Seventeenth Day of July, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations.

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said

livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899" as

amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Seventeenth Day of July, A.D., 1924.

Governor of State of California.

Attest:

Secretary of State

By

Deputy.

1885

659

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUL 21 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 8 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Until March 1, 1925, that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of a line drawn east and west through the town of Wabuska, County of Lyon, State of Nevada, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 34 provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 34 and offered for entry into California from that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of a line drawn east and west through the town of Wabuska, County of Lyon, State of Nevada, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

G. H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

C. C. Young

Governor of the State of California

Issued:

July 21, 1924

186 660

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

AUG 8 - 1934

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank Keon
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
August 9, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

SOLANO, CONTRA COSTA, ALAMEDA, STANISLAUS, SAN JOAQUIN, MADERA, FRESNO, TULARE, KERN AND ORANGE COUNTIES: All premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County.

STANISLAUS NATIONAL FOREST: All that area included within the Stanislaus National Forest.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located north and east of a line beginning where the right-of-way of the Merced-Oakdale branch of the Southern Pacific Railroad enters the county; thence following said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to its intersection with Bear Creek; thence following Bear Creek in an easterly direction to the Mariposa County boundary. Also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County, except the area included within the Sierra National Forest, located north and east of a boundary line beginning where the Merced-Mariposa highway enters Mariposa County; thence following said highway through Bootjack to the western boundary of the Sierra National Forest near Miami Post Office; thence in a southerly direction along the border of said Forest to the County boundary line. Also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All that area in Los Angeles County included within the following boundary: Beginning at the intersection of Tweedy Boulevard and the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence following Tweedy Boulevard, Tweedy Lane, College Avenue and First Street in an easterly direction to San Gabriel River; thence following said River in a southerly direction to Bixby Station Road; thence following Bixby Station Road and along section line in a westerly direction to the right-of-way of the Long Beach branch of the Pacific Electric Railway; thence following right-of-way of Pacific Electric Railway in a northerly direction to its intersection with right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence following said Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way in a northerly direction to point of beginning. Also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an

inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County in which is located the following described portion of Fontana Farms, or what is otherwise known as the Declez Ranch: Beginning where Mulberry Avenue intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad, thence following said right-of-way to Citrus Avenue; thence following Citrus Avenue to Jurupa Avenue; thence following Jurupa Avenue to Mulberry Avenue; thence following Mulberry Avenue to Point of beginning.

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this Ninth day of August, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations.

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from plac to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving, or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899" as amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Ninth day of August, A. D., 1924

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By Frank C. Corry, Deputy

187 661
Jute

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 9 - 1924
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank I. Kenny
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
August 1,1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

SOLANO, CONTRA COSTA, ALAMEDA, STANISLAUS, SAN JOAQUIN, MADERA, FRESNO, TULARE, KERN AND ORANGE COUNTIES: All premises on which foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County.

STANISLAUS NATIONAL FOREST: All that area included within the Stanislaus National Forest.

MERCED COUNTY: All that area in Merced County located north and east of a line beginning where the right-of-way of the Merced-Oakdale branch of the Southern Pacific Railroad enters the county; thence following said right-of-way in a southeasterly direction to its intersection with Bear Creek; thence following Bear Creek in an easterly direction to the Mariposa County boundary. Also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located west of the western boundary of the Sierra and Stanislaus National Forests.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All that area in Los Angeles County included within the following boundary: Beginning at the intersection of Tweedy Boulevard and the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence following Tweedy Boulevard, Tweedy Lane, College Avenue and First Street in an easterly direction to San Gabriel River; thence following said River in a southerly direction to Bixby Station Road; thence following Bixby Station Road and along section line in a westerly direction to the right-of-way of the Long Beach branch of the Pacific Electric Railway; thence following right-of-way of Pacific Electric Railway in a northerly direction to its intersection with right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence following said Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way in a northerly direction to point of beginning. Also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County in which is located the following described portion of Fontana Farms, or what is otherwise known as the Decles Ranch; Beginning where Mulberry Avenue intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad, thence following said right-of-way to Citrus Avenue; thence following Citrus Avenue to Jurupa Avenue; thence following Jurupa Avenue to Mulberry Avenue; thence following Mulberry Avenue to point of beginning.

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899", as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this First day of August, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations.

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899" as amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this First Day of August, A.D., 1924.

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

By Frank C. Jordan Deputy

Gov Proclamation
188 662
Foot & Mouth Disease

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

AUG 28 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank L. Coates

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

August 25, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

SOLANO, CONTRA COSTA, ALAMEDA, SAN JOAQUIN, ST NISLAUS, MERCED, [illegible]: All premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County, except Yosemite National Park.

ST NISLAUS NATIONAL FOREST: All that area included within the Stanislaus National Forest.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located north of the Merced River; also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All that area in Los Angeles County included within the following boundary: Beginning at the intersection of the right of way of the Southern Pacific Railroad with Tweedy and Abbott Road; thence following said road in an easterly direction to its intersection with Wright road; thence following Wright Road in a southerly direction to Downey - Florence Road; thence following Downey - Florence Road in an easterly direction to College Avenue; thence following College Avenue in a Northerly direction to Alameda Street; thence following Alameda Street and Washington Crossing Road in an easterly direction to the San Gabriel River; thence following said River in a southerly direction to Bixby Station Road; thence following Bixby Station Road and along section line in a Westerly direction to the right-of-way of the Long Beach branch of the Pacific Electric Railway; thence following right-of-way of Pacific Electric Railway in a northerly direction to its intersection with right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence following said Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way in a northerly direction to point of beginning. Also all premises where foot-and-mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County in which is located the following described portion of Fontana Farms, or what is otherwise known as the Deolez Ranch; Beginning where Mulberry Avenue intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad, thence following said right-of-way to Citrus Avenue; thence following Citrus Avenue to Jurupa Avenue; thence following Jurupa Avenue to Mulberry Avenue; thence following Mulberry Avenue to Point of beginning.

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this Twenty-fifth day of August, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations.

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from shipping any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving, or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases,

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this Twenty-fifth day of August, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations.

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving, or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases,

to provide for the ap oint ent and duties of offidas to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899" as amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Twenty-fifth day of August, A. D., 1924.

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.



No. 663

Declaration

Filed

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF TEXAS

SEP 20 1924

By Frank M. Cox STATE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
September 20, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

SOLANO, CONTRA COSTA, ALAMEDA, SAN JOAQUIN, STANISLAUS, MERCED, MADERA, FRESNO, TULARE, KERN, and ORANGE COUNTIES: All premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County, except Yosemite National Park.

STANISLAUS NATIONAL FOREST: All that area included within the Stanislaus National Forest.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located north of the Merced River; also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY: All that area in Los Angeles County included within the following boundary: Beginning at intersection Los Angeles River and State Street; thence east along State Street to Santa Ana line of Pacific Electric Railway; thence southeast along railway to Somerset Avenue; thence south on Somerset Avenue to Township line between Townships three and four south; thence west along Township line to Los Angeles River; thence north along east bank of river to point of beginning. Also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY: All that area in San Bernardino County in which is located the following described portion of Fontana Farms, or what is otherwise known as the Decles Ranch; Beginning where Mulberry Avenue intersects the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad, thence following said right-of-way to Citrus Avenue; thence following Citrus Avenue to Jurupa Avenue; thence following Jurupa Avenue to Mulberry Avenue; thence following Mulberry Avenue to point of beginning.

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious disease, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as

further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this Twentieth day of September, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations.

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and Servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animal or poultry is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving, or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899" as amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this Twentieth day of September, A. D., 1924.

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

664

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF TEXAS

SEP 30

FRANK
By

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

September 30,1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the infectious, contagious, communicable disease known as foot-and-mouth disease has been found to exist among live stock in certain counties in the State of Texas; and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movement into this state from the State of Texas of cattle, sheep, goats, other ruminants, swine, and horses, dressed carcasses of animals and unsterilized parts thereof, hides, skins, and hoofs of animals, hay, straw, and similar fodder, and animal manure might result in the introduction of said disease among animals in the State of California; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot-and-mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has on this thirtieth day of September, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations.

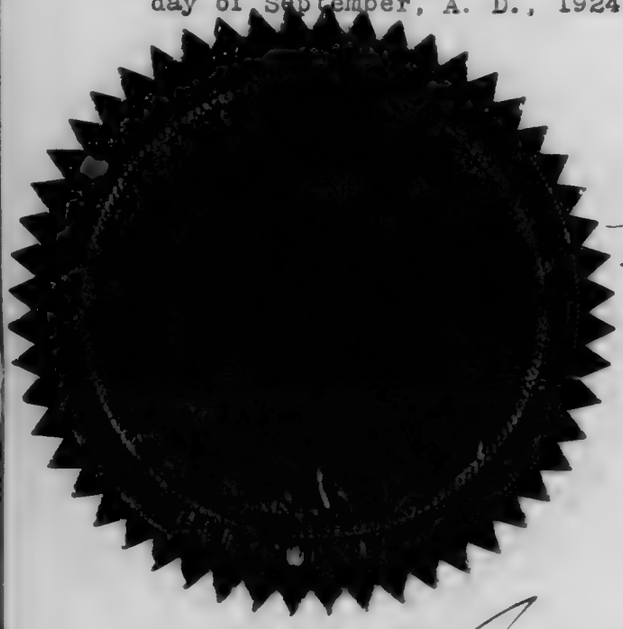
During the existence of this quarantine the transportation, movement or trailing or driving of cattle, sheep, goats, other ruminants, swine and horses, dressed carcasses of animals and unsterilized parts thereof, hides, skins and hoofs of animals, hay, straw, and similar fodder, and animal manure from Harris and Galveston Counties and those portions of Brazoria and Fort Bend Counties located east of the Brazos River in the State of Texas into the State of California is hereby prohibited.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of

the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended, and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this thirtieth day of September, A. D., 1924.



Governor of the State of California

Secretary of State

By Frank M. Carey
Deputy

10665

Proclamation for General
Election, November 4,1924.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the State of CALIFORNIA
SEP 29 1924
FRANK C. JORDAN
By Frank J. Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT)
STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

I, FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a general election will be held throughout said State on TUESDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1924, at which the following offices are to be filled:

THIRTEEN ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES;

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, from each of the Eleven Congressional Districts in the State;

STATE SENATOR from each of the following Twenty Senatorial Districts in the State: First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-Third, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-ninth, Thirty-first, Thirty-third, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-seventh, and Thirty-ninth Districts;

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the Eighty Assembly Districts in the State;

CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Short Term, Ending January 3, 1927)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Short Term, ending January 5, 1931)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Short Term, ending January 7, 1935)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, First Appellate District Division One (Short term, ending January 3, 1927)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, First Appellate District, Division One (Short term, ending January 5, 1931)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, First Appellate District, Division Two (Full Term)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, Second Appellate District, Division One (Short term, ending January 5, 1931)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, Second Appellate District, Division Two (Full Term)

Executive Department

State of California

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT)
STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

I, FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a general election will be held throughout said State on TUESDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1924, at which the following offices are to be filled:

THIRTEEN ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES;

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, from each of the Eleven Congressional Districts in the State;

STATE SENATOR from each of the following Twenty Senatorial Districts in the State: First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-Third, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-ninth, Thirty-first, Thirty-third, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-seventh, and Thirty-ninth Districts;

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the Eighty Assembly Districts in the State;

CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Short Term, Ending January 3, 1927)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Short Term, ending January 5, 1931)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Short Term, ending January 7, 1935)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, First Appellate District Division One (Short term, ending January 3, 1927)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, First Appellate District, Division One (Short term, ending January 5, 1931)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, First Appellate District, Division Two (Full Term)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, Second Appellate District, Division One (Short term, ending January 5, 1931)

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, Second Appellate District, Division Two (Full Term)

Executive Department

State of California

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, Third Appellate District, (Short term, ending January 7, 1935)

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT IN THE respective counties of ALAMEDA, CONTRA COSTA, FRESNO, KERN, KINGS, LOS ANGELES, MADERA, MONTEREY, ORANGE, RIVERSIDE, SACRAMENTO, SAN BERNARDINO, SAN DIEGO, SAN FRANCISCO, SAN JOAQUIN, SANTA CRUZ, SHASTA, SONOMA, TULARE, and TUOLUMNE, the number to be elected to such office in each of said counties in which such election is to be held, both for the regular term thereof and for the unexpired term thereof, being such as is prescribed by the Constitution and laws of this State;

ALSO such state, county, township, district or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed Constitutional amendments, questions, propositions and Initiative Measures, as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and laws of this State;

And I do further hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON, as Governor of the State of California, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the said State to be affixed at the City of Sacramento, this 23rd day of September, A. D. 1924.

Friend W. Richardson

Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Frank M. Coyne Deputy

(Me)

1952

666

Proclamation re

Foot & Mouth Disease

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State

JUN 5 1952

By Frank H. Henry

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
November 1, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, has been found to exist among livestock in the following counties and areas in California, hereafter known and designated as the CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA:

SOLANO, CONTRA COSTA, ALAMEDA, SAN JOAQUIN, STANISLAUS, MERCED, MADERA, FRESNO, TULARE, KERN, LOS ANGELES, SAN BERNARDINO and ORANGE COUNTIES: All premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U.S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY: All of Tuolumne County, except Yosemite National Park.

STANISLAUS NATIONAL FOREST: All that area included within the Stanislaus National Forest.

MARIPOSA COUNTY: All that area in Mariposa County located north of the Merced River; also all premises where foot and mouth disease infection has been found to exist until such a time as the occupant thereof shall have received written notice from an inspector of the State Department of Agriculture or the U.S. Bureau of Animal Industry that the required ninety day test of such premises has been completed.

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An Act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious disease, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture, in order to prevent the spreading or communication of foot and mouth disease to domestic animals within the State of California, not so affected, has, on this first day of November, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations.

CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA

(a) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from transporting or shipping or receiving for transportation or shipment, any livestock including poultry, for the purpose of being transported or shipped from place to place within, or from said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA unless said livestock is accompanied by a permit issued by said Director of Agriculture or his duly authorized agent.

(b) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from carrying any domestic animals, including poultry, in vehicles on or across the public highway or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA, unless said animals or poultry, is accompanied by the permit as provided herein.

(c) Every person, persons, firm, company, corporation, their agents and servants are hereby prohibited from driving, moving, or allowing to roam, any livestock, including poultry, on or across the public highways or roads of said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA without permit as provided herein; provided, however, that nothing in these regulations shall apply to horses and mules when actually working in harness when such horses and mules do not belong or have not entered premises where foot and mouth disease infection exists.

The said Director of Agriculture is hereby authorized to promulgate and put into force such other rules and regulations in said CLOSED QUARANTINED AREA as he may from time to time deem expedient and necessary in order to protect livestock of the State of California from the further spread and dissemination of foot and mouth disease.

All other Proclamations issued by me prior to this date relating to the subject of foot and mouth disease are hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these Quarantine Regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these Quarantine Regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the said counties of the State of California, and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said counties and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide an appropriation therefor' approved March 1[illegible] and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

[illegible] I have hereunto set my hand and caused [illegible]te to be hereunto affixed this first day

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

[illegible]

Secretary of State.

By Frank [illegible] Deputy

-:-

667

FILED

In the [illegible]

NOV 19 1924

FRANK C. JORDAN

Frank C. Jordan

Executive Department

State of California

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with custom and the proclamation of the President of the United States, I, Friend W. Richardson, Governor of the State of California, do hereby declare Thursday, the 27th day of November, 1924, a legal holiday and day of thanksgiving, so that the people of the state may thank the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for his many blessings, and particularly the great blessing of our government, the form and ideals of which insure peace, order and justice, and give every person the right of freedom of speech and freedom of thought to a degree unequalled at any time or in any country in the history of the world.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at Sacramento, this 18th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four.

By the Governor:

Governor of the State of California

Secretary of State.

Ref
Proclamation 668
1944

European Chicken Plague
against the Dark Ages
Kas; Ills; Ind; Iowa
Neb; Missouri

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of Florida
DEC 15 1924
FRANK M. ...
SECRETARY OF STATE
By ...

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

December 13, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease, presumed to be European Chicken Plague, exists in chickens in many states hereinafter mentioned; and

WHEREAS, the importation of chickens, turkeys, pheasants, ducks, geese, pea fowls and pigeons from said states will likely result in the spread or dissemination of said disease to poultry in the State of California; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of said disease to poultry within the State of California, has on this thirteenth day of December, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

FROM and after this thirteenth day of December, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company or corporation, their agents and servants, are hereby prohibited from bringing into the State of

California any live chickens, turkeys, pheasants, ducks, geese, pea fowls or pigeons from any of the following states: North Dakota, South Dakota, Kansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska and Missouri, provided, however, that shipments of said poultry that are now in transit to California from any of said States may be admitted into California but shall not be unloaded from the cars until they have been inspected by a duly authorized inspector of the Department of Agriculture and found to be not affected with this disease.

It is hereby ordered that a violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said State and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to pro-

vide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this thirteenth day of December, A.D., 1924.

C. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Robert T. Gordon

Secretary





Executive Department

State of California

[illegible] PROCLAMATION.

I, FRANK W. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 17th day of February, 1925, in the Fourth Congressional District of this State to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Julius Kahn in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from said Fourth Congressional District for the term commencing March 4, 1925.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One hundred (100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of December, 1924.

Governor.

Attest:

Secretary of State.

Jw

670

Proclamation

196

Against all States
East of Rocky Mountains
a/c Fowl Pest, or
Poultry Disease

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 27 19[illegible]

[illegible] C. JORDAN
[illegible] OF STATE
By [illegible]

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

December 26, 1924

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the contagious, communicable disease of poultry, known as Fowl Pest, exists in chickens in some states and may exist elsewhere in the United States; and

WHEREAS, the unrestricted importation of live chickens, turkeys, ducks and geese from the area hereinafter mentioned will likely result in the spread or dissemination of said disease to poultry in the State of California; and

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an act of the legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921, the said Director of Agriculture in order to prevent the spreading or communication of said disease to poultry within the State of California, has on this twenty-sixth day of December, 1924, established the following quarantine regulations:

From and after this twenty-sixth day of December, 1924, every person, persons, firm, company or corporation, their agents and servants, are hereby prohibited from bringing into the State of California any live chickens, turkeys, ducks or geese from any state in the United States located east of states through which the Rocky Mountains range, except under the following conditions:

(a) Live chickens, turkeys, ducks or geese imported into California from the area mentioned herein shall be inspected by a

duly authorized inspector of the State Department of Agriculture before delivery to the consignee.

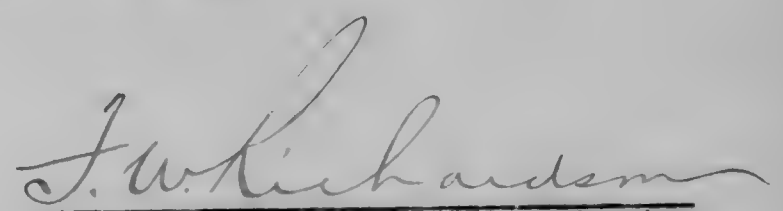
(b) Railroad cars used to transport said birds from the area herein mentioned shall be cleaned and disinfected under the supervision of a duly authorized inspector of the State of California before they are again used to transport chickens, turkeys, ducks or geese within this state; and coops, crates or other containers and vehicles used to transfer said birds from railroad cars when shipped from said area shall likewise be cleaned and disinfected under supervision of said inspector.

The Proclamation of December 13, 1924 prohibiting the shipment of poultry into California from certain states is hereby repealed.

It is hereby ordered that violation of any or either of these quarantine regulations shall be an offense and punishable as provided by the laws of the State of California.

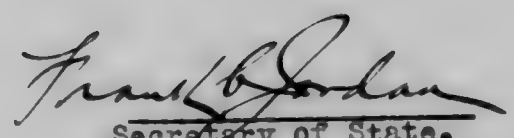
NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations prescribed by the Director of Agriculture to be legal and binding regulations within the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said State and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in Section Six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled, 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899," as amended; and as further amended and approved June 3, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set may hand and caused the great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-sixth day of December, A.D., 1924.

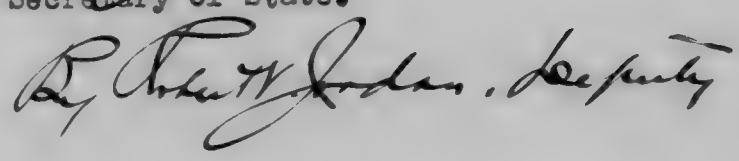


Governor of the State of California.

Attest:



Secretary of State.



871

Proclamation

no 197

Amendment to

Quarantine order

no 34 Re Alfalfa

~~Hand~~ Weevil

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 6 • 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 9 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to the Alfalfa Weevil

It having been determined by the Director of Agriculture that full protection from the introduction into the state of California of the alfalfa weevil in connection with the importation of alfalfa meal will be afforded by the enforcement of certain protective measures, Regulation 1 of Quarantine Order No. 34 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Regulation 1. Alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw and alfalfa meal, except as herein provided, that has been grown, manufactured or stored in the said infested territory is hereby prohibited from entering the state of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw or meal as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into the state of California from the said infested territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestation or contamination of the alfalfa meal, provided that all such alfalfa meal is sacked and shipped immediately after it is milled, such milling, sacking and shipping to be done during the period November 1 to March 31; provided further, that such alfalfa meal is shipped in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay, other hay and cereal straw and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill, and provided further that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, is accompanied by a certificate signed by a state inspection official of the state in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled, sacked and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer in California, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped.

A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval granted by the Director of Agriculture to any mill covering the shipment of alfalfa meal from that mill, as provided above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Regulation 1 of Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: Dec. 5, 1935.

Proclamation 872

198

Quarantine against Stanislaus National Forest Part of Tuolumne and Mariposa Counties after Foot & Mouth Disease

---

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 26 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
May 26, 1925

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the destructive infectious disease known as foot and mouth disease now exists among animals in the Stanislaus National Forest, and said disease has existed in that part of Tuolumne County not located within said forest, and also in that part of Mariposa County located north of the Merced River and outside of said Forest: and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movements of animals, animal and certain other products from or into said areas, or from place to place therein, will likely result in the further spread of said disease to other animals not so affected: and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An act to amend section six of an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, and to add two new sections to be numbered four a and seven respectively, relating to the control and eradication of certain destructive infectious diseases of animals whenever discovered in this state; providing for the payment for animals and property destroyed in order to suppress certain destructive infectious diseases; providing for penalties for violation of the provisions of this act, and declaring the urgency of said act, approved May 22, 1925," I, G.H. Hecke, Director of Agriculture of the State of California, in order to suppress said disease and to prevent the spread thereof, do on this Twenty-Sixth Day of May, 1925, fix and proclaim the Stanislaus National Forest, that part of Tuolumne County not located within said Forest, and that part of Mariposa County located north of the Merced River and outside of said Forest as quarantined areas: and I do further prescribe the following regulations in order to regulate, restrict or restrain the movements of animals and their products, as well as other materials from or into said areas, or from place to place therein:

1. Carcasses of animals or parts thereof, including hides, skins, pelts, hair, wool or bones, or hay, straw or plant litter shall not be brought out of the Stanislaus National Forest unless a written permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and in accordance with the provisions thereof.

2. The driving or transporting of animals, or allowing same to drift from or into said St nislaus National Forest, or from place to place therein, is hereby prohibited: provided, however, that horses, mules or asses to be actually used for work, pack or saddle purposes may be allowed to

enter and emerge from, or move from place to place within said Stanislaus National Forest if written permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and in accordance with the provisions thereof and issued in accordance with these regulations and hereby made a part thereof.

3. Cattle, sheep, other ruminants and swine shall not be moved or transported from that part of Tuolumne County not located within the Stanislaus National Forest nor from that part of Mariposa County located north of the Merced River and outside of said Forest, unless a permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and only in accordance with the provisions thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, G.H. Hecke, as Director of Agriculture of the State of California by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations to be [illegible] and binding regulations within the said quarantined areas of the State [illegible]fornia; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be m[illegible] and enforced within said areas and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to amend section six of an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, and to add two new sections to be numbered four a and seven respectively, relating to the control and eradication of certain destructive infectious diseases of animals whenever discovered in this state: providing for the payment for animals and property destroyed in order to suppress certain destructive infectious diseases; providing for penalties for violation of the provisions of this act, and declaring the urgency of said act, approved May 22, 1925."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of this Department to be hereunto affixed this Twenty Sixth Day of May, A.D., 1925.

G.H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture.

Attest:

FRANK C. JORDAN

Secretary of State.

By [illegible]

Deputy

Index 673

199

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 28 1925
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 35

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.) exists in the County of Baldwin, State of Alabama.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the said sweet potato weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 35 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders to all parts of that territory known as the County of Baldwin, State of Alabama, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 35.

Quarantine Order No. 35 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: [illegible]

20674

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUN 5 - 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

June 5, 1925.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the destructive infectious disease known as foot and mouth disease now exists among animals in the Stanislaus National Forest, and said disease has existed in that part of Tuolumne County not located within said Forest, and also in that part of Mariposa County located north of the Merced River and outside of said Forest; and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movements of animals, animal and certain other products from or into said areas, or from place to place therein, will likely result in the further spread of said disease to other animals not so affected; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An act to amend section six of an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, and to add two new sections to be numbered four a and seven respectively, relating to the control and eradication of certain destructive infectious diseases of animals whenever discovered in this state; providing for the payment for animals and property destroyed in order to suppress certain destructive infectious diseases; providing for penalties for violation of the provisions of this act, and declaring the urgency of said act, approved May 22, 1925," I, G.H. Heckm, Director of Agriculture of the State of California, in order to suppress said disease and to prevent the spread thereof, do on this fifth day of June, 1925, fix and proclaim the Stanislaus National Forest, that part of Tuolumne County not located within said Forest, and that part of Mariposa County located north of the Merced River and outside of said Forest as quarantined areas; and I do further prescribe the following regulations in order to regulate, restrict or restrain the movements of animals and their products, as well as other materials from or into said areas, or from place to place therein:

1. Carcasses of animals or parts thereof, including hides, skins, pelts, hair, wool or bones, or hay, straw or plant litter shall not be brought out of the Stanislaus National Forest unless a written permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and in accordance with the provisions thereof.

2. The driving or transporting of animals, or allowing same to drift from or into said Stanislaus National Forest, or from place to place therein, is hereby prohibited; provided, however, that horses, mules or asses to be actually used for work, pack or saddle purposes may be allowed to enter and emerge from, or move from place to place within said Stanislaus National Forest if written permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and in accordance with the provisions thereof and issued in accordance with these regulations and hereby made a part thereof.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

June 5, 1925.

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the destructive infectious disease known as foot and mouth disease now exists among animals in the Stanislaus National Forest, and said disease has existed in that part of Tuolumne County not located within said Forest, and also in that part of Mariposa County located north of the Merced River and outside of said Forest; and

WHEREAS, The unrestricted movements of animals, animal and certain other products from or into said areas, or from place to place therein, will likely result in the further spread of said disease to other animals not so affected; and

WHEREAS, Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An act to amend section six of an act entitled "An act to protect domestic live stock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, and to add two new sections to be numbered four a and seven respectively, relating to the control and eradication of certain destructive infectious diseases of animals whenever discovered in this state; providing for the payment for animals and property destroyed in order to suppress certain destructive infectious diseases; providing for penalties for violation of the provisions of this act, and declaring the urgency of said act, approved May 22, 1925," I, G.H. Hecke, Director of Agriculture of the State of California, in order to suppress said disease and to prevent the spread thereof, do on this fifth day of June, 1925, fix and proclaim the Stanislaus National Forest, that part of Tuolumne County not located within said Forest, and that part of Mariposa County located north of the Merced River and outside of said Forest as quarantined areas; and I do further prescribe the following regulations in order to regulate, restrict or restrain the movements of animals and their products, as well as other materials from or into said areas, or from place to place therein:

1. Carcasses of animals or parts thereof, including hides, skins, pelts, hair, wool or bones, or hay, straw or plant litter shall not be brought out of the Stanislaus National Forest unless a written permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and in accordance with the provisions thereof.

2. The driving or transporting of animals, or allowing same to drift from or into said Stanislaus National Forest, or from place to place therein, is hereby prohibited; provided, however, that horses, mules or asses to be actually used for work, pack or saddle purposes may be allowed to enter and emerge from, or move from place to place within said Stanislaus National Forest if written permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and in accordance with the provisions thereof and issued in accordance with these regulations and hereby made a part thereof.

3. Cattle, sheep, other ruminants and swine shall not be moved or transported from, into, or from place to place within that part of Tuolumne County located outside of the Stanislaus National Forest, or that part of Mariposa County located north of the Merced River and outside of said Forest unless a permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and only in accordance with the provisions thereof.

MY PROCLAMATION of May 26, 1925, with the regulations contained therein, is hereby repealed.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, G.H. Hecke, as Director of Agriculture of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations to be legal and binding regulations within the said quarantined areas of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said areas and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to amend section six of an act entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases, to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, and to add two new sections to be numbered four a and seven respectively, relating to the control and eradication of certain destructive infectious diseases of animals whenever discovered in this state; providing for the payment for animals and property destroyed in order to suppress certain destructive infectious diseases; providing for penalties for violation of the provisions of this act, and declaring the urgency of said act, approved May 22, 1925."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of this Department to be hereunto affixed this fifth day of June, A.D., 1925.

G.H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By Frank C. Corey
Dep.

Recorded 675

Proclamation
No 201
Pertaining to Alfalfa
Weevil
Quarantine Order No 34

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 9 - 1925
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 45

(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil in California

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa and other forage and cover crops, known as the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) exists in certain portions of the state of California, to wit: The county of Sierra, the county of Plumas and that portion of the county of Lassen lying south of the boundary line between townships 32 North and 33 North, M. D. M., running west from the California-Nevada state line to the west boundary line of Lassen County, all of which being hereinafter designated as regulated territory; and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa, railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further spread of the alfalfa weevil in and throughout the state of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinbefore described regulated territory in accordance with the provisions of Section 8719b of the Political Code of the state of California against the said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers, that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa, railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, brought, shipped or otherwise moved from said regulated territory into any other portion of the state of California, and no such articles or materials as quarantined against shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines hereby established and proclaimed, except as hereinafter provided.

Regulation 1. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine on the movement of the commodities and articles enumerated therein between points within the said regulated territory, except that such commodities and articles originating in that portion of the regulated territory bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the south boundary line of Sierra County and the California-Nevada state line, thence north along said California-Nevada state line to the north line of Township 26 North, M. D. M., thence west along the boundary line between Townships 26 North and 27 North, M. D. M., to the northwest corner of Township 26 North, Range 15 East, M. D. M., thence south along the Range line between Ranges 14 East and 15 East to the south boundary line of Sierra County, thence east along said south boundary line of Sierra County to the point of beginning; and hereinafter designated as infested territory are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any portion of the state of California outside of said infested territory, except as hereinafter provided.

Regulation 2. Alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw and alfalfa meal, except as herein provided, that has been grown, manufactured or stored in the said regulated territory is hereby prohibited from moving from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the state of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw or meal as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into other portions of the state of California from the said regulated territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestation or contamination of the alfalfa meal, provided that all such alfalfa meal is sacked and shipped immediately after it is milled, such milling, sacking and shipping to be done during the period November 1 to March 31; provided further, that such alfalfa meal is shipped in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay, other hay and cereal straw and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill, and provided further that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, is accompanied by a certificate signed by a duly qualified inspection official of the county of origin establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled, sacked and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and

address of the importer, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval granted by the Director of Agriculture to any mill covering the shipment of alfalfa meal from that mill, as provided above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Regulation 3. An official certificate signed by a duly qualified inspection official of the county of origin shall accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in or shipped from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the state of California. Such certificates shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen immediately prior to loading into car, placed in fresh clean sacks and packed in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw. All shipments of potatoes from said regulated territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the state of California, and the same shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants imported or brought into any other portion of the state of California from the said regulated territory must be packed in fresh shavings, excelsior or other suitable packing (except tule, hay or straw), and each shipment must be accompanied by an official certificate establishing the fact that each package in the shipment has been fumigated for a period of one hour for alfalfa weevil in an airtight enclosure, subsequent to being boxed, baled or packed for shipment, with cyanide of potassium or sodium at the rate of one ounce to each one hundred cubic feet of space. All shipments of nursery and ornamental stock and other plants as enumerated in this regulation not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the state of California, and all such shipments shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 5. No shipment of household effects, or emigrant movables, originating in said regulated territory, shall be brought into any other portion of the state of California by any common carrier, person or persons unless such shipment be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the owner or shipper in accordance with the following forms, on blanks which will be furnished to applicants by the Director of Agriculture, one of such

duplicates (designated as copy No. 1) to be mailed to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, and the other of said duplicates (designated as copy No. 2) to be delivered to the common carrier agent, with a special certificate appended, to attach to the way bill:

State of _____)
) ss.
County of _____)

I hereby solemnly swear that I was present during the preparation for shipment of the household effects or emigrant movables which this affidavit accompanies; that the goods were delivered to the _____ at _____
(Railroad) (Station)
on _____ _____ constituting (less than) a
(Month, d year)
carload _____ to be
(If carload write initials and car number here)
shipped to _____ at _____
(Name of consignee) (Destination)
via _____ ; that no alfalfa seed,
(Give initials of other lines)
nursery stock, vegetables or fruit is included in the shipment and that no hay, straw or grain is included for packing material or any purpose; that the shipment is made up of the following:

Household goods, farm implements, tools, harness, farm wagons, automobile (draw a line through items not included), stands of bees, livestock _____ and _____
(Specify)

_____
(Specify any items not included in previous classification)

_____
(Shipper or owner)

Subscribed and sworn to before me _____.
a notary public in and for the state of

_____.

county of _____ this _____ day of _____.

19____

_____
(Notary public)

My commission expires _____. 19____

The special certificate from the owner or shipper to be appended to copy No. 2 shall be in accordance with the following form:

I hereby agree to observe explicitly the requirements of the California Quarantine Order No. 45 with regard to hay, straw or grain, household and agricultural emigrant movables and other materials, and hereby certify that I have mailed this day one copy of the foregoing affidavit to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

_____
(Signature)

Upon the arrival at any common carrier station of any shipment of the articles enumerated in this regulation such shipment shall be held intact until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the state quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued.

Regulation 6. It shall be the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used for the transportation of live stock, or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw in or through any part of the said regulated territory before the same enter any other portion of the state of California.

Regulation 7. Used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into any other portion of the state of California from the said regulated territory only upon compliance with the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into any other portion of the state of California any of the articles enumerated in this regulation shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, a description of the articles for which a permit is requested, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the person to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery and implements heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the state of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by a duly qualified inspection official of the county or origin, showing the number of the permit to import and establishing the fact that all machinery and implements included in the shipment have been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and

place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of machinery and/or implements not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the state of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery and/or implements without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately returned to the regulated territory at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles from the said regulated territory arriving in any other portion of the state of California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle arrives until it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 9. Baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, used farming implements and other field appliances, imported or brought into any other portion of the state of California by other than common carrier transportation from the said regulated territory shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such articles are imported or brought until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 10. Alfalfa seed will be admitted into any other portion of California from the said regulated territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than recleaned alfalfa seed.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This order supersedes Amendment No. 5 to Quarantine Order No. 34 and shall take effect immediately

_____

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

_____

Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 8, 1925

Index 676

Reclamation
No 202

Amendment to Emergency
Order No 5x
Exempting Ryan Co No 1

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 9 - 1925
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Gans
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 10 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Until March 1, 1926, that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of a line drawn east and west through the town of Wabuska, County of Lyon, State of Nevada, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 34, provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 34 and offered for entry into California from that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of a line drawn east and west through the town of Wabuska, County of Lyon, State of Nevada, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

R. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 8, 1925

677

203

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF [illegible] HYBRIA

JUL 10 [illegible]

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [signature] Deputy

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 41

Pertaining to Citrus White Flies

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the Citrus White Fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.) exists in the State of Tennessee.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of said Citrus White Fly into the State of California, that all the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 41 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders to all parts of the State of Tennessee, in addition to and including the states set forth in Quarantine Order No. 41.

Quarantine Order No. 41 is amended accordingly.

G. H. Hecke
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

C. W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 8, 1925

678

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUL 10 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 44

Pertaining to Chestnut Bark Disease

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the chestnut bark disease (Endothia parasitica) not known to occur in the state of California exists in several states of the United States, and that all varieties and species of chestnut and chinquapin trees (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) are liable to be carriers of this disease.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the chestnut bark disease (Endothia parasitica) into the state of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is, hereby established at the boundaries of the state of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2219b of the Political Code of the state of California, against all trees and plants and parts thereof, including grafts, cuttings or scions, of all species and varieties of chestnut and chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) imported or brought from any and all states or districts of the United States east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, and no trees or plants or parts thereof, including grafts, cuttings or scions, of any species or variety of chestnut or chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) from the aforementioned area shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all trees, plants, grafts, cuttings or scions of any species or variety of chestnut or chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) arriving in California from any state or district east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico shall be refused admittance into the state of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

This order supersedes Quarantine Regulation No. 6 issued December 4, 1916.

APPROVED:

R. Hecke
Director of Agriculture

H. W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 9, 1925

2nd 205
679
Proclamation

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SEP 3- 1985

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 45

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil in California

It having been determined by the Director of Agriculture that better protection from the alfalfa weevil will be afforded by enlarging that portion of the regulated territory described as infested territory, Regulation 1 of Quarantine Order No. 45 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Regulation 1. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine on the movement of the commodities and articles enumerated therein between points within the said regulated territory, except that such commodities and articles originating in that portion of the regulated territory bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the south boundary line of Sierra County and the California-Nevada state line, thence north along said California-Nevada state line to the north line of Township 26 North, M. D. M., thence west along the boundary line between Townships 26 North and 27 North, M. D. M., to the northwest corner of Township 26 North, Range 13 East, M. D. M., thence south along the Range line between Ranges 12 East and 13 East to the southwest corner of Township 21 North, Range 13 East, M. D. M., thence east along the boundary line between Townships 21 North and 20 North, M. D. M., to the northeast corner of Township 20 North, Range 13 East, M. D. M., thence south along the Range line between Ranges 13 East and 14 East to the south boundary line of Sierra County, thence east along said south boundary line of Sierra County to the point of beginning; and hereinafter designated as infested territory are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any portion of the State of California outside of said infested territory, except as hereinafter provided.

Quarantine Order No. 45 is amended accordingly.

R H Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: September 4, 1925

2688

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, QUARANTINING THE IMPORTATION OF SHEEP, HOGS, GOATS AND CATTLE FROM THE STATE OF TEXAS.

DATED: September , 1925.

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SEP 19 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Coy
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA ESTABLISHING QUARANTINE AGAINST THE IMPORTATION, TRANSPORTATION AND MOVEMENT OF CERTAIN LIVESTOCK INTO OR THROUGH THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FROM THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Executive Department,
Sacramento, California,
September 18, 1925.

WHEREAS, the Director of Agriculture of the State of California after investigation has determined that an infectious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, exists among domestic animals in the State of Texas, and that the importation of domestic animals from said State of Texas into the State of California may spread such disease among domestic animals within the State of California; and

WHEREAS, the Director of Agriculture of the State of California has notified the Governor of the State of California of said aforementioned state of facts;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, F. W. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, deeming it expedient to do so, by this proclamation hereby proclaim that an infectious and communicable disease, known as foot and mouth disease, exists among domestic animals in the State of Texas, and that the importation of domestic animals from said State of Texas into or through the State of California may spread said foot and mouth disease among domestic animals within the State of California, and accordingly the importation, shipment, or movement of sheep, hogs, goats and cattle from the State of Texas to the State of California is hereby quarantined and prohibited, and under no condition shall said animals be brought into the State of Cali-

fornia from the State of Texas.

This proclamation shall take effect and be in force on and after the 18th day of September, 1925.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, F. W. RICHARDSON, as Governor of the State of California, have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 18th day of September, 1925.

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State Ray Frank Deputy



Proclamation No

207681

Modifying Quarantine against
State of Texas re Foot & Mouth
disease; proclamations of
September 19 25 Nos 205-206

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SEP 29 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

September 29, 1925

P R O C L A M A T I O N .

WHEREAS, it has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California through information received from the Chief of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry that a marked improvement now exists in the foot and mouth disease situation in the State of Texas, and that under existing conditions a modification of the quarantine regulations of the State of California now existing against the State of Texas is advisable; and

WHEREAS, the said Director of Agriculture has notified the Governor of the State of California of the aforesaid facts;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, ~~F.W.~~ Friend Richardson, Governor of the State of California, deeming it expedient to do so, by this Proclamation hereby proclaim that the regulations contained in my Proclamations of September 30, 1924 and September 18, 1925, are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following regulations shall be in force and effect on and after this Twenty-Ninth day of September, 1925:

(1) The transportation or movement into California of cattle, sheep, other ruminants and swine, from the area in Texas quarantined for foot and mouth disease by the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture is prohibited.

(2) The transportation or movement into California of cattle, sheep, other ruminants and swine from any area in Texas not under Federal quarantine for foot and mouth disease may be made only in accordance with the following conditions:

(a) Permit to transport said animals into the State of California must first be obtained from the California Department of Agriculture.

(b) Said animals shall be accompanied by said permit and also by a certificate of inspection issued by a Veterinary inspector of the U.S. Bureau of Animal Industry or by a Veterinarian whose certificate has been endorsed and countersigned by the U.S. Bureau of Animal Industry Inspector in charge of foot and mouth disease eradication in the State of Texas, certifying that said animals are free from symptoms of foot and mouth disease and have not been exposed thereto.

(c) Copy of said certificate showing names of consignor, consignee, origin and destination, number and species of animals in shipment shall be mailed to the California Department of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, on day shipment is made.

(d) Dressed carcasses of calves, sheep, and other ruminants, hides, skins and hoofs thereof, and hay, straw or similar fodder originating in the area quarantined in Texas by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Agriculture may be shipped into California only in accordance with the regulations of said Secretary of Agriculture.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, F.W. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be hereunto affixed this Twenty-Ninth Day of September, 1925.

F. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

by Frank C. Corry

Deputy

Proclamation
No 8828

Thanksgiving Day
Proclamation

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 6 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N .

In accordance with custom and the proclamation of the President of the United States, and by authority given me by Section 10 of the Political Code of California, I, FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, do hereby declare Thursday, the 26th day of November, 1925, a legal holiday and day of thanksgiving and prayer.

Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State this Fourth day of November, 1925.

Governor

By the Governor:

Secretary of State.

Deputy

683

PROCLAMATION

REGULATIONS
GENERAL DAIRY LAWS

DIRECTOR
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEC 10 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEC 10 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By ..... DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, The Revised Dairy Laws of the State of California, passed by the Legislature in 1923, require the issuance of regulations by the Department of Agriculture pertaining to certain of their provisions; and,

WHEREAS, At subsequent hearings attended by interested officials and by representatives of all branches of the industry, it was found that certain other regulations were necessary, setting forth methods of proc dure and interpretations of certain requirements of th ws in order to accomplish the purposes thereof; and,

WHEREAS, Certain advances have been made in dairy control work during the two years just passed and certain portions of the dairy laws were amended by acts of the Legislature in 1925, making revision of dairy regulations heretofore promulgated by me necessary, now,

THEREFORE, By virtue of the authority vested in the Director of Agriculture under section 21 (a) of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923 (Chapter 392, Statutes of 1923), and Section 22 of the "Pure Milk Law", Approved June 15, 1923 (Chapter 390, Statutes of 1923), I hereby proclaim the following Dairy Regulations, numbered one to fifteen, to be in force and effect in the State of California on and after this second day of November, 1925, A. D. and that all previous dairy regulations promulgated by me are hereby annulled.

D Mulloy

Director of Agriculture

REGULATION 1.

1. The phrase "Properly fed and kept" is construed to mean that milk, within the meaning of this act, must be produced from animals fed only such feeds as will not impart strong disagreeable flavors or odors to the milk or products thereof. (Mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc., when fed in such manner or quantity that the quality of milk from cows so fed is injured thereby, (tainted), are not proper feeds for milk cows and the feeding of them does not constitute proper feeding; whereas, most natural grasses, alfalfa, clover, vetch, peas, ensilage, beets, carrots, cocoanut meal, grains, etc., which are not moldy or decayed are entirely suitable for feeding animals producing milk.) All feeds must be wholesome and fed in such quantities as will nourish and not impair the health of the animals. Milk producing animals must be kept reasonably clean and must not be subjected to undue exposure so that their health is injured thereby.

2. Milk for manufacturing purposes may be graded into three classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE MILK is milk showing low dirt content, is well cooled, will pass the alcohol test, contains no undesirable flavors or odors, is below seventeen hundredths per cent acidity and contains not more than one million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

SECOND GRADE MILK is milk showing some dirt content, may have some undesirable flavors, is uncooled, shows a questionable reaction to the alcohol test, or contains more than one million

and not more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

THIRD GRADE MILK (Rejected milk) is milk that is very dirty, strong sour, contains numerous flies or other insects, gives a distinct yellow curd by the alcohol test, or contains more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination or is otherwise unfit to be manufactured into a food product.

Note - Requirements for grading market milk under the jurisdiction of approved milk inspecting departments may be found in the Pure Milk Law. See page 41.

1. Cream being defined as a portion of milk (Sec. 4 of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923) infers, and is construed to mean that the milk from which it is separated must conform to the established definitions and standards for milk.

2. Cream for manufacturing purposes may be graded into three classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE CREAM is cream that is clean, smooth, free from undesirable flavors or odors, sweet or only slightly acid, and contains at least thirty percent of butterfat.

SECOND GRADE CREAM is cream that has a high acidity, contains some undesirable flavor or odor, is slightly foamy, or is too old to pass as first grade cream.

THIRD GRADE CREAM (Rejected cream) is cream that is very strong, old, rancid, moldy, dirty, curdy, in an advanced state of fermentation, contains numerous flies or other insects, or is otherwise unwholesome.

3. In accordance with Section 4, of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923, the ratio of fat and solids not fat in cream shall be in the following proportions:

Fat, per cent.	Solids not fat, percent Not more than
18.0 to 30.0	8.0
30.1 to 35.0	7.5
35.1 to 40.0	7.0
40.1 and above	6.5

4. Whipping Cream (Pastry Cream) is cream which contains not less than thirty percent of milk fat (Sec. 3, Chapter 181, Statutes 1907). Act approved March 11, 1907 - U. S. Department of Agriculture Circular 136, subdivision 1 Bb 2.

1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 10, of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923, the following alkaline materials are approved for use in neutralization of acidity in cream for making butter:

Calcium hydroxide	(Lime water, milk of lime)
Calcium Oxide	(Quick lime)
Calcium Carbonate	(Chalk)
Magnesium Oxide	(Magnesia lime)
Sodium Bicarbonate	(Baking Soda)
Sodium Carbonate	(Soda Ash)

Others may be used on special written permit from the State Department of Agriculture.

Note - See Appendix Paragraph 1 for standard weights of butter packages.

1. Four varieties of cheese are designated by law, i.e. Cheddar, Granular, Monterey and Cottage. The establishment of other varieties is specifically authorized (Section 7 of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923). A fifth variety is hereby established to be known as "Non-standard Jack". This variety includes all cheese made in resemblance of the ordinary Monterey (or Jack) cheese as to form and size, but may contain upward of forty-two (42) percent moisture. It shall be labeled on two flat surfaces, to indicate the name; the grade, i.e. whether full cream, half skim or skim; and with the date of manufacture. This variety of cheese may not be sold to the consumer more than three weeks after the date of manufacture.

2. Special varieties and fancy cheeses may be made under written permit from the Department of Agriculture of the State of California to be sold under labels approved in writing by said Department (Section 7 of the General Dairy Laws, Approved June 15, 1923). These permits do not expire unless revoked for cause by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

3. Cottage cheese may be made from skim milk pasteurized by the system described for manufacturing milk or cream (Section 15(a), of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923).

4. Factory numbers required by the law to be assigned annually (Section 7, of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923) will be reassigned each year to each cheese factory upon application for renewal of factory license

(Section 16(a) of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923). The license and factory number issued to each cheese factory will be the same in each instance.

5. All labeling of cheese required by the law (Section 7, of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923) and this regulation, except as otherwise provided herein, shall be in plain block letters or numerals at least one-half inch in height, with stencils, stamps or labels approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Note - See Section 12, Paragraph (j) for provision relating to effacing labels.

1. Chocolate ice cream is construed to be a nut ice cream and must, therefore, contain at least eight percent of milk fat and one percent by weight of ground chocolate or cocoa.

2. Application for permit to use butter in the manufacture of ice cream shall be made annually at the time application for renewal of factory license is made, within thirty days prior to the expiration of each calendar year (Section 16(a) of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923). Such permits will be issued for one year at a time only.

3. Eggs or products of eggs, under the legal definition of ice cream (Section 8, Paragraph (a) of the General Dairy Laws of California, Approved June 15, 1923) may not be used in the manufacture of plain ice cream. Pure and wholesome eggs or egg products may, however, be used in the manufacture of special or fancy ice cream to be sold as such, under designations which declare its character, such as "Custard Ice Cream", "French Ice Cream", "Neopolitan Ice Cream", etc.

1. The use of the phrase "manufacture and sale of soft drinks under a trade name" as used in Section 9 (d) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, is construed to mean the preparation and distribution of soft drinks having milk or skim milk as a base, in a plant especially devoted to the purpose and does not apply to the mixing of milk shakes, etc., at soda fountains.

2. Pure unadulterated buttermilk may be treated with lactic acid organisms to improve its quality and sold under the designation and label, "Cultured Buttermilk."

1. The use of the phrase "manufacture and sale of soft drinks under a trade name" as used in Section 9 (d) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, is construed to mean the preparation and distribution of soft drinks having milk or skim milk as a base, in a plant especially devoted to the purpose and does not apply to the mixing of milk shakes, etc., at soda fountains.

2. Pure unadulterated buttermilk may be treated with lactic acid organisms to improve its quality and sold under the designation and label, "Cultured Buttermilk."

1. Wholesale dealers required by the provisions of Section 12 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, to keep a record of sales of oleomargarine shall once each month prepare and alphabetically arrange a list of all customers of the month just preceding, showing the total amount sold to each customer for the month, and shall forward a copy of said list to the office of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento.

1. Wholesale dealers required by the provisions of Section 12 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, to keep a record of sales of oleomargarine shall once each month prepare and alphabetically arrange a list of all customers of the month just preceding, showing the total amount sold to each customer for the month, and shall forward a copy of said list to the office of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento.

1. Two or more cows in full lactation or freshening within four months of each other, and producing milk or cream sold to the public, constitute a commercial dairy. A milk house must be provided, and other requirements of the dairy law observed. The sale of small quantities of milk from one cow producing more than enough milk to supply domestic need, may be actuated by a desire to avoid waste and not to compete with commercial dairies. Therefore a milk house may not be required, provided the milk sold is wholesome and handled in a sanitary manner.

2. The word "sterilized" as used in Section 13 (a) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, is construed to mean that the process of destroying all micro-organisms shall be carried to a point equivalent to that accomplished by subjection to water or water vapor at a temperature of 170° Fahrenheit for fifteen minutes as required by said act. Immersion in boiling water (water at 212° Fahrenheit) or subjection to superheated steam or steam under pressure for less than fifteen minutes must accomplish the same degree of efficiency reached in fifteen minutes by water or water vapor at 170° Fahrenheit. Scalding as used in the ordinary sense and which consists of rapidly pouring hot water over utensils is insufficient in that some of the surfaces, especially of tubular equipment, are frequently entirely missed and always some parts of the utensils are inadequately heated.

3. The practice of emptying and holding milk in cans

in barns, corrals, etc., where milking is done is construed to be in violation of Section 13 (a) (6) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, wherein it is required that milk must not be canned or kept in a place occupied by cows or other animals.

4. In accordance with the requirements of Section 13 (b) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the following form is adopted as the official dairy farm score card in the State of California.

1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 14 (b) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the following form is adopted as the official score card for creameries (butter plants) and cheese factories in the State of California.

2. In accordance with the requirements of Section 14 (b) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the following form is adopted as the official score card for milk plants in the State of California.

3. In accordance with the requirements of Section 14 (b) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the following form is adopted as the official card for reporting condition of miscellaneous milk product plants in the State of California.

1. Any person making application for a factory license as required by Section 16 (a) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, or the renewal thereof, shall file a properly executed affidavit in connection therewith, setting forth therein such facts as may be indicated in an appropriate form, supplied for the purpose, by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

2. Any person desiring to secure a milk and cream tester's license as required by Section 16 (b) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, shall file with the Department of Agriculture of the State of California an application in writing on an appropriate form provided for the purpose, by the said department. Each applicant shall specify the method intended to be used and for which the license is desired. Before any such "Tester's License" is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a written examination and an oral laboratory examination and demonstration of technique, sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in conducting tests on milk and cream and in each of these examinations secure a grade of at least 70%. The examination shall be adapted to the particular method of testing specified in the application. The license, if issued, shall specify the method to be used by the licensee and shall not be construed to permit tests to be made by the applicant using any other method than that specified in the license.

3. Any person desiring to secure a license to weigh or sample milk or cream or both, for testing, as required by the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, shall make application in writing, on an appropriate form supplied by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Before any such license is issued, the applicant shall have satisfactorily demonstrated his ability to take correctly, individual and composite samples which are truly representative of the lot from which the sample was taken. He shall also prove himself capable of answering intelligently any questions pertaining to his work as a sampler or weigher of milk or cream.

Rule 1. Samples

1. (a) Milk or cream to be sampled shall be stirred or mixed until uniform. Samples shall be representative and in case of composite samples shall be proportionate.

(b) Samples shall be marked for identity and in case an identification number is discontinued in any case, the same number may not be reapplied to another patron for a period of at least two months.

2. (a) Cream samples for testing shall be held in wide-mouth bottles of at least two-ounce capacity, filled to the top and closed with a tight-fitting rubber stopper or otherwise hermetically sealed in a manner approved in writing by an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

(b) Milk samples for testing may be held in the same style container specified for cream, or in milk bottles with a well-fitted paraffined milk bottle cap.

3. (a) For preserving milk samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the milk but must not exceed one percent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the sample but must not exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of milk.

(b) For preserving cream samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added if necessary but must not exceed three- tenths percent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added not to exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of cream.

(c) Composite samples must always be agitated when-

Rule 1. Samples

1. (a) Milk or cream to be sampled shall be stirred or mixed until uniform. Samples shall be representative and in case of composite samples shall be proportionate.

(b) Samples shall be marked for identity and in case an identification number is discontinued in any case, the same number may not be reapplied to another patron for a period of at least two months.

2. (a) Cream samples for testing shall be held in wide-mouth bottles of at least two-ounce capacity, filled to the top and closed with a tight-fitting rubber stopper or otherwise hermetically sealed in a manner approved in writing by an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

(b) Milk samples for testing may be held in the same style container specified for cream, or in milk bottles with a well-fitted paraffined milk bottle cap.

3. (a) For preserving milk samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the milk but must not exceed one percent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the sample but must not exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of milk.

(b) For preserving cream samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added if necessary but must not exceed three- tenths percent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added not to exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of cream.

(c) Composite samples must always be agitated when-

ever an addition is made to any such sample in order to diffuse the preservative throughout the sample.

4. (a) The licensed tester shall retain in his custody samples of all milk and cream tested by him for a period of at least forty-eight hours after the test has been completed and shall be personally responsible for their safe keeping.

(b) The management of any concern purchasing milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content must provide a cool place in which all samples may be kept for forty-eight hours by the licensed tester and in which they may be locked if such is deemed necessary by the licensed tester or an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 2. Babcock Testing

1. Test room equipment:

(a) All glassware shall be in conformity with the specifications set forth in Section 17 (c) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, and shall bear a legible and indelible distinguishing mark indicating official approval.

(b) Test bottles must be reasonably well cleaned after each using and rendered entirely free from fat.

(c) The scales or balances used in weighing the charge into cream sample bottles must be accurate and shall have a sensibility of not more than thirty milligrams.

(d) The scales or balances must be fixed in position or set on an even and level support while in use.

ever an addition is made to any such sample in order to diffuse the preservative throughout the sample.

4. (a) The licensed tester shall retain in his custody samples of all milk and cream tested by him for a period of at least forty-eight hours after the test has been completed and shall be personally responsible for their safe keeping.

(b) The management of any concern purchasing milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content must provide a cool place in which all samples may be kept for forty-eight hours by the licensed tester and in which they may be locked if such is deemed necessary by the licensed tester or an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 2. Babcock Testing

1. Test room equipment:

(a) All glassware shall be in conformity with the specifications set forth in Section 17 (c) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, and shall bear a legible and indelible distinguishing mark indicating official approval.

(b) Test bottles must be reasonably well cleaned after each using and rendered entirely free from fat.

(c) The scales or balances used in weighing the charge into cream sample bottles must be accurate and shall have a sensibility of not more than thirty milligrams.

(d) The scales or balances must be fixed in position or set on an even and level support while in use.

(e) The scales or balances must be free from vibration and draughts of air while being used.

(f) Weights for weighing cream samples must be correct within a tolerance of 10 milligrams for the nine-gram weight and 20 milligrams for the eighteen-gram weight.

(g) The pipette used for measuring milk samples shall be whole and must not have a broken tip or any portion of the delivery end removed.

(h) The centrifuge must be level, secured on a solid foundation and when in operation, free from vibration due to loose bearings or other cause.

(i) The arms of calipers or dividers, if used, must work smoothly and must be tight enough to prevent slipping at any part of the angle described by them.

2. Accuracy in weighing cream tests:

(a) Empty test bottles must be accurately balanced before receiving the charges of cream.

(b) Cream samples must be thoroughly mixed to an even consistency before being weighed into the test bottle.

(c) Cream samples when thick or lumpy must be carefully heated to a temperature that will allow thorough mixing before the charge is weighed into the test bottle and all samples must be weighed into bottles at a uniform temperature.

(d) The pipette used for filling the charge into the test bottle must be rinsed out with water at about 110° Fahrenheit between weighings. The water must be shaken or blown from the pipette. The pipette must then be rinsed with

the next sample to be weighed by drawing a portion of the sample into the pipette and discharging it before any portion of the sample is put into the test bottle.

(c) The weight of the charge of cream in the test bottle must be accurately balanced.

3. Accuracy in measuring milk tests:

(a) The sample must be thoroughly mixed before being measured into the test bottle.

(b) The samples must all be pipetted into the test bottle at a uniform temperature.

4. Mixing samples and acid:

(a) Temperatures of samples and acid shall be approximately 70° Fahrenheit when mixed.

(b) Samples and acid must be thoroughly mixed immediately after mixing is begun.

(c) Samples should be a deep chocolate color after being mixed with the proper amount of acid.

5. Operation of Centrifuge:

(a) Bottles must be properly balanced in carrier.

(b) Samples must be centrifuged three times, with addition of hot water (temperature 140° Fahrenheit or above) to the bottom of the neck after the first, and to near the top of the neck after the second centrifuging, and the length of time for whirling shall not be less than five, two and one minutes in order named above.

(c) In all testing of milk or cream when the same is received or purchased upon the basis of the amount of butter fat contained therein, the Babcock tester shall be operated

the next sample to be weighed by drawing a portion of the sample into the pipette and discharging it before any portion of the sample is put into the test bottle.

(e) The weight of the charge of cream in the test bottle must be accurately balanced.

3. Accuracy in measuring milk tests:

(a) The sample must be thoroughly mixed before being measured into the test bottle.

(b) The samples must all be pipetted into the test bottle at a uniform temperature.

4. Mixing samples and acid:

(a) Temperatures of samples and acid shall be approximately 70° Fahrenheit when mixed.

(b) Samples and acid must be thoroughly mixed immediately after mixing is begun.

(c) Samples should be a deep chocolate color after being mixed with the proper amount of acid.

5. Operation of Centrifuge:

(a) Bottles must be properly balanced in carrier.

(b) Samples must be centrifuged three times, with addition of hot water (temperature 140° Fahrenheit or above) to the bottom of the neck after the first, and to near the top of the neck after the second centrifuging, and the length of time for whirling shall not be less than five, two and one minutes in order named above.

(c) In all testing of milk or cream when the same is received or purchased upon the basis of the amount of butter fat contained therein, the Babcock tester shall be operated

at the proper speed, which is as follows:

(1) For tester with carrier cups extended, with diameter of fourteen inches, the speed shall be between eight hundred seventy-five and nine hundred twenty-five revolutions per minute.

(2) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended, with diameter of sixteen inches, the speed shall be between eight hundred twenty-five and eight hundred seventy-five revolutions per minute.

(3) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended, with diameter of eighteen inches, the speed shall be between seven hundred seventy-five and eight hundred twenty-five revolutions per minute.

(4) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended, with diameter of twenty inches, the speed shall be between seven hundred twenty-five and seven hundred seventy-five revolutions per minute.

(5) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended, with diameter of twenty-two inches, the speed shall be between seven hundred and seven hundred fifty revolutions per minute.

(6) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended, with diameter of twenty-four inches, the speed shall be between six hundred seventy-five and seven hundred twenty-five revolutions per minute.

(d) The average temperature of the centrifuge chamber when in operation shall not be below 130° Fahrenheit.

6. Reading cream tests:

(a) The color of fat columns should be a clear, golden yellow.

(b) The solution adjoining the bottom of the fat column must be clear.

(c) The fat columns must be practically free from precipitation, or foreign matter.

(d) Test bottles must be held in a hot water bath at least ten minutes before readings are commenced.

(e) Test bottles must be held perpendicular when the fat columns are measured.

(f) The meniscus at the top of the milk fat column shall be destroyed by the use of an overlying foreign oil approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, and the milk fat column shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the plane of separation between the fat column and the overlying foreign oil. The reading of the test shall be made when the temperature of the milk fat is between 130 and 140 degrees Fahrenheit.

7. Reading milk tests:

All laws, rules and regulations governing the reading of cream tests shall also apply to reading milk tests except that the meniscus on the fat column of milk tests shall not be destroyed and the fat column of tests on milk in milk test bottles shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the top of the top meniscus.

8. Keeping records of tests:

(a) All persons holding a state license to conduct tests of milk or cream shall make duplicate records of the result of such test, the original to be made with indelible pencil or India ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

(b) The forms on which test records are kept shall be obtained by the management of any concern buying milk or cream on the basis of its fat content from the Department of Agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento; or the said management may adopt a form on satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information, and submit the same to the said Department of Agriculture, whose approval in writing must be secured before said forms may be used.

(c) Each sheet shall be authenticated by the signature of the tester and marked with the date on which the tests were made.

(d) Whenever a change in the records, while still in the possession of the tester, is necessary by reason of accident or failure to properly record the test, or when a retest is made, the original entry on the records shall be market out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen without defacing the figure and the correction noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the tester which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever for any such cause, a change in the records is necessary after the duplicate test sheet has been placed in the sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made, marked with the date, and authenticated by the signature of the tester and inserted in the test record box.

(e) The original test record sheets shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made

immediately upon completion of the tests.

(f) The duplicate test record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official box supplied for the purpose by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento or made in accordance with blue print specifications obtained from said Department of Agriculture, such official test record box to be kept in the test room at all times.

9. Character of work:

A licensed tester shall not work faster than will permit thoroughness and accuracy.

10. Observation of laws, rules and regulations:

A licensed tester shall at all times understand and comply with all laws, rules and regulations governing the testing of milk or cream bought or received on the basis of the amount of milk fat contained therein, by any method or process.

Rule 3. Gerber Testing (Fucoma Equipment)

1. The Gerber test using Fucoma equipment may be used for tests on milk only (not cream), when the results obtained are to be used as a basis of payment for milk fat contained therein.

2. Licensed testers using Fucoma equipment for tests on milk must follow explicitly the instructions recommended by the manufacturer for conducting this test, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

3. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 4. Majonnier Testing

1. Licensed testers using Majonnier equipment for determining the milk fat content of milk or cream on which payment is based, must follow explicitly the current instructions for conducting the test issued by the manufacturer, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

2. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

1. Whenever it is not possible for milk products plants purchasing milk or cream direct from farmers to furnish addresses in connection with the list of patrons as required by section 20 of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, the approximate location may be given in lieu thereof by indicating the distance and direction from certain local landmarks, and it shall be the duty of all such plants to keep a record of the approximate location of all patrons, which record shall at all times durir working hours be accessible to duly authorized repre ves of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

1. Whenever a manufactured product of milk is found to be impure, unclean, unwholesome, stale, adulterated, or found to be produced, manufactured or kept in an insanitary place, by an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, he shall proceed to attach to such manufactured product or the containers thereof, in an appropriate manner, a tag or label bearing the words "California Inspected and Retained" and a copy of this regulation. Whereupon, such manufactured product of milk may not be sold or moved or transported to any other place or premises until the owner thereof has been given due notice and hearing as provided by Section 21 of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended. Whereupon, said labels shall be removed by an authorized representative of the said Department of Agriculture and the product or products so held, either released, or condemned and marked, or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as determined by such hearing.

REGULATION XIV.

1. Ungraded, raw market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than two hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count or one million bacteria by direct microscopic count, per milliliter (Section 2 (a) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923) (Section 7, pure milk law, approved June 15, 1923).

2. Ungraded, pasteurized market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than one million bacteria by official plate count or five million bacteria by direct microscopic count per milliliter before pasteurization; or when it contains more than fifty thousand bacteria by official plate count per milliliter after pasteurization.

Rule 1. Milk Inspecting Departments.

1. Every city, county, or city and county, desiring approval of a Milk Inspecting Department, shall make application for approval in writing to the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Upon receipt of said application, the said Department of Agriculture shall determine if such city, county, or city and county, is entitled to approval. If such approval is given, the said Department of Agriculture shall issue a certificate of approval to the Milk Inspecting Department, provided, such approval may be wirhdrawn should the Milk Inspecting Department later become inefficient; whereupon, the certificate of approval shall be forfeited.

2. To secure and hold such approval, a Milk Inspecting Department must:

(a) Provide a sufficient force of qualified inspectors and sufficient laboratory facilities to enforce efficiently the "Pure Milk Law" (approved June 15, 1923) and other laws and regulations relating to the grading of milk and cream. In the absence of a laboratory, arrangements may be made with a person or firm approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California to do bacteriological and other laboratory work.

(b) Provide for the physical examination, by a qualified veterinarian, of all cattle producing milk to be sold within its jurisdiction at least once every six months. A clinical examination is not necessary; however, general physical examination for manifest evidence of diseases such as enlarged glands

mastitis, pyometra, tuberculosis, open sores, ulcerated teeth, abscesses, etc., shall be conducted.

(c) Maintain the standards for the various grades of milk as established by the "Pure Milk Law" (approved June 15, 1923) and the rules and regulations hereby established.

(d) Cooperate in the holding of official surprise milk scoring contests whenever requested to do so by a duly authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

(e) Comply with the rules and regulations herein set forth.

Rule 2. Inspectors.

1. No dairy inspector appointed under the provision of the "Pure Milk Law" (approved June 15, 1923) shall accept any compensation, directly or indirectly, for any advice rendered to any dairyman, nor shall any such inspector be the agent for, or be interested in, any firm or corporation selling or handling, any supplies used by dairymen, creameries or other factories of dairy products.

2. The inspectors whose duty it will be to participate in the enforcement of the "Pure Milk Law" (approved June 15, 1923) and other laws pertaining to the grading of milk and cream, shall have passed a Civil Service Examination given either by the Civil Service Commission of the city or county in which the Milk Inspecting Department is situated, or by the State Civil Service Commission. Such examination, if given by a city, county, or city and county, shall be of equal or

higher standard than that given by the State Civil Service Commission for the position of dairy inspector; provided, that all persons holding the position of dairy inspector in any city, county, or city and county, for a period of six months prior to the first day of October, 1914, and performing the duty of such office to the satisfaction of the Board of Health of such city, or county, during that time, shall not be required to take the said examination. In the event that the inspector has not taken the Civil Service Examination at the time of his appointment, the qualifications of such inspector shall be determined by an examination conducted by the Bureau of Dairy Control of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require the health officer of the state, or of any county, or city, to take an examin tion before being qualified to inspect dairies, milk plants, creameries, cheese factories, or any other factory where milk products are handled; and nothing in these rules shall be construed to interfere with the inspection of such places by employes of the State Board of Health when an epidemic of any communicable disease is prevalent.

Rule 3. Inspection.

1. Inspection shall consist of laboratory examinations of the products and adequate supervision of the equipment and methods of the various producers and distributors.

2. Samples of retail milk for bacteriological and chemical examination shall be taken in original containers direct from delivery wagons, dairies, milk plants, or other

places of business at least once every two weeks at irregular intervals and without previous notice to any producer or distributor. Additional samples of milk retailed at stores, etc., shall be taken as frequently as conditions will permit. Samples shall be taken from stores in all cases where complaint is made regarding the condition of same. Special attention shall be directed to the temperature at which store samples are kept. Samples of wholesale milk for bacteriological examination shall be taken at time of arrival at the milk plant at least once a month. The term "wholesale milk" is construed to mean milk from a producer who sells his product to a distributor and shall not be construed to include the wholesaler of the finished product to restaurants, stores, bakeries, etc. All milk samples shall be kept at a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit until plated. Laboratory technique shall be in accordance with the "Standard Methods of the American Public Health Association for Milk Analysis". The direct microscopic count of bacteria (Breed Method) is recognized as a standard of official technique where used for judging the quality of unpasteurized milk.

3. Dairy farms shall be inspected at least six times a year. Pasteurizing plants shall be inspected at least once every two weeks. Plants of producer-distributors of raw milk shall be inspected at least once each month. Scores on the methods and equipment of dairy farms or products plants shall be made at least twice a year. Visits of inspectors shall be unannounced and at irregular intervals. Pasteurizing equipment shall be given special attention and recording thermometers tested for accuracy at least once every two weeks.

4. All persons engaged in handling milk, either before or after pasteurization, shall be required to exercise scrupulous cleanliness and must not harbor the germs of typhoid fever, tuberculosis, diphtheria, or other communicable diseases liable to be conveyed through the milk. Absence of such communicable disease may be determined by cultures and physical examination to the satisfaction of the local health officer or milk inspecting department.

5. Each dairy or distributor of milk and cream shall be kept informed of the results of the laboratory examinations and scoring of their individual products and equipment. On the basis of these determinations the inspecting departments shall issue written authorization to each person or concern who desires to sell milk under its jurisdiction; provided, that authorization shall be revoked in every case when the product or equipment of any person or concern does not consistently meet the requirements of the "Pure Milk Law" or of the rules and regulations for its enforcement.

6. In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained, the milk inspecting department shall make at least three recounts within a period of two weeks in addition to the routine milk examination, whereupon, if the count is persistently high and the average count obtained during the two weeks period exceeds that established by the "Pure Milk Law" such milk may be degraded, or, at the option of the milk inspecting department, excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded by this procedure, such product shall not be re-established at its

previous standing for a period of at least four weeks during which time it must have met the requirements of the "Pure Milk Law" as determined by official counts. All recounts are considered as official samples in computing final milk scores.

7. All publications or public statements relating to the quality of milk or cream, or the condition of dairies or milk plants, shall be expressed in terms of percentage, one hundred being considered perfect. In rating milk or cream this percentage shall be based on an average of results obtained by the examination of at least four samples taken at intervals of at least a week. In no case shall publication of numbers of bacteria be made. The method used for computing milk scores for publication shall be approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 4. Standards.

1. The standards for the various grades of milk shall be those established by the "Pure Milk Law" (approved June 15, 1923) and in addition the following requirements with respect to cooling.

(a) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed twice a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 60° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow and so maintained until delivery to consumers.

(b) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed once a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maintained at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivery to the consumer.

(c) Grade "A" raw milk bottled at a distributing plant must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maintained at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivered to the consumer.

(d) Grade "A" milk for pasteurization must be cooled immediately after being drawn from the cow to as low a temperature as practical and so maintained until delivery to the plant. After pasteurization, milk must be cooled to a temperature of 50° Fahrenheit or below, and so maintained until delivery to the consumer.

2. A milking shed or barn with tight, non-absorbent cleanable floors shall be required of each dairy producing graded milk, such milking shed or barn to be acceptable to the local inspecting department under whose juriddiction the dairy is conducted.

Rule 5. Labeling.

1. Graded market milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define the grade:

Certified Milk	Grade "A" Raw Milk
Guaranteed Raw Milk	Grade "A" Pasteurized Milk
Guaranteed Pasteurized Milk	Grade "B" Pasteurized Milk

(b) Name of producer or distributor.

(c) Address of producer or distributor.

2. Ungraded milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define the

Market Milk Raw
Market Milk Pasteurized

(b) Name of producer or distributor.

(c) Address of producer or distributor.

3. Special designating words such as "Inspected Milk", "Extra Quality Milk", "Purity Guaranteed", "Special Baby Milk", etc., must not be used. (Pure Milk Law, approved June 15, 1923, Section 20.)

4. The words "whipping cream" or "table cream" constitute the name of a product and may be used for labeling market cream. Otherwise, the requirements for labeling market cream are the same as those relating to market milk.

Note - For the definition and minimum fat required for whipping or pastry cream, see Regulation II Par. 4.

Note - For further information relative to these rules, address inquiries to Bureau of Dairy Control, State Department of Agriculture, Sacramento.

684

Proclamation
210
Re Oriental Fruit Moth

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 24 1915
FRANK C. JORDAN, SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank W. McCann DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 46

Pertaining to Oriental Fruit Moth

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to peach trees and fruit and other trees and fruit known as the Oriental fruit moth (Laspeyresia molesta, Busck) new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the state of California, exists in the states of New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas and Indiana, and in the District of Columbia, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory, and that all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees and plants and fresh fruits thereof, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers of these fruits are liable to be carriers of said Oriental fruit moth into the state of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the said Oriental fruit moth into the state of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the state of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the state of California, against said Oriental fruit moth, and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear, and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets or other containers that have been used to contain these fruits, imported, shipped or brought from said infested territory, and, further, no such trees or plants or portions thereof, including the fresh fruits, and no containers used for such fruits as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets or other used containers of these

fruits, arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be refused admittance into the state of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the state of California.

This order shall take effect immediately.

R. Kleg

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: H. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Issued: December 24, 1925

685

Proclamation
711
Re Sweet Potato Weevil

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEC 24 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Curry
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 5 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 35

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.) exists in the County of Jackson, State of [illegible]; in the County of George, State of Mississippi; [illegible] in the County of Jefferson, State [illegible].

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the said sweet potato weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 35 be [illegible] made to apply and do [illegible] to the parts of that territory [illegible] County of Jackson, State of [illegible] Court [illegible] that territory known as the [illegible], and to all [illegible] the County of Jefferson, State [illegible] in addition to and including [illegible] counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 35.

[illegible] is amended accordingly.

G. H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

C. C. Young

Governor of the State of California

Issued: December 24, 1925

686

Proclamation
ed No 312

Removing quarantine from
Texas a/c Foot & Mouth disease

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEC 30 1925

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
December 30, 1925

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that foot and mouth disease does not now exist in the State of Texas, and therefore the regulations governing the movements of animals from that state contained in my Proclamation of September 29, 1925, are no longer necessary to protect the health of animals in the State of California; and

WHEREAS, The said Director of Agriculture has notified the Governor of California of the aforesaid facts;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, Governor of California, deeming it expedient to do so, by this Proclamation hereby revoke the regulations contained in my Proclamation of September 29, 1925.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, Friend Wm. Richardson, as Governor of the State of California, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be hereunto affixed this Thirtieth Day of December, 1925.

Friend W. Richardson
Governor of the State of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan Secretary of State
Robert C. Jordan
RH Deputy Secretary of State.

687

Proclamation
No 213

Revoking from quarantine
Tuolumne & Calaveras Cos
& ~~Solano~~ marking new
Boundaries

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEC 31 [illegible]

FRANK ~~C.~~ JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

P R O C L A M A T I O N

January 1, 1926.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California that the destructive infectious disease of animals, known as foot and mouth disease, no longer exists in those parts of Tuolumne and Mariposa Counties lying outside of the Stanislaus National Forest, and those parts of Calaveras and Alpine Counties lying within said Forest, and that part of Tuolumne County situated north of the middle fork of the Stanislaus River within said Forest; and

WHEREAS, The said disease has been brought under such control in the remainder of the Stanislaus National Forest that the regulations contained in the Proclamation of June 5, 1925, may be safely modified;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, G. H. Hecke, Director of Agriculture by and with the approval of the Governor, do on the First day of January, 1926, revoke the quarantine regulations of June 5, 1925, and in lieu thereof do hereby quarantine those portions of Tuolumne and Mariposa Counties lying within the Stanislaus National Forest south of the middle fork of the Stanislaus River for the purpose of preventing the possible further spread of said disease, and do further proclaim and prescribe that the following regulations shall govern the movements of certain animals and other certain products from, into, or from place to place within said quarantined area.

(a) The driving or transporting of cattle, sheep, other ruminants and swine from, into or from place to place

within those portions of Tuolumne and Mariposa Counties lying within the Stanislaus National Forest south of the middle fork of the Stanislaus River is hereby prohibited unless a written permit has first been obtained from a duly authorized inspector and in accordance with the provisions thereof.

(b) The carrying or transporting of animal hides, hair, bones or wool, hay or straw, from those portions of Tuolumne and Mariposa Counties lying within the Stanislaus National Forest south of the middle fork of the Stanislaus River is hereby prohibited unless a written permit is first obtained from a duly authorized inspector and in accordance with the provisions thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, G. H. Hecke, as Director of Agriculture of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim these quarantine regulations to be legal and binding regulations within the said quarantined areas of the State of California; and I do further proclaim that said regulations shall be maintained and enforced within said areas and that a violation thereof shall subject any and all persons so violating any of said regulations to the penalties provided for in section six of that said act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An act to amend section six of an act entitled "An act to protect domestic livestock fron contagious and infectious diseases, to prescribe the duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, to provide for the appointment of a veterinarian, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases,

to provide for the appointment and duties of officials to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to provide an appropriation therefor,' approved March 18, 1899, as amended," approved June 3, 1921, and to add two new sections to be numbered four a and seven respectively, relating to the control and eradication of certain destructive infectious diseases of animals whenever discovered in this state; providing for the payment for animals and property destroyed in order to suppress certain destructive infectious diseases; providing for penalties for violation of the provisions of this act, and declaring the urgency of said act, approved May 22, 1925."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of this Department to be hereunto affixed this First day of January, A. D., 1926.

R. Klein
Director of Agriculture

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.
by Frank C. Cory
Deputy

APPROVED
C. C. Richardson
Governor of California.

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 13 1926

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

February 13 1926.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, it is a fact that citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri Ashm.) is known to exist in a certain portion of the State of California, hereinafter described, and the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture of the State of California upon careful investigation and survey that citrus white fly does exist in a certain district in the State of California, hereinafter described, and

WHEREAS, the fact has been established that said citrus white fly constitutes a menace to the citrus industry of the State of California, and that this said species of citrus white fly is known to be destructive to citrus and other certain plants upon which said citrus white fly is known to feed, and

WHEREAS, the presence of said citrus white fly has engaged the attention of the State Legislature, causing said Legislature to provide for the destruction of any and all citrus white flies, their eggs, larvae or pupae in any district where same are or may be found, and

WHEREAS, in order to destroy this said citrus white fly within that certain district hereinafter described, it becomes necessary to destroy or otherwise treat such host plants which are infested with citrus white fly or when there is reasonable cause to presume are infested with citrus white fly;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, G. H. HECKE, Director of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An act to provide for the eradication of citrus white fly in California by providing for the establishment by proclamation of citrus white fly districts, declaring certain plants within such citrus white fly districts to be a public nuisance; providing for the destruction or treatment of such host plants, defining the powers and duties of the director of the department of agriculture and of the county horticulture commissioners in relation to the provisions of this act, and making an appropriation for the enforcement of this act", approved May 23, 1925, otherwise designated as Chapter 474, Statutes of 1925, do, by this proclamation, hereby proclaim and declare that citrus white fly is known to exist and does exist in that portion of the State of California which is on this date included in the official city limits of the City of Sacramento, State of California, and that said portion of the State of

California which is on this date included in the official city limits of said City of Sacramento, to be a citrus white fly district.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of this Department to be hereunto affixed this ~~fourteenth~~ 14th day of February, A. D. 1926.

Attest

R. H. Hecke
Director of Agriculture

Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy

215689

Proclamation

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 5 - 1926

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [signature] DEPUTY

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
EXECUTIVE OFFICE
SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 6 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 35

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil.

The fact having been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.) does not exist in the counties of Pike and Amite, state of Mississippi, Quarantine Order No. 35 is hereby amended to permit the entry into the state of California of all sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus sp.) and yams (Dioscorea sp.) grown, packed and stored in the counties of Pike and Amite, state of Mississippi, subject to the provisions of Regulation 2 of Quarantine Order No. 35.

Quarantine Order No. 35 is amended accordingly.

R. Mead

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

C. W. Richardson

Governor of the State of California

Issued: March 5, 1924

2690

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 24 1923

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

AMENDMENT NO. 11 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus postieus, Gyll.), exists in the County of Mineral, State of Nevada.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to further prevent the introduction of the alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34 be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders to all parts of that territory known as the County of Mineral, State of Nevada, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 34.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: May 24, 1926

691

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUL 6 - 1923

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, Friend Wm. Richardson, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 31st day of August, 1926, in the Second Congressional District of this State, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John E. Raker in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from the Second Congressional District of this state, for the unexpired portion of the term thereof, commencing March 4, 1925.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten thousand dollars.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of July, 1926.

Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

BY Frank M. Coz

Deputy

692

Woodland, Yolo County,
[illegible]

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUL 6 - 1923

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE.
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, Friend Wm. Richardson, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 31st day of August, 1926, in the Fifth Congressional District of this State, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Lawrence J. Flaherty in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from the Fifth Congressional District of this State, for the unexpired portion of the term thereof, commencing March 4, 1925.

AND I HEREBY offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of July, 1926.

Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

BY Frank L. Carr

Deputy

693

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUL 24 1926

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Coury
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
AND PEST CONTROL
W C JACOBSEN CHIEF

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 12 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 34

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Until March 1, 1927, that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 34, provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 34 and offered for entry into California from that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 34 is amended accordingly

R. Howell
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C. Wm. Lanham
Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 24, 1926

694

Proclamation

Bill [illegible]

November 2-19-26

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OCT 1 - 1926

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Election Proclamation

Executive Department
State of California

I, FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a General Election will be held throughout this State on **TUESDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1926,** at which the following offices are to be filled:

United States Senator;

Representative to the Congress of the United States from each of the eleven congressional districts of the State;

Governor;

Lieutenant Governor;

Secretary of State;

Controller;

Treasurer;

Attorney General;

Surveyor General;

Member of the State Board of Equalization from each of the four equalization districts of the State;

Superintendent of Public Instruction;

State Senator from each of the following twenty senatorial districts of the State: **Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-eighth, Fortieth;**

Member of the Assembly from each of the eighty assembly districts of the State;

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court (full term).

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court (unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the resignation of Louis W. Myers);

Two Associate Justices of the Supreme Court (full term);

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court (unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by the death of Thomas J. Lennon);

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court (unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the death of Wm. P. Lawlor);

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court (unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the resignation of Wm. H. Waste);

Presiding Justice, District Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division One (full term);

Associate Justice, District Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division One (unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by the resignation of J. W. Curtis);

Associate Justice, District Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District (full term);

Judges of the Superior Court in each of the following respective counties of the State, the number of judges to be elected and the terms thereof being specified as follows:

Alameda (three—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the death of George E. Samuels);

Alpine (one—full term);

Amador (one—full term);

Butte (one—full term);

Calaveras (one—full term);

Colusa (one—full term);

Contra Costa (two—full term);

Del Norte (one—full term);

El Dorado (one—full term);

Fresno (one unexpired term ending January 7, 1929. Vacancy caused by the resignation of J. E. Woolley);

Humboldt (two—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the death of George D. Murray);

Imperial (two—full term);

Inyo (one—full term);

Kern (two—full term);

Lake (one—full term);

Lassen (one—full term);

Los Angeles (ten—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by resignation of L. H. Valentine. One unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by resignation of John M. York. One unexpired term ending January 7, 1929. Vacancy caused by resignation of John Perry Wood);

Marin (one—full term);

Mariposa (one—full term);

Mendocino (one—full term);

Merced (one—full term)

Modoc (one—full term)

Mono (one—full term);

Monterey (one—full term);

Napa (one—full term);

Nevada (one—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by resignation of George L. Jones);

Orange (two—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by resignation of R. Y. Williams. One unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by resignation of F. C. Drumm);

Placer (one—full term);

Plumas (one—full term);

Sacramento (three—full term);

San Benito (one—full term);

San Bernardino (one—full term);

San Diego (three—full term);

San Francisco (eight—full term);

San Joaquin (two—full term);

San Luis Obispo (one—full term);

San Mateo (one—full term);

Santa Barbara (one—full term);

Santa Clara (two—full term);

Santa Cruz (one—full term);

Sierra (one—full term);

Siskiyou (one—full term);

Solano (one—full term);

Sonoma (two full term);

Stanislaus (one—full term);

Sutter (one—full term);

Tehama (one—full term);

Trinity (one—full term);

Tulare (one unexpired term ending January 7, 1929. Vacancy caused by the death of W. B. Wallace);

Tuolumne (one—full term);

Ventura (one—full term);

Yolo (one—full term);

Yuba (one—full term),

the regular terms and the unexpired terms thereof being such as are prescribed by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

Also, such other state and county, township, district, or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I also proclaim that at said election there will be submitted to the vote of the electors the following act and resolution of the Legislature providing for the issuance of bonds of the State of California for the purposes therein specified:

VETERANS' WELFARE BOND ACT OF 1925.

An act authorizing the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the single object of creating a fund to provide farm and home aid for veterans in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act, approved May 30, 1921, and of any and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto; creating a veterans' welfare finance committee; defining the powers and duties of said committee and of the veterans welfare board and other state offices in respect to the administration of the provisions hereof; providing ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such principal matures; appropriating money for the expense of preparing and of advertising the sale of bonds therein authorized to be issued; and providing for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, one thousand nine hundred twenty-six.

BONDS FOR STATE BUILDINGS AND UNIVERSITY BUILDINGS

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the constitution of said state, by adding to article sixteen thereof a new section to be numbered four, authorizing the issuance and sale of eight thousand five hundred bonds of the State of California in the denomination of one thousand dollars each, authorizing the disposition of the proceeds of the sale of said bonds for certain purposes, and approving, adopting, legalizing, validating and making fully and completely effective the California state buildings and state university buildings bonds act of 1925 as passed by the senate and assembly at the forty-sixth session of the legislature and approved by the governor.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, initiative and referendum measures as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

And I do hereby offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten thousand dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this first day of October, 1926.

Friend Wm Richardson

FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON,
Governor

Attest: **FRANK C. JORDAN,**
Secretary of State

By FRANK H. CORY,
Deputy

Frank H Cory
Deputy

47370 8-26 100

695

Resolution
No 221

Supplemental Proclamation
Calling general Election
November 2nd 1926

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary
OF THE STATE of Nevada

OCT 8 - 1926

FRANK C. JONES
Secretary of State
By Frank A. Cory
Deputy

AMENDED

Election Proclamation

Executive Department
State of California

I, FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a General Election will be held throughout this State on **TUESDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1926,** at which the following offices are to be filled:

United States Senator;

Representative to the Congress of the United States from each of the eleven congressional districts of the State;

Governor;

Lieutenant Governor;

Secretary of State;

Controller;

Treasurer;

Attorney General;

Surveyor General;

Member of the State Board of Equalization from each of the four equalization districts of the State;

Superintendent of Public Instruction;

State Senator from each of the following twenty senatorial districts of the State: **Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-eighth, Fortieth;**

Member of the Assembly from each of the eighty assembly districts of the State;

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court (full term).

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court (unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the resignation of Louis W. Myers);

Two Associate Justices of the Supreme Court (full term);

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court (unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by the death of Thomas J. Lennon);

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court (unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the death of Wm. P. Lawlor);

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court (unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the resignation of Wm. H. Waste);

Presiding Justice, District Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division One (full term);

Associate Justice District Court of Appeal, First Appellate District, Div. 1, (Full Term)

Associate Justice, District Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division One (unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by the resignation of J. W. Curtis);

Associate Justice, District Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District (full term);

Judges of the Superior Court in each of the following respective counties of the State, the number of judges to be elected and the terms thereof being specified as follows:

Alameda (three—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the death of George E. Samuels);

Alpine (one—full term);

Amador (one—full term);

Butte (one—full term);

Calaveras (one—full term);

Colusa (one—full term);

Contra Costa (two—full term);

Del Norte (one—full term);

El Dorado (one—full term);

Fresno (one unexpired term ending January 7, 1929. Vacancy caused by the resignation of J. E. Woolley);

Humboldt (two—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by the death of George D. Murray);

Imperial (two—full term);

Inyo (one—full term);

Kern (two—full term);

Lake (one—full term);

Lassen (one—full term);

Los Angeles (ten—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by resignation of L. H. Valentine. One unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by resignation of John M. York. One unexpired term ending January 7, 1929. Vacancy caused by resignation of John Perry Wood);

Marin (one—full term);

Mariposa (one—full term);

Mendocino (one—full term);

Merced (one—full term)

Modoc (one—full term)

Mono (one—full term);

Monterey (one—full term);

Napa (one—full term);

Nevada (one—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by resignation of George L. Jones);

Orange (two—full term), and (one unexpired term ending January 3, 1927. Vacancy caused by resignation of R. Y. Williams. One unexpired term ending January 5, 1931. Vacancy caused by resignation of F. C. Drumm);

Placer (one—full term);

Plumas (one—full term);

Sacramento (three—full term);

San Benito (one—full term);

San Bernardino (one—full term);

San Diego (three—full term);

San Francisco (eight—full term);

San Joaquin (two—full term);

San Luis Obispo (one—full term);

San Mateo (one—full term);

Santa Barbara (one—full term);

Santa Clara (two—full term);

Santa Cruz (one—full term);

Sierra (one—full term);

Siskiyou (one—full term);

Solano (one—full term);

Sonoma (two full term);

Stanislaus (one—full term);

Sutter (one—full term);

Tehama (one—full term);

Trinity (one—full term);

Tulare (one unexpired term ending January 7, 1929. Vacancy caused by the death of W. B. Wallace);

Tuolumne (one—full term);

Ventura (one—full term);

Yolo (one—full term);

Yuba (one—full term).

the regular terms and the unexpired terms thereof being such as are prescribed by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

Also, such other state and county, township, district, or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I also proclaim that at said election there will be submitted to the vote of the electors the following act and resolution of the Legislature providing for the issuance of bonds of the State of California for the purposes therein specified:

VETERANS' WELFARE BOND ACT OF 1925.

An act authorizing the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the single object of creating a fund to provide farm and home aid for veterans in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act, approved May 30, 1921, and of any and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto; creating a veterans' welfare finance committee; defining the powers and duties of said committee and of the veterans welfare board and other state offices in respect to the administration of the provisions hereof; providing ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such principal matures; appropriating money for the expense of preparing and of advertising the sale of bonds therein authorized to be issued; and providing for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, one thousand nine hundred twenty-six.

BONDS FOR STATE BUILDINGS AND UNIVERSITY BUILDINGS

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the constitution of said state, by adding to article sixteen thereof a new section to be numbered four, authorizing the issuance and sale of eight thousand five hundred bonds of the State of California in the denomination of one thousand dollars each, authorizing the disposition of the proceeds of the sale of said bonds for certain purposes, and approving, adopting, legalizing, validating and making fully and completely effective the California state buildings and state university buildings bonds act of 1925 as passed by the senate and assembly at the forty-sixth session of the legislature and approved by the governor.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, initiative and referendum measures as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

And I do hereby offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten thousand dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this second day of October, 1926.

FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON,
Governor

Attest: FRANK C. JORDAN,
Secretary of State

By FRANK H. CORY,
Deputy

47370 9-26 100

Exhibit C

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OCT 14 1926

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Convening the Legislature in Extraordinary Session.

WHEREAS, an extraordinary occasion has arisen and now exists requiring that the Legislature of the State of California be convened; now, therefore

I, Friend Wm. Richardson, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by Section 9 of Article V of the Constitution of the State of California, do hereby convene the Legislature of the State of California to meet and assemble in extraordinary session at the State Capitol at Sacramento, California, on Friday, the 22nd of October, 1926, at the hour of 10:00 o'clock a.m., for the following purpose, and none other:

To adopt the following joint resolution of the Senate and Assembly relative to approving the Colorado River Compact:

"WHEREAS, the Legislatures of the States of California, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah and Wyoming heretofore have approved the Colorado River Compact signed by the commissioners of the said states and the State of Arizona and approved by Herbert Hoover as the Representative of the United States of America, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, November 24, 1922 (Chapter 17 of Concurrent and Joint Resolutions, Statutes of California 1923), and notice of the approval by the Legislature of each of said approving

Executive Department

State of California

states has been given by the Governor to the governors of the other signatory states and to the President of the United States as required by Article XI of said compact; now, therefore be it

"RESOLVED by the Assembly and Senate of the State of California, jointly, that the provisions of the first paragraph of Article XI of the Colorado River Compact, making said compact effective when it shall have been approved by the Legislature of each of the signatory states, are hereby waived and said compact shall become binding and obligatory upon the State of California and upon the other signatory states which have ratified, or may hereafter ratify it, whenever at least six of the signatory states shall have consented thereto and the Congress of the United States shall have given its consent and approval; provided, however, that this act shall be of no force and effect until a similar act or resolution shall have been passed or adopted by the Legislatures of the states of Wyoming, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, and Utah and the President of the United States by public proclamation shall have so declared; and be it further

"RESOLVED that Assembly Joint Resolution No. 15 passed by the Legislature of 1925 (Chapter 33, Concurrent and Joint Resolutions, Statutes of 1925), and any and all other acts or resolutions inconsistent herewith be and they are hereby repealed and rescinded; and be it further

Executive Department

State of California

"RESOLVED that this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage."

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed thereto the Great Seal of the State of California at Sacramento this 14th day of October, 1926.

C. C. Richardson
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Frank A. Casey
Deputy



Proc 697

Proclamation

By Governor [illegible]

Thursday, November 25, 1926

Thanksgiving Day

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 16 1926

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In accordance with custom and the proclamation of the President of the United States, and by the authority given me by Section 10 of the Political Code of California, I, FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON, Governor of the State of California, do hereby declare Thursday, the 25th day of November, 1926, a legal holiday and day of thanksgiving and prayer.

Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State this 16th day of November, 1926.

Governor.

By the Governor:

Secretary of State.

Deputy.

Index 698

Partnership
No 234

Petition for Dissolution of Partnership and for Distribution of Assets of Deceased Partner.

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 27 1926
FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Ruth Jordan

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, FRIEND W. RICHARDSON, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 24th day of February, 1927, in the Seventy-seventh Assembly District of this State to fill the vacancy in the office of Member of the Assembly from said Seventy-seventh Assembly District, caused by the death of Assemblyman Alfred C. Murray.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000)



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 27th day of December, 1926.

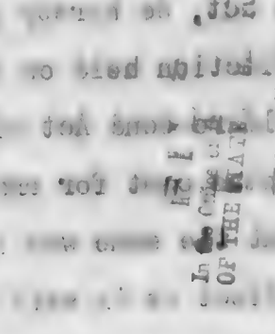
Friend W. Richardson

Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

699



Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Of Passage of Veterans' Welfare Bond

Act of 1925.

Whereas, there was submitted to the voters of this State at the General Election held in the State of California on Nove - 2, 1926, a proposed law, being

> "An ac thorizing the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the single object of creating a fund to provide farm and home aid for veterans in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act, approved May 30, 1921, and of any and all acts amendadory thereof or supplemental thereto; creating a veterans' welfare finance committee; defining the powers and duties of said committee and of the veterans welfare board and other state offices in respect to the administration of the provisions hereof; providing ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability of liabilities, as such principal matures; appropriating money for the expense of preparing and of advertising the sale of bonds herein authoized to be issued; and providing for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, one thousand nine hundred twenty-six;" and

Whereas, the votes cast for and against said act have been counted, returned and canvassed and it appears from a certificate made by the Secretary of State on

Executive Department

State of California

December 10, 1926, that there were cast for said act, known and cited as "Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1925", 705,398 votes and there were cast against said act, 219,230 votes;

Now, therefore, I, FRIEND WM. RICHARDSON, GOVERNOR of the STATE of CALIFORNIA, in pursuance of the provisions of Section 16 of said act, do hereby proclaim and declare that at the General Election held on November 2, 1926, the said Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1925 received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at the said election, and that the same was legally approved and adopted and has the effect as in said act provided; and

I further proclaim and declare that the said Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1925 shall be and is irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities therein created shall be paid and discharged.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this _____ day of December, 1926.

Governor of California.

Attest: _____
Secretary of State.

_____
Deputy.

700

In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEC 30 1926

FRANK C. J[illegible]

By [illegible]

Executive Department

State of California

D I R E C T I O N

To the State Treasurer

Under Section 7, Veterans' Welfare

Bond Act of 1925.

To Honorable Charles G. Johnson, State Treasurer:

Whereas, an act, known and designated as the "Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1925", was duly and regularly adopted and approved at the General Election held in this State on November 2, 1926, and said act is now in full force and effect; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, as in said act provided, did, on November 17, 1926, duly adopt a resolution authorizing and directing the State Treasurer to prepare 2,500 one thousand ($1000.00) dollar bonds of the aggregate par value of two million five hundred thousand ($2,500,000.00) dollars; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Board at its regular meeting held on December 13, 1926, regularly adopted a resolution requesting the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee to authorize the issuance and sale of bonds of the aggregate par value of two million five hundred thousand ($2,500,000.00) dollars; and

Whereas, the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, upon examination, approved the plans and projects of the said Veterans' Welfare Board and determined the necessity and desirability for the issuance of bonds of

Executive Department

State of California

the [illegible] two million five hundred thousand [illegible] provisions of said act, [illegible] 519, Statutes of 19[illegible]; [illegible] said bonds be sold on [illegible]; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare [illegible], [illegible] resolution [illegible], 19[illegible], [illegible], as Governor, to direct [illegible], as State Treasurer, to sell at public auction Veterans' Welfare [illegible], [illegible] red one to [illegible], [illegible];

[illegible], do hereby approve the said resolution [illegible] Veterans' Welfare Board, which is at[illegible], [illegible] pursuant to the provisions of Section 7 of the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 19[illegible], I hereby direct that you, as State Treasurer, on [illegible], sell at public auction to the highest bidder [illegible], in accordance with the provisions of said bond act, Veterans' Welfare bonds numbered one to twenty-five hundred, both inclusive, of the par value of one thousand ([illegible]) dollars, each, and of the aggregate par value of two million five hundred thousand ($2,500,000.00) dollars, as [illegible] of the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, the proceeds from the sale of which said bonds shall be not less than the aggregate par value thereof, plus interest which has

Executive Department

State of California

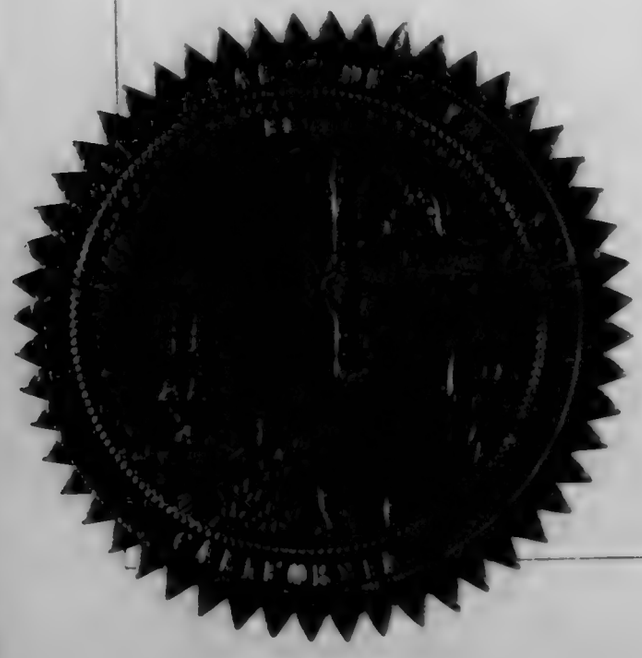
accrued thereon between the date of sale and the last preceding interest maturity date; and such proceeds from the sale of said bonds shall be placed in the Veterans' Farm and Home Building Fund as provided in said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee resolution and by the resolution of the Veterans' Welfare Board hereinabove referred to.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this 30th day of December, 1926.

C. C. Richardson
Governor of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By Robert C. Jordan
Deputy.



701

Proclamation
No. 227

Pertaining to Citrus Canker

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JAN 26 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. McCarty
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
EXECUTIVE OFFICE SACRAMENTO

Quarantine Order No. 1. (New Series)
(With regulations)

Pertaining to Citrus Canker

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous disease of citrus plants and citrus fruits known as citrus canker (Pseudomonas citri, Hasse), not known to occur in California, exists in several states of the United States and that citrus plants and parts thereof and citrus fruits are liable to be carriers of said disease into the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said citrus canker into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus canker, all varieties of citrus fruits, and citrus plants and parts thereof, including buds and scions and citrus seeds imported, shipped or brought from any state or territory of the United States other than the State of Arizona; and no such citrus fruits or citrus plants or parts thereof or citrus seeds shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Citrus seeds may be imported into the State of California only when a permit has been issued by the Director of Agriculture. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of citrus seeds shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the citrus seeds were grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the treatment which shall be given citrus seeds as a condition of entry of seeds for which permit is requested.

Regulation 2. All shipments of citrus seeds admissible under the foregoing regulation must be held by the common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

Regulation 3. Any and all shipments of citrus fruits and citrus plants and parts thereof, including buds, scions and seeds, except as provided for in Regulation 1, arriving in California from any state or territory of the United States, other than the State of Arizona, shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. Any and all citrus fruits, citrus plants or parts thereof, including buds, scions and seeds, imported, or in any other manner brought or carried into the State of California from any state or territory of the United States except the State of Arizona, whether as ship's stores, dining car stores, private car stores or otherwise, shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents, such disposition to be made under the supervision and direction of the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

Regulation 5. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles, baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects and camping implements, arriving in California from any state or territory of the United States shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle or baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects or camping implements may arrive, until it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from all varieties of citrus fruits and citrus plants, and parts thereof, including buds, scions and seeds.

The admissability into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order shall take effect immediately.

H. H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture.

Approved:

H. J. Haug

Governor of the State of California.

Issued:

702 Indexe

Proclamation
No 228

Pertaining to Chestnut
Bark Disease

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JAN 26 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Coury

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

Quarantine Order No. 2. (New Series)

Pertaining to Chestnut Bark Disease.

WHEREAS the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the chestnut bark disease (Endothia parasitica), not known to occur in the State of California exists in several states of the United States, and that all varieties and species of chestnut and chinquapin trees (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) are liable to be carriers of this disease.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the chestnut bark disease (Endothia parasitica) into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is, hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all trees and plants and parts thereof, including grafts, cuttings or scions, of all species and varieties of chestnut and chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) imported, shipped, or brought from any and all states and districts of the United States east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, and no trees or plants or parts thereof, including grafts, cuttings or scions, of any species or variety of chestnut or chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) from the aforementioned area shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all trees, plants, grafts, cuttings or scions of any species or variety of chestnut or chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) arriving in California from any state or district east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order shall take effect immediately.

E. W. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED:

703

Proclamation
No 229
Pertaining to Eastern
Filbert Blight

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JAN 26 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Coup
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Quarantine Order No.4. (New Series)

Pertaining to Eastern Filbert Blight.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the eastern filbert blight (Cryptosporella anomala(Pk.) Sacc.) new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in several states of the United States, and that all varieties and species of the cultivated filbert tree and the American wild hazel (Corylus americana) tree are known to be carriers of this disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the eastern filbert blight (Cryptosporella anomala (Pk.) Sacc.) into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all trees, plants, grafts, cuttings, or scions of all species and varieties of the cultivated filbert or hazelnut and the American wild hazel (Corylus americana) imported, shipped, or brought from any and all states and districts of the United States east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, and no trees, plants, grafts, cuttings, or scions of any species or variety of cultivated filbert or hazelnut or American wild hazel (Corylus americana) shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all trees, plants, grafts, cuttings, or scions of the cultivated filbert or hazelnut or American wild hazel (Corylus americana) arriving in California from any state or district east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Director of Agriculture, and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

Approved:

Governor of the State of California

Issued:

704

Proclamation
No 230
Pertaining to Oriental
Fruit Moth

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of S
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JAN 26 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN,
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Quarantine Order No. 3. (New Series)

Pertaining to Oriental Fruit Moth

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to peach trees and fruit and other trees and fruit known as the Oriental fruit moth (Laspeyresia molesta, Busck) new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the states of New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas and Indiana, and in the District of Columbia, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory, and that all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees and plants and fresh fruits thereof, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers of these fruits are liable to be carriers of said Oriental fruit moth into the State of California.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the said Oriental fruit moth into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against said Oriental fruit moth, and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond. apricot,plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers that have been used to contain these fruits, imported, shipped or brought from said infested territory, and further, no such trees or plants or portions thereof, including the fresh fruits, and no containers used for such fruits as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets or other used containers of these fruits, arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Direcotr of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

Approved:

Governor of the State of California.

Issued:

705

Proclamation
No 237
Pertaining to Mexican
Boll Weevil Etc

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 26 1927
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank [illegible] Deputy

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 5 (New Series)
(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, and Varieties Thereof, and Pink Bollworm of Cotton.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that injurious insects known as the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil (Anthonomus grandis Boh.), and varieties thereof, and the Pink Bollworm (Gelechia gossypiella Saunders), new to and not hitherto known to exist within and throughout the State of California, exists in several states of the United States, and that cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples of cotton, seed cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed hulls, cotton ginning and milling machinery, cotton bagging, used cotton pickers' bags and all other articles or materials that have been used in connection with growing, harvesting, ginning, baling, transporting or manufacturing cotton lint, seed cotton, or cotton seed; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, used household effects, household implements, camping effects and camping implements, are liable to be carriers of said insects;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, and varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples of cotton, seed cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed hulls, cotton ginning and milling machinery, cotton bagging, used cotton pickers' bags and all other articles or materials that have been used in connection with growing, harvesting, ginning, baling, transporting or manufacturing cotton lint, seed cotton, or cotton seed; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, used household effects, household implements, camping effects and camping implements imported, shipped or brought from any other state, territory or locality of the United States, and further, no such commodities, articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any State or locality of the United States wherein the cultivated cotton

is known to be infested with the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm, is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such seed cotton or cotton seed as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 2. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state of the United States where the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton may be admitted into the State of California subject to the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California seed cotton or cotton seed from any state in the United States where the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the purpose for which the seed cotton or cotton seed is intended, the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the seed cotton or cotton seed was grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Accompanying the application must be a statement signed by the State Entomologist of the state from which the seed cotton or cotton seed is to be imported to the effect that the seed cotton or cotton seed will be inspected before shipment and that a certificate of inspection signed by the State Entomologist will accompany the shipment or be attached to the waybills, conductors manifests, memoranda or bills of lading covering such shipment. Such certificate shall set forth the locality of origin of the seed cotton or cotton seed comprising the shipment, shall establish the fact that the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, the varieties thereof, and the Pink Bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton in the state in which the seed cotton or cotton seed originates, and shall give the initials and car number of the car in which shipped if carlot shipment; if less than carlot shipment markings of container or containers shall be given. A copy of the certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Regulation 3. Seed cotton or cotton seed imported or brought into the State of California under permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have each package or container in the shipment plainly and correctly marked to show the number of the permit, the quantity of the contents, the state and locality where grown, the name and address of the exporter and the name and address of the consignee. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the treatment which shall be given the commodity or container or vehicle as a condition of entry of

material for which permit is requested.

Regulation 4. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples, or any form of unmanufactured cotton from any other state of the United States shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify treatment which shall be given commodity or container or vehicle as a condition of entry of material for which permit is requested.

Regulation 5. Cotton bagging that has been used as a container for seed cotton or cotton seed, or in the baling of cotton, cotton lint, or cotton waste, or in the manufacture or handling of cotton seed by-products in any other state of the United States is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton bagging as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 6. Cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery that has previously been used in the ginning or milling of seed cotton, cotton seed or cotton seed by-products, in any state of the United States will be admitted into the State of California subject to and only under the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of any such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation, shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the location from which the shipment is to be made, the nature and amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and set forth the fact that all the cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery included in the shipment had been cleaned and fumigated with hydro-cyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate.

any and all shipments of cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 7. Cotton-picking bags that have been used for picking or harvesting cotton in any state or territory of the United States or any cotton-picking bags that have cotton lint or cotton seed in or upon or adhering to the same are hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton-picking bags, as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent; provided, that used cotton picking bags carried or otherwise brought into the State of California through a border quarantine station maintained by the State of California where facilities are available for sterilization, may be admitted, provided the said picking bags are immersed for not less than ten minutes in boiling water, said sterilization to be given at such border quarantine station and under the immediate and direct supervision of the quarantine inspector at such station.

All expense and labor connected with the sterilization of such cotton-picking bags shall be borne by the owner or owners or person or persons in charge of same. Any failure or refusal by the owner or person in possession of such picking bags arriving at such border quarantine station to sterilize such bags, to the satisfaction of the quarantine inspector at such station, shall result in such picking bags being refused admittance into the State of California, and either immediately sent out of the state, or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or party in possession of same.

Regulation 8. Railroad cars that have been used for the transportation of seed cotton, cotton lint, cotton seed, or cotton seed hulls, must immediately upon arrival at California points be so disinfected or sterilized as to remove all possible danger of infestation of the Mexican Boll Weevil, and varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm and thoroughly cleaned of all cotton seed, or cotton seed hulls, and such cotton seed or hulls shall be burned upon removal from the car. Any and all such cars found at any point in California containing cotton seed or cotton seed hulls in or upon any of the parts thereof, shall be amenable to all the regulations of this order, and shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardians, until said car has been disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the

Any and all shipments of cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 7. Cotton-picking bags that have been used for picking or harvesting cotton in any state or territory of the United States or any cotton-picking bags that have cotton lint or cotton seed in or upon or adhering to the same are hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton-picking bags, as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent; Provided, that used cotton picking bags carried or otherwise brought into the State of California through a border quarantine station maintained by the State of California where facilities are available for sterilization, may be admitted, provided the said picking bags are immersed for not less than ten minutes in boiling water, said sterilization to be given at such border quarantine station and under the immediate and direct supervision of the quarantine inspector at such station.

All expense and labor connected with the sterilization of such cotton-picking bags shall be borne by the owner or owners or person or persons in charge of same. Any failure or refusal by the owner or person in possession of such picking bags arriving at such border quarantine station to sterilize such bags, to the satisfaction of the quarantine inspector at such station, shall result in such picking bags being refused admittance into the State of California, and either immediately sent out of the state, or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or party in possession of same.

Regulation 8. Railroad cars that have been used for the transportation of seed cotton, cotton lint, cotton seed, or cotton seed hulls, must immediately upon arrival at California points be so disinfected or sterilized as to remove all possible danger of infestation of the Mexican Boll weevil, and varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm and thoroughly cleaned of all cotton seed, or cotton seed hulls, and such cotton seed or hulls shall be burned upon removal from the car. Any and all such cars found at any point in California containing cotton seed or cotton seed hulls in or upon any of the parts thereof, shall be amenable to all the regulations of this order, and shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardians, until said car has been disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the

inspection and the said cotton seed or cotton seed hulls are destroyed.

Regulation 9. Upon arrival at any common carrier station in the State of California of any shipment of emigrant movables, farming implements, or other field appliances, or of used household goods, from the states of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia, or any other state in which the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm may become established, the same shall be held intact by the common carrier agent, and not delivered to the consignee, shipper, owner, or agent, until the shipment has been inspected by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, and there has been presented an affidavit executed by the consignee, shipper, owner, or agent, on blanks provided by the state, to the effect that the shipment includes no seed cotton or cotton seed or other articles quarantined against in this order.

Regulation 10. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, baggage, emigrant movables, personal effects, farming implements, or other field appliances, used household effects, household implements, camping effects and camping implements arriving in the State of California by other than common carrier transportation, from the state of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia, shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicles, articles or commodities are imported or brought, until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from the Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, or varieties thereof, or the Pink Bollworm, and other articles quarantined against in this order.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to the consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

The admissability into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

When the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States shall have promulgated quarantine regulations governing the interstate movement from any state or portion of any state, of cotton

or cotton products or any other article or commodity restricted by the provisions of this quarantine, such regulations by the Secretary of Agriculture shall supersede these regulations, and all such cotton or cotton products or other articles or commodities from the areas covered by such Federal quarantine may enter this state only in accordance with the regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture; provided, that if at any time for any reason the said regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture are set aside or are not enforced for any state or portion of any state of the United States, then all the regulations herein set forth shall be in full force and effect.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

ISSUED:

706

Proclamation

232

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 11 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank L. Kay
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Quarantine Order No. 6 (New Series)

Pertaining to melanose of citrus fruits and citrus trees.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a fungous disease, injurious to citrus fruits and citrus trees, known as melanose (Phomopsis citri, Fawc.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the states of Florida, Texas, Louisiana, Alabama and Mississippi, and in the island of Porto Rico, all of which being hereinafter designated as infected territory, and that all varieties and species of citrus fruits and citrus trees are liable to be carriers of this disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said melanose into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all varieties and species of citrus fruits and/or citrus trees imported, shipped, or brought from the said infected territory, and no such citrus fruits or citrus trees shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all varieties and species of citrus fruits and/or citrus trees arriving in California from the said infected territory, shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order shall take effect immediately.

R. H. Hecke

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C. C. Young

Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 9, 1927.

Inc.
Proclamation 707

233

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 11 1927
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Gray
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series)
(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa and other forage and cover crops, known as alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), not heretofore generally prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the states of Utah, Idaho and Wyoming, and in certain counties in the State of Colorado, to wit: Delta, Gunnison, Montrose, Moffat, Routt, Rio Blanco and Ouray; and in certain counties in the State of Nevada, to wit: White Pine, Washoe, Storey, Ormsby, Pershing, Lyon, Churchill and Mineral; and in certain counties in the State of Oregon, to wit: Malheur, Baker and Union; all of which being hereinafter designated as infested territory, and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction of said alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, shipped, brought or otherwise moved from said infested territory, and no such articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine

lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw and alfalfa meal, except as herein provided, that has been grown, manufactured or stored in the said infested territory is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw or meal as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestation or contamination of the alfalfa meal, provided that all such alfalfa meal is sacked and shipped immediately after it is milled, such milling, sacking and shipping to be done during the period November 1 to March 31; provided further, that such alfalfa meal is shipped in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay, other hay and cereal straw and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill, and provided further that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, is accompanied by a certificate signed by a state inspection official of the state in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled, sacked and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer in California, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval granted by the Director of Agriculture to any mill covering the shipment of alfalfa meal from that mill, as provided above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Regulation 2. The material known locally in the State of Utah as "salt grass packing" shall be admitted into the State of California, provided that each shipment of salt grass packing is accompanied by an official certificate signed

by the crop pest inspector of the State of Utah, setting forth that all of the following requirements have been complied with, to wit: That the material in the shipment was cut between the dates of October 1 and April 1; that the raking, shocking, stacking, baling or shipping of this material was not allowed until the maximum daily temperature of the season had fallen below sixty degrees Fahrenheit, and that none of the material in the shipment had been held in the field from one season to another. All shipments of salt grass packing from the State of Utah not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for, shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The use of such salt grass as a packing material in shipments of fruits, crockery and other materials shall be permitted, provided it has been cut and removed from the field between October 1 and April 1, as above specified, and stored in warehouses remote from alfalfa fields, alfalfa hay or other suspected materials.

Regulation 3. An official certificate signed by the state inspection officer of the state in which potatoes originate shall accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in or shipped, imported or brought from the said infested territory into the State of California. Such certificates shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen immediately prior to loading into car, placed in new or recleaned sacks and loaded in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw, and that adequate precautions have been taken to prevent reinfestation or contamination after being screened. All potatoes from said infested territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for or otherwise not complying with the above requirements shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants imported, shipped or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory must be packed in fresh shavings, excelsior or other suitable packing (except tule, hay or straw), and each shipment or lot must be accompanied by an official certificate establishing the fact that each package in the shipment or lot has been fumigated for a

period of one hour for alfalfa weevil in an airtight enclosure, subsequent to being boxed, baled or packed for transportation, with cyanide of potassium or sodium at the rate of one ounce to each one hundred cubic feet of space. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants as enumerated in this regulation, not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided shall be refused admittance into the State of California, shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 5. No shipment of household effects, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory, shall be brought into the State of California by any common carrier, person or persons unless such shipment be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the owner or shipper in accordance with the following forms, on blanks which will be furnished to applicants by the inspection official of the state in which shipment originates, one of such duplicates designated as copy No. 1 to be mailed to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, and the other of said duplicates designated as copy No. 2 to be delivered to the common carrier agent, with a special certificate appended, to attach to the way bill:

State of ----------)
) ss.
County of ----------)

I hereby solemnly swear that I was present during the preparation for shipment of the household effects or emigrant movables which this affidavit accompanies; that the goods were delivered to the---(Railroad)---at---(Station)---on---(Month, day, year)---constituting (less than) a carload---(If carload write initials and car number here)---to be shipped to---(Name of consignee)---at---(Destination)---via---(Give initials of other lines)---that no alfalfa seed, nursery stock, vegetables or fruit is included in the shipment and that no hay, straw or grain is included for packing material of any purpose except as food necessary for livestock in transit to the California state line; that the shipment is made up of the following:

Household goods, farm implements, tools, harness, farm wagons, automobile (draw a line through items not included),

stands of bees, livestock---(Specify)---feed for animals in transit--(Specify kinds and amount of each)---and--(Specify any items not included in previous classification)

---(Shipper or owner)

Subscribed and sworn to before me----------
a notary public in and for the state of----------
county of----------this-------day of------19-----

---(Notary public)

My commission expires----------19-----

The special certificate from the owner or shipper to be appended to copy No. 2 shall be in accordance with the following form:

I hereby agree to observe explicitly the requirements of the California quarantine order No. 7 with regard to hay, straw or grain (included as stock feed for use before reaching the California state line), household and agricultural emigrant movables and other materials, and hereby certify that I have mailed this day one copy of the foregoing affidavit to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

---(Signature)

Upon the arrival at any common carrier station of any shipment of the articles enumerated in this regulation, such shipment shall be held intact until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or the state quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, had been notified and a certificate of release issued.

Regulation 6. It shall be the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used for the transportation of livestock or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, in or through any part of the said infested territory before the same enter the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California which have not been cleaned as above shall be immediately placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or state quarantine guardians, until all alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and

the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into California from or through any part of the infested territory shall be deemed to have originated within the infested territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this order unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by an agricultural inspection official of the state where the hay was loaded in the cars establishing the fact that the hay was grown and stored in a non-infested territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Regulation 7. Used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only upon compliance with the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California any of the articles enumerated in this regulation shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, a description of the articles for which a permit is requested, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the person in California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery and/or implements heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and establishing the fact that all machinery and/or implements included in the shipment have been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of machinery and/or implements not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery and/or implements without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles from the said infested territory arriving in California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle

arrives uhtil it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 9. Baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, used farming implements and other field appliances imported or brought into the State of California by other than common carrier transportation from the said infested territory shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such articles are imported or brought until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 10. Alfalfa seed will be admitted into California from the said infested territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than recleaned alfalfa seed.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This order shall take effect immediately.

R. W. Kelley
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C. C. Young
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 9, 1927

Ind 708

Proclamation
234

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 11 1927
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 8 (NEW SERIES)

(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil in California.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa and other forage and cover crops, known as the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), exists in certain portions of the State of California, to wit: The county of Sierra, the county of Plumas and that portion of the county of Lassen lying south of boundary line between townships 32 north and 33 north, M.D.M., running west from the California-Nevada state line to the west boundary line of Lassen County, all of which being hereinafter designated as regulated territory; and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further spread of the alfalfa weevil in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinbefore described regulated territory in accordance with the provisions of Section 2519b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, brought, shipped or otherwise moved from said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California,

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 8 (NEW SERIES)

(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil in California.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa and other forage and cover crops, known as the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), exists in certain portions of the State of California, to wit: The county of Sierra, the county of Plumas and that portion of the county of Lassen lying south of boundary line between townships 32 north and 33 north, M.D.M., running west from the California-Nevada state line to the west boundary line of Lassen County, all of which being hereinafter designated as regulated territory; and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further spread of the alfalfa weevil in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinbefore described regulated territory in accordance with the provisions of Section 2519b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, brought, shipped or otherwise moved from said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California,

and no such articles or materials as quarantined against shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except as hereinafter provided.

Regulation 1. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine on the movement of the commodities and articles enumerated therein between points within the said regulated territory, except that such commodities and articles originating in that portion of the regulated territory bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the south boundary line of Sierra County and the California-Nevada state line, thence north along said California-Nevada state line to the north line of Township 26 North, M. D. M., thence west along the boundary line between Townships 26 North and 27 North, M. D. M., to the northwest corner of Township 26 North, Range 13 East, M. D. M., thence south along the range line between Ranges 13 East and 13 East to the southwest corner of Township 21 North, Range 13 East, M. D. M., thence east along the boundary line between Townships 21 North and 20 North, M. D. M., to the northeast corner of Township 20 North, Range 13 East, M. D. M., thence south along the range line between Ranges 13 East and 14 East to the south boundary line of Sierra County, thence east along said south boundary line of Sierra County to the point of beginning; and hereinafter designated as infested territory are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any portion of the State of California outside of said infested territory, except as hereinafter provided.

Regulation 2. Alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw and alfalfa meal, except as herein provided, that has been grown, manufactured or stored in the said regulated territory is hereby prohibited from moving from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw or meal as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into other portions of the State of California from the said regulated territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestation

or contamination of the alfalfa meal; provided, that all such alfalfa meal is sacked and shipped immediately after it is milled, such milling, sacking and shipping, to be done during the period November 1 to March 31; provided, further, that such alfalfa meal is shipped in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay, other hay and cereal straw and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill; and provided, further, that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, is accompanied by a certificate signed by a duly qualified inspection official of the county of origin establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled, sacked and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval granted by the Director of Agriculture to any mill covering the shipment of alfalfa meal from that mill, as provided above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Regulation 3. An official certificate signed by a duly qualified inspection official of the county of origin shall accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in or shipped, imported or brought from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California. Such certificates shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen immediately prior to loading into car, placed in new or recleaned sacks and loaded in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw, and that adequate precautions have been taken to prevent reinfestation or contamination after being screened. All shipments of potatoes from said regulated territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for or otherwise not complying with the above requirements, shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the State of California, and the same shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants imported or brought into any other portion of the State of California from the said regulated territory must be

packed in fresh shavings, excelsior or other suitable packing (except tule, hay or straw), and each shipment or lot must be accompanied by an official certificate establishing the fact that each package in the shipment or lot has been fumigated for a period of one hour for alfalfa weevil in an airtight enclosure, subsequent to being boxed, baled or packed for transportation, with cyanide of potassium or sodium at the rate of one ounce to each one hundred cubic feet or space. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants as enumerated in this regulation not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the State of California, and shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 5. No shipment of household effects, or emigrant movables, originating in said regulated territory, shall be brought into any other portion of the State of California by any common carrier, person or persons unless such shipment be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the owner or shipper in accordance with the following forms, on blanks which will be furnished to applicants by the Director of Agriculture, one of such duplicates (designated as copy No.1) to be mailed to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, and the other of said duplicates (designated as copy No. 2) to be delivered to the common carrier agent, with a special certificate appended, to attach to the way bill:

State of ----------)
) ss.
County of ----------)

I hereby solemnly swear that I was present during the preparation for shipment of the household effects or emigrant movables which this affidavit accompanies; that the goods were delivered to the ---(Railroad)---at---(Station)---on---(month, day, year)---constituting (less than a carload (If carload write initials and car number here)---to be shipped to---(Name of consignee)---at---(Destination)---in---(give initials or other mark)---that no alfalfa seed, nursery stock, vegetables or fruit is included in the shipment and that no hay,

straw or grain is included for packing material or any purpose; that the shipment is made up of the following:

Household goods, farm implements, tools, harness, farm wagons, automobile (Draw a line through items not included), stands of bees, live stock---(Specify)---and---

---(Specify any items not included in previous classification)---

---(Shipper or Owner)---

Subscribed and sworn to before me---

a notary public in and for the State of---

County of---this---day of---19---

---(Notary Public)---

My commission expires---19---

The special certificate from the owner or shipper to be appended to copy No. 2 shall be in accordance with the following form:

I hereby agree to observe explicitly the requirements of the California Quarantine Order No. 8 with regard to hay, straw or grain, household and agricultural emigrant movables and other materials, and hereby certify that I have mailed this day one copy of the foregoing affidavit to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

---(Signature)---

Upon the arrival at any common carrier station of any shipment of the articles enumerated in this regulation such shipment shall be held intact until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the state quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued.

Regulation 6. It shall be the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used for the transportation of livestock or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal

straw, in or through any part of the said regulated territory before the same enter any other portion of the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California outside of the regulated territory which have not been cleaned as above shall be immediately placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or State Quarantine Guardians, until all alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the Quarantine Officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into any other portion of the State of California from or through any part of the regulated territory shall be deemed to have originated within the regulated territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this order unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by the Horticultural Commissioner of the county where the hay was loaded in the cars establishing the fact that the hay was grown and stored in a nonregulated territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Regulation 7. Used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into any other portion of the State of California from the said regulated territory only upon compliance with the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into any other portion of the State of California any of the articles enumerated in this regulation shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, a description of the articles for which a permit is requested, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the person to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery and/or implements heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by a duly qualified inspection official of the county of origin, showing the number of the permit to import and establishing the fact that all machinery and/or implements included in the shipment have been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of machinery and/or

implements not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery and/or implements without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately returned to the regulated territory at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles from the said regulated territory arriving in any other portion of the State of California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle arrives until it has been determined by inspectio that the same is free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 9. Baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, used farming implements and other field appliances, imported or brought into any other portion of the State of California by other than common carrier transportation from the said regulated territory shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such articles are imported or brought until it has been determined by inspectio that the same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 10. Alfalfa seed will be admitted into any other portion of California from the said regulated territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than reclaimed alfalfa seed.

All articles admissible from the said regulated territory into any other portion of California must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

The admissibility from the regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other

quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C. C. Young
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 8, 1927.

Proclamation

709

235

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 11 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank L. McCoy
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. Hecke, Director
Sacramento

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 9 (New Series)
(With Regulations)

Pertaining to sweet potato weevil.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to sweet potato tubers and sweet potato plants known as the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the states of Florida, Texas, Louisiana; and in certain counties in the State of Mississippi, to wit: Jackson, Harrison, Hancock, Pearl River and George; and in certain counties in the State of Oklahoma, to wit: Jackson, Jefferson and Stephens; and in certain counties in the State of Alabama, to wit: Jefferson, Baldwin and Mobile; and in a certain county in the State of Georgia, to wit: Chariton; all of which being hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas), and parts thereof and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.) are liable to be carriers of said sweet potato weevil into districts otherwise free from said weevil.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said sweet potato weevil into California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus, spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.), imported, shipped or brought from all states and districts of the United States and no such plants or tubers or parts thereof shall be permitted to pass over the quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus, spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.) that have been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory are hereby prohibited entry into California for any purpose whatsoever and any such articles as prohibited entry in this regulation arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of

the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 2. Sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and yams (Dioscorea spp.) that have not been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory will be admitted into California only upon compliance with the following conditions:

Each and every lot or shipment of material admissible under this regulation shall bear an official certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originates establishing the fact that all the material contained in the lot or shipment was grown, packed and stored in a district free from sweet potato weevil. Such certificate shall state the number of packages in the shipment, where grown, the name and address of the grower, the name and address of the shipper, the point of shipment, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of consignee. A copy of such certificate shall be mailed by shipper, in advance of shipment, to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any and all lots or shipments of the articles enumerated in this regulation arriving in California without the certificate as provided for shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

This order shall take effect immediately.

R. M. Kell
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C. C. Young
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 9, 1927.

710

Proclamation

736

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 11 1927

at

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [signature]
DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G H HECKE, DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 10 (New Series)
(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Citrus White Flies.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as Dialeurodes citrifolii, Morgan, injurious to citrus trees and citrus plants, exists in the State of Florida; and that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), injurious to citrus trees, citrus plants, and other trees and plants exists in the States of Arkansas, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified, are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insects.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction into the State of California of Dialeurodes citrifolii, and Dialeurodes citri, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2519b of the Political Code of the State of California against said Dialeurodes citrifolii, and Dialeurodes citri, and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory, and no Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines, or cuttings thereof, as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. All the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited entry into the State of California from the said infested territory:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 10 (New Series)
(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Citrus White Flies.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as Dialeurodes citrifolii, Morgan, injurious to citrus trees and citrus plants, exists in the State of Florida; and that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), injurious to citrus trees, citrus plants, and other trees and plants exists in the States of Arkansas, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified, are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insects.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction into the State of California of Dialeurodes citrifolii, and Dialeurodes citri, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2519b of the Political Code of the State of California against said Dialeurodes citrifolii, and Dialeurodes citri, and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory, and no Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines, or cuttings thereof, as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. All the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited entry into the State of California from the said infested territory:

Allamanda (Allamanda nerifolia),
Apple (Pyrus [illegible]),
Banana Shrub (Michelia fuscata),
Boxwood (Buxus japonica),
Boxwood, Common (Buxus sempervirens),
Burning Bush (Pyracantha coccinea),
Button Bush (Cephalanthus occidentalis),
Cape Jessamine (Gardenia jasminoides),
China Tree (Melia Azedarach),
Citrus (Orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine and all other species cultivated in America),
Coffee (Coffea arabica),
English Ivy (Hedera helix),
Escallonia (Escallonia spp.),
Green Ash (Fraxinus lanceolata),
Laurustinus (Viburnum Tinus),
Lilac (Syringa spp.),
Mexican Orange (Choisya ternata),
Pear, Cultivated (Pyrus spp.),
Persimmon, Common (Diospyros virginiana),
Persimmon, Japanese (Diospyros Kaki),
Prickly Ash (Xanthoxylum clava-herculis),
Privets (Ligustrum spp.),
Quince, Japanese (Chaenomeles japonica),
Scrub Palmetto (Sabal megacarpa),
Smilax (Smilax spp.),
Texas Umbrella Tree (Melia unbraculiformis),
Toyon Christmas Berry (Photinia arbutifolia),
Tree of Heaven (Ailanthus altissima),
Trumpet Flower (Pyrostegia venusta),
Viburnum (Viburnum nudum),
Water Oak (Quercus nigra),
Wild Olive or Devilwood (Osmanthus americanus).

Regulation 2. All the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, possible carriers, when in foliage, of Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, are hereby prohibited entry into the State of California from the said infested territory unless same have been completely defoliated at point of origin:

Blackberry (Rubus spp.),
Boston Ivy (Parthenocissus tricuspidata),
Camellia (Camellia japonica),
Cherry Laurel (Prunus Laurocerasus),

Crape Myrtle (Lagerstroemia spp.),
Daphne (Daphne odora),
English Hawthorn (Crataegus Oxyacantha),
English Holly (Ilex aquifolium),
Grape, European (Vitis vinifera),
Grecian Laurel (Laurus nobilis),
Honeysuckle (Lonicera spp.),
Ivy Geranium (Pelargonium peltatum),
Jessamine (Jasminum spp.),
Nook Olive (Olea europaea sarolimana),
Moreton Bay Fig (Ficus macrophylla),
Myrtle (Myrtus communis),
Oleander (Nerium Oleander),
Oregon Grape (Mahonia aquifolium),
Osago Orange (Maclura pomifera),
Paul English Hawthorn (Crataegus Oxyacantha Paulii),
Pomegranate (Punica spp.),
Portugal Laurel (Prunus lusitanica),
Rose (Rosa spp.),
Trumpet Creeper (Campsis radicans).

Regulation 3. All shipments or lots of nursery stock, trees, shrubs, vines, plants or cuttings, certified entry under regulation 2 hereof, must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized Assistant Quarantine Guardian.

Regulation 4. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in the State of California from the said infested territory in violation of or not fully complying with all the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately shipped out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said infested territory into the State of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing regulation, shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine order, rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All agents of the Director of Agriculture and all State Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 9, 1927.

711

Proclamation

257

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 11 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR
SACRAMENTO

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 11 (New Series)
(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Citrus White Fly in California.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), injurious to citrus trees and other trees and plants, exists in certain hereinafter described portions of the State of California; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insect;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of the citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinafter described infested territory in accordance with the provisions of Section 2310b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or otherwise moved from the hereinafter described infested territory into any other portion of the State of California and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Infested territory: All that portion of the county of Sacramento, including the city of Sacramento bounded as follows: Beginning at the junction of the American River and the Sacramento River; thence southerly down the east bank of the Sacramento River to the Sutterville Road; thence easterly along said Sutterville road to the Freeport road; thence southerly along said Freeport road to the Fruitridge road; thence easterly along said Fruitridge road to the Power Inn road; thence northerly along said Power Inn road to the Folsom road; thence due north from the junction of the Power Inn road and Folsom

road to the American River; thence westerly along the south bank of the American River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Yuba County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Marysville and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south bank of Yuba River opposite I street in said city; thence down the south bank of said river to the center of Feather River; thence up the center of Feather River to a point opposite Sixteenth street in said city; thence easterly along the south side of said Sixteenth street to I street of said city; thence northerly along the west line of I street to the northeast corner of Suburban Lot 5, Acre 1; thence easterly to the outer side of the levee as now located by said city; thence along the outer side of said levee until it intersects the Brown's Valley road or grade; thence along the extreme southeasterly side of said Brown's Valley road or grade to a point where said Brown's Valley road or grade intersects Ramsey street; thence due south to the south bank of the Yuba River; thence along the south bank of Yuba River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including Yuba City, bounded as follows: Beginning at the point where the southerly boundary of Yuba City joins the west bank of the Feather River; thence westerly along said southerly boundary of Yuba City to Franklin road; thence westerly along said Franklin road to the Onstott road; thence northerly along said Onstott road to the Pease road; thence easterly along said Pease road to the Yuba City-Chico St to Highway; thence due east from the junction of the Pease road and the Yuba City-Chico St to Highway to the west bank of the Feather River; thence southerly along the west bank of the Feather River to place of beginning.

Regulation 2. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines, or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any other portion of the State of California:

Allamanda (Allamanda nerifolia),
Banana shrub (Michelia fuscata),
Boxwood (Buxus japonica),
Boxwood, common (Buxus sempervirens),
Burning Bush (Pyracantha coccinea),
Button Bush (Cephalanthus occidentalis),
Cape Jessamine (Gardenia jasminoides),
China Tree (Melia azedarach),
Citrus (sour orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine and all other species cultivated in America),
Coffee (Coffea arabica),
English Ivy (Hedera helix),
Escallonia (Escallonia spp.),
Green Ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica),
Laurustinus (Viburnum tinus),
Lilac (Syringa spp.),
Mexican Orange (Choisya ternata),
Prickly Ash (Zanthoxylum clava-herculis),
Privets (Ligustrum spp.),
Scrub Palmetto (Sabal serrulata),
Smilax (Smilax spp.),
Texas Umbrella Tree (Melia umbraculiformis),
Yaupon (Christmas Berry) (Ilex vomitoria),
Tree of Heaven (Ailanthus altissima),
Trumpet flower (Tecoma stans),
Viburnum (Viburnum rufum),
Water Oak (Quercus nigra),
Wild Olive or Devilwood (Osmanthus americanus).

Regulation 3. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, possible carriers when in foliage of Halesus digitatus, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said Federal Territory into any other portion of the State of California unless same have been completely defoliated at point of origin:

Apple (Pyrus Malus),
Blackberry (Rubus spp.),
Boston Ivy (Parthenocissus tricuspidata),
Camellia (Camellia japonica),
Cherry Laurel (Prunus laurocerasus),
Crape Myrtle (Lagerstroemia spp.),
Daphne (Daphne odora),
English Hawthorn (Crataegus oxyacantha),

English Holly (Ilex aquifolium),
Grape, European (Vitis vinifera),
Grecian Laurel (Laurus nobilis),
Honeysuckle (Lonicera spp.),
Ivy Geranium (Pelargonium peltatum),
Jessamine (Jasminum sp.),
Lock Olive (Prunus caroliniana),
Moreton Bay Fig (Ficus macrophylla),
Myrtle (Myrtus communis),
Oleander (Nerium Oleander),
Oregon Grape (Mahonia aquifolium),
Osage Orange (Maclura pomifera),
Paul English Hawthorn (Crataegus Oxyacantha Paulii),
Pear, Cultivated (Pyrus spp.),
Persimmon, Common (Diospyros virginiana),
Persimmon, Japanese (Diospyros Kaki),
Pomegranate (Punica spp.),
Portugal Laurel (Prunus lusitanica),
Quince, Japanese (Chaenomeles japonica),
Rose (Rosa spp.),
Trumpet Creeper (Campsis radicans).

Regulation 4. All shipments or lots of nursery stock permitted entry into other portions of the State of California from the said infested territory under regulation 3 hereof, must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized State Quarantine Guardian.

Regulation 5. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in any other portion of the State of California from the said infested territory in violation of or not fully complying with all the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately returned to the said infested territory or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said infested territory into any other portion of the State of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing regulation, shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine order, rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state [illegible] are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This order shall take effect immediately.

[signature]
Director of Agriculture

[signature]
Governor of the State of California

DATED: March 9, 1937.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 9, 1927.

Proclamation
712
728

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 11 1927
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Curry
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
G. H. HECKE DIRECTOR
EXECUTIVE OFFICE SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 12 (New Series)
(With Regulations)

Pertaining to nut tree insects.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that dangerous insect pests known as pecan leaf case bearer (Acrobasis nebulella) and pecan nut case bearer (Acrobasis hebescella) not known to occur in the State of California exist in several states of the United States, and that all varieties and species of hickory, pecan and walnut trees (Hicoria sp. and Juglans sp.) are liable to be carriers of these insects;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the pecan leaf case bearer (Acrobasis nebulella) and the pecan nut case bearer (Acrobasis hebescella) into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2519b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all trees and plants and parts thereof, including grafts, cuttings or scions, of all species and varieties of hickory, pecan and walnut (Hicoria sp. and Juglans sp.) imported, shipped or brought from any and all states and districts of the United States east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, and no tree or plant or parts thereof, including grafts, cuttings or scions, of any species or variety of hickory, pecan or walnut (Hicoria sp. and Juglans sp.) from the aforementioned area shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Bud wood or scions of all species and varieties of hickory, pecan and walnut (Hicoria sp. and Juglans sp.) from those states and districts of the United States east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, may be imported or shipped into the State of California in limited amount, only when a permit has been issued by the Director of Agriculture. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of any such bud wood or scions from the aforementioned area shall first make application

to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the budwood or scions were grown, the amount of importation desired, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the amount of the importation, and the manner and method of shipment and treatment which shall be followed as a condition of entry of bud wood or scions for which permit is requested.

Regulation 2. All shipments of bud wood or scions admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by the common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

Regulation 3. Any and all shipments of hickory, pecan and walnut (Hicoria sp. and Juglans sp.) trees and plants and parts thereof including grafts, cuttings or scions, except as provided for in Regulation 1, arriving in California from any state or district of the United States east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: _____, _____

713

Proclamation

No 230

Re Flag Day

(June 14 1927)

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 6 - 1927
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

June 2, 1927.

WHEREAS, the observance of June 14th as Flag Day offers an opportunity for reverent attention to the significance of our national emblem and its history, and

WHEREAS, the 14th day of June, 1927, marks the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the action of the Continental Congress in adopting a resolution "That the Flag of the United States be thirteen stripes alternate red and white, that the Union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation", and

WHEREAS, many patriotic societies, fraternal orders, civic, educational, and religious bodies, co-operating with The United States Flag Association, have planned a nation-wide patriotic celebration of this anniversary, now

THEREFORE, I, C. C. Young, Governor of California, do earnestly urge upon the citizens of this state that this one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the birth of the Flag of the United States be fittingly observed in co-operation with our countrymen in all the states, by the display of the national emblem and by patriotic assemblies in honor of the Flag; and I further suggest that the pupils of our schools assemble at twelve o'clock noon, Washington time, on June 14th and join with the children of all the states in the singing of the national anthem.

C. C. Young

Governor of the State of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

Frank L. Kerr

Deputy

Indexed

714

Proclamation

No 320

Amendment No 2 to
Quarantine order
No 7 (Pea Weevil Series)
Pertaining to Alfalfa

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUL 12 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER
NO. 7 (NEW SERIES)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Until March 1, 1928, that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series), provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) and offered for entry into California from that portion of the County of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 11, 1927

715

Proclamation
No 241

Amendment No 1 to
Quarantine order
No 7. (new series)
Pertaining to
Alfalfa Weevil

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 12 1927
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

G. H. HECKE DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER

NO. 7 (NEW SERIES)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil, (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), exists in the County of Douglas, State of Nevada;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the alfalfa weevil into the State of California that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) be hereby made to apply and do apply, until further orders, to all portions of that territory known as the County of Douglas, State of Nevada, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) except as hereinafter provided.

Owing to the fact that the only source of supply of fodder for animals in certain mountain communities on the eastern slope of the Sierra-Nevada range during the greater portion of the year is Douglas County, Nevada, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in Douglas County, Nevada, and intended for feed for animals will be admitted into only those portions of Alpine and El Dorado Counties which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions, provided each such shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or his duly authorized Deputy, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper, and the name and address of the person or firm to whom the commodity is consigned. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing from Douglas County, Nevada, into portions of Alpine and El Dorado Counties of the State of California of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture.

Application for such permit must be made in writing and must specify the name and address of the grower in Douglas County, Nevada, the kind and quantity of hay or straw which it is desired to import, the purpose for which it is intended, the destination of same in the State of California, the name and address of the importer, and such application must be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the person or persons applying for such permit in accordance with the following form:

State of.....)
) ss.
County of.....)

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the ..... for which I have applied to the
Kind and quantity of hay
Director of Agriculture for permit to import from .....
Name of
..... at..... will be transported or
shipper Address of shipper
shipped by ..... direct from .....
Kind of vehicle Where now
..... to ..... for feed for animals at that
stored Destination
point and that no portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported or brought will be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any wagon, automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

Subscribed and sworn to before me.....,
a Notary Public in and for the State of California, County of....., this..... day of ....., 19....

.....
Notary Public

My commission expires ....., 19....

Any lot or shipment of alfalfa hay or cereal straw arriving in California not accompanied by the required official certificate of origin and/or covering which a permit has not been issued by the Director of Agriculture as herewith provided for, or otherwise not complying with the provisions of this quarantine, shall be refused admittance into the State of California and the same shall be immediately shipped out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) is amended accordingly.

This Amendment shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: July 11, 1927

716

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 17 1927

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

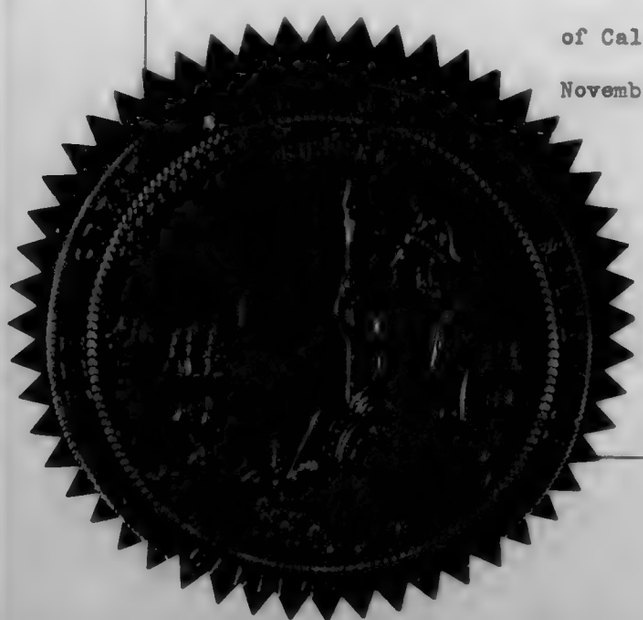
THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

In accordance with the long established custom of our country, the President of the United States has set apart and designated the last Thursday of this month as a day of thanksgiving to God for the blessings which have so richly attended us, and of prayer for the continuance of those blessings.

This beautiful custom is one which every citizen would desire to perpetuate. It seems eminently fitting that we should devote one day of each year, in our homes and in our respective houses of worship, to a rendering of thanks, not only for the continuance of our material welfare but also for the privilege which is ours of living in a land of peace, freedom, and equality of opportunity.

Now therefore I, C. C. Young, Governor of the State of California, in pursuance of the proclamation of the President, and in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, hereby declare Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of November, 1927, as Thanksgiving Day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 17th day of November, 1927.



C. C. Young
Governor.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

717

Proclamation
c. No 213

Quarantine against
Asiatic Weevil
amendt No 1 to Quarantine
order No 11 New Series

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 23 1927
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J Hagelstein
DEPUTY

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7 (NEW SERIES) (REVISED)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil
(Effective on and after December 23, 1927)

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) exists in the county of Douglas, State of Nevada;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the alfalfa weevil into the State of California that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) be hereby made to apply and do apply, until further orders, to all portions of that territory known as the county of Douglas, State of Nevada, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) except as hereinafter provided.

Owing to the fact that the only source of supply of fodder for animals in certain mountain and desert communities in California near the California-Nevada border during the greater portion of the year is Douglas County, Nevada, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in Douglas County, Nevada, and intended for feed for animals will be admitted into only those portions of Alpine, El Dorado and Inyo counties, which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions, provided each such shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or his duly authorized deputy, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper, and the name and address of the person or firm to whom the commodity is consigned. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing from Douglas County,

Nevada, into portions of Alpine, El Dorado and Inyo counties of the State of California of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture. Application for such permit must be made in writing and must specify the name and address of the grower in Douglas County, Nevada, the kind and quantity of hay or straw which it is desired to import, the purpose for which it is intended, the destination of same in the State of California, the name and address of the importer, and such application must be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the person or persons applying for such permit in accordance with the following form:

State of .....)
) SS.
County of .....)

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the ..... for which I have applied to
(Kind and quantity of hay)
the Director of Agriculture for permit to import from .....
(Name of shipper) ..... at ..... will be transported
(Address of shipper)
or shipped by ..... direct from .....
(Kind of vehicle) (Where now stored) ..... to ..... for feed for animals at that
(Destination)
point and that no portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported or brought will be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any wagon, automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

.....
[illegible]

Subscribed and sworn to before me .....
a Notary Public in and for the State of California, county of ....., this ..... day of ....., 19 ...

.....
Notary Public

My commission expires ....., 19 ....

Any lot or shipment of alfalfa hay or cereal straw arriving in California not accompanied by the required official certificate of origin and/or covering which a permit has not been issued by the Director of Agriculture as herewith provided for, or otherwise not complying with the provisions of this quarantine, shall be refused admittance into the State of California and the same shall be immediately shipped out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) is amended accordingly.

This amendment supersedes Amendment No. 1 to Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) issued July 11, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

Issued: _____

718

Proclamation
No 3114

Quarantine against
Citrus Black Fly
Quarantine order
No 11 New Series

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 23 1927
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J Hagelin
DEPUTY

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 11 (NEW SERIES)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Citrus White Fly in California.
(Effective on and after

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), injurious to citrus trees and other trees and plants, exists in certain hereinafter described portions of the State of California; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insect;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of the citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinafter described infested territory in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or otherwise moved from the hereinafter described infested territory into any other portion of the State of California and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Infested territory: All that portion of the county of Sacramento, including the city of Sacramento bounded as follows: Beginning at the junction of the American River and the Sacramento River; thence southerly down the east bank of the Sacramento River to the Sutterville road; thence easterly along said Sutterville road to the Freeport road; thence southerly along said Freeport road to the Fruitridge road; thence easterly along said Fruitridge road to the Power Inn road; thence northerly along said Power Inn road to the Folsom road; thence due north from the junction of the Power Inn road and Folsom road to the American River; thence westerly along the south bank of the American River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Yuba County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Marysville and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south bank of Yuba River opposite D street in said city; thence down the south bank of said river to the center of Feather River; thence up the center of Feather River to a point opposite Sixteenth street in said city; thence easterly along the north line of said Sixteenth street to E street of said city; thence northerly along the west line of E street to the northwest corner of Suburban Lot 5, Range D; thence easterly to the other side of the levee as now located by said city; thence along the outer side of said levee until it intersects the Brown's Valley road or grade; thence along the extreme southeasterly side of said Brown's Valley road or grade to a point where said Brown's Valley road or grade intersects Swezy street; thence due south to the south bank of the Yuba River; thence along the south bank of the Yuba River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including Yuba City, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the west bank of the Feather River due east from the junction of the Pease Road and the Yuba City-Chico State Highway; thence due west to said injunction; thence westerly along the Pease Road to the Onstott Road; thence southerly along the said Onstott Road to the Franklin Road; thence westerly along the said Franklin Road to the Township road; thence southerly along the said Township road to the Oswald road; thence easterly along the Oswald road to its easterly termination; thence in a line due east from the easterly termination of the Oswald road to the west bank of the Feather River; thence northerly along the west bank of the said Feather River to place of beginning.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Gridley.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Oroville.

Regulation 2. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines, or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any other portion of the State of California:

Allamanda (Allamanda neriifolia),
Banana shrub (Michelia fuscata),
Boxwood (Buxus japonica),
Boxwood, Common (Buxus sempervirens),
Burning Bush (Pyracantha coccinea),

Button Bush (Cephalanthus occidentalis),
Cape Jasmine (Gardenia jasminoides),
China Tree (Melia Azedarach),
Citrus (Orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine and all other species cultivated in America),
Coffee (Coffea arabica),
English Ivy (Hedera helix),
Escallonia (Escallonia spp.),
Green Ash (Fraxinus lanceolata),
Laurestinus (Viburnum Tinus),
Lilac (Syringa spp.),
Mexican Orange (Choisya ternata),
Prickly Ash (Zanthoxylum clava-Herculis),
Privets (Ligustrum spp.)
Scrub Palmetto (Sabal megacarpa),
Smilax (Smilax spp.),
Texas Umbrella Tree (Melia umbraculiformis),
Toyon Christmas Berry (Photinia arbutifolia),
Tree of Heaven (Ailanthus altissima),
Trumpet flower (Pyrostegia venusta),
Viburnum (Viburnum nudum),
Water Oak (Quercus nigra),
Wild Olive or Devilwood (Osmanthus americanus).

Regulation 3. All the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, possible carriers when in foliage of Dialeurodes citri, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any other portion of the State of California unless same have been completely defoliated at point of origin:

Apple (Pyrus Malus),
Blackberry (Rubus spp.),
Boston Ivy (Parthenocissus tricuspidata),
Camellia (Camellia japonica),
Cherry Laurel (Prunus Laurocerasus),
Coprosma (Coprosma Baueri),
Crape Myrtle (Lagerstroemia spp.),
Daphne (Daphne odora),
English Hawthorn (Crataegus Oxyacantha),
English Holly (Ilex aquifolium),
Gold Dust tree (Aucuba japonica),
Grape, European (Vitis vinifera),
Grecian Laurel (Laurus nobilis),
Honeysuckle (Lonicera spp.),
Ivy Geranium (Pelargonium peltatum),
Jessamine (Jasminum s.),
Mock Olive (Prunus caroliniana),

Moreton Bay Fig (Ficus macrophylla),
Myrtle (Myrtus communis),
Oleander (Nerium Oleander),
Oregon Grape (Mahonia aquifolium),
Osage Orange (Maclura pomifera),
Paul English Hawthorn (Crataegus Oxyacantha Paulii),
Pear, Cultivated (Pyrus spp.),
Persimmon, Common (Diospyros virginiana),
Persimmon, Japanese (Diospyros Kaki),
Pomegranate (Punica spp.),
Portugal Laurel (Prunus lusitanica),
Quince, Japanese (Chaenomeles japonica),
Rose (Rosa spp.),
Trumpet Creeper (Campsis radicans),
Veronica (Veronica speciosa and V. elliptica).

Regulation 4. All shipments or lots of nursery stock permitted entry into other portions of the State of California from the said infested territory under regulation 3 hereof, must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized State Quarantine Guardian.

Regulation 5. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in any other portion of the State of California from the said infested territory in violation of or not fully complying with all the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately returned to the said infested territory or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said infested territory into any other portion of the State of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing regulation, shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine order, rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this Order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 11 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 11 (New Series) dated March 9, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: _____
Governor of California.

ISSUED: _____

719

Proclamation

Monterey Peninsula Regional Park District Appointments & Commissions

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 11 1928
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank [illegible]
DEPUTY

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
FRANK H. CORY, DEPUTY
ROBERT V. JORDAN, DEPUTY

State of California
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
SACRAMENTO

The "Proclamation" prior to this
[illegible] by the Governor's Office the
[illegible] Monterey Peninsula Regional
Park [illegible] Commission had the State Forester
22 1927 as the date of the meeting - Change
this to [illegible]. This is in accordance
with the desire [illegible]

Monterey, State of California, BEGINNING at the intersection of the East line of Sec. 16-T. 22 S. R.4 E.M.D.B. & M.

Executive Department

State of California

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that

WHEREAS a petition has been duly signed by more than one hundred citizens of Monterey County, and an application has been duly made to me for the establishment of Monterey Peninsula Region for planning purposes and the appointment of Monterey Peninsula Regional Planning Commission for such Region, and

WHEREAS a public hearing thereon, after official proclamation duly given by me on the 23rd day of November 1927 and publication thereof in the Salinas Index, a daily newspaper of general circulation in the County of Monterey, State of California, of the time and place of said hearing, to-wit:

Grammar School Auditorium, Pacific Street
City of Monterey, County of Monterey, State
of California, the 10th day of December, 1927,

has been duly held at said time and place, and

WHEREAS findings have been duly made by me that, by reason of urban growth and development not corresponding to existing city corporate limits and by reason of other developments and trends in the growth and distribution of population, commerce and industry and by reason of topographic and other conditions, three separate cities, to-wit: Monterey, Carmel-by-the-Sea, Pacific Grove and neighboring non-municipal territories, all within the County of Monterey, have overlapping and interrelated and common problems of such nature as not to be capable of intelligent, economic and adequate solution by means of the separate planning of each separate political unit and require for such solution, a general plan of the physical development of the entire area of such municipalities and territories as a whole and that, consequently, it is to the public interest that Monterey Peninsula Region be established for planning purposes, and

WHEREAS the foregoing recitals are pursuant to and in due accordance with the provisions of Section 26 of Chapter 874 of the California Statutes of 1927,

NOW THEREFORE, I, C. C. Young, Governor of the State of California, pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, do hereby define the boundaries of Monterey Peninsular Region to be in the words and figures as follows, to wit:- The following described area within the County of Monterey, State of California, BEGINNING at the intersection of the East line of Sec. 16-T. 22 S., R.4 E.M.D.B. & M.

and the shore line of the Pacific Ocean, and running thence, North three miles more or less to the Northeast corner of Sec. 4-T 22 S-R. 4 E. thence west one mile, thence, North one mile, thence, west two miles to the Northwest corner of Sec. 31-T 21 S-R 4 E, Thence, North two miles, thence, West one mile, thence, North one mile, thence, West one mile, thence, North two miles to the Northeast corner of Sec. 3-T 21 S-R 3E.,thence, West one-eighth mile more or less to the Southeast corner of Sec. 34-T 20 S-R 3E., thence, North one mile, thence West one mile, thence, North one mile, thence, West two miles, thence, North one mile, thence, West one mile to the Southeast corner of Sec. 13-T 20 S-R 2E., thence, North one mile, thence, West one mile, thence, North one mile, thence, west one mile, thence, North one mile to the Northeast corner of Sec. 3-T 20 S-R 2E., thence, West one mile, thence, North two miles, thence, west two miles, thence, North four miles, to the Northeast corner of Sec. 6-T. 19 S-R 2 E., thence, West one and five-eighths miles more or less to the Southeast corner of Sec. 36-T 18 S-R 1E., thence, North one mile, thence, West one mile, thence, North five miles to the Northwest corner of Sec. 1-T 18 S-R 1 E., thence, East seven miles to the North east corner of Sec. 1-T 18 S-R 2 E., thence, South two miles, thence, East two miles, thence, South one mile, thence, East one mile, thence, North one mile, thence, East two miles, thence, South two miles, thence, East one mile to the Southwest corner of Sec. 19-T 18 S-R 4E., thence, East three miles, thence, North four miles to the Northeast corner of Sec. 4-T 18 S-R 4E., thence, West one-half mile more or less to the Southwest corner of Sec. 33-T 17 S-R 4E., thence, South one-eight mile more or less to the South-eastcorner of section 32-T 17S-R 4E., thence, West one-half mile more or less to the intersection of the South line of said section 32 with the most Easterly line of Los Tularcitos Rancho, thence, Along and following the exterior boundaries of said Los Tularcitos Rancho, Northeasterly one and three-quarters miles more or less, to a corner of said Rancho, thence continuing along said exterior boundaries Northwesterly three miles more or less to an intersection with the West line of Section 18-T 17 S-R 4E, thence, leaving said exterior boundaries North two and one-quarter miles to the Northwest corner of Sec. 6-T 17 S-R 4E., thence, East one-quarter mile more or less to the Southeast corner of Sec. 36-T 16 S-R 3E thence, North four and one-Quarter miles more or less to the intersection of the East line of Sec. 12-T 16 S-R 3E with the South west line of Rancho Guadalupe, thence, following said Southwest line of said Rancho Northwesterly one and one-half miles more or less to the most westerly corner of said Rancho , thence, Northeasterly along the Northwesterly boundary line of said Rancho to its intersection with the center line of the Salinas River, thence, Following the center line of said Salinas River down stream in a general Northwesterly direction to the mouth of said river where it empties into Monterey Bay, in Rancho Rincon de las Salinas, thence, following the

Executive Department

State of California

shore line of Monterey Bay in a general southwesterly direction to the shore line of the Pacific Ocean, thence, Following the shore line of the Pacific Ocean in a general southeasterly direction to the point of BEGINNING, containing about 470 square miles.

And I do hereby appoint the Monterey Peninsula Regional Planning Commission to consist of nine (9) members as follows:

Jack Beaumont	Carmel Martin
P. J. Daugherty	Jo Mora
Ray C. DeYoe	Alvaso Pratt
Margaret A. Jacks	Edward Simpson
	T. A. Work

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 9th day of January, A. D. 1928.

C. C. Young
Governor of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Frank C. [illegible]
Deputy

Indexed No 246

PROCLAMATION 720

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 25 1928
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

REGULATIONS
[illegible] DAIRY LAW

DIRECTOR
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, the Revised Dairy Laws of the State of California, passed by the legislature in 1921, require the issuance of regulations by the Department of Agriculture pertaining to certain of their provisions; and,

WHEREAS, at subsequent hearings attended by interested officials and by representatives of all branches of the industry, it was found that certain other regulations were necessary, setting forth methods of procedure and interpretations of certain requirements of the laws in order to accomplish the purposes thereof; and,

WHEREAS, certain advances have been made in dairy control and during the two years just past and certain portions of the Dairy laws [illegible] by acts of the legislature in 1925 and 1927, making revision of dairy regulations heretofore promulgated by me necessary;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in the Director of Agriculture under Section 21 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, and amended and approved May 28, 1927, (Chapter 817, Statutes of 1927), and section 4d of the Pure Milk Law, approved June 1, 1927, (Chapter 888, Statutes of 1927), I hereby proclaim the following Dairy Regulations, numbered one to twenty-one, to be in force and effect in the State of California on and after this thirtieth day of September, 1927, and that all previous dairy regulations promulgated by me are hereby annulled.

Director of Agriculture.

REGULATION I.

1. The phrase "Properly fed and kept" is construed to mean that milk, within the meaning of this act, must be produced from animals fed only such feeds as will not impart strong disagreeable flavors or odors to the milk or the products thereof. (Mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc., when fed in such manner or quantity that the quality of milk from cows so fed is injured thereby (tainted) are not proper feeds for milk cows and the feeding of them does not constitute proper feeding; whereas, most natural grasses, alfalfa, clover, vetch, peas, ensilage, beets, carrots, cocoanut meal, grains, etc., which are not moldy or decayed are entirely suitable for feeding animals producing milk.) All feeds must be wholesome and fed in such quantities as will nourish and not impair the health of the animals. Milk producing animals must be kept reasonably clean and must not be subjected to undue exposure so that their health is injured thereby.

2. Milk for manufacturing purposes may be graded into three classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE MILK is milk showing low dirt content, is well cooled, will pass the alcohol test, contains no undesirable flavors or odors and contains not more than

one million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

SECOND GRADE MILK is milk showing some dirt content, may have some undesirable flavors, is uncooled, shows a questionable reaction to the alcohol test, or contains more than one million and not more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

THIRD GRADE MILK is milk that is very dirty, strong, sour, contains numerous flies, or other insects, gives a distinct yellow curd by the alcohol test, or contains more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination, or is otherwise unfit to be manufactured into a food product. Third grade milk which in the judgment of the inspector is clearly unfit for human consumption, or which is known to have been produced under very insanitary conditions, shall be condemned and marked for identification by the addition of a suitable amount of charcoal paste and rennet.

Note: Requirements for grading market milk under the jurisdiction of approved milk inspecting departments may be found in the Pure Milk Law. See page 52.

REGULATION II.

1. Cream being defined as a portion of milk (Section 4 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923) infers, and is construed to mean that the milk from which it is separated must conform to the established definitions and standards for milk.

2. Cream for manufacturing purposes may be graded into four classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of ninety-two score butter or above (creamery extra), being clean, smooth, free from undesirable flavors or odors, sweet or acid not to exceed three-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid), and containing at least thirty per cent of milk fat.

SECOND GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of butter scoring from ninety to ninety-one and one-half (creamery prime first), being somewhat fermented, contains some undesirable flavor or odor, and contains more than three-tenths and less than six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid).

THIRD GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself

to the manufacture of butter scoring from eighty-eight to eighty-nine and one-half (creamery first), may be slightly foamy or slightly curdy, has distinct off flavors, is old, and contains in excess of six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid), or which is known to be produced under very insanitary conditions.

CREAM UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION (rejected cream) is cream which is very strong, tainted, rancid, moldy, dirty, very curdy, contains numerous flies, or other insects or vermin, or is in an advanced state of fermentation or putrefaction, or is otherwise unwholesome, or which is known to be produced under very insanitary conditions.

3. In accordance with Section 4 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the ratio of fat and solids not fat in cream shall be in the following proportions:

Fat, per cent	Solids not fat, per cent Not more than
18.0 to 30.0	8.0
30.1 to 35.0	7.5
35.1 to 40.0	7.0
40.1 and above	6.5

4. Whipping Cream (pastry cream) is market cream which contains not less than thirty per cent of milk fat (Section 3, Chapter 181, Statutes 1907). (Act approved March 11, 1907.--U. S. Dept. Agr. Circular 136,

Subdivision I Bb 2.)

REGULATION III.

1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 10 of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 28, 1927, the following alkaline materials are approved for use in neutralization of acidity in cream for making butter:

Calcium Hydroxide (Lime water, milk of lime).

Calcium Oxide (Quick lime).

Calcium Carbonate (Chalk).

Magnesium Oxide (Magnesia lime).

Sodium Bicarbonate (Baking soda).

Sodium Carbonate (Soda ash).

Other compounds or proprietary preparations may be used on special written permit from the State Department of Agriculture.

REGULATION IV.

1. Six varieties of cheese are designated by law, namely, Cheddar, Granular, Monterey, Cream, Cottage and Creamed Cottage. A seventh variety is hereby established, to be known as "High Moisture Jack." This variety of cheese is made by the so-called stirred curd or granular process, without added color and molded into forms or shapes unlike the shape and form of any established variety of cheese specified in Section 7 of the General Dairy Laws of California, and containing not more than 46 per cent moisture. It shall be labeled to indicate the name, the grade, whether whole milk, part skim or skim; the factory number; the permit number and date of manufacture. This type of cheese may not be sold to the consumer more than three weeks after the date of manufacture.

2. Special varieties and fancy cheeses may be made under written permit from the department of agriculture of the State of California to be sold under labels approved in writing by said department (Section 7 of the General dairy law of California, as amended and approved May 28, 1927). These permits

do not expire unless revoked for cause by the department of agriculture of the State of California.

3. Factory numbers required by the law to be assigned annually (Section 7 of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 28, 1927), will be reassigned each year to each cheese factory upon application for renewal of factory license (Section 16 (a), Chapter 817, Statutes 1927). The factory license number issued to each cheese factory will be the same in each instance.

4. All labeling of cheese required by the law (Section 7 of the general dairy law of California, as amended and approved May 28, 1927), and this regulation, except as otherwise provided herein or authorized by special permit as provided in paragraph 2 shall be in plain block letters or numerals at least one-half inch in height, with stencils, stamps or labels approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

REGULATION V.

1. In conformity with the specific authorization of the general dairy law of California (Section 8 (a), Chapter 817, amended and approved May 28, 1927), ice cream shall contain a minimum of one and six-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from, at least thirty separate containers, except in those plants where a less number of filled containers is available, in which case the determination shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from, all filled containers which are present. Net weights may be determined by deducting from the gross weight of all filled containers examined, the weight of an equal number of representative empty containers of exactly the same style and pattern. If a tentative determination made in this manner indicates that the contents of the containers examined are deficient in weight of total food solids per gallon the filled containers may be emptied and the actual net weight of the same containers after being emptied may be exactly determined, except that manufacturers who object to this procedure may

designate on each container its tare weight, for the accuracy of which designation he shall be responsible, as provided in the Net Containers Act.

2. Application for permit to use butter in manufacture of ice cream shall be made annually at the time application for renewal of factory license is made, within thirty days prior to the expiration of each calendar year (Section 16 (a) of the general dairy law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927). Such permits will be issued for one year at a time only.

3. Chocolate ice cream is construed to be a nut ice cream and must, therefore, contain at least eight per cent of milk fat and one per cent by weight of ground chocolate or cocoa.

4. Ice cream may be made with the use of artificial coloring and flavoring without labeling the same "artificial flavor and color", provided it is merely labeled "ice cream." If, on the other hand, an ice cream were to be labeled "vanilla ice cream" or "maple ice cream," then the ice cream in question would have to be made from the pure extracts and pure flavorings. "See opinion of Bureau of Foods and Drugs of the Department of Public Health of the State of California, July 19, 1927.)

REGULATION VI.

1. The use of the phrase "manufacture and sale of soft drinks under a trade name" as used in section 9 (i) of the general dairy law of California (amended and approved May 28, 1927), is construed to mean the preparation and distribution of soft drinks having milk or skim milk as a base, in a plant especially devoted to the purpose and does not apply to the mixing of milk shakes, etc., at soda fountains.

2. Plants desiring to secure a license for the manufacture of acidophilus milk or modified milk, as provided for in section 9 (g), (h), of the general dairy law of California (amended and approved May 28, 1927), may do so by letter, indicating therein the qualifications of technician who is to be employed and under whose supervision these products will be produced. The Department of Agriculture will, at its discretion, examine into the qualifications of such technician as an essential consideration in determining whether or not the license for manufacture shall be issued.

REGULATION VII.

1. The use of neutralizer for the adjustment of ice cream mix shall not be practiced when the milk and/or cream used exceeds two-tenths per cent acidity.

REGULATION VIII.

1. Wholesale dealers required by the provisions of Section 12 of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, to keep a record of sales of oleomargarine shall once each month prepare and alphabetically arrange a list of all customers of the month just preceding, showing the total amount sold to each customer for the month, and shall forward a copy of said list to the office of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento.

REGULATION IX.

1. Two or more cows in full lactation or freshening within four months of each other, and producing milk or cream sold to the public, constitute a commercial dairy. A milk house must be provided, and other requirements of the dairy law observed. The sale of small quantities of milk from one cow producing more than enough milk to supply domestic need, may be actuated by a desire to avoid waste and not to compete with commercial dairies. Therefore a milk house may not be required, provided the milk sold is wholesome and handled in a sanitary manner.

2. The word "sterilized" as used in Section 13 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, is construed to mean that the process of destroying all micro-organisms shall be carried to a point equivalent to that accomplished by subjection to water or water vapor at a temperature of 170° Fahrenheit for fifteen minutes as required by said act. Immersion in boiling water (water at 212° Fahrenheit) or subjection to superheated steam or steam under pressure for less than fifteen minutes must accomplish the same degree of efficiency reached in fifteen minutes by water or water vapor at 170° Fahrenheit.

Scalding as used in the ordinary sense and which consists of rapidly pouring hot water over utensils is insufficient, in that some of the surfaces, especially of tubular equipment, are frequently entirely missed and always some parts of the utensils are inadequately heated.

3. The practice of emptying and holding milk in cans in barns, corrals, etc., where milking is done is construed to be in violation of Section 13 (a) (6) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, wherein it is required that milk must not be canned or kept in a place occupied by cows or other animals.

4. In accordance with the requirements of Section 13 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the following form is adopted as the official dairy farm score card in the State of California:

DAIRY FARM SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO
G. H. HECKE, Director
BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

County..... Name.....
Town..... Business address .....
Total No. cows.....; No. milking.....; Gals. milk daily.....; Cream.....
Disposition..... Date.....

EQUIPMENT—30%	Perfect	Allowed	METHODS—70%	Perfect	Allowed
Cows	8		Handling Utensils	30	
Apparent good health 2			Thoroughly washed 12		
Tested and reactors removed 4			Sterilized and dried 15		
Food (clean and wholesome) 1			Protection from contamination 3		
Water (clean and fresh) 1					
Utensils	10		Cleanliness of Milking	20	
Hooded buckets 4			Cows clean 4		
(Or less according to opening)			Udders washed and wiped 8		
Necessary equipment available 2			Cleaned with moist cloth 5		
(or less according to efficiency)			Brushed 1		
Construction and condition 3			Sterile milking machines or clean dry hands 8		
Clean milking suits 1					
Milk House	7		Handling of Milk	15	
Location: free from contaminating surroundings 2			Milk removed immediately to milk house without pouring from pails 3		
Construction 2			Protection from dust and insects 5		
Floor, walls and ceiling 1			Cooled and held below 40° F. 6		
Light, ventilation and screens 1			Below 50° F. 5		
Separate rooms for washing utensils and handling milk 1			Below 60° F. 4		
Water clean, pure and convenient 1			Below 70° F. 3		
Steam or boiling water convenient 1			Below 80° F. 1		
			Aerated 1		
Stables	5		Cleanliness of Buildings	5	
Location: free from contaminating surroundings 1			Cleanliness of milk room 2.5		
Drainage 2			Cleanliness of stable 2.5		
Construction 2			Total	70	
Floor, walls and ceiling 1			Deduct for:		
Light and ventilation 1			Very filthy utensils		
			Very filthy milk room		
Total	30		Equipment + methods = final score.		

B.D.C. FORM 2. 50000 12-27 1934
CALIFORNIA STATE PRINTING OFFICE

.....
Inspector

REGULATION X

1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 14 (b) of the general dairy law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, the following form is adopted as the official score card for factories of dairy products in the State of California:

INDIVIDUAL FACTORY REPORT AND SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

Trade Name.....Owner or Manager.....

Town.....Business Address.....

Products Manufactured or Processed.....

Factory License No.....Date.....

EQUIPMENT 40%	Perfect	Allowed
Building	16	
Location: Free from contaminating surroundings 2		
Arrangement 4		
Proper rooms, 1; lavatory facilities, 1; adequate size, 1; convenient, 1.		
Construction 10		
Interior surfaces—tight, sound and cleanable 4		
Floors, 2; walls, 1; ceilings, 1.		
Light and ventilation—adequate 3		
Drainage—adequate 2		
General appearance—attractive 1		
Apparatus	20	
Facilities for cleaning, sterilizing and drying 7		
Transportation containers 4		
Plant equipment 3		
Facilities for handling the product 7		
Adequate, 3; condition of, 4.		
Temperature indicators and controls 6		
Condition of, 3; sufficient, 2; check thermometer, 1.		
Water Supply	4	
Clean and fresh 2		
Convenient and abundant 2		
Total on Equipment	40	

METHODS 60%	Perfect	Allowed
Building, Cleanliness	8	
Freedom from odors, 2; orderly, 1; floors, 1; walls, 1; ceilings, 1; doors and windows, 1; shafts, pulleys, pipes, etc., 1.		
Apparatus	20	
Transportation Containers 10		
Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Plant Equipment 10		
Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Handling the Product	22	
Protection from contamination (flies, dust, vermin, etc.) 3		
Expeditious Operation, Celerity and dispatch 2		
Proper Temperature Control 14		
Receiving, 2; processing, 6; storage, 3; transportation, 2; records, 1.		
Packaging and Labeling 3		
Technical Control of Product	4	
Raw materials, 2; finished product, 2.		
Miscellaneous	6	
Cleanliness of employees 4		
Personal, 2; clothing, 2.		
Transportation Facilities 2		
Cleanliness, 1½; appearance, ½.		
Total on Methods	60	

Score—Equipment.....Methods.....Total.....

NOTE.—The following instructions constitute an official order and must be observed.

.....

.....

.....

Necessary new equipment must be installed and repairs or other improvements required must be completed by

.....19.....

Duplicate copy received.

.....
Operator

.....
Inspector

B D C. FORM 20. 96370 12-37 5M
CALIFORNIA STATE PRINTING OFFICE

REGULATION XI.

Regulations pertaining to licensing dairy produce exchange will be promulgated at a later date by the Director of Agriculture and will be available upon application.

REGULATION XII.

1. Any person making application for a factory license as required by Section 16 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, or the renewal thereof, shall file a properly executed affidavit in connection therewith, setting forth therein such facts as may be indicated in an appropriate form, supplied for the purpose, by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

2. Any person desiring to secure a milk and cream testers license as required by Section 1 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, shall file with the department of agriculture of the State of California an application in writing, on an appropriate form provided for the purpose, by the said department. Each applicant shall specify the method intended to be used and for which the license is desired. Before any such "tester's license" is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a written examination and an oral laboratory examination and demonstration of technique, sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in conducting tests on milk and cream and in each of these examinations secure a grade of at least 70 per

cent. The examination shall be adapted to the particular method of testing specified in the application. The license, if issued, shall specify the method to be used by the licensee and shall not be construed to permit tests to be made by the applicant using any other method than that specified in the license.

3. Any person desiring to secure a license to weigh or sample milk, or cream, or both, for testing, as required by the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, shall make application in writing, on an appropriate form supplied by the department of agriculture of the State of California. Before any such sampler's and weigher's license is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a grade of at least 70 per cent on both parts of the examination. Before any such license is issued, the applicant shall have satisfactorily demonstrated his ability to take correctly, individual and composite samples which are truly representative of the lot from which the sample was taken. He shall also prove himself capable of answering intelligently any questions pertaining to his work as a sampler or weigher of milk or cream.

4. Any person desiring to secure a license to make bacteriological determinations upon milk or

cream, which determinations are to be used as a basis of payment or determining value, as required by the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, shall make application in writing on an appropriate form supplied by the department of agriculture of the State of California. Before a technician's license is issued to such applicant he shall be required to pass a written and an oral laboratory examination and demonstration of technique sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in making bacteriological determinations on milk and cream which are reasonably accurate, and secure in each of these examinations a grade of at least 70 per cent. The methods of technique which shall be used by all persons holding a technician's license and upon which the examinations will be based, shall be the standard methods for the bacteriological examination of milk of the American Public Health Association.

REGULATION XIII.

Rule 1. Samples.

1. (a) Milk or cream to be sampled shall be stirred or mixed until all parts are uniform. Samples shall be representative of the fat content of the product sampled and in case of composite samples shall be proportionate in amount to the amount of product from which the sample is taken. The sampling device shall be rinsed in the product before any part of the product is transferred to the sample bottle.

(b) Samples shall be marked for identity and in case an identification number is discontinued in any case, the same number may not be reapplied to another patron for a period of at least two months.

2. (a) Cream samples for testing shall be held in wide-mouthed bottles of at least two-ounce capacity, filled to the top and closed with a tight-fitting rubber stopper or otherwise hermetically sealed in a manner approved in writing by an authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

(b) Milk samples for testing may be held in the same style container specified for cream, or in milk bottles with a well-fitted paraffined milk bottle cap.

3 (a) For preserving milk samples for milk fat

determination solid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the milk but must not exceed one per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the sample but must not exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of milk.

(b) For preserving cream samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added if necessary but must not exceed three-tenths per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added not to exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of cream.

(c) Composite samples must always be agitated whenever an addition is made to any such sample in order to diffuse the preservative throughout the sample.

4. (a) The licensed tester shall retain in his custody samples of all milk and cream tested by him for a period of at least forty-eight hours after the test has been completed and shall be personally responsible for their safe keeping.

(b) The management of any concern purchasing milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content must provide a cool place in which all samples may be kept for forty-eight hours by the licensed tester and in which they may be locked if such is deemed

necessary by the licensed tester or an authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 2. Babcock Testing.

1. Test room equipment:

(a) All glassware shall be in conformity with the specifications set forth in Section 17 (c) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, and shall beara legible and indelible distinguishing mark indicating official approval.

(b) Test bottles must be reasonably well cleaned after each using and rendered entirely free from fat.

(c) The scales or balances used in weighing the charge into cream sample bottles must be accurate and shall have a sensibility of not more than thirty milligrams.

(d) The scales or balances must be fixed in position or set on an even and level support while in use.

(e) The scales or balances used must be free from vibration and draughts of air while being used.

(f) Weights for weighing cream samples must be correct within a tolerance of 10 milligrams for the nine-gram weight and 20 milligrams for the eighteen-gram weight.

(g) The pipette used for measuring milk samples shall be whole and must not heve a broken tip nor any portion

of the delivery end removed.

(h) The centrifuge must be level, secured on a solid foundation and when in operation, free from vibration due to loose bearings or other cause.

(i) The arms of calipers or dividers, if used, must work smoothly and must be tight enough to prevent slipping at any part of the angle described by them.

2. Accuracy in weighing cream tests:

(a) Empty test bottles must be accurately balanced before receiving the charges of cream.

(b) Cream samples must be thoroughly mixed to an even consistency before being weighed into the test bottle.

(c) Cream samples when cold, sour, thick or lumpy, must be carefully heated to a temperature that will allow thorough mixing before the charge is weighed into the test bottle, but at no time shall the water in the tempering bath exceed 110° Fahrenheit, and all samples must be weighed into the test bottles at a uniform temperature.

(d) The pipette used for filling the charge into the test bottle must be rinsed out with water at about 110° Fahrenheit between weighings. The water must be shaken or blown from the pipette. The pipette must then be rinsed with the next sample to be weighed by drawing a portion of the sample into the pipette and discharging it before any portion of the sample is put into the

test bottle.

(e) The weight of the charge of cream in the test bottle must be accurately balanced.

3. Accuracy in measuring milk tests:

(a) The sample must be thoroughly mixed before being measured into the test bottle.

(b) The samples must all be pipetted into the test bottle at a uniform temperature.

4. Mixing samples and acid:

(a) Temperatures of samples and acid shall be approximately 70° Fahrenheit when mixed.

(b) Samples and acid must be thoroughly mixed immediately after mixing is begun.

(c) Samples should be a deep chocolate color after being mixed with the proper amount of acid.

5. Operation of centrifuge:

(a) Bottles must be properly balanced in carrier.

(b) Samples must be centrifuged three times, with addition of hot water (temperature 140° Fahrenheit or above) to the bottom of the neck after the first, and to near the top of the neck after the second centrifuging, and the length of time for whirling shall not be less than five, two and one minutes in order named above.

(c) In all testing of milk or cream when the same is received or purchased upon the basis of the amount

of butter fat contained therein, the Babcock tester shall be operated at the proper speed, which is as follows:

(1) For tester with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of fourteen inches, the speed shall be between eight hundred seventy-five and nine hundred twenty-five revolutions per minute.

(2) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended, with diameter of sixteen inches, the speed shall be between eight hundred twenty-five and eight hundred seventy-five revolutions per minute.

(3) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended, with diameter of eighteen inches, the speed shall be between seven hundred seventy-five and eight hundred twenty-five revolutions per minute.

(4) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended, with diameter of twenty inches, the speed shall be between seven hundred twenty-five and seven hundred-seventy-five revolutions per minute.

(5) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended with diameter of twenty-two inches, the speed shall be between seven hundred and seven hundred fifty revolutions per minute.

(6) For centrifuge with carrier cups extended with diameter of twenty-four inches, the speed shall be

between six hundred seventy-five and seven hundred twenty-five revolutions per minute.

(d) The average temperature of the centrifuge chamber when in operation shall not be below 130° Fahrenheit.

6. Reading cream tests:

(a) The color of fat columns should be clear, golden yellow.

(b) The solution adjoining the bottom of the fat column must be clear.

(c) The fat columns must be practically free from precipitation, or foreign matter.

(d) Test bottles must be held in a hot water bath at least ten minutes before readings are commenced.

(e) Test bottles must be held perpendicular when the fat columns are measured.

(f) The meniscus at the top of the milk fat column shall be destroyed by the use of an overlying foreign oil approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, and the milk fat column shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the plane of separation between the fat column and the overlying foreign oil. Glymol must not be added to more than six tests at one time and

and only just immediately before readings are made.

(g) The reading of the test shall be made with the fat column entirely submerged when the temperature of the milk fat is between 130 and 140 degrees Fahrenheit.

7. Reading milk tests:

All laws, rules and regulations governing the reading of cream tests shall also apply to reading milk tests except that the meniscus on the fat column of milk tests shall not be destroyed and the fat column of tests on milk in milk test bottles shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the top of the top meniscus.

8. Keeping records of tests:

(a) All persons holding a state license to conduct tests of milk or cream shall make duplicate records of the result of such test, the original to be made with indelible pencil or India ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

(b) The forms on which test records are kept shall be obtained by the management of any concern buying milk or cream on the basis of its fat content from the department of agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento; or the said management may adopt a form on satisfactory paper stock of suitable

size and providing space for necessary information, and submit the same to the said department of agriculture, whose approval in writing must be secured before said forms may be used.

(c) Each sheet shall be authenticated by the signature of the tester and marked with the date on which the tests were made.

(d) Whenever a change in the records, while still in the possession of the tester, is necessary by reason of accident or failure to properly record the test, or when a retest is made, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen without defacing the figure and the correction noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the tester which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever, for any such cause, a change in the records is necessary after the duplicate test record sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made, marked with the date the retest was made and the date that the milk or cream that is retested was received, and this sheet authenticated by the signature of the licensed tester. The necessary

changes occasioned by these retests shall be made and identified on the original test sheet in the office by the licensed tester only, as set forth in the beginning of this rule, and this retest sheet then be deposited in the official sealed box.

(e) The original test record sheets shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the tests.

(f) The duplicate test record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official box supplied for the purpose by the department of agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento or made in accordance with blue print specifications obtained from said department of agriculture, such official test record box to be kept in the test room at all times.

9. Character of work:

A licensed tester shall not work faster than will permit thoroughness and accuracy.

10. Observation of laws, rules and regulations:

(a) A licensed tester shall at all times understand and comply with all laws, rules and regulations governing the testing of milk or cream bought or received on the basis of the amount of milk fat contained therein, by any method or process.

(b) Variations between the licensed tester's

first test and his retest on the same samples amounting to 1 per cent or over on cream tests and one-tenth of 1 per cent or over on milk tests are considered to be excessive.

Rule 3. Gerber Testing (Fucoma Equipment).

1. The Gerber test using Fucoma equipment may be used for tests on milk only (not cream), when the results obtained are to be used as a basis of payment for milk fat contained therein.

2. Licensed testers using Fucoma equipment for tests on milk must follow explicitly the instructions recommended by the manufacturer for conducting this test, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

3. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 4. Mojonnier Testing.

1. Licensed testers using Mojonnier equipment or determining the milk fat content of milk or cream on which payment is based, must follow explicitly the

current instructions for conducting the test issued by the manufacturer, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

(2) All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

Note:--See Rule 2, paragraphs 2 (c) and 3. When, from any cause, cream samples have become churned and contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to 110° Fahrenheit , but to no higher a temperature, and this temperature maintained until all particles or lumps of fat are liquefied and then mix and shake violently, taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

See Rule 2, paragraph 8 (d) Any form of paper will serve for a retest sheet and it is not necessary to make the retest sheet in duplicate.

REGULATION XIV.

1. Any person desiring to register any brand, as provided by Section 18 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 28, 1927, shall file a properly executed application on a form supplied upon application by the department of agriculture of the State of California, whereupon the department, after holding for a period of three weeks during which time the proposed brand shall be advertised in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the locality in which the applicant is engaged in business, as provided for by the act; and if at the end of such period there appears to be no contest of right or ownership to said brand, the department will formally register such brand as the correct and legal designation for the property of the applicant.

REGULATION XV.

1. Whenever it is not possible for milk products plants purchasing milk or cream direct from farmers to furnish addresses in connection with the list of patrons as required by Section 20 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, the approximate location may be given in lieu thereof by indicating the distance and direction from certain local landmarks, and it shall be the duty of all such plants to keep a record of the approximate location of all patrons, which record shall at all times during working hours be accessible to duly authorized representatives of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

REGULATION XVI.

1. Whenever a manufactured product of milk is found to be impure, unclean, unwholesome, stale, adulterated, or found to be produced, manufactured or kept in an insanitary place, by an authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California, he shall proceed to attach to such manufactured product, or the containers thereof, in an appropriate manner, a tag or label bearing the words "California Inspected and Retained" and a copy of this regulation. Whereupon, such manufactured product of milk may not be sold or moved or transported to any other place or premises until the owner thereof has been given due notice and hearing as provided by Section 21 of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927. Whereupon said labels shall be removed by an authorized representative of the said department of agriculture and the product or products so held either released or condemned and marked, or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as determined by such hearing.

REGULATION XVII.

1. In accordance with specific authorization provided in Section 15 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California (amended and approved May 28, 1927), and in accordance with stipulation number eight filed in the office of the Governor, regarding the administration policy in the enforcement of the Pure Milk Law (amended June 3, 1927, Chapter 888), market cream may be pasteurized for thirty minutes at a temperature of 150° Fahrenheit.

2. Any special permits for the modification of prescribed methods of pasteurization shall be permitted by the department of agriculture of the State of California only with the concurrence of the department of public health.

REGULATION XVIII.

1. No pasteurized market milk may be sold under a label indicating that it is produced by nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows unless the entire milk supply of that plant is obtained from nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows.

REGULATION XIX.

1. Ungraded, raw market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than two hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count or one million bacteria by direct microscopic count, per milliliter. (Section 2 (a), General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923) (Section 2, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927.)

2. Ungraded, pasteurized market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than one million bacteria by official plate count or five million bacteria by direct microscopic count per milliliter before pasteurization; or when it contains more than fifty thousand bacteria by official plate count per milliliter after pasteurization.

3. Sour market cream is clean market cream which has been fermented by the action of one or more strains of lactic acid bacteria, such that the product contains a distinct acidity, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream. This product may be sold under the designation "sour market cream."

REGULATION XIX.

1. Ungraded, raw market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than two hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count or one million bacteria by direct microscopic count, per milliliter. (Section 2 (a), General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923) (Section 2, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927.)

2. Ungraded, pasteurized market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than one million bacteria by official plate count or five million bacteria by direct microscopic count per milliliter before pasteurization; or when it contains more than fifty thousand bacteria by official plate count per milliliter after pasteurization.

3. Sour market cream is clean market cream which has been fermented by the action of one or more strains of lactic acid bacteria, such that the product contains a distinct acidity, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream. This product may be sold under the designation "sour market cream."

4. (a) Homogenized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process for dividing the fat globules into fragments, thereby increasing the viscosity of the product, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

(b) Viscolized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process similar to homogenization, except that the fat globules are not as finely divided as in the case of homogenization. It otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

5. Half and half is a product consisting of approximately one-half market milk and one-half market cream, each of which conforms to all of the requirements for these products.

6. Milk or cream which does not conform to requirements as defined in the General Dairy Law of California (approved June 15, 1923), or with the requirements of the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), or which has been produced in an insanitary dairy or factory of dairy products or other insanitary place, or which has been handled in an insanitary manner, is hereby declared to be impure and unwholesome, and must not be sold for human consumption. Such milk shall be kept in a

4. (a) Homogenized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process for dividing the fat globules into fragments, thereby increasing the viscosity of the product, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

(b) Viscolized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process similar to homogenization, except that the fat globules are not as finely divided as in the case of homogenization. It otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

5. Half and half is a product consisting of approximately one-half market milk and one-half market cream, each of which conforms to all of the requirements for these products.

6. Milk or cream which does not conform to requirements as defined in the General Dairy Law of California (approved June 15, 1923), or with the requirements of the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), or which has been produced in an insanitary dairy or factory of dairy products or other insanitary place, or which has been handled in an insanitary manner, is hereby declared to be impure and unwholesome, and must not be sold for human consumption. Such milk shall be kept in a

distinctive container and plainly so marked or condemned and marked for identification with a suitable coloring matter.

REGULATION XX.
Rule 1. Milk Inspection Services.

1. Any unit of government or other group desiring approval of a milk inspection service shall make application for approval in writing to the department of agriculture of the State of California. Upon receipt of said application the said department of agriculture shall determine if such unit of government or other group is entitled to approval. If such approval is given the said department of agriculture, with the concurrence of the department of public health, shall issue a certificate of approval to the milk inspection service, provided such approval may be withdrawn should the milk inspection service later become inefficient, whereupon the certificate of approval shall be forfeited.

2. To secure and hold such approval a milk inspection service must:

(a) Provide a sufficient force of qualified inspectors, under the general direction of a regularly licensed physician, and sufficient laboratory facilities to enforce efficiently the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), and other laws and regulations relating to graded milk. In the absence of a laboratory arrangements may be made with a person or firm, approved concurrently by the depart-

ment of agriculture and the department of public health of the State of California, to do bacteriological and other laboratory work.

(b) Provide for the efficient physical examination of employees, as required by law (Section 3, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927), and in accordance with detailed instructions of the department of public health, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(c) Provide for the physical examination, under the supervision of a qualified veterinarian, of all cattle producing milk to be sold in its jurisdiction as required by law (Section 3, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927). This shall consist of a general physical examination for manifest evidence of diseases such as enlarged glands, mastitis, pyometra, tuberculosis, open sores, ulcerated teeth, abscesses, etc., in accordance with detailed instructions of the department of agriculture, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(d) Maintain the standards for the various grades of milk as established by the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), and the rules and regulations hereby established.

(e) Cooperate in the holding of official surprise milk scoring contests whenever requested to do so by a duly authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California. (Section 4 (c), Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927.)

(f) Comply with the rules and regulations herein set forth.

(g) Provide for the grading of market cream on the same basis as market milk whenever possible.

Rule 2. Inspectors.

1. No dairy inspector appointed under the provisions of the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), shall accept any compensation, directly or indirectly, for any advice rendered to any dairyman, nor shall any such inspector be the agent for, or be interested in, any firm or corporation selling, or handling any supplies used by dairymen, creameries or other factories of dairy products.

2. The inspectors whose duty it will be to participate in the enforcement of the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), and other laws pertaining to the grading of milk and cream, shall have passed a civil service examination given either by the Civil Service Commission of the city or county in which the milk

inspection service is situated, or by the State Civil Service Commission. Such examination, if given by a city, county, or city and county, shall be of equal or higher standard than that given by the State Civil Service Commission for the position of dairy inspector; provided, that all persons holding the position of dairy inspector in any city, county, or city and county, for a period of six months prior to the first day of October, 1914, and performing the duty of such office to the satisfaction of the Board of Health of such city, or county, during that time, shall not be required to take the said examination. In the event that the inspector has not taken the Civil Service examination at the time of his appointment, the qualifications of such an inspector shall be determined by an examination conducted by the Bureau of Dairy Control of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require the health officer of the state, or of any county, or city, to take an examination before being qualified to inspect dairies, milk plants, creameries, cheese factories, or any other factory where milk products are handled; and nothing in these rules shall be construed to interfere with the inspection of such places by employees of the Department of Public Health of the State of California when an epidemic of any communicable disease is prevalent.

Rule 3. Inspection.

1. Inspection shall consist of laboratory examinations of the products and adequate supervision of the equipment and methods of the various producers and distributors.

2. Samples of retail milk for bacteriological and chemical examination shall be taken in original containers direct from delivery wagons, dairies, milk plants, or other places of business at least once every two weeks at irregular intervals and without previous notice to any producer or distributor. Additional samples of milk retailed at stores, etc., shall be taken as frequently as conditions will permit. Samples shall be taken from stores in all cases where complaint is made regarding the condition of same. Special attention shall be directed to the temperature at which store samples are kept. Samples of wholesale milk for bacteriological examination shall be taken at time of arrival at the milk plant at least once a month. The term "wholesale milk" is construed to mean milk from a producer who sells his product to a distributor and shall not be construed to include the wholesaler of the finished product, to restaurants, stores, bakeries, etc. All milk samples shall be kept at a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit until plated. Laboratory technique shall

be in accordance with the "Standard Methods of the American Public Health Association for Milk Analysis." The direct microscopic count of bacteria (Breed Method) is recognized as a standard of official technique where used for judging the quality of unpasteurized milk.

3. Dairy farms shall be inspected at least six times a year. Pasteurizing plants shall be inspected at least once every two weeks. Plants of producer-distributors and raw milk shall be inspected at least once each month. Scores on the methods and equipment of dairy farms or products plants shall be made at least twice each year. Visits of inspectors shall be unannounced and at irregular intervals. Pasteurizing equipment shall be given special attention and recording thermometers tested for accuracy at least once every two weeks.

4. All persons engaged in handling milk, either before or after pasteurization, shall be required to exercise scrupulous cleanliness and must not harbor the germs of typhoid fever, tuberculosis, diphtheria, or other communicable diseases liable to be conveyed through the milk. Absence of such communicable disease may be determined by cultures and physical examination to the satisfaction of the local health officer of milk

inspection service.

5. Each dairy or distributor of milk and cream shall be kept informed ofthe results of the laboratory examinations and scoring of their individual products and equipment. On the basis of these determinations the inspection services shall issue written authorization, to each person or concern who desires to sell milk under its jurisdiction; provided, that authorization shall be revoked in every case when the product or equipment of any person or concern does not consistently meet the requirements of the pure milk law or of the rules and regulations for its enforcement.

6. (a) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained on the retail sample from a distributor, the milk inspection service shall make at least three recounts within a period of two weeks in addition to the routine milk examination, whereupon if the count is persistently high and the average count obtained during the two weeks period exceeds that established by the pure milk law, such milk may be degraded, or, at the option of the milk inspection service, excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be re-established at its previous standing for a period of at

least four weeks during which time it must have met with the requirements of the pure milk law as determined by official counts. All recounts are considered as official samples in computing final milk scores.

(b) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained from a producer delivering milk at wholesale in bulk to a distributor whose supply is drawn from a large number of producers, the milk inspection service shall make at least one recount in verification of the first as quickly as possible. If the first count is verified by a high recount the milk from such producer may be degraded, or at the option of the local milk inspection service excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be re-established at its previous standing until at least two recounts have been taken, indicating that it is again in conformity with legal requirements. (First recount must be taken within at least five days of date of degrading or sooner if expendient with good inspection service; second to follow immediately.)

7. All publications or public statements relating to the quality of milk or cream, or the condition of dairies or milk plants, shall be expressed in terms of percentage, one hundred being considered perfect. In rating milk or

cream this percentage shall be based on an average of results obtained by the examination of at least four samples taken at intervals of at least a week. In no case shall publication of numbers of bacteria be made. The method used for computing milk scores for publication shall be approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 4. Standards.

1. Market milk shall be delivered in sterile containers and the standards shall be those established by the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), and in addition the following maximum temperatures with respect to cooling:

(a) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed twice a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 60° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and so maintained until delivery to consumers.

(b) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed once a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maintained at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivery to the consumer.

(c) Grade "A" raw milk bottled at a distributing plant must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or

cream this percentage shall be based on an average of results obtained by the examination of at least four samples taken at intervals of at least a week. In no case shall publication of numbers of bacteria be made. The method used for computing milk scores for publication shall be approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 4. Standards.

1. Market milk shall be delivered in sterile containers and the standards shall be those established by the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), and in addition the following maximum temperatures with respect to cooling:

(a) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed twice a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 60° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and so maintained until delivery to consumers.

(b) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed once a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maintained at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivery to the consumer.

(c) Grade "A" raw milk bottled at a distributing plant must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or

below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maintained at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivered to the consumer.

(d) Grade "A" milk for pasteurization must be cooled immediately after being drawn from the cow to as low a temperature as practical and so maintained until delivery to the plant. After pasteurization, milk must be cooled to a temperature of 50° Fahrenheit or below, and so maintained until delivery to the consumer.

2. A milking shed or barn with tight, nonabsorbent cleanable floors shall be required of each dairy producing graded milk, such milking shed or barn to be acceptable to the local inspection service and under whose jurisdiction the dairy is conducted.

Rule 5. Labelling.

1. Graded market milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define the grade:

Certified Milk.	Grade "A" Raw Milk.
Guaranteed Raw milk.	Grade "A" Pasteurized milk.
Guaranteed Pasteurized Milk.	Grade "B" Pasteurized Milk.

(b) Name of producer or distributor.

(c) Address of producer or distributor.

2. Ungraded milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define it:

Market Milk Raw.
Market Milk Pasteurized.

(b) Name of producer or distributor.

(c) Address of producer or distributor.

3. Special designating words such as "Inspected Milk," "Extra Quality Milk," "Purity Guaranteed," "Special Baby Milk," etc., must not be used. (Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927.)

4. The words "whipping cream" or "table cream" constitute the name of a product and may be used for labeling market cream. Otherwise, the requirements for labeling market cream are the same as those relating to market milk.

Rule 6. Prosecutions.

1. Prosecutions for violations of theprovisions of this measure shall be directed against any person, firm, corporation, or association, and any manager, director, or agent of a firm, corporation, or association who directs or permits an employee to violate any of the provisions of this act, as well as against the actual offender.

REGULATION XXI.

1. The heating of milk or milk by-products, to be returned to farms for feeding purposes, to a temperature of 185° Fahrenheit, or above, as required by the provisions of Section 1 of the pasteurized dairy by-products act (approved June 3, 1921), may be accomplished by the direct injection of steam into the vat containing such milk or milk by-product, without the use of a recording thermometer to indicate the temperature, upon receipt of special written permit from the department of agriculture of the State of California; provided, that such permit shall be revocable if at any time it is found upon investigation that such product is returned to the farms without actually bringing it to the required temperature, as hereinabove specified.

721

247

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 23 1928

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank M. Coony
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 3
(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Oriental Fruit Moth.

Effective on and after May 12, 1928.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to peach trees and fruit and other trees and fruit known as the Oriental Fruit moth (Laspeyresia molesta, Busck) new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the States of New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas, Ohio and Indiana, and in the District of Columbia, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory, and that all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees and plants and fresh fruits thereof, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers of these fruits are liable to be carriers of said Oriental fruit moth into the State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said Oriental fruit moth into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the state of California, in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against said Oriental fruit moth, and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers that have been used to contain these fruits, imported, shipped or brought from said infested territory, and further, no such trees or plants or portions thereof, including the fresh fruits, and no containers used for such fruits as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all varieties and species including the flowering form of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry,

cheke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets or other used containers of these fruits, arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 3 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 3 (New Series) dated January 22, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California.

Issued: MAY 12, 1928.

722

Proclamation no 248

relating to Alfalfa
Weevil Quarantine order 117

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUN 29 1928

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank M. Curry
DEPUTY

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7

(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after June 28, 1928.

Until March 1, 1929, that portion of the county of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series), provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) and offered for entry into California from that portion of the county of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) is amended accordingly.

This Amendment supersedes Amendment No. 2 to Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) issued July 11, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: June 28, 1928.

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7

(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after June 28, 1928.

Until March 1, 1929, that portion of the county of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series), provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) and offered for entry into California from that portion of the county of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) is amended accordingly.

This Amendment supersedes Amendment No. 2 to Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) issued July 11, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

D. Heck
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

C. C. Young.
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: June 28, 1928.

No. 249

Proclamation by the Governor
Convening the Legislature in
Extradordinary session
September 4,1928.

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 16 1928
JORDAN
Secretary of State
Chas J Hagat
DEPUTY
3 o'clock P M.

Executive Department
State of California

Proclamation by the Governor

Convening the Legislature in Extraordinary Session

To the Executive Department,

State of California:

Whereas, an extraordinary occasion has arisen and now exists requiring that the Legislature of the State of California be convened,

Now Therefore, I, C. C. Young, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by section 9 of Article V of the Constitution of the State of California, do hereby convene the Legislature of the State of California to meet and assemble in extraordinary session, at Sacramento, California, on Tuesday, the fourth day of September, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-Eight at 11:00 o'clock A. M. of said day, for the purpose of considering the proposal of the people of the State of California at the general election in November, 1928, of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of California, which will

(1) -- Provide a new method for the taxation of all banks located within the State of California.

(2) -- Provide a new State Franchise Tax upon financial corporations, other than banks, and upon mercantile, manufacturing and business corporations, doing business within the state, which shall be a substitute for the present State Franchise Tax imposed under authority of subdivision (d) section 14, Article XIII of the Constitution of the State of California.

Executive Department
State of California

(3) -- Provide a workable method for the taxation of intangibles at a rate not to exceed four mills on each dollar of their actual value.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed hereunto the Great Seal of the State of C[illegible]a, at my office in the State Capitol this Sixteenth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-Eight.

C. C. Young
Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By Frank M. Coe
Deputy.

add to 724

Preliminary
of No. 744

Relating Special Session of
Legislature 1928.

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Aug 16 ~~MAR 3 1925~~ 1928

FRANK C. JURDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

September 4, 1928.

TO THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In addressing you respecting the present tax emergency which has called you together in special session, there is little to add to my former letter and advance message, sent to you nearly three weeks ago, and now upon your desks. These were sent, together with a copy of the Tax Commission's report, in order that you and the general public might have exact knowledge as to the fiscal problem which now confronts us, and that you might determine for yourselves whether there is any possible method of solution other than that worked out by the Commission.

As you will recall, I pointed out in my advance message that, by decisions of the United States Supreme Court construing section 5219 of the United States Revised Statutes as forbidding the imposition by a state of a tax on intangibles at a lower rate than that applied to national banks, and by other inconsistent and very old provisions of our state constitution, the California constitutional provision taxing national banks on shares has been shown to be discriminatory, and such bank taxes are therefore now apparently wiped out; that as long as this condition exists we can not in equity attempt to tax state banks, and that if we do so attempt we shall inevitably lose our state bank system through these banks becoming nationalized; that as a result of this situation the state is in danger of losing past, present, and future bank taxes amounting to possibly as much as $22,000,000, all of which can probably be saved by at once establishing a valid method of bank taxation; that under the provisions of the federal statute the only present available method of taxing banks will compel us to tax other corporations at the same rate, a considerable portion of this new tax coming from subsidiary financial corporations affiliated with banks and now escaping almost tax-free; that this new method of corporate franchise tax, while reducing the taxes of a majority of corporations and increasing the taxes of other corporations, will equalize the tax burden as between corporations and banks and between the corporations themselves; and, finally, that the only rate which would not be confiscatory as to corporations must necessarily be lower than the rate assessed against banks by the former invalid method, and that therefore the only alternative is not between this rate and the present bank tax rate, but between this rate and the entire abolishment of bank taxation which seems inevitable if no action is taken at this time.

Today, I shall attempt only a brief review of the existing problem, together with a statement of what would appear to be the only possible alternatives for action in the premises.

The situation by which it has become evident that our method of taxing banks on the value of their shares is invalid, can be chargeable to none of you, nor, in fact, to any one connected with California state government during the past twenty years. The share-tax method was first voted upon by the people in 1908 and finally adopted in 1910. Evidently no one at that time appreciated that this method of taxing banks was in conflict with federal law, although one

of the things probably causing such conflict - namely, mortgage-tax exemption - was adopted at the same election.

Neither should the last state administration, under which the intangibles law was passed, be charged with consciously invalidating the bank share-tax, since similar laws for taxing intangibles had been adopted in numerous other states. However, as soon as the laws in two of those states, Minnesota and Wisconsin, were passed upon by the United States Supreme Court, the true situation became known; whereupon California banks began to protest the payment of their taxes and instituted suits now pending before the courts.

As soon as the Tax Commission looked into the matter, it began its endeavor to find a way by which at least a portion of this bank tax might be saved. In conjunction with other states it attempted to induce Congress to amend section 5219, the federal statute which was causing the difficulty, but to no avail. It then turned to the only other practical method of bank taxation provided by federal law, the method of taxing a value measured by net income; in which, however, the rate of bank taxation was permitted to be no greater than the rate assessed against other corporations. It finally fixed upon a rate equivalent to four per cent of the net income as a rate which would neither increase nor decrease the present state revenue derived from banks and other corporations taken together.

This will unquestionably reduce the taxes of many banks, though in the case of some of the larger banks affiliated with subsidiary financial corporations, the total tax will probably be increased, owing to the fact that these subsidiaries are now escaping with a very small tax burden. It will equalize the tax burden as between the banks and other corporations, and will further equalize the burden as between the corporations themselves. It will lighten a very oppressive and unjust burden upon many smaller corporations, while adding very materially to the taxes of some of the larger corporations, now escaping practically tax free. It will in no way affect the general taxpayer not concerned with banks or corporations, since the amount of the state's revenue received from these two sources is not altered, and consequently nothing additional need be required from those now paying local taxes.

Finally, in fairness it must be conceded that the present situation is not chargeable to California banks any more than to California legislatures, though I suspect that eastern banking influence may be helping to prevent the amendment of section 5219 in Congress. I am satisfied that what the banks desire is a stabilized and valid system of bank taxation, and that if this is once secured they will make no further effort to collect back from the state those taxes already paid, even though paid under a system which they regard as invalid.

I hold no brief for the banks, and have not the slightest personal or financial interest in any of them; but I do not like to see them unjustly charged with trying in this instance to escape their fair share of the tax burden, owing to the operation of a federal law which they have no power to change.

Executive Department

State of California

As far as I have been able to determine, there are just six possible courses of action now before this Legislature. I will enumerate these as follows:

1. Adopt a constitutional amendment along lines suggested by the Commission, but with a lower rate than the equivalent of four per cent on net income. This would undoubtedly be pleasing to certain corporations which have hitherto been escaping with very low taxes, and which now naturally dislike to see these taxes materially increased. It would probably be regarded by most of the banks as a greater reduction in their taxes than they have any right to expect. It would be resented by the ordinary taxpayer, who holds that even at four per cent there is too great a reduction in bank taxes. Moreover, it would cause a decrease in the state's revenue, which would have to be made up from some other source.

2. Adopt a constitutional amendment along lines suggested by the Commission, but with a higher rate than the equivalent of four per cent on net income. This would probably not be opposed by some of the banks if the increase were not too great, but it would undoubtedly be opposed by those banks with subsidiary financial corporations whose taxes are possibly increased even at a four per cent rate. It would be welcomed by the general taxpayer, who feels keenly the burden of his own taxes and would like to see other taxes kept proportionately high. It would be vigorously combatted by most of California's 25,000 corporations, many of which would accept even a four per cent rate only with reluctance. Finally, it would produce a greater revenue than that now received from the same sources, and greater than is necessary at the present time.

3. Adopt a constitutional amendment along lines suggested by the Commission, but with no definite initial rates indicated. This plan might be advantageous as giving the Legislature opportunity to deliberate at length over the rates during the regular session in 1933. However, the opportunity for such deliberation is carefully preserved in the amendment as proposed, in that the Legislature may at any time modify the rates now recommended. Furthermore, it seems obvious that both the Legislature and the people are justified in demanding all available information as to what the rate is likely to be. The Tax Commission must naturally have studied this question of rates before committing itself to the proposed plan. It therefore seems only fair to present the facts frankly to the voters, as to rates as well as to method. Moreover, if no rate were now fixed, and if it should happen that through delay no rate could be agreed upon before the first Monday of next March, the banks would escape all taxation for the next fiscal year.

4. Make some modification of the bank share-tax plan such as will remove it from conflict with the federal law. This possibility was at the very beginning studied into by the Tax Commission with extreme care. Their conclusion was that to do this at least three things would be necessary: First, to bring real estate mortgages again under taxation - an action which would

unquestionably be resented both by borrower and by lender; second, to eliminate the present constitutional provision permitting the deduction of debts from solvent credits, thus placing an additional burden and inconvenience on business generally; and, third, forever to give up any thought of a reduced tax on intangibles, demanded by the people in a constitutional amendment adopted only four years ago; for it will be understood, of course, that under the share-tax method no moneyed capital, including intangibles, can bear a lower rate of taxation than that assessed against the banks.

5. Do nothing at the present time. This, as the Commission has fully pointed out in its report, will place in jeopardy no less than $[illegible],000,000 of state revenue, which, if lost, must be made up by increasing the tax burden in some other direction, while permitting the banks to escape with no taxes whatever. Part of this vast sum will be the amount lost between the present time and 1931 through a failure now to establish a valid tax for banks and other corporations, and part will be the amount of taxes already paid under the share-tax method, which the banks will seek to recover in order to justify their refusal to pay further taxes levied by the same method. As a former legislator, I have several times voted for increases in bank taxes, and I can fully sympathize with the attitude of those who now deplore the necessity of sharply reducing them. However, under federal law as interpreted by the United States Supreme Court, there is a manifest necessity of reducing them to some such rate as other corporations can be expected to pay; or, by taking no action at the present time, reducing them to absolutely nothing. Please remember that if recent court decisions stand, bank taxes have been completely wiped out and are at present absolutely nothing. In fixing a rate equivalent to four per cent of net income, for instance, you would therefore not be reducing bank taxes, but you would be actually raising them from nothing to this new rate. In other words, through causes beyond the control of any of us, the alternative is no longer between the present invalid tax and a lower tax, but between that lower tax and zero.

6. Place before the people of the state the constitutional amendment submitted to you today. In doing this you will be following out the recommendations of an able and conscientious Tax Commission, aided by some of the leading tax experts that the nation affords. They have been busily engaged in attempting to work out some comprehensive plan for equalizing and stabilizing taxes; and neither they nor I would have called you into special session prior to the presentation of the whole plan, had we not seen an emergency which threatens enormous loss to the state if not attended to at once. Having thus called you together, and having presented the case to the best of my ability, my responsibility is ended. If you submit this constitutional amendment to the people and show them what is involved, your responsibility is ended. Meanwhile, by ratifying the amendment at next November's election, the voters can empower you to pass the legislation necessary to carry out this new bank-tax plan, even to the extent of altering

Executive Department

State of California

the plan whenever a future amendment to the federal statute so permits. The adoption of this amendment will in no way complicate consideration of the entire problem of state taxation by the next Legislature upon presentation of the complete report by the Tax Commission; but it will provide a legal method of bank taxation to meet the present emergency. Having thus presented all possible alternatives as clearly as I can, I leave to you the solution of the problem.

Respectfully submitted,

C. C. Young

Governor.

Executive Department

State of California

the plan whenever a future amendment to the federal statute so permits. The adoption of this amendment will in no way complicate consideration of the entire problem of state taxation by the next Legislature upon presentation of the complete report by the Tax Commission; but it will provide a legal method of bank taxation to meet the present emergency. Having thus presented all possible alternatives as clearly as I can, I leave to you the solution of the problem.

Respectfully submitted,

C. C. Young.

Governor.

State of California
GOVERNOR'S OFFICE
SACRAMENTO

C. C. YOUNG
GOVERNOR

Proclamation by the Governor

Convening the Legislature in Extraordinary Session.

Executive Department,
State of California:

Whereas, an extraordinary occasion has arisen and now exists requiring that the Legislature of the State of California be convened,

Now Therefore, I, C. C. Young, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by section 9 of Article V of the Constitution of the State of California, do hereby convene the Legislature of the State of California to meet and assemble in extraordinary session, at Sacramento, California, on Tuesday, the fourth day of September, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-eight at 11:00 o'clock A. M. of said day, for the purpose of considering the proposal to the people of the State of California at the general election in November, 1928, of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of California, which will

(1) Provide a new method for the taxation of all banks located within the State of California.

(2) Provide a new State Franchise Tax upon financial corporations, other than banks, and upon mercantile, manufacturing and business corporations, doing business within the State, which shall be a substitute for the present State Franchise Tax imposed under authority of subdivision (d) section 14, Article XIII of the Constitution of the State of California.

(3) Provide a workable method for the taxation of intangibles at a rate not to exceed four mills on each dollar of their actual value.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California, at my office in the State Capitol this 16th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-eight.

C. C. Young.
Governor

250 725

Petition

for [illegible]

to [illegible]

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SEP 2 0 1928

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7

(New Series)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after September 17, 1928

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus) exists in the counties of Mesa and Garfield, State of Colorado:

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction of said alfalfa weevil into the State of California that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) be hereby made to apply and do apply, until further orders, to all portions of that territory known as the counties of Mesa and Garfield, State of Colorado, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) and all amendments thereto.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) is amended accordingly.

This amendment shall take effect immediately.

G. H. Hecke
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

C. C. Young
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: September 17, 1928

11 - 25/726

Proclamation

Election

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 2 - 1928
FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State
By Chas. J. Kagels Deputy
At 2 o'clock P. M.

Executive Department

State of California

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, C. C. YOUNG, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a general election will be held throughout said State on Tuesday, the sixth day of November, 1928, at which the following offices are to be filled:

THIRTEEN ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES;

ONE UNITED STATES SENATOR;

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES, from each of the Eleven Congressional Districts in the State;

STATE SENATORS from each of the following Twenty Senatorial Districts in the State: First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-third, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-ninth, Thirty-first, Thirty-third, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-seventh, and Thirty-ninth Districts;

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA from each of the Eighty Assembly Districts in the State;

JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA in and for the respective counties or city and county and as follows: Kern - one, Los Angeles - one known as office Number three, San Diego - one, and San Francisco - one known as office Number three;

ALSO such state, county, township, district or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed Constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, initiative measures and acts suspended by referendum, as are required to be submitted by the Constitution and laws of this state;

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title four, Part one, of the Penal Code; such reward to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

Executive Department

State of California

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, C. C. YOUNG, as Governor of the State of California, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the said State to be affixed at the City of Sacramento, this Second day of October, A. D. 1928.

C. C. Young.
Governor

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

727

Proclamation

No 752

Thanksgiving Day

Nov 29-28

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 17 1928

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

In accordance with the long established custom of our country, the President of the United States has set apart and designated the last Thursday of this month as a day of thanksgiving to God for the blessings which have so richly attended us, and of prayer for the continuance of those blessings.

This beautiful custom is one which every citizen would desire to perpetuate. It seems eminently fitting that we should devote one day of each year, in our homes and in our respective houses of worship, to a rendering of thanks, not only for the continuance of our material welfare, but also for the privilege which is ours of living in a land of peace, freedom, and equality of opportunity.

Now therefore I, C.C.Young, Governor of the State of California, in pursuance of the proclamation of the President, and in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, hereby declare Thursday, the twenty-ninth day of November, 1923, as Thanksgiving Day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 17th day of November, 1923.

C.C.Young

GOVERNOR

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

No 253

PROCLAMATION

728

REGULATIONS

GENERAL DAIRY LAW

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SEP 28 1929

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

DIRECTOR

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, The Revised Dairy Laws of the State of California, passed by the legislature of 1923, require the issuance of regulations by the Department of Agriculture pertaining to certain of their provisions; and

WHEREAS, At subsequent hearings attended by interested officials and by representatives of all branches of the industry, it was found that certain other regulations were necessary, setting forth methods of procedure and interpretations of certain requirements of the laws in order to accomplish the purposes thereof; and

WHEREAS, Certain advances have been made in dairy control work during the two years just past and certain portions of the dairy laws were amended by acts of the legislature in 1925, 1927 and 1929, making revision of dairy regulations heretofore promulgated by me necessary;

NOW, THEREFORE, By virtue of the authority vested in the Director of Agriculture under section 21a of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, and amended and approved June 17, 1929, (Chaps. 729, Statutes of 1929) and section 4d of the "Pure Milk Law," approved June 3, 1927, (Chapter 888, Statutes 1927) I hereby proclaim the following Dairy Regulations, numbered one to twenty-two, to be in force and effect in the State of California on and after this fifteenth day of August, 1929, and that all previous dairy regulations promulgated by me are hereby annulled.



Director of Agriculture

REGULATION I

1. The phrase "Properly fed and kept" is construed to mean that milk, within the meaning of this act, must be produced from animals fed only such feeds as will not impart strong disagreeable flavors or odors to the milk or the products thereof. (The intentional or wilful feeding of mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc. is specifically prohibited and the use of pastures where such feeds as mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc. are growing to such an extent that the quality of milk from cows grazing on such pastures is injured thereby (tainted) does not constitute proper feeding, whereas, most natural grasses, alfalfa, clover, vetch, peas, ensilage, beets, carrots, cocoanut meal, grains, etc., which are not moldy or decayed are entirely suitable for feeding animals producing milk.) All feeds must be wholesome and fed in such quantities as will nourish and not impair the health of the animals. Milk producing animals must be kept reasonably clean and must not be subjected to undue exposure so that their health is injured thereby.

2. Milk for manufacturing purposes may be graded into three classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE MILK is milk showing low dirt content, is well cooled, will pass the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, contains no undesirable flavors or odors and contains not more than one million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

SECOND GRADE MILK is milk showing some dirt content, may have some undesirable flavors, is uncooled, shows a questionable reaction to the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, or contains more than one million and not more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

THIRD GRADE MILK is milk that is very dirty, strong, sour, contains numerous flies, or other insects, gives a distinct yellow curd by the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, or contains more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination, or is otherwise unfit to be manufactured into a food product. Third grade milk which in the judgment of the inspector is clearly unfit for human consumption, or which is known to have been produced under very insanitary conditions, shall be condemned and marked for identification by the addition of a suitable amount of charcoal paste and rennet.

Note: Requirements for grading market milk under the jurisdiction of approved milk inspecting departments may be found in the Pure Milk Law. See page ---

REGULATION II

1. Cream being defined as a portion of milk (Section 4 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923) infers, and is construed to mean that the milk from which it is separated must conform to the established definitions and standards for milk.

2. Cream for manufacturing purposes may be graded into four classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of ninety-two score butter or above (creamery extra), being clean, smooth, free from undesirable flavors or odors, sweet or acid not to exceed three-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid), and containing at least thirty per cent of milk fat.

SECOND GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of butter scoring from ninety to ninety-one and one-half (creamery prime first), being somewhat fermented, contains some undesirable flavor or odor, and contains more than three-tenths and less than six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid.)

THIRD GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself to the manufacture of butter scoring from eighty-eight to eighty-nine and one-half (creamery first), may be slightly foamy or slightly curdy, has distinct off flavors, is old, and contains in excess of six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid), or which is known to be produced under very insanitary conditions.

CREAM UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION (rejected cream) is cream which is very strong, tainted, rancid, moldy, dirty, very

curdy, contains numerous flies, or other insects or vermin, or is in an advanced state of fermentation or putrefaction, or is otherwise unwholesome, or which is known to be produced under very insanitary conditions.

3. In accordance with Section 4 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the ratio of fat and solids not fat in cream shall be in the following proportions:

Fat per cent	Solids not fat, per cent Not more than
18.0 to 30.0	8.0
30.1 to 35.0	7.5
35.1 to 40.0	7.0
40.1 and above	6.5

4. Whipping Cream (pastry cream) is market cream which contains not less than thirty per cent of milk fat (Section 3, Chapter 181, Statutes 1907). (Act approved March 11, 1907. - U. S. Dept. Agr. Circular 136, subdivision 1 Bb 2.)

REGULATION III

1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 10 of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 28, 1927, the following alkaline materials are approved for use in neutralization of acidity in cream for making butter:

Calcium Hydroxide (Lime water, milk of lime).

Calcium Oxide (Quick lime).

Calcium Carbonate (Chalk).

Magnesium Oxide (Magnesia lime).

Sodium Bicarbonate (Baking soda).

Sodium Carbonate (Soda ash).

Other compounds or proprietary preparations may be used on special written permit from the State Department of Agriculture.

Note: See appendix pp. 1 for standard weights of butter packages.

REGULATION IV

1. Pasteurized cheese, pasteurized blended cheese, emulsified or process cheese shall conform to the legal standards for fat and moisture as required for the original cheese used, or conform to the legal standards of composition for the variety of cheese under which it is sold.

2. The term "red bandage" as applied to granular cheese, is construed to mean cheese bandage which has been colored to a shade not lighter than a deep orange.

3. Nine varieties of cheese are designated by law, namely, pasteurized, pasteurized blended, emulsified, cheddar, granular, Monterey cream, cottage and creamed cottage. A tenth variety is hereby established, to be known as High Moisture Jack. This variety of cheese is made by the so-called stirred-curd or granular process, without added coloring, and molded into forms or shapes resembling that of Monterey cheese, containing not more than 46 per cent of moisture. It shall be labeled on both flat surfaces with the name, the grade, whether whole milk, part skim or skim, and the factory number.

4. Special varieties and fancy cheeses may be made under written permit from the Department of Agriculture of the State of California to be sold under labels approved in writing by said department (Section 7 of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 10, 1929.) These permits do not expire unless revoked for cause by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

5. Factory numbers required by the law to be assigned annually (Section 7 of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 10, 1929), will be reassigned each year to each cheese factory upon application for renewal of factory license (Section 16 (a), Chapter 729, Statutes 1929). The factory license number issued to each cheese factory will be the same in each instance.

6. All labeling of cheese required by the law (Section 7 pf the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 10, 1929), and this regulation, except as otherwise provided herein or authorized by special permit as provided in paragraph 4 shall be in plain block letters or numerals at least one-half inch in height, with stencils, stamps or labels approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Note: See section 15, paragraph (a), for provision relating to pasteurization of milk to be used in manufacture of cheese.

See Section 12, paragraph (1), for provision relating to effacing labels.

REGULATION V

1. In conformity with the specific authorization of the General Dairy Law of California (Section 8 (a), Chapter 729, amended and approved June 17, 1929), ice cream shall contain a minimum of one and six-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from at least thirty separate containers, except in those plants where a less number of filled containers is available, in which case the determination shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from, all filled containers which are present. Net weights may be determined by deducting from the gross weight of all filled containers examined, the weight of an equal number of representative empty containers of exactly the same style and pattern. If a tentative determination made in this manner indicates that the contents of the containers examined are deficient in weight of total food solids per gallon the filled containers may be emptied and the actual net weight of the same containers after being emptied may be exactly determined, except that manufacturers who object to this procedure may designate on each container its tare weight for the accuracy of which designation he shall be responsible, as provided in the Net Containers Act.

2. If fresh egg yolks are used in compliance with the egg requirement of Section 8 (d), said egg yolk shall have been secured from eggs having an average weight of not less than twenty and one-half ounces per dozen, or the equivalent in other grades. (See proposed weight requirements United States Standard and Grades for Eggs.)

3. Application for permit to use butter in manufacture of ice cream shall be made annually at the time application for renewal of factory license is made, within thirty days prior to the expiration of each calendar year (Section 16 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927.) Such permits will be issued for one year at a time only.

4. Chocolate ice cream is construed to be a nut ice cream and must, therefore, contain at least eight per cent of milk fat and one per cent by weight of ground chocolate or cocoa.

5. Ice cream may be made with the use of artificial coloring and flavoring without labeling the same "artificial flavor and color," provided it is merely labeled "ice cream." If, on the other hand, an ice cream were to be labeled "vanilla ice cream" or "maple ice cream," then the ice cream in question would have to be made from the pure extracts and pure flavorings. (See opinion of Bureau of Foods and Drugs of the Department of Public Health of the State of California, July 19, 1927.)

6. In conformity with the specific authorization of the General Dairy Law of California (Section 8 (a), Chapter 729, amended and approved June 17, 1929), ice milk shall contain a minimum of one and three-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon and method of sampling shall be the same as that set forth in paragraph 1 of this regulation.

7. All containers of ice milk shall be conspicuously so labeled, and vehicles conveying ice milk and places where ice milk is sold shall display a conspicuous, legible sign containing the

words 'Ice Milk Sold Here," in plain, block letters, not less than six inches high. No person shall use the name "ice cream," "cream," "creamy" nor any other word or phrase which may be construed to be misleading in either labeling or advertising, nor in any other manner, either orally or written, in connection with the advertising, sale or distribution of ice milk.

8. All manufacturers of ice milk shall upon request of an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture submit the names and specific location of all dealers or other persons who receive ice milk for the purpose of selling or otherwise dispensing to the public in any form whatsoever.

Note: See Section 13 relative to further requirements pertaining to containers. See Regulation --- page --- relative to use of neutralizer.

REGULATION VI

1. The use of the phrase "manufacture and sale of soft drinks under a trade name" as used in section 9 (i) of the general dairy law of California (amended and approved May 28, 1927), is construed to mean the preparation and distribution of soft drinks having milk or skim milk as a base, in a plant especially devoted to the purpose and does not apply to the mixing of milk shakes, etc., at soda fountains.

2. Plants desiring to secure a license for the manufacture of acidophilus milk or modified milk, as provided for in section 9 (g), (h), of the general dairy law of California (amended and approved May 28, 1927), may do so by letter, indicating therein the qualifications of technician who is to be employed and under whose supervision these products will be produced. The Department of Agriculture will, at its discretion, examine into the qualifications of such technician as an essential consideration in determining whether or not the license for manufacture shall be issued.

REGULATION VII

1. The use of neutralizer for the adjustment of ice cream mix shall not be practiced when the milk and/or cream used exceeds two-tenths per cent acidity.

Note - See regulation III, paragraph 1, following section 6, for approved alkalies to be used as neutralizers.

REGULATION VIII

1. All containers of imitation ice cream and imitation ice milk shall be conspicuously so labeled, and vehicles conveying imitation ice cream and/or imitation ice milk, and places where imitation ice cream or imitation ice milk is sold, shall display a conspicuous, legible sign containing the words "Imitation Ice Cream Sold Here" or "Imitation Ice Milk Sold Here," as the case may be, in plain, block letters not less than six inches high.

2. In the event that a trade name is used on vehicles conveying, or places where imitation ice cream and/or imitation ice milk is sold, the words "Imitation Ice Cream" or "Imitation Ice Milk," shall be at least one-half as large as the largest letters used in this connection and as conspicuously so placed. In no case shall the letters in the words "Imitation Ice Cream," "Imitation Ice Milk" be less than six inches high. No person shall use the name "creamy," "creamery," or "dairy" or the representation of a cow or any breed of dairy cattle or any combination of such words, symbols, marks, designs or representations commonly used in the sale, advertising or distribution of ice cream.

3. Imitation ice cream and/or imitation ice milk, when sold by the manufacturer, shall not contain more than one hundred fifty thousand bacteria per gram.

4. Imitation ice cream and/or imitation ice milk shall not contain more than six-tenths of one per cent of pure and harmless edible stabilizer, approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

5. Imitation ice cream shall contain a minimum of one and six-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. Imitation ice milk shall contain a minimum of one and three-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon, and method of sampling, shall be the same as that set forth in paragraph 1 of Regulation V of the General Dairy Law.

6. Imitation ice cream and imitation ice milk may be made with the use of artificial color and artificial flavor provided the labeling and sale of such products shall be in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Pure Foods Act, approved March 11, 1907, as amended, 1909, 1911, 1915, 1917, 1919 and 1927.

7. Imitation ice cream or imitation ice milk shall not be manufactured, processed, frozen, handled, distributed or sold in any factory, plant, hotel, restaurant, boarding house, inn, soda fountain or other place where ice cream and/or ice milk is manufactured, processed, frozen, handled, distributed or sold.

8. All manufacturers of imitation ice cream, imitation ice milk, imitation milk, or other imitation dairy products, except those included in Section 12 of the General Dairy Law, shall issue to the Department of Agriculture at Sacramento, California, at the end of each calendar month the names and specific locations of all persons, firms or corporations who purchase or receive any imitation ice cream, imitation ice milk, imitation milk or other imitation dairy products other than those included in Section 12 of the General Dairy Law, for the purpose of selling to the public in any form whatsoever.

9. All manufacturers of imitation ice cream, imitation

ice milk, imitation milk or other imitation dairy products, except those included in Section 12 of the General Dairy Law, shall submit to the State Department of Agriculture at the end of each calendar month the quantity sold or purchased, the name and address of the buyer, the date and the place to which it was shipped or delivered.

10. The ingredients except fruits, nuts and flavors to be used in the manufacture of imitation ice cream and for imitation ice milk shall be pasteurized in accordance with Section 15 (a) of this act.

REGULATION IX

1. Wholesale dealers required by the provisions of Section 12 of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, to keep a record of sales of oleomargarine shall once each month prepare and alphabetically arrange a list of all customers of the month just preceding, showing the total amount sold to each customer for the month, and shall forward a copy of said list to the office of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento.

REGULATION X

1. Two or more cows in full lactation or freshening within four months of each other, and producing milk or cream sold to the public, constitute a commercial dairy. A milk house must be provided, and other requirements of the dairy law observed. The sale of small quantities of milk from one cow producing more than enough milk to supply domestic need, may be actuated by a desire to avoid waste and not to compete with commercial dairies. Therefore a milk house may not be required, provided the milk sold is wholesome and handled in a sanitary manner.

2. The word "sterilized" as used in Section 13 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, is construed to mean that the process of destroying all micro-organisms shall be carried to a point equivalent to that accomplished by subjection to water or water vapor at a temperature of 170° Fahrenheit for fifteen minutes as required by said act. Immersion in boiling water (water at 212° Fahrenheit) or subjection to superheated steam or steam under pressure for less than fifteen minutes must accomplish the same degree of efficiency reached in fifteen minutes by water or water vapor at 170° Fahrenheit. Scalding as used in the ordinary sense and which consists of rapidly pouring hot water over utensils is insufficient, in that some of the surfaces, especially of tubular equipment, are frequently entirely missed and always some parts of the utensils are inadequately heated.

3. The practice of emptying and holding milk in cans in barns, corrals, etc., where milking is done is construed to be in

violation of Section 13 (a) (6) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, wherein it is required that milk must not be canned or kept in a place occupied by cows or other animals.

4. In accordance with the requirements of Section 13 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the following form is adopted as the official dairy farm score card in the State of California:

DAIRY FARM SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO
G. H. HECKE, Director
BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

County ..... Name .....

Town ..... Business address .....

Total No. cows ..... ; No. milking ..... ; Gals. milk daily ..... ; Cream .....

Disposition ..... Date .....

EQUIPMENT—30%	Perfect	Allowed	METHODS—70%	Perfect	Allowed
Cows	8		Handling Utensils	30	
Apparent good health—2			Thoroughly washed—12		
Tested and reactors removed—4			Sterilized and dried—15		
Food (clean and wholesome)—1			Protection from contamination—3		
Water (clean and fresh)—1					
Utensils	10		Cleanliness of Milking	20	
Hooded buckets—4 (or less according to opening)			Cows clean—4		
Necessary equipment available—2 (or less according to efficiency)			Udders washed and wiped—8		
Construction and condition—3			Cleaned with moist cloth 5		
Clean milking suits—1			Brushed—1		
			Sterile milking machines or clean dry hands—8		
Milk House	7		Handling of Milk	15	
Location; free from contaminating surroundings—2			Milk removed immediately to milk house without pouring from pails—3		
Construction—2			Protection from dust and insects—5		
Floor, walls and ceiling—1			Cooled and held below 40° F.—6		
Light, ventilation and screens—1			Below 50° F—5		
Separate rooms for washing utensils and handling milk—1			Below 60° F—4		
Water clean, pure and convenient—1			Below 70° F—3		
Steam or boiling water convenient—1			Below 80° F—1		
			Aerated—1		
Stables	5		Cleanliness of Buildings	5	
Location; free from contaminating surroundings—1			Cleanliness of milk room—2.5		
Drainage—2			Cleanliness of stable—2.5		
Construction—2					
Floor, walls and ceiling—1			Total	70	
Light and ventilation—1			Deduct for:		
			Very filthy utensils		
			Very filthy milk room		
Total	30		Equipment + methods = final score.		

....
Inspector

B. D. C. Form 2 6744a 5-29-35M
CA... PRINTING OFFICE

19.

REGULATION XI

In accordance with the requirements of Section 14 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, the following form is adopted as the official score card for factories of dairy products in the State of California:

INDIVIDUAL FACTORY REPORT AND SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO

G. H. HECKE, DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

Trade Name.....Owner or Manager.....

Town.....Business Address.....

Products Manufactured or Processed.....

Factory License No.....Date.....

EQUIPMENT 40%	Perfect	Allowed
Building	16	
Location:		
Free from contaminating surroundings 2		
Arrangement 4		
Proper rooms, 1; lavatory facilities, 1; adequate size, 1; convenient, 1.		
Construction 10		
Interior surfaces—tight, sound and cleanable 4		
Floors, 2; walls, 1; ceilings, 1.		
Light and ventilation—adequate 3		
Drainage—adequate 2		
General appearance—attractive 1		
Apparatus	20	
Facilities for cleaning, sterilizing and drying 7		
Transportation containers 4		
Plant equipment 3		
Facilities for handling the product 7		
Adequate, 3; condition of, 4.		
Temperature indicators and controls 6		
Condition of, 3; sufficient, 2; check thermometer, 1.		
Water Supply	4	
Clean and fresh 2		
Convenient and abundant 2		
Total on Equipment	40	

METHODS 60%	Perfect	Allowed
Building, Cleanliness	8	
Freedom from odors, 2; orderly, 1; floors, 1; walls, 1; ceilings, 1; doors and windows, 1; shafts, pulleys, pipes, etc., 1.		
Apparatus	20	
Transportation Containers 10		
Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Plant Equipment 10		
Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Handling the Product	22	
Protection from contamination (flies, dust, vermin, etc.) 3		
Expeditious Operation, Celerity and dispatch 2		
Proper Temperature Control 14		
Receiving, 2; processing, 6; storage, 3; transportation, 2; records, 1.		
Packaging and Labeling 3		
Technical Control of Product	4	
Raw materials, 2; finished product, 2.		
Miscellaneous	6	
Cleanliness of employees 4		
Personal, 2; clothing, 2.		
Transportation Facilities 2		
Cleanliness, 1½; appearance, ½.		
Total on Methods	60	

Score—Equipment.....Methods.....Total.....

NOTE.—The following instructions constitute an official order and must be observed.

.....

.....

.....

Necessary new equipment must be installed and repairs or other improvements required must be completed by

.....19.....

Duplicate copy received

.....
Operator

.....
Inspector

B.D.C. FORM 30 67490 5 29 5M
CALIFORNIA STATE PRINTING OFFICE

21.

REGULATION XII

Regulations pertaining to licensing dairy produce exchange will be promulgated at a later date by the Director of Agriculture and will be available upon application.

REGULATION XIII

1. Any person making application for a factory license as required by Section 16 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, or the renewal thereof, shall file a properly executed affidavit in connection therewith, setting forth therein such facts as may be indicated in an appropriate form, supplied for the purpose, by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

2. Any person desiring to secure a milk and cream tester's license as required by Section 16(b) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, shall file with the Department of Agriculture of the State of California an application in writing, on an appropriate form provided for the purpose by the said department. Each applicant shall specify the method intended to be used and for which the license is desired. Before any such "tester's license" is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a written examination and an oral laboratory examination, and demonstration of technique, sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in conducting tests on milk and cream and in each of these examinations secure a grade of at least 70 per cent. The examination shall be adapted to the particular method of testing specified in the application. The license, if issued, shall specify the method to be used by the licensee and shall not be construed to permit tests to be made by the applicant using any other method than that specified in the license.

3. Any person desiring to secure a license to weigh or sample milk, or cream, or both, for testing, as required by the

General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, shall make application in writing, on an appropriate form supplied by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Before any such sampler's and weigher's license is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a grade of at least 70 per cent on both parts of the examination. Before any such license is issued, the applicant shall have satisfactorily demonstrat his ability to take correctly, individual and composite sa hich are truly representative of the lot from which the sample was taken. He shall also prove himself capable of answering intelligently any questions pertaining to his work as a sampler or weigher of milk or cream.

4. Any person desiring to secure a license to make bacteriological determinations upon milk or cream, which determinations are to be used as a basis of payment or determining value, as required by the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, shall make application in writing on an appropriate form supplied by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Before a technician's license is issued to such applicants he shall be required to pass a written and an oral laboratory examination and demonstration of technique sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in making bacteriological determinations on milk and cream which are reasonably accurate, and secure in each of these examinations a grade of at least 70 per cent.

5. Samples of milk or cream for bacteriological examination when taken for determining value or upon which basis of payment

under the supervision of
is made shall be secured / a licensed technician in a manner described in the current edition of "The Standard Methods of Milk Analysis" of the American Public Health Association. Such samples shall be taken from the original containers direct from the delivery wagons, trucks, dairies, milk plants or other places of business at least once a week and at irregular intervals without previous notice to any producer.

6. When payment is based upon the bacterial content of milk or cream, such payment shall be made on the count or counts obtained for each individual week. In no case shall the average bacteria counts of two or more weeks be used as a basis for such payments.

7. All persons holding a technician's license shall make duplicate records of the result of each test, the original to be made with indelible pencil, or India ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

8. The forms on which bacteria counts are kept shall be of satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information. Such forms shall be approved in writing by the California Department of Agriculture.

9. Each sheet shall be authenticated by the signature of the licensed technician and marked with the date upon which the tests were made.

10. Whenever a change in the records, while still in the possession of the licensed technician, is necessary, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen without defacing the figure and the correction

noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the technician, which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever for any cause, a change in the records is necessary after the duplicate sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made and deposited in the official sealed record box and this sheet authenticated by the signature of the licensed technician. When necessary changes are made on the original test sheet, such changes shall be made only by the licensed technician.

11. The original bacteriological record sheet shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the bacterial examination.

12. The duplicate bacteriological record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official box supplied for the purpose by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, at Sacramento, or made in accordance with the blue print specifications obtained from said department of agriculture, such official sealed record box to be kept in the test room or other place approved by an authorized representative of said Department of Agriculture at all times. The same official box may be used for both milk fat test record sheets and bacteriological examination record sheets.

REGULATION XIV

Governing the operation of the Babcock, Gerber (Fucoma Equipment) and Mojonnier methods of determining the milk fat content of milk and cream where the product is purchased, received or sold on the basis of its milk fat content.

RULE 1. SAMPLES & SAMPLING

1. (a) Milk or cream to be sampled shall be stirred or mixed until all parts are homogeneous and uniform. Samples shall be representative of the fat content of the product sampled, and in cases of composite samples shall be proportionate in amount to the amount of product from which the sample is taken, and no part of the composite sample shall be spilled or lost while transferring it to the sample bottle. When any style of tube is used to secure composite samples and the lot of product to be sampled is in containers or cans of different sizes and diameters, different tubes with diameters in proportion to the diameters of the cans or containers must be used. The sampling devices shall be rinsed in the product to be sampled before any part of the product is transferred to the sample bottle.

(b) With reference to the last sentence in Section 17 (a), further provision is hereby made permitting the use of time composite samples of cream from patrons where regular deliveries of cream contain three pounds or less of milk fat in each regular delivery.

(c) When composite samples of milk are taken, whether from just two deliveries of the same day's milk or from several deliveries from the same patron, covering a certain number of days, and the lots of milk are dumped into a weigh tank before being sampled, tube sampling device only shall be used. The same sized weigh tank shall be used during the entire sampling period and shall have a flat bottom. The samples shall be taken from the same position in the weigh tank each time and the sampling tube shall be held in a perpendicular position when the sample is being taken.

(c) Time composite samples of milk, when used as a basis for payment of the milk fat contained in the product when purchased, received or sold, must not represent a period of more than eight (8) days.

(d) Samples shall be marked for identity in a manner that will not erase, and in case an identification number is discontinued in any case, the same number may not be reapplied to another patron for a period of at least two months.

2. (a) Cream samples for testing shall be held in wide-mouthed bottles of at least two-ounce capacity, and when taken on truck routes filled to the top to prevent churning in transit, closed with a tight fitting rubber stopper or otherwise hermetically sealed in a manner approved in writing by an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

(b) Milk samples for testing may be held in a container of the same style specified for cream, or in milk bottles with a well-fitted, paraffined milk bottle cap.

3. (a) For preserving milk samples for milk fat determination solid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the milk, but must not exceed one per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the sample, but must not exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of milk.

(b) For preserving cream samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added if necessary, but must not exceed three-tenths per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added not to exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of cream.

(c) Composite samples must always be agitated, but not violently enough to cause churning, whenever an addition is made to any such sample in order to diffuse the preservative throughout the sample and to thoroughly mix any cream which may have adhered to the walls of the sample bottle. (Note: Mixing with a rotary motion of the sample bottle is preferable.)

4. (a) Completed samples shall be placed in the possession of licensed testers as soon as is practicable after having been taken.

(b) The licensed tester shall retain in his custody samples of all milk and cream tested by him for a period of at least forty-eight hours after the test has been completed, and shall be personally responsible for their safe keeping.

(c) The management of any concern purchasing, receiving or selling milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content must provide a cool place in which all samples may be kept for forty-eight hours by the licensed tester, and in which they may be locked if such is deemed necessary by the licensed tester or an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

RULE 2. BABCOCK TESTING

1. Test room equipment:

(a) All glassware shall be in conformity with the specifications set forth in Section 17 (c) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, and shall bear a legible and indelible distinguishing mark indicating official approval.

(b) Test bottles must be reasonably well cleaned after each using and rendered entirely free from fat.

(c) The scales or balances used in weighing the charge into cream test bottles must be accurate and shall have sensibility of not more than thirty milligrams.

(d) The scales or balances must be fixed in position or set on an even solid and level support while in use.

(e) The scales or balances used must be free from vibration and draughts of air while being used.

(f) Weights for weighing cream samples must be correct within a tolerance of 10 milligrams for the nine-gram weight and 20 milligram for the eighteen-gram weight.

(g) The pipette used for measuring milk samples shall be whole and must not have a broken tip nor any portion of the delivery end removed.

(h) The centrifuge must be level, firmly secured on a solid foundation and when in operation, free from vibration due to loose bearings or other cause.

(i) The arms of dividers or other measuring devices must work smoothly and joints and bearings must be tight enough to prevent slipping at any possible position of measurement.

2. Accuracy in weighing cream tests:

(a) Empty test bottles must be accurately balanced before receiving the charges of cream and outside surface of bottles must be entirely free from moisture.

(b) Cream samples must be thoroughly mixed to an even consistency before being weighed into the test bottle.

(c) Cream samples when cold, sour, thick or lumpy, must be carefully heated to a temperature that will allow thorough mixing before the charge is weighed into the test bottle, but at no time

shall the water in the tempering bath exceed 100° Fahrenheit, and all samples must be weighed into the test bottles at a uniform temperature. When, from any cause, cream samples have become churned and contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to 110° Fahrenheit, but to no higher a temperature, and this temperature maintained until all particles or lumps of fat are liquefied and then mixed and shaken violently, taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

(d) The pipette used for filling the charges into the test bottles must be rinsed out with water at about 110° Fahrenheit between weighings. The water must be shaken or blown from the pipette. The pipette must then be rinsed with the next sample to be weighed by drawing a portion of the sample into the pipette and discharging it before any portion of the sample is put into the test bottle.

(e) The weight of the charge of cream in the test bottle must be accurately balanced.

3. Accuracy in measuring milk tests:

(a) The sample must be thoroughly mixed before being measured into the test bottle. If the sample is cold or has been held until dry or hardened cream has formed at the surface it must first be warmed to near 100° Fahrenheit in order that thorough mixing of all parts of the sample may be accomplished.

(b) When, from any cause, milk samples have become churned and/or contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to a temperature not exceeding 100° Fahrenheit, and this temperature shall be maintained until all particles or lumps of fat are liquefied and then mixed and shaken violently,

taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

(c) The samples must all be pipetted into the test bottle at a uniform temperature best suited to allow proper mixing.

4. Mixing samples and acid:

(a) Temperatures of samples and acid shall be approximately 70° Fahrenheit when mixed.

(b) Samples and acid must be thoroughly mixed immediately after mixing is begun. In cases where samples have been preserved with formaldehyde, the mixing process must be continued for a longer time than when this preservative is not present in samples, in order to allow the acid time to thoroughly dissolve all solids-not-fat.

(c) Cream samples should be a chocolate color after being thoroughly mixed with the proper amount of acid and standing for two or three minutes, and milk samples, under the same conditions, should be a deep chocolate color.

5. Operation of centrifuge:

(a) Bottles must be properly balanced in carrier.

(b) Samples must be centrifuged three times, with addition of hot water (temperature of water within a range of 130° to 165° Fahrenheit) to the bottom of the neck after the first, and to near the top of the neck after the second centrifuging, and the length of time for whirling shall not be less than five, two and one minutes in the order named above. Time for whirling shall not be commenced until centrifuge has reached full standard speed.

(c) In all testing of milk or cream when the same is received, purchased or sold upon the basis of the amount of milk

fat contained therein, the Babcock tester shall be operated at the proper speed, which is as follows:

(1) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of fourteen inches, the speed shall be between 875 and 925 revolutions per minute.

(2) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 16 inches, the speed shall be between 825 and 875 revolutions per minute.

(3) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 18 inches, the speed shall be between 775 and 825 revolutions per minute.

(4) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 20 inches, the speed shall be between 725 and 775 revolutions per minute.

(5) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 22 inches, the speed shall be between 700 and 750 revolutions per minute.

(6) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 24 inches, the speed shall be between 675 and 775 revolutions per minute.

(d) The temperature of the centrifuge chamber when in operation shall be held within the range of 130° and 165° Fahrenheit as indicated by a thermometer set permanently in cover or shell of centrifuge.

6. Reading cream tests:

(a) The color of fat columns must be clear, golden yellow.

(b) The solution adjoining the bottom of the fat column must be clear.

(c) The fat columns must be practically free from precipitation or foreign matter.

(d) The completed tests must be held in a hot water bath, at a maintained temperature of between 130 and 140° Fahrenheit, with the fat columns entirely submerged for at least ten minutes before readings are commenced, and the measurement and reading of the tests must be made immediately after removing each individual test from the hot water bath.

(e) Test bottles must be held in a perpendicular position when the fat columns are measured.

(f) The meniscus at the top of the milk fat column shall be destroyed by the use of an overlying foreign oil approved by the California Department of Agriculture, and the milk fat column shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the plane of separation between the fat column and the overlying foreign oil. Foreign oil must not be added to more than six tests at one time and only just immediately before readings are made.

(g) When undissolved solids-not-fat, charred material, or any other foreign substance is present in or at the base of the milk fat columns in the completed tests in sufficient amount to prevent an accurate measurement and reading of the fat columns, retests must be run on these samples until results are secured that will allow accurate measurements and readings.

(h) The light used, whether natural or artificial, during the reading of the fat column shall be such that the shadows or refraction of light will not cause inaccuracies.

7. Reading milk tests:

All laws, rules and regulations governing the reading of cream tests shall also apply to reading milk tests except that the top meniscus on the fat columns of milk tests shall not be destroyed and the fat columns of tests on milk in milk test bottles shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the top of the top meniscus.

8. Keeping records of tests:

(a) All persons holding a state license to conduct tests of milk or cream shall make duplicate records of the results of such tests, the original to be made with indelible pencil or ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

(b) The forms on which test records are kept shall be obtained by the management of any concern receiving, selling or buying milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content from the California Department of Agriculture at Sacramento, or the said management may adopt a form on satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information, and submit the same to the said department of agriculture, whose approval in writing must be secured before said forms may be used.

(c) Each sheet shall be authenticated by the signature of the tester and marked with the date on which the tests were made.

(d) Whenever a change in the records, while still in possession of the tester, is necessary by reason of accident or failure to properly record the test, or when a retest is made, and the retest is different from the first test, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen, without obliterating the figures, and the correction

noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the tester, which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever, for any such cause, a change in the records is necessary, after the duplicate test record sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made by the licensed tester on a retest sheet. Any changes or corrections occasioned by these retests are to be made on the original test record sheet in the office, by the licensed tester only, and then this retest sheet deposited in the official, sealed test record sheet box. Any grade or color of paper, as large as 6 x 8 inches, will serve for a retest sheet and it is not compulsory that the retest sheet be made in duplicate. If the employer requires the licensed tester to make retest sheets in duplicate and the licensed tester does not make the occasioned changes or corrections on the original test record sheet in the office, the original retest sheet must be permanently fastened to the original test record sheet in the office to which it belongs, and the duplicate retest sheet deposited in the official, sealed test record sheet box. Two dates must appear on all retest sheets, - one showing the date the retest was made and the other showing the date of original test. All retest sheets must be made with indelible pencil or ink and be signed with the full name of the tester. Initials alone are not a legal signature.

(e) When a retest on a sample of milk shows a variation not exceeding one-tenth of one per cent (.1%) the original test must be used as the basis for payment. If the variation exceeds

one-tenth of one per cent (.1%) then the retest must be used.

(f) The original test record sheets shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the tests on the day's samples.

(g) Upon completion of the tests on the day's samples the duplicate test record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official, sealed box supplied for the purpose by the California Department of Agriculture at Sacramento or made in accordance with the blue print specifications obtained from said department of agriculture, such official test record box to be kept in the test room at all times, or in an appropriate and secure place convenient to the test room.

9. Character of work:

(a) A licensed tester shall not work faster than will permit thoroughness and accuracy.

(b) Variations between the licensed tester's first tests and his retests on the same samples, amounting to one per cent or over on cream tests and over one-tenth of one per cent on milk tests, are considered to be excessive.

(c) All licensed testers, whether active or inactive, must be checked for the accuracy of their work at the very least once every two years and the results of such check tests must show not more than 10% excessive variations between their first tests and their retests, or between their tests and the official dairy laboratory tests, on the same samples, before a milk and cream tester's license for the following year will be issued to them. At least 10 samples of cream or milk shall be used as a basis of check test.

10. Observation of laws, rules and regulations:

(a) A licensed tester shall at all times thoroughly understand and comply with all laws, rules and regulations governing the testing of milk or cream bought, received or sold on the basis of the amount of milk fat contained therein, by any method or process.

Rule 3. GERBER TESTING (FUCOMA EQUIPMENT).

1. The Gerber test, using Fucoma equipment, may be used for tests on milk only (not cream), when the results obtained are to be used as a basis of payment for milk fat contained therein.

2. Licensed testers using Fucoma equipment for tests on milk must follow explicitly the instructions recommended by the manufacturer for conducting this test, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

3. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

4. All of rule 1 and paragraphs 1 (b), (g), (h), 3 (a), (b), 4 (b), 5 (a), 6 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), and all of paragraphs 7, 8, 9 and 10 of Rule 2, also apply to the Gerber method (Fucoma equipment).

RULE 4. MOJONNIER TESTING.

1. Licensed testers using Mojonnier equipment for determining the milk fat content of milk or cream on which payment is based, must follow explicitly the current instructions for conducting the test issued by the manufacturer, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the

California Department of Agriculture.

2. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

3. All of Rule 1, and paragraphd 1 (d), (e), 2 (b), (c), (e) and all of paragraphs 8, 9 and 10 of Rule 2 also apply to the use of the Mojonnier method.

RULE 5. POSTING REGULATION XIV

The Director of Agriculture shall cause to be placed in a conspicuous manner in test rooms or laboratories conducting tests on milk and/or cream received, purchased or sold on its milk fat content a copy of Regulation XIV. Said copy to be securely fastened and permanently kept in test room or laboratory. This is state property and must not be removed or destroyed.)

REGULATION XV

1. Any person desiring to register any brand, as provided by Section 18 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 28, 1927, shall file a properly executed application on a form supplied upon application by the department of agriculture of the State of California, whereupon the department, after holding for a period of three weeks during which time the proposed brand shall be advertised in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the locality in which the applicant is engaged in business, as provided by the act; and if at the end of such period there appears to be no contest of right or ownership to said brand, the department will formally register such brand as the correct and legal designation for the property of the applicant.

2. In the event that any brand has been registered by an association whose members are engaged in receiving, producing, manufacturing, packing, canning, bottling, handling or selling milk or any product of milk in containers on which such brand or any part thereof appears, such brand or part thereof may be used by all members of such association. Should any member of such association cease at any time to be a member for any reason whatever then such member shall thereafter have no right to use the brand, or any part of the brand registered by such association, whether the containers bearing such brand or part thereof shall have been acquired by such members before or after his membership shall have terminated. The foregoing shall apply to all brands registered by such association.

REGULATION XVI

1. Whenever it is not possible for milk products plants purchasing milk or cream direct from farmers to furnish addresses in connection with the list of patrons as required by Section 20 of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, the approximate location may be given in lieu thereof by indicating the distance and direction from certain local landmarks, and it shall be the duty of all such plants to keep a record of the approximate location of all patrons, which record shall at all times during working hours be accessible to duly authorized representatives of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

REGULATION XVII

Whenever a manufactured product of milk is found to be impure, unclean, unwholesome, stale, adulterated, or found to be produced, manufactured or kept in an insanitary place, by an authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California, he shall proceed to attach to such manufactured product, or the containers thereof, in an appropriate manner, a tag or label bearing the words "California Inspected and Retained" and a copy of this regulation. Whereupon, such manufactured product of milk may not be sold or moved or transported to any other place or premises until the owner thereof has been given due notice and hearing as provided by Section 21 of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved June 17, 1929. Whereupon said labels shall be removed by an authorized representative of the said department of agriculture and the product or products so held either released or condemned and marked, or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as determined by such hearing.

REGULATION XVIII

1. In accordance with specific authorization provided in Section 15 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California (amended and approved May 28, 1927), and in accordance with stipulation number eight filed in the office of the Governor, regarding the administration policy in the enforcement of the Pure Milk Law (amended June 3, 1927, Chapter 888), market cream may be pasteurized for thirty minutes at a temperature of 150° Fahrenheit.

2. Any special permits for the modification of prescribed methods of pasteurization shall be permitted by the department of agriculture of the State of California only with the concurrence of the department of public health.

REGULATION XIX

1. No pasteurized market milk may be sold under a label indicating that it is produced by nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows unless the entire milk supply of that plant is obtained from nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows.

REGULATION XX

1. Ungraded, raw market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than two hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count or one million bacteria by direct microscopic count, per milliliter 'Section 2 (a), General Dairy Law of California, approved Jun .923.) (Section 2,Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927.)

2. Ungraded, pasteurized market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than one million bacteria by official plate count or five million bacteria by direct microscopic count per milliliter before pasteurization; or when it contains more than fifty thousand bacteria by official plate count per milliliter after pasteurization.

3. Sour market cream is clean market cream which has been fermented by the action of one or more strains of lactic acid bacteria, such that the product contains a distinct acidity, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream. This product may be sold under the designation "sour market cream."

4. (a) Homogenized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process for dividing the fat globules into fragments, thereby increasing the viscosity of the product, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

(b) Viscolized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process similar to homogenization, except that the fat globules are not as finely divided as in the case of homogenization. It otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

5. Half and half is a product consisting of approximately one-half market milk and one-half market cream, each of which conforms to all of the requirements for these products.

6. Milk or cream which does not conform to requirements as defined in the General Dairy Law of California (approved June 15, 1923), or with the requirements of the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), or which has been produced in an insanitary dairy or factory of dairy products or other insanitary place, or which has been handled in an insanitary manner, is hereby declared to be impure and unwholesome, and must not be sold for human consumption. Such milk shall be kept in a distinctive container and plainly so marked or condemned and marked for identification with a suitable coloring matter.

Note: See Regulation XVI, page 47 — >

REGULATION XXI

RULE 1. MILK INSPECTION SERVICES

1. Any unit of government or other group desiring approval of a milk inspection service shall make application for approval in writing to the department of agriculture of the State of California. Upon receipt of said application the said department of agriculture shall determine if such unit of government or other group is entitled to approval. If such approval is given the said department of agriculture, with concurrence of the department of public health, shall issue a certificate of approval to the milk inspection service, provided such approval may be withdrawn should the milk inspection service later become inefficient, whereupon the certificate of approval shall be forfeited.

2. To secure and hold such approval a milk inspection service must:

(a) Provide a sufficient force of qualified inspectors, under the general direction of a regularly licensed physician, and sufficient laboratory facilities to enforce efficiently the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), and other laws and regulations relating to graded milk. In the absence of a laboratory arrangements may be made with a person or firm, approved concurrently by the department of agriculture and the department of public health of the State of California, to do bacteriological and other laboratory work.

(b) Provide for the efficient physical examination of employes, as required by law (Section3, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927), and in accordance with detailed instructions of the department of public health, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(c) Provide for the physical examination under the supervision of a qualified veterinarian, of all cattle producing milk to be sold in its jurisdiction, as required by law (Section 3, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927). This shall consist of a general physical examination for manifest evidence of diseases such as enlarged glands, mastitis, pyometra, tuberculosis, open sores, ulcerated teeth, abscesses, etc., in accordance with detailed instructions of the department of agriculture, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(d) Maintain the standards for the various grades of milk as established by the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), and the rules and regulations hereby established.

(e) Cooperate in the holding of official surprise milk scoring contests whenever requested to do so by a duly authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the state of California. (Section 4 (c), Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927.)

(f) Comply with the rules and regulations herein set forth.

(g) Provide for the grading of market cream on the same basis as market milk whenever possible.

RULE 2. INSPECTORS

1. No dairy inspector appointed under the provisions of the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), shall accept any compensation, directly or indirectly, for any advice rendered to any dairyman, nor shall any such inspector be the agent for, or be interested in, any firm, or corporation, selling, or handling any supplies used by dairymen, creameries or other factories of dairy products.

2. The inspectors whose duty it will be to participate in the enforcement of the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), and other laws pertaining to the grading of milk and cream, shall have passed a civil service examination given either by the Civil Service Commission of the city or county in which the milk inspection service is situated, or by the State Civil Service Commission. Such examination, if given by a city, county or city and county, shall be of equal or higher standard than that given by the State Civil Service Commission for the position of dairy inspector; provided, that all persons holding the position of dairy inspector in any city, county, or city and county, for a period of six months prior to the first day of October, 1914, and performing the duty of such office to the satisfaction of the Board of Health of such city, or county, during that time, shall not be required to take the said examination. In the event that the inspector has not taken the Civil Service examination at the time of his appointment, the qualifications of such an inspector shall be determined by an examination conducted by the Bureau of Dairy Control of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require the health officer of the state, or of any county, or city, to take an examination before being qualified to inspect dairies, milk plants, creameries, cheese factories, or any other factory where milk products are handled; and nothing in these rules shall be construed to interfere with the inspection of such places by employes of the Department of Public Health of the State of California when an epidemic of any communicable disease is prevalent.

RULE 3. INSPECTION

1. Inspection shall consist of laboratory examinations of the products and adequate supervision of the equipment and methods of the various producers and distributors.

2. Samples of retail milk for bacteriological and chemical examination shall be taken in original containers direct from delivery wagons, dairies, milk plants, or other places of business at least once every two weeks at irregular intervals and without previous notice to any producer or distributor. Additional samples of milk retailed at stores, etc., shall be taken as frequently as conditions will permit. Samples shall be taken from stores in all cases where complaint is made regarding the condition of same. Special attention shall be directed to the temperature at which store samples are kept. Samples of wholesale milk for bacteriological examination shall be taken at time of arrival at the milk plant at least once a month. The term "wholesale milk" is construed to mean milk from a producer who sells his product to a distributor and shall not be construed to include the wholesaler of the finished product, to restaurants, stores, bakeries, etc. All milk samples shall be kept at a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit until plated. Laboratory technique shall be in accordance with the "Standard Methods of the American Public Health Association for Milk Analysis." The direct microscopic count of bacteria (Breed Method) is recognized as a standard of official technique where used for judging the quality of unpasteurized milk.

3. Dairy farms shall be inspected at least six times a year. Pasteurizing plants shall be inspected at least once every two weeks. Plants of producer-distributors of raw milk shall be inspected

at least once each month. Scores on the methods and equipment of dairy farms or products plants shall be made at least twice each year. Visits of inspectors shall be unannounced and at irregular intervals. Pasteurizing equipment shall be given special attention and recording thermometers tested for accuracy at least once every two weeks.

4. All persons engaged in handling milk, either before or after pasteurization, shall be required to exercise scrupulous cleanliness and must not harbor the germs of typhoid fever, tuberculosis, diphtheria, or other communicable diseases liable to be conveyed through the milk. Absence of such communicable disease may be determined by cultures and physical examination to the satisfaction of the local health officer of milk inspection service.

5. Each dairy or distributor of milk and cream shall be kept informed of the results of the laboratory examinations and scoring of their individual products and equipment. On the basis of these determinations the inspection services shall issue written authorization to each person or concern who desires to sell milk under its jurisdiction; provided, that authorization shall be revoked in every case when the product or equipment of any person or concern does not consistently meet the requirements of the pure milk law or of the rules and regulations for its enforcement.

6. (a) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained on the retail sample from a distributor, the milk inspection service shall make at least three recounts within a period of two weeks in addition to the routine milk examination, whereupon if the count is persistently high and the average count

obtained during the two weeks period exceeds that established by the pure milk law, such milk may be degraded, or, at the option of the milk inspection service, excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be reestablished at its previous standing for a period of at least four weeks during which time it must have met the requirements of the pure milk law as determined by official counts. All recounts are considered as official samples in computing final milk scores.

(b) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained from a producer delivering milk at wholesale in bulk to a distributor whose supply is drawn from a number of producers, the milk inspection service shall make at least one recount in verification of the first as quickly as possible. If the first count is verified by a high recount the milk from such producer may be degraded, or at the option of the local milk inspection service excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be reestablished at its previous standing until at least two recounts have been taken, indicating that it is again in conformity with legal requirements. (First recount must be taken within at least five days of date of degrading or sooner if expedient with good inspection service; second to follow immediately.)

7. All publications or public statements relating to the quality of milk or cream, or the condition of dairies or milk plants, shall be expressed in terms of percentage, one hundred

being considered perfect. In rating milk or cream this percentage shall be based on an average of results obtained by the examination of at least four samples taken at intervals of at least a week. In no case shall publication of numbers of bacteria be made. The method used for computing milk scores for publication shall be approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

RULE 4. STANDARDS

1. Market milk shall be delivered in sterile containers and the standards shall be those established by the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), and in addition the following maximum temperatures with respect to cooling:

(a) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed twice a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 60° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and so maintained until delivery to consumers.

(b) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed once a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maintained at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivery to the consumer.

(c) Grade "A" raw milk bottled at a distributing plant must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maintained at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivered to the consumer.

(d) Grade "A" milk for pasteurization must be cooled immediately after being drawn from the cow to as low a temperature

as practical and so maintained until delivery to the plant. After pasteurization, milk must be cooled to a temperature of 50° Fahrenheit or below, and so maintained until delivery to the consumer.

2. A milking shed or barn with tight, nonabsorbent cleanable floors shall be required of each dairy producing graded milk, such milking shed or barn to be acceptable to the local inspection service under whose jurisdiction the dairy is conducted.

RULE 5. LABELING

1. Graded market milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define the grade:

Certified Milk
Guaranteed Raw milk
Guaranteed Pasteurized Milk
Grade "A" Raw Milk
Grade "A" Pasteurized Milk
Grade "B" Pasteurized Milk

(b) Name of producer or distributor.

(c) Address of Producer or distributor.

2. Ungraded milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define it:

Market Milk Raw
Market Milk Pasteurized

(b) Name of producer or distributor.

(c) Address of producer or distributor.

3. Special designating words such as "Inspected Milk," "Extra Quality Milk," "Purity Guaranteed," "Special Baby Milk," etc.,

must not be used. (Pure milk law, approved June 3, 1927.)

4. The words "whipping cream" or "table cream" constitute the name of a product and may be used for labeling market cream. Otherwise, the requirements for labeling market cream are the same as those relating to market milk.

RULE 6. PROSECUTIONS

1. Prosecutions for violations of the provisions of this measure shall be directed against any person, firm, corporation or association, and any manager, director, or agent of a firm, corporation or association who directs or permits an employe to violate any of the provisions of this act, as well as against the actual offender.

Note. - For the definition and minimum fat requirement for whipping or pastry cream, see Regulation ___ page ___.

Note. - For further information relative to these rules, address inquiries to Bureau of Dairy Control, State Department of Agriculture, Sacramento.

Note. - See Regulation _____. page ____.

REGULATION XXII

1. The heating of milk or milk by-products, to be returned to farms for feeding purposes, to a temperature of 185° Fahrenheit, or above, as required by the provisions of Section 1 of the pasteurized dairy by-products act (approved June 3, 1921), may be accomplished by the direct injection of steam into the vat containing such milk or milk by-product, without the use of a recording thermometer to indicate the temperature, upon receipt of special written permit from the department of agriculture of the State of California; provided, that such permit shall be revocable if at any time it is found upon investigation that such product is returned to the farms without actually bringing it to the required temperature, as hereinabove specified.

729

Proclamation
No 253

Quarantine Order No 7
Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 5 - 1929
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank M. Coy
DEPUTY

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after May 23, 1929

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa and other forage and cover crops, known as alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), not heretofore generally prevalent or distributed in the state of California, exists in the states of Utah, Idaho and Wyoming, and in certain counties in the state of Colorado, to wit: Delta, Gunnison, Montrose, Moffat, Routt, Rio Blanco, Ouray, Mesa and Garfield; and in certain counties in the state of Nevada, to wit: White Pine, Elko, Storey, Ormsby, Pershing, Lyon, Churchill, Mineral, Lincoln, Humboldt, Eldo and Douglas; and in certain counties in the state of Oregon, to wit: Malheur, Baker and Union; and in a certain county in the state of Nebraska, to wit: Scotts Bluff; all of which being hereinafter designated as infested territory, and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction of said alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of section 7719b of the Political Code of the State of California, against said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa

meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, shipped, brought or otherwise moved from said infested territory, and no such articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this order sha l be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw and alfalfa meal, except as herein provided, that has been grown, manufactured or stored in the said infested territory is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw or meal as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestations or contamination of the alfalfa meal, provided that all such alfalfa meal is sacked and shipped immediately after it is milled, such milling, sacking and shipping to be done during the period November 1 to March 31; provided further, that such alfalfa meal is shipped in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay, other hay and cereal straw and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill, and provided further, that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, is accompanied by a certificate signed by a state inspection official of the state in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled, sacked and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer in California, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval granted by the Director of Agriculture to any mill covering the shipment of alfalfa meal from that mill, as provided above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Owing to the fact that the only source of supply of fodder for animals in certain mountain and desert communities in Calif-

ornia near the California-Nevada border during the greater portion of the year is Douglas County, Nevada, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in Douglas County, Nevada, and intended for feed for animals will be admitted into only those portions of Alpine, El Dorado and Inyo counties which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions, provided each such shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or his duly authorized deputy, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper, and the name and address of the person or firm to whom the commodity is consigned. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing from Douglas County, Nevada, into portions of Alpine, El Dorado and Inyo counties of the State of California of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture. Application for such permit must be made in writing and must specify the name and address of the grower in Douglas County, Nevada, the kind and quantity of hay or straw which it is desired to import, the purpose for which it is intended, the destination of same in the State of California, the name and address of the importer, and such application must be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the person or persons applying for such permit in accordance with the following form:

State of ----------)
) ss.
County of ----------)

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the ----------
(Kind and quantity of hay)
----------for which I have applied to the Director of Agriculture for permit to import from ----------
(Name of shipper)
at----------will be transported or shipped by
(Address of shipper)
----------direct from----------
(Kind of vehicle) (Where now stored)
to----------for feed for animals at that point and
(Destination)
that no portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported or brought will be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any wagon, automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

Importer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me,----------, a Notary

ornia near the California-Nevada border during the greater portion of the year is Douglas County, Nevada, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in Douglas County, Nevada, and intended for feed for animals will be admitted into only those portions of Alpine, El Dorado and Inyo counties which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions, provided each such shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or his duly authorized deputy, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper, and the name and address of the person or firm to whom the commodity is consigned. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing from Douglas County, Nevada, into portions of Alpine, El Dorado and Inyo counties of the State of California of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture. Application for such permit must be made in writing and must specify the name and address of the grower in Douglas County, Nevada, the kind and quantity of hay or straw which it is desired to import, the purpose for which it is intended, the destination of same in the State of California, the name and address of the importer, and such application must be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the person or persons applying for such permit in accordance with the following form:

State of ----------)
} ss.
County of ----------)

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the ----------
(Kind and quantity of hay)
----------for which I have applied to the Director of Agriculture for permit to import from ----------
(Name of shipper)
at----------will be transported or shipped by
(Address of shipper)
----------direct from----------
(Kind of vehicle) (Where now stored)
to----------for feed for animals at that point and
(Destination)
that no portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported or brought will be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any wagon, automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

Importer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me,----------, a Notary

Public in and for the State of California, County of----------, this----------day of----------, 19----.

Notary Public.

My commission expires----------, 19------.

Any lot or shipment of alfalfa hay or cereal straw arriving in California not accompanied by the required official certificate of origin and/or covering which a permit has not been issued by the Director of Agriculture as herewith provided for, or otherwise not complying with the provisions of this quarantine, shall be refused admittance into the State of California and the same shall be immediately shipped out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the onwer or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 2. The material known locally in the State of Utah as "salt grass packing" shall be admitted into the State of California, provided that each shipment of salt grass packing is accompanied by an official certificate signed by the crop pest inspector of the State of Utah, setting forth that all of the following requirements have been complied with, to it: That the material in the shipment was cut between the dates of October 1 and April 1; that the raking, shocking, stacking, baling or shipping of this material was not allowed until the maximum daily temperature of the season had falled below sixty degrees Fahrenheit, and that none of the material in the shipment had been held in the field from one season to another. All shipments of salt grass packing from the State of Utah not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for, shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The use of such salt grass as a packing material in shipments of fruits, crockery and other material shall be permitted, provided it has been cut and removed from the field between October 1 and April 1, as above specified, and stored in warehouses remote from alfalfa fields, alfalfa hay or other suspected materials.

Regulation 3. An official certificate signed by the state inspection officer of the state in which potatoes originate shall accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in or shipped, imported or brought from the said infested territory into the State of California. Such certificate shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen immediately prior to loading into car, placed in new or reclaimed sacks and loaded in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw, and that adequate precautions have been taken to prevent reinfestation or contamination after being screened. All potatoes from said infested territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for or otherwise not complying with

the above requirements shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants imported, shipped or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory must be packed in fresh shavings, excelsior or other suitable packing (except tule, hay or straw), and each shipment or lot must be accompanied by an official certificate establishing the fact that each package in the shipment or lot has been fumigated for a period of one hour for alfalfa weevil in an airtight enclosure, subsequent to being boxed, baled or packed for transportation, with cyanide of potassium or sodium at the rate of one ounce to each one hundred cubic feet of space. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants as enumerated in this regulation, not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 5. No shipment of household effects, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory, shall be brought into the State of California by any common carrier, person or persons unless such shipment be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the owner or shipper in accordance with the following forms, on blanks which will be furnished to applicants by the inspection official of the state in which shipment originates, one of such duplicates designated as copy No. 1 to be mailed to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, and the other of said duplicates designated as copy No. 2 to be delivered to the common carrier agent, with a special certificate appended, to attach to the way bill:

State of ----------)
) ss.
County of ----------)

I hereby solemnly swear that I was present during the preparation for shipment of the household effects or emigrant movables which this affidavit accompanies; that the goods were delivered to the

---------- at ---------- on ----------
(Railroad) (Station) (Month, day, year)

constituting (less than) a carload ----------(If carload write initials and car number here) to be shipped to ----------at
(Name of consignee)

---------- via ---------- that no
(Destination) (Give initials of other lines)

alfalfa seed, nursery stock, vegetables or fruit is included in the shipment and that no hay, straw or grain is included for packing material or any purpose except as food necessary for live stock in transit to the California state line; that the shipment is made up

of the following:

Household goods, farm implements, tools, harness, farm wagons, automobile (draw a line through items not included), stands of bees, live stock ----------feed for animals in
(Specify)
transit ---------- and ----------
(Specify kinds and amount of each) (Specify
----
any items not included in previous classification)

(Shipper or owner),

Subscribed and sworn to before me ----------, a notary public in and for the state of ---------- county of----------this----------day of----------, 19------.

Notary public.

My commission expires----------19------.

This special certificate from the owner or shipper to be appended to copy No. 2 shall be in accordance with the following form:

I hereby agree to observe explicitly the requirements of the California Quarantine Order No. 7 with regard to hay, straw or grain (included as stock feed for use before reaching the California state line), household and agricultural emigrant movables and other materials, and hereby certify that I have mailed this day one copy of the foregoing affidavit to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

(Signature).

Upon the arrival at any common carrier station of any shipment of the articles enumerated in this regulation, such shipment shall be held intact until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or the state quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, had been notified and a certificate of release issued.

Regulation 6. It shall be the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used for the transportation of live stock or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, in or through any part of the said infested territory before the same enter the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California which have not been cleaned as above shall be immediately placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or state quarantine guardians,

until all alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into California from or through any part of the infested territory shall be deemed to have originated within the infested territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this order unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by an agricultural inspection official of the state where the hay was loaded in the cars, establishing the fact that the hay was grown and stored in a non-infested territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Regulation 7. Used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only upon compliance with the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California any of the articles enumerated in this regulation shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, a description of the articles for which a permit is requested, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the person in California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery and/or implements heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and establishing the fact that all machinery and/or implements included in the shipment have been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of machinery and/or implements not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery and/or implements without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles from the said infested territory arriving in California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle arrives until it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 9. Baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, used farming implements and other field appliances imported or

brought into the State of California by other than common carrier transportation from the said infested territory shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such articles are imported or brought until it has been determined by inspection that same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 10. Alfalfa seed will be admitted into California from the said infested territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than recleaned alfalfa seed.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 7 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) dated March 9, 1927, as amended December 23, 1927, June 28, 1928, and September 17, 1928, and shall take effect immediately.

(Director of Agriculture)

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: _____

Proclamation 780 A.

No 254

Thanksgiving Day

Named by Governor

Thursday Nov 28/1929

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 22 1929

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Frank M. Coy
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

In accordance with the long established custom of our country, the President of the United States has set apart and designated the last Thursday of this month as a day of thanksgiving to God for the blessings which have so richly attended us, and of prayer for the continuance of those blessings.

This beautiful custom is one which every citizen would desire to perpetuate. It seems eminently fitting that we should devote one day of each year, in our homes and in our respective houses of worship, to a rendering of thanks, not only for the continuance of our material welfare, but also for the privilege which is ours of living in a land of peace, freedom, and equality of opportunity.

Now therefore I, C. C. Young, Governor of the State of California, in pursuance of the proclamation of the President, and in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, hereby declare Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of November, 1929, as Thanksgiving Day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 21st day of November, 1929.

C. C. Young
Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

731 Guadalupe Jr.
256
Cuaderno de Fuero Militar
Año de 1824
Tribunal

G. W. HEGKE
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 19 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 8

(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after [illegible]

Until March 1, 1930, that portion of the county of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series- Revised), provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised), and offered for entry into California from that portion of the county of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised, effective May 23, 1929) is amended accordingly.

[signature]
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: [signature]
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: [illegible]

31

732

Proclamation No 257
annexed to Quarantine order
No 3. pertaining to Oriental
Fruit Moth

G H HECKE
DIRECTOR

ASS'T DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 19 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 3 (New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Oriental Fruit Moth

Effective on and after July 11, 1929.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to peach trees and fruit and other trees and fruit known as the Oriental fruit moth (Laspeyresia molesta, Busck) new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the states of New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, and in the District of Columbia, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory, and that all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees and plants and fresh fruits thereof, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers of these fruits are liable to be carriers of said Oriental fruit moth into the State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said Oriental fruit moth into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against said Oriental fruit moth, and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers that have been used to contain these fruits, imported, shipped or brought from said infested territory, and further, no such trees or plants or portions thereof, including the fresh fruits, and no containers used for such fruits as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all varieties and species including the flowering form of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets or other used containers of these fruits, arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents. All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 3 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 3 (New Series-Revised) dated May 12, 1928, and shall take effect immediately.

11/6/31
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: _____

733

Proclamation 258
and not to 20 to quarantine
order No?- pertaining to
Alaska Mail

DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 19 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7
(New Series - Revised, effective
May 23, 1929)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after August 21, 1929

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus) exists in the county of Jackson, State of Oregon:

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction of the said alfalfa weevil into the State of California that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised effective May 23, 1929) be hereby made to apply and do apply, until further orders, to all portions of that territory known as the county of Jackson, State of Oregon, in addition to and including the states and counties set forth in Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised effective May 23, 1929).

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised effective May 23, 1929) is amended accordingly.

This amendment shall take effect immediately.

[signature]
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: [signature]
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: August 21, 1929

734

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 19 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 13 (New Series)

(With Regulations)

Pertaining to Ozonium Root Rot.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous disease of nursery trees and plants, known as Ozonium Root Rot (Ozonium omnivorum) exists in the states of Arizona, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico and that all nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines are known as hosts or possible carriers of the above-mentioned disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction into the state of California of Ozonium omnivorum that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the state of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the state of California against the said Ozonium omnivorum and against all nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines imported, shipped or brought into the state of California from the states of Arizona, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, and no Ozonium omnivorum and no nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines from the states of Arizona, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. All nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, and vines from the states of Arizona, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico which have been grown and packed in and shipped from a district free from Ozonium Root Rot will be admitted into the State of California provided each such lot or shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originates establishing the fact that all of the material contained in the lot or shipment was grown and packed in and shipped from a district free from Ozonium Root Rot. Each such certificate shall state the number and kinds of trees and plants contained in the lot or shipment, where grown, name and address of grower, name and address of shipper, point of shipment, terminal point

of delivery and the name and address of the consignee.

Regulation 2. All nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines grown or packed in or shipped from a district in the states of Arizona, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico in which the Ozonium Root Rot occurs or is known to occur is prohibited admittance into the state of California unless a permit has first been secured from the Director of Agriculture by the importer. Such permits will be issued only when the Director of Agriculture has received satisfactory evidence that the varieties or species of trees, plants, shrubs or vines it is desired to ship or move are not host plants of the Ozonium Root Rot and that the circumstances connected with their shipment or movement will preclude the possibility of their acting as a carrier of that disease. Such permits will not be issued to cover any trees, plants, shrubs or vines with soil. In making application for such permit the importer must specify the kind and number of trees or plants he desires to import, the exact locality where grown, name and address of shipper, name and address of consignee, manner of shipment, whether by express, freight, parcel post or truck, and must accompany his application with satisfactory evidence that such plants are not a host of this disease and that such shipment would not be liable to transport this disease.

Regulation 3. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of cuttings, grafts, scions, seeds or fruits of any variety or species of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines provided same are free from roots and soil.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the state of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this Order.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C C Young
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: June 19, 1929

735

760

G. H HECKE
DIRECTOR

LEE A. STRONG
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 19 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 8

(New Series)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil in California

Effective on and after July 11, 1929.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) exists in the County of Alpine, State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further distribution of the alfalfa weevil in and throughout the State of California that all of the provisions and requirements set forth in Quarantine Order No. 8 (New Series) be hereby made to apply and do apply until further orders, to all portions of that territory known as the County of Alpine, State of California, in addition to and including the territory set forth in Quarantine Order No. 8 (New Series).

Quarantine Order No. 8 (New Series) is amended accordingly.

This Amdnement shall take effect immediately.

[signature]
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: [signature]
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: [illegible]

736

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 20 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER No. 13 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Ozonium Root Rot

Effective on and after March 18, 1930.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous disease of nursery trees and plants, known as Ozonium Root Rot (Ozonium omnivorum) exists in the states of Arizona, Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico and that all nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines are known as hosts or possible carriers of the above-mentioned disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction into the State of California of Ozonium omnivorum that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said Ozonium omnivorum and against all nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines imported, shipped or brought into the State of California from the states of Arizona, Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, and no Ozonium omnivorum and no nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines from the states of Arizona, Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantinelines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Definition of word "Premises." The word "premises" as hereinafter used in these regulations shall be construed to mean all the land included under one legal description of any parcel of land farmed or handled as one unit of ground, provided that in no

instance shall such "premises" be smaller in area than would fully encompass a radius of at least 100 feet from actual place where the nursery stock, trees, plant, shrubs or vines to be shipped or moved have been growing.

Regulation 2. Certification.
Each lot or shipment of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, and vines from the states of Arizona, Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originates establishing the fact that all of the material contained in the lot or shipment was grown on premises free from Ozonium root rot. In addition, each such certificate shall state the number and kinds of trees and plants contained in the lot or shipment, where grown, name and address of grower, name and address of shipper, point of shipment, terminal point of delivery and the name and address of consignee.

Regulation 3. Disposition of Uncertified shipments. Any and all lots or shipments of the articles specified in this Quarantine Order arriving in California from the states of Arizona, Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico without the certificate as provided for in Regulation 2 hereof shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. Exceptions.
No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement if free from roots and soil of any variety or species of nursery stock, trees, plants shrubs, vines, dormant bulbs, cuttings, grafts, scions, seeds or fruit.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 13 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 13 (New Series) dated June 19, 1929, and shall take effect immediately.

R. Meyer
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C. C. Young
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 18, 1930.

737

G H HECKE
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 21 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER No. 9 (New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

Effective on and after March 12, 1930.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to sweet potato tubers and sweet potato plants known as the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the states of Florida, Texas, Louisiana; and in certain counties in the State of Mississippi, to wit: Jackson, Harrison, Hancock, Pearl River and George; and in certain counties in the State of Alabama, to wit: Jefferson, Baldwin and Mobile; and in a certain county in the State of Georgia, to wit: Charlton; all of which being hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.) are liable to be carriers of said sweet potato weevil into districts otherwise free from said weevil.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said sweet potato weevil into California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.), imported, shipped or brought from all states and districts of the United States and no such plants or tubers or parts thereof shall be permitted to pass over the quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus, spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.) that have been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory are hereby prohibited entry into California for any purpose whatsoever and any such articles as prohibited entry in this regulation arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 2. Sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and yams (Dioscorea spp.) that have not been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory will be admitted into California only upon compliance with the following conditions:

Each and every lot or shipment of material admissible under this regulation shall bear an official certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originates establishing the fact that all the material contained in the lot or shipment was grown, packed and stored in a district free from sweet potato weevil. Such certificate shall state the number of packages in the shipment, where grown, the name and address of the grower, the name and address of the shipper, the point of shipment, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the consignee. A copy of such certificate shall be mailed by shipper, in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any and all lots or shipments of the articles enumerated in this regulation arriving in California without the certificate as provided for shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 9 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 9 (New Series) dated March 9, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: C. C. Young
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 12, 1930

740

Proclamation
No 265
Quarantine order No 14-1935
pertaining to Downy Mildew
of the Hop - Effective after
June 11-1935

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

LEE A. STRONG
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 14 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 14

(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Downy Mildew of the Hop

Effective on and after July 11, 1930

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the downy mildew of the hop (Pseudoperonospora humili), not known to occur in the State of California, exists in several states of the United States, and that hop sets or roots are liable to be carriers of this disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the downy mildew of the hop (Pseudoperonospora humili) into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California, against all varieties and species of hop sets, hop roots or hop cuttings imported, shipped or brought from Canada or from any and all states and districts of the United States, and no hop sets, hop roots, or hop cuttings from the aforementioned area shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all varieties and species of hop sets, hop roots or hop cuttings arriving in California from Canada or from any state or district of the United States shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This order shall supersede Quarantine Order No. 14

(New Series) issued January 31, 1930, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED: July 11, 1930

739

Proclamation
No 264
Quarantine Order No. 7 NS
amat No 1- pertaining to
Asiatic Guerini Epprehin
after June 20-1930

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 14 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hagath DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7

(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after June 20, 1930

Until March 1, 1931, that portion of the county of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised), provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised), and offered for entry into California from that portion of the county of Lyon, State of Nevada, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirteen north, and w west of the eastern boundary of range twenty-four east, and known as the Smith Valley, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine officer of Nevada or by a duly authorized deputy of the State Quarantine officer of Nevada, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised, effective) is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: June 20, 1930

Proclamation
No 763
Quarantine order No 7
- VS - pertaining to U.S. foreign
Travel Effective June 10 - 93

G. H HECKE
DIRECTOR

LEE A. STRONG
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil.

Effective on and after June 20, 1930.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 14 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa and other forage and cover crops, known as alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.) not heretofore generally prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the states of Utah, Idaho and Wyoming, and in certain counties in the state of Colorado, to wit: Delta, Gunnison, Montrose, Moffat, Routt, Rio Blanco, Ouray, Mesa and Garfield; and in certain counties in the state of Nevada, to wit: White Pine, Washoe, Storey, Ormsby, Pershing, Lyon, Churchill, Mineral, Lincoln, Humboldt, Elko and Douglas; and in certain counties in the state of Oregon, to wit: Malheur, Baker, Union and Jackson, and in a certain county in the state of Nebraska, to wit: Sioux; all of which being hereinafter designated as infested territory, and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction of said alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers,

trucks and other vehicles imported, shipped, brought or otherwise moved from said infested territory, and no such articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw and alfalfa meal, except as herein provided, that has been grown, manufactured or stored in the said infested territory is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw or meal as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestations or contamination of the alfalfa meal. Such approvals by the Director of Agriculture shall specify, in the case of each mill, whether such shipments are limited to the period November 1 to March 31 or whether such shipments can be made during the entire year, the determination of the period during which alfalfa meal shipments may be made to this state, shall, in the case of each mill, be contingent upon the installation and use of protective measures in accordance with plans approved by the Director of Agriculture. Year-round shipments will be admitted only from those mills which have installed protective measures approved by the Director of Agriculture as adequate to prevent weevil contamination of the sacked meal or the cars during the period April 1 to October 31 when the weevil is active; provided, further, that all alfalfa meal must be shipped in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay, other hay and cereal straw and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill; provided, further, that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a state inspection official of the state in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled, sacked and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer in California, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval granted by

the Director of Agriculture to any mill covering the shipment of alfalfa meal from that mill, as provided above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Owing to the fact that the only source of supply of fodder for animals in certain mountain and desert communities in California near the California-Nevada border during the greater portion of the year is Douglas County, Nevada, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in Douglas County, Nevada, and intended for feed for animals will be admitted into only those portions of Alpine, El Dorado and Inyo counties which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions; provided each such shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or his duly authorized deputy, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper, and the name and address of the person or firm to whom the commodity is consigned. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing from Douglas County, Nevada, into portions of Alpine, El Dorado and Inyo counties of the State of California of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture. Application for such permit must be made in writing and must specify the name and address of the grower in Douglas County, Nevada, the kind and quantity of hay or straw which it is desired to import, the purpose for which it is intended, the destination of same in the State of California, the name and address of the importer, and such application must be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the person or persons applying for such permit in accordance with the following form:

State of.....)
) SS.
County of .....)

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the .....
(Kind
.....for which I have applied to the Director of
and quantity of hay)
Agriculture for permit to import from .....nt
(Name of shipper)
..... will be transported or shipped by .....
(Address of shipper) (Kind
..... direct from ..... to .....
of Vehicle) (Where now stored)
..... for feed for animals at that point and that no
(Destination)
portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported or brought will be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any wagon, automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw

will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

.....
(Importer)

Subscribed and sworn to before me .....
a Notary Public in and for the State of California, county of
....., this ..... day of ....., 19.....

.....
Notary Public

My commission expires ....., 19.....

Any lot or shipment of alfalfa hay or cereal straw arriving in California not accompanied by the required official certificate of origin and/or covering which a permit has not been issued by the Director of Agriculture as herewith provided for, or otherwise not complying with the provisions of this quarantine, shall be refused admittance into the State of California and the same shall be immediately shipped out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 2. The material known locally in the State of Utah as "salt grass packing" shall be admitted into the State of California, provided that each shipment of salt grass packing is accompanied by an official certificate signed by the crop pest inspector of the State of Utah, setting forth that all of the following requirements have been complied with, to wit: That the material in the shipment was cut between the dates of October 1 and April 1; that the raking, shocking, stacking, baling or shipping of this material was not allowed until the maximum daily temperature of the season had fallen below sixty degrees Fahrenheit, and that none of the material in the shipment had been held in the field from one season to another. All shipments of salt grass packing from the state of Utah not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for, shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The use of such salt grass as a packing material in shipments of fruits, crockery and other material shall be permitted, provided it has been cut and removed from the field between October 1 and April 1, as above specified, and stored in warehouses remote from alfalfa fields, alfalfa hay or other suspected materials.

Regulation 3. An official certificate signed by the state inspection officer of the state in which potatoes originate shall accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in or shipped, imported or brought from the said infested territory into the State of California. Such certificate shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen immediately prior to loading into the car, placed in new or re-cleaned sacks and loaded in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw, and that acequate precautions have been taken to prevent reinfestation or contamination after being screened. All potatoes from said infested territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for or otherwise not complying with the above requirements shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants imported, shipped or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory must be free from soil and packed in fresh shavings, excelsior or other suitable packing (except tule, hay or straw). All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants as enumerated in this regulation, not free from soil or when packed with tule, hay or straw shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 5. No shipment of household effects, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory, shall be brought into the State of California by any common carrier, person or persons unless such shipment be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the owner or shipper in accordance with the following forms, on blanks which will be furnished to applicants by the inspection official of the state in which the shipment originates, one of such duplicates designated as copy No. 1 to be mailed to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, and the other of said duplicates designated as copy No. 2 to be delivered to the common carrier agent, with a special certificate appended, to attach to the way bill:

State of .....)
) SS.
County of .....)

I hereby solemnly swear that I was present during the preparation for shipment of the household effects or emigrant movables which this affidavit accompanies; that the goods were delivered to the ..... (Railroad) at ..... (Station)
on ..... (Month, day, year) constituting (less than) a carload
..... (If carload write initials and car number here) to be shipped
to ..... (Name of consignee) at ..... (Destination) via

..... that no alfalfa seed,
(Give initials of other lines)
nursery stock vegetables or fruit is included in the shipment and that no hay, straw or grain is included for packing material or any purpose except as food necessary for live stock in transit to the California state line; that the shipment is made up of the following:

Household goods, farm implements, tools, harness, farm wagons, automobile (draw a line through items not included), stands of bees, live stock ..... feed for animals in
(Specify)
transit ..... and .....
(Specify kinds and amount of each) (Specify any items
.....
not included in previous classification)

.....
(Shipper or owner)

Subscribed and sworn to before me ..... a notary public in and for the state of ....., county of ..... this ..... day of ....., 19....

.....
Notary Public.

My commission expires ....., 19.....

This special certificate from the owner or shipper to be appended to copy No. 2 shall be in accordance with the following form:

I hereby agree to observe explicitly the requirements of the California Quarantine Order No. 7 with regard to hay, straw, or grain (included as stock feed for use before reaching the California state line), household and agricultural emigrant movables and other materials, and hereby certify that I have mailed this day one copy of the foregoing affidavit to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

.....
(Signature)

Upon the arrival at any common carrier station of any shipment of the articles enumerated in this regulation, such shipment shall be held intact until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or the quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, had been notified and a certificate of release issued.

Regulation 6. It shall be the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used in the transportation of live stock

or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, in or through any part of the said infested territory before the same enter the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California which have not been cleaned as above shall be immediately placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or quarantine guardians, until all alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into California from or through any part of the infested territory shall be deemed to have originated within the infested territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this order unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by an agricultural inspection official of the state where the hay was loaded in the cars, establishing the fact that the hay was grown and stored in a non-infested territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Regulation 7. Used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only upon compliance with the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California any of the articles enumerated in this regulation shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, a description of the articles for which a permit is requested, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the person in California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery and/or implements heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and establishing the fact that all machinery and/or implements included in the shipment have been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of machinery and/or implements not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery and/or implements without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles from the said infested territory arriving in California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle arrives until it has

been determined b inspection that the same is free from alfalfa w weevil.

Regulation 9. Baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, used farming implements and other field appliances imported or brought into the State of California by other than common carrier transportation from the said infested territory shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such articles are imported or brought until it has been determined by inspection that same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 10. Alfalfa seed will be admitted into California from the said infested territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than recleaned alfalfa seed.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 7 supersedes Revised Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) dated May 23, 1929, as amended July 11, 1929, and August 21, 1929, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED: June 20, 1930

been determined b inspection that the same is free from alfalfa w weevil.

Regulation 9. Baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, used farming implements and other field appliances imported or brought into the State of California by other than common carrier transportation from the said infested territory shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such articles are imported or brought until it has been determined by inspection that same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 10. Alfalfa seed will be admitted into California from the said infested territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than recleaned alfalfa seed.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised uarantine Order No. 7 supersedes Revised Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) dated May 23, 1929, as amended July 11, 1929, and August 21, 1929, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED: June 20, 1930

741

G H HECKE

LEE A STRONG

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

AUG 27 1930

FRANK C. JORDAN

SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 10 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Citrus White Flies

Effective on and after ,

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as Dialeurodes citrifolii, Morgan, injurious to citrus trees and citrus plants, exists in the State of Florida; and that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ckll.), injurious to citrus trees, citrus plants, and other trees and plants exists in the states of Arkansas, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified, are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insects.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction into the State of California of Dialeurodes citrifolii, and Dialeurodes citri, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said Dialeurodes citrifolii, and Dialeurodes citri, and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or brought into the State of California from the said infested territory, and no Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines, or cuttings thereof, as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. All the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited entry into the State of California from the said infested territory:

Ailanthus altissima (Tree of Heaven)
Allamanda neriifolia (Allamanda)
Choisya ternata (Mexican orange)
Citrus spp. (Orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine and all other species cultivated in America).
Coffea spp. (Coffee)
Diospyros Kaki (Japanese Persimmon)
Diospyros virginiana (Common Persimmon)
Gardenia spp. (Cape jasmine, Cape jessamine or Gardenia)
Hedera helix (English Ivy)
Ligustrum spp. (Privets)
Melia spp. (China Tree or China Berry, Texas Umbrella, Pride of India)
Osmanthus americanus (Wild Olive or Devilwood)
Photinia arbutifolia (Toyon Christmas Berry)
Phyllanthus acidus (Otaheite gooseberry, West India gooseberry, Jimbling)
Prunus caroliniana (Mock orange)
Severinia buxifolia (Severinia)
Smilax spp. (Greenbriers)
Thea sinensis (Tea Plant)
Zanthoxylum clava-Herculis (Pepper wood, Prickly Ash)

Regulation 2. All the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, possible carriers, when in foliage, of Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, are hereby prohibited entry into the State of California from the said infested territory unless same have been completely defoliated at point of origin:

Cephalanthus occidentalis (Button Bush)
Cinnamomum spp. (Camphor Tree, Cinnamon Tree, Cassia Bark Tree, Cassia Flower Tree)
Ilex spp. (English, American and all other Holly)
Jasminum spp. (Jessamine, Jasmine)
Lagerstroemia spp. (Crape Myrtle)
Laurus nobilis (Grecian Laurel or Sweet Bay)
Lonicera spp. (Honey suckle)
Sapindus spp. (Soapberry, Wild China Tree)
Syringa spp. (Lilacs)

Regulation 3. All shipments or lots of nursery stock, trees, shrubs, vines, plants or cuttings, permitted entry under Regulation 2 hereof, must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized State Quarantine Guardian.

Regulation 4. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in the State of California from the said infested territory in violation of or not fully complying with all the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately shipped out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said infested territory, into the State of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing regulations, shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine order, rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 10 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 10 (New Series), dated March 9, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED: August 1, 1930.

Irel. 742

G. H HECKE
DIRECTOR

LEE A. STRONG
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 21 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 11 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Citrus White Fly in California

Effective on and after August 1, 1930.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), injurious to citrus trees and other trees and plants, exists in certain hereinafter described portions of the State of California; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insect;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of the citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinafter described infested territory in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or otherwise moved from the hereinafter described infested territory into any other portion of the State of California and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Infested territory: All that portion of the county of Sacramento, including the city of Sacramento, bounded as follows: Beginning at the junction of the American River and the Sacramento River; thence southerly down the east bank of the Sacramento River to the Sutterville road; thence easterly along said Sutterville road to the Freeport road; thence southerly along said Freeport road to the Fruitridge road; thence easterly along said Fruitridge road to the Power Inn road; thence northerly along said Power Inn road to the Folsom road; thence due north from the junction of the Power Inn road and Folsom road to the American River; thence westerly along the south bank of the American River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Yuba County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Marysville and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south bank of Yuba River opposite D Street in said city; thence down the south bank of said river to the center of Feather River; thence up the center of Feather River to a point opposite Sixteenth street in said city; thence easterly along the north line of said Sixteenth street to E street of said city; thence northerly along the west line of E street to the northwest corner of Suburban Lot 5, Range D; thence easterly to the other side of the levee as now located by said city; thence along the outer side of said levee until it intersects the Brown's Valley road or grade; thence along the extreme southeasterly side of said Brown's Valley road or grade to a point where said Brown's Valley road or grade intersects Swezy street, thence due south to the south bank of the Yuba River; thence along the south bank of the Yuba River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including Yuba City, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the west bank of the Feather River due east from the junction of the Pease road and the Yuba City-Chico State Highway; thence due west to said junction; thence westerly along the Pease road to the Onstott road; thence southerly along the said Onstott road to the Franklin road; thence westerly along the said Franklin road to the Township road; thence southerly along the said Township road to the Oswald road; thence easterly along the Oswald road to its easterly termination; thence in a line due east from the easterly termination of the Oswald road to the west bank of the Feather River; thence northerly along the west bank of the said Feather River to place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including a part of Sutter City, and bounded as follows: On the south by the State Highway; on the east by Palm Street; on the north by Nelson Street; and on the west by a line extending in a due northerly direction from the point where First Avenue joins the State Highway to a line extending due west from the point where Nelson Avenue joins Walnut Street.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Gridley.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Oroville.

Regulation 2. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any other portion of the State of California:

Ailanthus altissima (Tree of Heaven)
Allamanda nerilifolia (Allamanda)
Choisya ternata (Mexican orange)
Citrus spp. (Orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine and all other species cultivated in America).
Coffea spp. (Coffee)
Diospyros Kaki (Japanese Persimmon)
Diospyros virginiana (Common Persimmon)
Gardenia spp. (Cape jasmine, Cape jessamine or Gardenia)
Hedera helix (English Ivy)
Ligustrum spp. (Privets)
Melia spp. (China Tree or China Berry, Texas Umbrella, Pride of India)
Osmanthus americanus (Wild Olive or Devilwood)
Photinia arbutifolia (Toyon Christmas Berry)
Phyllanthus acidus (Otaheite gooseberry, West India gooseberry, Jimbling)
Prunus caroliniana (Mock orange)
Severinia buxfolia (Severinia)
Smilax spp. (Green briers)
Thea sinensis (Tea Plant)
Zanthoxylum clava-Herculis (Pepper wood, Prickly Ash)

Regulation 3. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, possible carriers when in foliage of Dialeurodes citri, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any other portion of the State of California unless same have been completely defoliated at point of origin:

Cephalanthus occidentalis (Button Bush)
Cinnamomum spp. (Camphor Tree, Cinnamon Tree, Cassia Bark Tree, Cassia Flower Tree)
Ilex spp. (English, American and all other Holly)
Jasminum spp. (Jessamine, Jasmine)
Lagerstroemia spp. (Crape Myrtle)
Laurus nobilis (Grecian Laurel or Sweet Bay)
Lonicera spp. (Honey suckle)
Sapindus spp. (Soapberry, Wild China Tree)
Syringa spp. (Lilacs)

Regulation 4. All shipments or lots of nursery stock permitted entry into other portions of the State of California from the said infested territory under Regulation 3 hereof, must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

Regulation 5. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in any other portion of t e State of California from the said infested

territory in violation of or not fully complying with all the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately returned to the said infested territory or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said infested territory into any other portion of the State of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing regulation, shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine order, rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 11 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 11 (New Series) dated December 23, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED: August 1, 1930.

743
268

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 4 - 1930
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. J. Hagarty
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, C. C. YOUNG, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a General Election will be held throughout this State on TUESDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1930, at which the following offices are to be filled:

Representatives to the Congress of the United States from each of the eleven congressional districts of the State;

GOVERNOR;

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR;

SECRETARY OF STATE;

CONTROLLER;

TREASURER;

ATTORNEY GENERAL;

Member of the State Board of Equalization from each of the four equalization districts of the State;

STATE SENATOR from each of the following twenty senatorial districts of the State: Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-eighth, Fortieth;

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the eighty assembly districts of the State;

JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT in each of the following respective counties of the State, the number of judges to be elected and the terms thereof being as follows:

ALAMEDA - One (Full Term) Office Number Four

FRESNO - One (Full Term) Office Number three

KERN - One (Full Term)

LOS ANGELES - One (Full Term) Office Number One

LOS ANGELES - One (Full Term) Office Number Two

LOS ANGELES - One (Full Term) Office Number Five

Executive Department
State of California

LOS ANGELES - One (Full Term) Office Number Six

LOS ANGELES - One (Full Term) Office Number Eight

LOS ANGELES - One (Full Term) Office Number Nine

LOS ANGELES - One (Full Term) Office Number Ten

SAN JOAQUIN - One (Full Term)

ALSO, such other state and county, township, district, or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I also proclaim that at said election there will be submitted to the vote of the electors the following act and resolution of the Legislature providing for the issuance of bonds of the State of California for the purposes therein specified.

VETERANS' WELFARE BOND ACT OF 1929

An act authorizing the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities, through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the single object of creating a fund to provide farm and home aid for veterans in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act, approved May 30, 1921, and of any and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto; creating a veterans' welfare finance committee; defining the powers and duties of said committee and of the veterans' welfare board and other state offices in respect to the administration of the provisions hereof; providing ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such principal matures; appropriating money for the expense of preparing and of advertising the sale of bonds herein authorized to be issued; and providing for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, and initiative measures as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

And I do hereby offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one of the Penal Code; such rewards

2-268

Executive Department

State of California

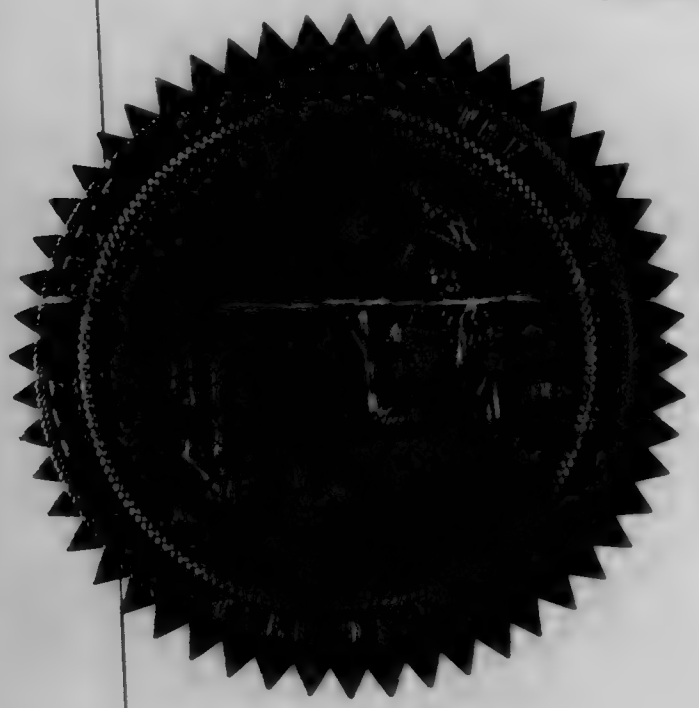
to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten thousand dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this Fourth day of October, 1930.

C. C. Young
Governor

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By Chas. Hagelt
Deputy



744

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 26 1930
JOURNAL C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. J. Hagen
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

In accordance with the long established custom of our country, the President of the United States has set apart and designated the last Thursday of this month as a day of thanksgiving to God for the blessings which have so richly attended us as a Nation and of prayer for the continuance of those blessings.

This beautiful custom is one which every citizen would desire to perpetuate. It seems eminently fitting that we should devote one day of each year, in our homes and in our respective houses of worship, to a rendering of thanks, not only for such material welfare as we may individually enjoy, but also for the privilege which is ours of living in a land of peace, freedom, and equality of opportunity.

Despite depressed business conditions, despite the fact that many of our fellow citizens are unemployed, there should be no depression in our hearts. We know that these unfortunate conditions are only temporary, and that they have touched California far more lightly than in many other portions of the world.

Let this Thanksgiving Day, then, be one of unselfish consideration for others less fortunate than ourselves. Let the spirit of the day manifest itself by a firm resolve that the problems confronting us shall be solved as speedily as possible. This Nation is basically sound, and we can reasonably hope for an early return of that prosperity which is our heritage.

25

Executive Department

State of California

Now therefore I. C. C. Young, Governor of the State of California, in pursuance of the proclamation of the President, and in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, hereby declare Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of November, 1930, as Thanksgiving Day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of November, 1930.

C. C. Young
Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.
by Frank M. Coray Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

In accordance with the long established custom of our country, the President of the United States has set apart and designated the last Thursday of this month as a day of thanksgiving to God for the blessings which have so richly attended us as a Nation and of prayer for the continuance of those blessings.

This beautiful custom is one which every citizen would desire to perpetuate. It seems eminently fitting that we should devote one day of each year, in our homes and in our respective houses of worship, to a rendering of thanks, not only for such material welfare as we may individually enjoy, but also for the privilege which is ours of living in a land of peace, freedom, and equality of opportunity.

Despite depressed business conditions, despite the fact that many of our fellow citizens are unemployed, there should be no depression in our hearts. We know that these unfortunate conditions are only temporary, and that they have touched California far more lightly than in many other portions of the world.

Let this Thanksgiving Day, then, be one of unselfish consideration for others less fortunate than ourselves. Let the spirit of the day manifest itself by a firm resolve that the problems confronting us shall be solved as speedily as possible. This Nation is basically sound, and we can reasonably hope for an early return of that prosperity which is our heritage.

Executive Department

State of California

Now therefore I. C. C. Young, Governor of the State of California, in pursuance of the proclamation of the President, and in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, hereby declare Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of November, 1930, as Thanksgiving Day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of November, 1930.

C. C. Young
Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

by Frank C. Jordan Deputy

Proclamation
No 270 745

Amdt No 2 to Quarantine
order No 7 pertaining to
alfalfa seed

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 10 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

G. H. HECKE
DIRECTOR

LEE A. STRONG
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7

(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to the Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after December 29, 1930

Until March 1, 1931, that portion of the county of Jackson, State of Oregon, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirty-eight south and west of the eastern boundary of range three west, and also all of township thirty-nine south, range two west, and known as the Applegate Valley, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised), provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised), and offered for entry into California from that portion of the county of Jackson, State of Oregon, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirty-eight south and west of the eastern boundary of range three west, and also all of township thirty-nine south, range two west, and known as the Applegate Valley, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the proper inspection officials of Oregon, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised, effective June 20, 1930), is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: December 29, 1930

Indexed

746

Proclamation
No. 271

Issued January 21-1931
as Life Insurance Day,
Throughout California

FILED
in the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 16 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Frank C. Jordan
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Greetings:

Wednesday, January 21, 1931, having been selected by the National Life Underwriters Association as "Life Insurance Day Thru-Out America", it becomes my pleasure to proclaim this day "Life Insurance Day Thru-Out California" with the suggestion that the press of the State properly emphasize it, that our ministers bring the subject in appropriate manner before their congregations and that our citizens devote serious thought and give due attention to their particular life insurance needs.

The great cooperative enterprise- "The Institution of Life Insurance" with its enormous Legal Reserves, coupled with the careful selection and wide diversification of the investment of these funds, today assures the insuring public absolute safety. And as each and every individual sees the benefits to be derived by adequately insuring- thereby providing for the needs of those left behind, for old age, for disability- so shall we see Poverty driven from this Golden State and Peace and Prosperity reign eternal. I practice what I preach.

I have carried Life Insurance from the day I attained my majority, and it has been a comfort all through my life that I was doing my duty to my growing family by protecting them.

Now therefore I, James Rolph Jr., Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, hereby declare Wednesday, the twenty-firstday of January, 1931, as Life Insurance Day Thru-Out California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of January, 1931.

James Rolph

Governor.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Francis Carr Deputy

747

• SPECIAL ELECTION HELD.

FEB . 26.th day 1931.

Endorsed
Filed Feb 11-1931
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 26th day of February, 1931, within the old Thirty-third Senatorial District of this state, as the said district was constituted in 1928, and prior to the taking effect of the Reapportionment Act in 1928, to fill the vacancy in the office of State Senator from said district caused by the election and qualification of Senator Frank F. Merriam to the office of Lieutenant Governor of the State of California.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred ($100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand ($10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of February, 1931.

James Rolph

Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

* PROCLAMATION *

748

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

MARCH. 3rd. 1931.

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 3rd day of March, 1931, within the old Twenty-first Senatorial District of this state, as the said district was constituted in 1928, and prior to the taking effect of the Reapportionment Act in 1928, to fill the [illegible] in the office of State Senator from said district caused by the election and qualification of Senator Roy Fellom to the office of State Senator of the new Fourteenth Senatorial District, as now constituted under the Reapportionment Act which took effect in 1928.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred ($100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV. Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand ($10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of February, 1931.

James Rolph Jr.

Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

by Frank C. Jordan

Jud 748

Proclamation

No 272

Calling Spl Election
in Senatorial dist
No 14 to fill vacancy
by election Any Tuesday
14th dist Senatorship

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 17 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 3rd day of March, 1931, within the old Twenty-first Senatorial District of this state, as the said district was constituted in 1928, and prior to the taking effect of the Reapportionment Act in 1928, to fill the vacancy in the office of State Senator from said district caused by the election and qualification of Senator Roy Fellom to the office of State Senator of the new Fourteenth Senatorial District, as now constituted under the Reapportionment Act which took effect in 1928.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred ($100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand ($10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of February, 1931.

James Rolph

Governor.

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Frank M. Conway Deputy

FE 131

(Breed

Executive Department
State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 26th day of February, 1931, within the old Fifteenth Senatorial District of this state, as the said district was constituted in 1928, and prior to the taking effect of the Reapportionment Act in 1928, to fill the vacancy in the office of State Senator from said district caused by the election and qualification of Senator Arthur H. Breed to the office of State Senator of the new Sixteenth Senatorial District, as now constituted under the Reapportionment Act which took effect in 1928.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred ($100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand ($10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of February, 1931.

_____
Governor

Attest: _____
Secretary of State.

Indexed -

750

Proclamations

#274

Re passage Veterans
Welfare Bond Act
at General Election
November 4 1947

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 24 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
Chas. J. Hagel
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Of Passage of Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929.

WHEREAS, there was submitted to the voters of this State at the General Election held in the State of California on November 4,1930, a proposed law, being

> "An act authorizing the creation of a debt or debts, liability or liabilities,through the issuance and sale of state bonds, for the single object of creating a fund to provide farm and home aid for veterans in accordance with the provisions of the veterans' farm and home purchase act, approved May 30,1921, and any and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto; creating a veterans' welfare finance committee; defining the powers and duties of said committee and of the veterans' welfare board and other state offices in respect to the administration of the provisions hereof; providing ways and means, exclusive of loans, for the payment of the interest of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such interest falls due, and also for the payment and discharge of the principal of such debt or debts, liability or liabilities, as such principal matures; appropriating money for the expense or preparing and of advertising the sale of bonds herein authorized to be issued; and providing for the submission of this act to a vote of the people at the general election to be held in the month of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty." and

WHEREAS, the votes cast for and against said act have been counted, returned and canvassed and it appears from a certificate made by the Secretary of State on December 11, 1930, that there were cast

C

Executive Department

State of California

for said act, known and cited as "Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929", 835,579 votes and there were cast against said act, 265,682 votes:

Now, therefore, I, JAMES ROLPH,JR., Governor of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA, in pursuance of the provisions of Section 16 of said act, do hereby proclaim and declare that at the General Election held on November 4,1930, the said Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929 received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at the said election, and that the same was legally approved and adopted and has the effect as in said act provided; and

I further proclaim and declare that the said Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929 shall be and is irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities therein created shall be paid and discharged.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed, this 24 day of FEBRUARY, 1931.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

by Frank F. Conwell Deputy

C

Indexed - 751

Rockwell Station

#2-3

Calling Spc Election March 19-1931
in 7th Assembly District to
fill vacancy caused by death
of Meyer S Potter

Executive Department

State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 19th day of March, 1931, in the Seventy-seventh Assembly District of this State to fill the vacancy caused by the death of MYRON D. WITTER in the office of Member of the Assembly, Seventy-seventh Assembly District.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part 1, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto this Third day of March, 1931.

James Rolph Jr.
Governor.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By Chas. J. Hagerty
Deputy.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 3 - 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. J. Hagerty
DEPUTY

Edward Proclamation

752

276

Friday April 10 1931

Named as "Bird day"

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 19 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas F Hogarty
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION OF BIRD DAY

WHEREAS, The relation and importance of bird life to the common welfare, and especially to the agricultural interests, is a subject deserving more general recognition; and

WHEREAS, Statistics show that the loss to agriculture by insect pests amounts yearly to more than $1,300,000,000, and that one-tenth of everything raised for food is destroyed by insect pests; and

WHEREAS, The human race is fighting the insect world for control of the earth; and

WHEREAS, We know that birds are the natural enemies of all forms of insect life, and that if we could increase the number of birds, we would have less trouble with these insect pests; and

WHEREAS, The decrease in bird life of our state and of the nation is one of the causes for the increase of the numerous pests which are costing the farmers of this country millions of dollars annually; and

WHEREAS, The preservation of bird life must come in a large measure through instilling in the minds of the school children of the state a love of nature and a knowledge of her benefactions,

NOW, THEREFORE, To the end that the Public Schools and all societies, as well as individuals, may co-operate in the work of saving the birds of the state, and to bring the subject of bird conservation before the people,

I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, do hereby designate and appoint Friday, April 10, 1931, and hereafter the second Friday in April, as BIRD DAY, and I hereby request that all teachers of the public schools and the people generally shall observe the same with appropriate exercises, that the value of birds may be better recognized and bird life studied.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed.

Done at Sacramento, the Capital, this 13th day of March, A. D. 1931.

James Rolph

Governor

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.
By Chas F Hogarty
Deputy

Address ed
753
Publication
207

Après le 14 avril 1932 demander
des "Pan-American day"

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 19 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas Hagerty
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PAN AMERICAN DAY

A PROCLAMATION

BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

A request has been made upon me as Governor of the State of California to issue a Proclamation pursuant to one issued by His Excellency Herbert Hoover, President of the United States, designating April 14 as "Pan-American Day."

It is indeed a pleasure, and I am very happy to proclaim April 14 as "Pan-American Day" and do hereby order that the flag of the United States be displayed on all Government buildings on that date, and do invite the schools, civic associations, and people of the United States generally to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies, thereby giving expression to the spirit of continental solidarity and to the sentiments of cordiality and friendly feeling which the Government and people of the United States entertain toward the peoples and Governments of the other Republics of the American Continent.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed.

Done at the City of Sacramento the Capitol of California this 1st day of April, A. D. 1931.

Governor of California.

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.
By Chas Hagerty
Deputy

Ordered 754

Proclamation

4278

Hon. Friday, April 3 1931

Hons Attorney is hereby
authorized to attend
Circuit Courts

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Good Friday, April 3, 1931, will be observed throughout the world as the holiest day of the Christian year.

I hereby proclaim its observance and grant permission to all in public service, who desire to do so, to attend divine services between the hours of 12:00 noon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of Good Friday next.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-seventh day of March, A. D. 1931.

James Rolph
Governor of California.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 28 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hogarty DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The whole future of the state rests with its children. Nothing in our civilization is of greater importance than the health and welfare of the young generation to whom, eventually, will fall the responsibilities of government. To provide every safeguard to their health, to build their bodies strong and rugged, to give them knowledge and to make their childhood care-free and happy is our pleasant duty. To remember this duty and in honor of the parents, teachers, physicians, nurses and welfare workers who are making this the Golden Age for Children, I have therefore designated this first day of May, A. D., 1931, as Child Health Day, to be observed fittingly throughout the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of April, A. D., 1931.

Governor.

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

By F. [illegible] Deputy

Idaho - 755

Reclamation

279

Mathews Day May 10 1933

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

God Bless All Mothers

It is my privilege and pleasure to call to the attention of the people of California, Mothers Day, which falls on May 10th.

It is a day set apart throughout the year when our loving feelings will express themselves in a sweet tribute to our Mothers, and I trust that all in California will observe this day by the raising of flags and the wearing of the flower as a tribute to our living Mothers, or visit the graves of our departed Mothers.

Let us remember the expression of our martyred President, Abraham Lincoln, "All that I am, or all that I hope to be, I owe to my darling Mother".

IN [illegible] WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 7th day of April, A. D. 1931.

Governor.

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

Ward 756

Proclamation

No 780

Child Health Day

May 1- 1931

Named for U.S.

Clearance

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 15 1931

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The whole future of the state rests with its children. Nothing in our civilization is of greater importance than the health and welfare of the young generation to whom, eventually, will fall the responsibilities of government. To provide every safeguard to their health, to build their bodies strong and rugged, to give them knowledge and to make their childhood care-free and happy is our pleasant duty. To remember this duty and in honor of the parents, teachers, physicians, nurses and welfare workers who are making this the Golden Age for Children, I have therefore designated this first day of May, A. D., 1931, as Child Health Day, to be observed fittingly throughout the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of April, A. D., 1931.



James Rolph

Governor.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Frank M. Compagnetty

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

The whole future of the state rests with its children. Nothing in our civilization is of greater importance than the health and welfare of the young generation to whom, eventually, will fall the responsibilities of government. To provide every safeguard to their health, to build their bodies strong and rugged, to give them knowledge and to make their childhood care-free and happy is our pleasant duty. To remember this duty and in honor of the parents, teachers, physicians, nurses and welfare workers who are making this the Golden Age for Children, I have therefore designated this first day of May, A. D., 1931, as Child Health Day, to be observed fittingly throughout the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of April, A. D., 1931.

Governor.

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

By F. Tisdale Corp. Deputy

Indexed

287 757

Proclamation re quarantine order No 5 (NS) pertaining to Mexican Boll Weevil and Pink Bollworm of Cotton Effective April 1-1931

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 24 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J. Sagel DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 5 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, and Varieties Thereof, and Pink Bollworm of Cotton.

Effective on and after April 1, 1931

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that injurious insects known as the Mexican cotton boll weevil (Anthonomus grandis Boh.), and varieties thereof, and the pink bollworm (Pectinophora gossypiella Saunders), new to and not hitherto known to exist within and throughout the State of California, exists in several states of the United States, and that cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples of cotton, seed cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed hulls, cotton ginning and milling machinery, cotton bagging, used cotton pickers' bags and all other articles or materials that have been used in connection with growing, harvesting, ginning, baling, transporting or manufacturing cotton lint, seed cotton, or cotton seed; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, used household effects, household implements, camping effects and camping implements, are liable to be carriers of said insects;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the Mexican cotton boll weevil, and varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples of cotton, seed cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed hulls, cotton ginning and milling machinery, cotton bagging, used cotton pickers' bags and all other articles or materials that have been used in connection with growing, harvesting, ginning, baling, transporting or manufacturing cotton lint, seed cotton, or cotton seed; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, used household effects, household implements, camping effects, and camping implements imported, shipped or brought from any other state, territory or locality of the United States, and further, no such commodities, articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state or locality of the United States wherein the cultivated cotton is known to be infested with the Mexican cotton boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm, is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such seed cotton or cotton seed as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 2. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state of the United States where the Mexican cotton boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton may be admitted into the State of California subject to the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California seed cotton or cotton seed from any state in the United States where the Mexican cotton boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the purpose for which the seed cotton or cotton seed is intended, the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the seed cotton or cotton seed was grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Accompanying the application must be a statement signed by the state entomologist of the state from which the seed cotton or cotton seed is to be imported to the effect that the seed cotton or cotton seed will be inspected before shipment and that a certificate of inspection signed by the state entomologist will accompany the shipment or be attached to the waybills, conductors' manifests, memoranda or bills of lading covering such shipment. Such certificate shall set forth the locality of origin of the seed cotton or cotton seed comprising the shipment, shall establish the fact that the Mexican cotton boll weevil, the varieties thereof, and the pink bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton in the state in which the seed cotton or cotton seed originates, and shall give the initials and car number of the car in which shipped if carlot shipment; if less than carlot shipment markings of container or containers shall be given. A copy of the certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Regulation 3. Seed cotton or cotton seed imported or brought into the State of California under permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have each package or container in the shipment plainly and correctly marked to show the number of the permit, the quantity of the contents, the state and locality where grown, the name and address of the exporter and the name and address of the consignee. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the treatment which shall be given the commodity or container or vehicle as a condition of entry of material for which permit is requested.

Regulation 4. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the state of California of cotton lint, linters,

waste, sweepings, samples, or any form of unmanufactured cotton from any other state of the United States shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits is ued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify treatment which shall be given commodity or container or vehicle as a condition of entry of material for which permit is requested.

Regulation 5. Cotton bagging that has been used as a container for seed cotton or cotton seed, or in the baling of cotton, cotton lint, or cotton waste, or in the manufacture or handling of cotton seed by-products in any other state of the United States is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton bagging as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 6. Cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery that has previously been used in the ginning or milling of seed cotton, cotton seed or cotton seed by-products, in any state of the United States will be admitted into the State of California subject to and only under the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of any such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation, shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the location from which the shipment is to be made, the nature and amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and setting forth the fact that all the cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery included in the shipment had been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 7. Cotton-picking bags that have been used for picking or harvesting cotton in any state or territory of the United States or any cotton-picking bags that have cotton lint or cotton seed in or upon or adhering to the same are hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton-picking bags, as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent; provided, that used cotton-picking bags carried or otherwise brought into the State of California through a border quarantine station maintained by the State of California where facilities are available for sterilization, may be admitted, provided the said picking bags are immersed for not less than ten minutes in boiling water, said sterilization to be given at such border quarantine station and under the immediate and direct supervision of the quarantine inspector at such station. All expense and labor connected with the sterilization of such cotton-picking bags shall be borne by the owner or owners or person or persons in charge of same. Any failure or refusal by the owner or person in possession of such picking bags arriving at such border quarantine station to sterilize such bags, to the satisfaction of the quarantine inspector at such station, shall result in such picking bags being refused admittance into the State of California, and either immediately sent out of the state, or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or party in possession of same.

Regulation 8. Railroad cars that have been used for the transportation of seed cotton, cotton lint, cotton seed, or cotton seed hulls, must immediately upon arrival at California points be so disinfected or sterilized as to remove all possible danger of infestation of the Mexican boll weevil, and varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm and thoroughly cleaned of all cotton seed, or cotton seed hulls, and such cotton seed or hulls shall be burned upon removal from the car. Any and all such cars found at any point in California containing cotton seed or cotton seed hulls in or upon any of the parts thereof, shall be amenable to all the regulations of this order, and shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardians, until said car has been disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection and the said cotton seed or cotton seed hulls are destroyed.

Regulation 9. Upon arrival at any common carrier station in the State of California of any shipment of emigrant movables, farming implements, or other field appliances, or of used household goods, from the states of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia, or any other state in which the Mexican cotton boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm may become established, the same shall be held intact by the common carrier agent, and not delivered to the consignee, shipper, owner, or agent, until the shipment has been inspected by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, and found free of seed cotton, cotton seed or other articles quarantined against in this order.

Regulation 10. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles, baggage, emigrant movables, personal effects, farming implements, or other field appliances, used household effects, household implements, camping effects and camping implements arriving in the State of California by other than common carrier transportation, from the states of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia, shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicles, articles or commodities are imported or brought, until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from the Mexican boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm, and other articles quarantined against in this order.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to the consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

When the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States shall have promulgated quarantine regulations governing the interstate movement from any state or portion of any state, of cotton or cotton products or any other article or commodity restricted by the provisions of this quarantine, such regulations by the Secretary of Agriculture shall supersede these regulations, and all such cotton or cotton products or other articles or commodities from the areas covered by such federal quarantine may enter this state only in accordance with the regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture; provided, that if at any time for any reason the said regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture are set aside or are not enforced for any state or portion of any state of the United States, then all the regulations herein set forth shall be in full force and effect.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 5 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 5 (New Series) dated January 22, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED: April 1, 1931

Ordered

759

Proclamation

283

Advertising Assessment Dist.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 4 - 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE [illegible] GREETINGS:

This age is rich in new products and processes. They touch all our lives and make those lives happier, fuller, more comfortable and more convenient. But we could not enjoy those things, nor could they be produced in the immense quantities which make low cost possible, if it were not for advertising.

Advertising truly is an efficient means of advising us of new inventions, better products, and where they may be obtained. It is my privilege, and I deem it a pleasure, to set aside and proclaim May Fourth to Ninth as Advertising Achievement Week. I do so in order to call your attention to this great force which is constantly shaping our lives and making them more interesting. California herself, with her tallest mountains, oldest and largest trees, highest waterfalls and colorful history is a living example of what nature can do when she sets out to advertise. Let us, ALL CALIFORNIA, give thought to the programs that have been set up for Advertising Achievement Week, and all take benefit therefrom.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this First day of May, 1931.

Governor.

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

Indexed

758.

Proclamation

1882

Proclaiming Sunday May 10-'82,
"Rural Life Sunday"

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

It has been called to my attention that in January, 1929, many different religious creeds united to promote the observance each year of the fifth Sunday after Easter as Rural Life Sunday, and that the same has been endorsed as such by the President of the United States and the Governors of numerous states.

It is, therefore, my privilege and pleasure as Governor of the State of California to proclaim Sunday, May 10, 1931, to be Rural Life Sunday; and I respectfully request that said day and the days immediately following be observed by churches, agricultural institutions, schools, and all appropriate agencies to the end that timely consideration may be given to the needs of the rural people of the state, the fulfillment of those needs, and generally to the promotion and advancement of the blessings of the rural population which is the backbone of our country.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 27th day of April, 1931.

Governor

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 28 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Indexed

760

Proclamation

784

National Music Week

May 3 - 9 - 1931 Proclamation

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 4 - 1931

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

The National Music eek Committee, whose headquarters is in New York City, has called my attention to the 8th Annual Celebration of National Music Week fro ay 3 to 9, 1931.

It is a pleasure, therefore, to remind the music loving citizens of this state of National Music Week with the hope that the spirit of music will not only be expressed in family music hours in the home, but in mass concerts and other big civic events. There is much enjoyment to be obtained from music. It would be splendid, indeed, if all the parents might, during this week, visit the schools where their children are attending and hear music lessons with special programs arranged for their benefit. The churches of all denominations could very easily arrange to have hymn memory contests and hymn playing contests. Clubs and hotels might put on special programs of American music or the singing of our traditional songs. Motion picture theatres could greatly augment National Music Week by having special musical numbers; and in fact, every organization might produce programs of local talent that would make us look forward to National Music Week as a week of real musical entertainment.

I am happy to proclaim throughout all California that May 3 is National Music Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this First day of May,

[illegible]

Governor.

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

By Frank M. [illegible]

Indexed

761

Proclamation

785

Appointing "California Fire Emergency Committee"

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 19 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J. Hagel, Jr.
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

I have just been informed by the State Forester's office that the thing we have been fearing for weeks has occurred--the 1931 fire season has started with outbreaks all over the state.

A genuine emergency confronts the state. Woods and fields are in powder dry condition. The greatest drought in California history has been predicted for this year. Playgrounds and watersheds are threatened. Unless drastic steps are taken to prevent it the entire state may be afire by the middle of the summer.

I am, therefore, dedicating every resource of the state government at my command to meet this situation. The task is too great for one body such as the state board of forestry, the state forester, of state fire warden to handle. It calls for the best efforts of every county, every civic and public body, every man, woman, and child of California.

For the coordination of all state and private agencies to meet this crucial condition I am appointing a

CALIFORNIA FIRE EMERGENCY COMMITTEE

to consist of the following members:

Charles H. Howard, San Francisco (Chairman)
M. B. Pratt, State Forester (Executive Secretary)
Rolland A Vandegrift, Director of Finance
Col. Walter E. Garrison, Director of Public Works
E. Raymond Cato, Supt., California Highway Patrol
Dan H. Blood, Director of Natural Resources
Adjutant General, Seth E. Howard, California National Guard
Vierling Kersey, Director of Education
Avery S. Hoyt, Director of Agriculture
Jay Stevens, State Fire Marshal
I. Zellerbach, State Fish & Game Commission
State Board of Forestry:
Major Swift Berry, Camino
Herbert F. Gilman, Los Angeles
Ernest G. Dudley, Lindsay
E. Walton Hodges, San Juan
B. A. McAllester, San Francisco
Robert C. Harbison, San Bernardino

I further wish to call upon every civic and public body in California to work with this committee, and request that similar emergency groups be formed in every county of California, with the county boards of supervisors taking the initiative.

It will be noted that this committee includes representatives

Executive Department
State of California

of all state agencies that well might take part in this great program. The national guard should be available in such fires as Mill Valley and Berkeley; its airplanes ready to patrol during emergency periods.

The entire California highway patrol will be used for establishing lines of communication on going fires, and every traffic officer instructed to enforce the law against throwing cigarette stubs from automobiles.

Eastern tourists and visitors entering the state by automobile will be warned through the border quarantine stations of the state department of agriculture. Fish and game wardens will be instructed to aid forest rangers and inspectors in every way when they are fatigued by directing fire-fighting operations.

A thorough campaign of education should be waged from now until the first rains of next fall. To this end, I am inviting the aid and suggestions of the United States Forest Service, State Chamber of Commerce, California Forest Protective Association, Los Angeles Conservation Association, American Legion, Native Sons, Service Clubs, Airplane Transportation Companies, State Lines and Railroads.

I have every confidence in the ability of California to meet this emergency. The first duties of the Emergency committee will be to call it sharply to the attention of every citizen that extreme care is needed during the crucial fire period. If we can prevent fires before they are started we will be going a long way toward holding the fire loss to a low figure this year.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of May, 1931.

Governor

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan BY: Chas. Hagert
Secretary of State Deputy

Indexed

Proclam 762

286

Amendment No 2 to quarantine
Order No 7 pertaining to
alfalfa Weevil Effective
May 14-1931

DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 2 - 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE ORDER No. 7

(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to the Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after May 28, 1931.

Until March 1, 1932, that portion of the county of Jackson, State of Oregon, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirty-eight south and west of the eastern boundary of range three west, and also all of township thirty-nine south, range two west, and known as the Applegate Valley, is exempt from the provisions of Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised), provided that any and all shipments of commodities quarantined against by Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised), and offered for entry into California from that portion of the county of Jackson, State of Oregon, lying south of the northern boundary of township thirty-eight south and west of the eastern boundary of range three west, and also all of township thirty-nine south, range two west, and known as the Applegate Valley, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the proper inspection officials of Oregon, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the commodity is consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series - Revised, effective June 20, 1930), is amended accordingly.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: May 28, 1931

Indexed

763

Proclamation

No 287

Manning June 11-1931

to Magna Charta day

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

On the third Sunday in June which falls on June 21st, there will be an annual celebration among the English speaking nations of the world commemorating Magna Charta Day. This document which was signed June 15, 1215, has often been referred to as one of the foundations of American liberty.

It is my pleasure and privilege as Governor of California to urge the people of this state to observe Magna Carta Sunday on June 21, 1931, and to urge that all ecclesiastical organizations and Sunday schools emphasize the existence of the Magna Carta which has done so much to promote friendliness and understanding among the English speaking nations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this Fourth day of June, 1931.

Governor

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 5 - 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Ordered

764

Proclamation

#288

Governor approves Veterans Welfare Bond Act of 1939 and directs State Treasurer to authorize sale of Bonds

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 9 - 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J. Hagelin
DEPUTY

D I R E C T I O N

To the State Treasurer

Under Section 7, Veterans' Welfare

BOND ACT OF 1921

To Honorable Charles G. Johnson, State Treasurer:

WHEREAS, an act, known and designated as the "Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929", was duly and regularly adopted and approved at the General Election held in this State on November 4, 1930, and said act is now in full force and effect; and

WHEREAS, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, as in said act provided, did on April 27th 1931, duly adopt a resolution authorizing and directing the State Treasurer to prepare 4,000 one thousand ($1,000.00) dollar bonds of the aggregate par value of four million ($4,000,000.00) dollars; and

WHEREAS, the Veterans' Welfare Board at its regular meeting held on April 11th 1931, regularly adopted a resolution requesting the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee to authorize the issuance and sale of bonds of the aggregate par value of four million ($4,000,000.00) dollars; and

WHEREAS, the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, upon examination, approved the plans and projects of the said Veterans' Welfare Board and determined the necessity and desirability for the issuance of bonds of the aggregate par value of four million ($4,000,000.00) dollars under the provisions of said act, as aforesaid, for the purpose of accomplishing

Executive Department
State of California

the administration of the Veterans' Farm and Home Purchase Act, Chapter 619, Statutes of 1921; as amended, and said committee further decided and determined that said bonds be sold on Thursday, June 11th 1931; and

WHEREAS, the Veterans' Welfare Board, by resolution adopted May 15th 1931, has requested me, as Governor, to direct you, as State Treasurer, to sell at public auction Veterans' Welfare Bonds, numbered four thousand one to eight thousand, both inclusive, in denominations of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars, each;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, do hereby approve the said resolution adopted by the Veterans' Welfare Board, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, and pursuant to the provisions of Section 7 of the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929, I hereby direct that you, as State Treasurer, on Thursday, June 11th 1931, or at such time and place to which you may from time to time continue such sale as to the whole of the bonds offered or any part thereof, such continuance being hereby approved, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in accordance with the provisions of said bond act, Veterans' Welfare Bonds numbered four thousand one to eight thousand, both inclusive, of the par value of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars, each, and of the aggregate par value of four million ($4,000,000.00) dollars, as prepared by you pursuant to direction of the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, the proceeds from the sale of which said bonds shall be not less than the aggregate par value thereof, plus interest which

Executive Department
State of California

has accrued thereon between the date of sale and the last preceding interest maturity date; and such proceeds from the sale of said bonds shall be placed in the Veterans' Farm and Home Building Fund as provided in said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee resolution and by the resolution of the Veterans' Welfare Board hereinabove referred to.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this 17th day of May, 1931.

Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Chas. Hagerty
Deputy Secretary of State

Whereas, The Veterans' Welfare Board at its regular Meeting of April 11, 1931, regularly adopted a resolution requesting the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee to authorize the issue and sale of bonds of the aggregate par value of four million dollars, under authority conferred upon said Committee by the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929, and to approve the plans and projects of said Veterans' Welfare Board for the administration of the Veterans' Farm and Home Purchase Act, Chapter 519, Statutes of 1921, as amended, on the basis of which the issuance of said bonds is to be authorized; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, upon examination, approved said plans and projects of said Veterans' Welfare Board and determined the necessity and desirability for the issuance of bonds of the aggregate par value of four million dollars under the provisions of the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929, for the purpose of accomplishing the administration of the Veterans' Farm and Home Purchase Act; and

Whereas, The Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee did, on April 27, 1931, duly adopt a resolution authorizing and directing the State Treasurer, under authority conferred on it by said bond act, to prepare a total of four thousand one thousand dollar bonds of the aggregate par value of four million dollars; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, under the same authority and contingent upon the approval of Your Excellency, the Governor of the State of California, has in its resolution further authorized and directed the State Treasurer to sell at public auction, in accordance with the provisions of said bond act, the said bonds, numbered 4001 to 8000, both inclusive, of the aggregate par value of four

million dollars, the proceeds from the sale of which, pursuant to Section 11 of said bond act, are to be placed in the Veterans' Farm and Home Building Fund, to be used by the Veterans' Welfare Board in the administration of the Veterans' Farm and Home Purchase Act; and

Whereas, Section 7 of the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929 provides that when bonds authorized to be issued under said act shall be duly executed they shall be by the State Treasurer sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in parcels and numbers as the State Treasurer shall be directed by the Governor of the State, under seal thereof, after a resolution requesting such sale shall have been adopted by the Veterans' Welfare Board and approved by the Governor of the State;

Therefore Be It Resolved, that the Veterans' Welfare Board, in conformity with the procedure set forth in said Bond Act, hereby respectfully petitions and requests Your Excellency to approve of the issuance of, and further, to direct the State Treasurer, under the seal of the State of California, as in Section 7 of said Bond Act provided, to sell at public auction, in accordance with the provisions of said bond act, Veterans' Welfare Bonds numbered 4001 to 8000, both inclusive, of the aggregate par value of four million dollars, as directed to be prepared by the State Treasurer, in accordance with the terms of the said Bond Act and under authority of a resolution duly adopted by the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, the proceeds from the sale of which bonds of the aggregate par value of four million dollars are to be placed into the Veterans' Farm and Home Building Fund as in the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee resolution, and similarly, in this resolution prescribed; and

Be It Further Resolved, that to insure the genuineness and authenticity of this resolution, the following duly appointed members of the Veterans' Welfare Board, constituting a quorum under the provisions of Section 4 of the Veterans' Welfare Act hereinbefore mentioned, and empowered by said act and by the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929, to perform with full authority the duties of this Board as set forth in said acts, and now sitting in regular session after due notice of such meeting having been given in writing to each of the four members regularly commissioned by the Governor and now holding office in accordance with the terms of the Veterans' Welfare Act of 1921, hereby direct the Secretary of this Board to attest the authenticity of this resolution in his official capacity, and hereto subscribe their names as being in full accord with, and approving the content of this resolution.

(signed) Allen B. Bixby
Chairman

(signed) Archer Bowden
Member

(signed) Mervyn Hope
Member

(signed) Walter B. Kibbey
Member

(signed) Geo. M. Stout
Secretary

Adopted: May 15, 1931

Attest: Geo. M. Stout (signed)
Secretary
Veterans' Welfare Board

Ordered

765

PROCLAMATION

No 289

REGULATIONS

GENERAL DAIRY LAW

FILED
in the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 7 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
By Chas. Hagerty
DEPUTY

DIRECTOR
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, The Revised Dairy Laws of the State of California, passed by the legislature of 1923, require the issuance of regulations by the Department of Agriculture pertaining to certain of their provisions; and

WHEREAS, At subsequent hearings attended by interested officials and by representatives of all branches of the industry, it was found that certain other regulations were necessary, setting forth methods of procedure and interpretations of certain requirements of the laws in order to accomplish the purposes thereof; and

WHEREAS, Certain advances have been made in dairy control work during the two years just past and certain portions of the dairy laws were amended by acts of the legislature in 1925, 1927, 1929 and 1931, making revision of dairy regulations heretofore promulgated necessary.

NOW, THEREFORE, By virtue of the authority vested in the Director of Agriculture under section 21a of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, and amended and approved April 30, 1931,(Chaps. 282, Statutes of 1931) and section 4 d of the "Pure Milk Law," approved June 3, 1927, (Chapter 888, Statutes 1927) I hereby proclaim the following Dairy Regulations, numbered one to twenty-two, to be in force and effect in the State of California on and after this fifteenth day of August, 1931, and that all previous dairy regulations promulgated are hereby annulled.

Dudley Moulton

Director of Agriculture.

REGULATION I

Par 1. The phrase "Properly fed and kept" is construed to mean that milk, within the meaning of this act, must be produced from animals fed only such feeds as will not impart strong disagreeable flavors or odors to the milk or the products thereof. (The intentional or wilful feeding of mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc., is specifically prohibited and the use of pastures where such feeds as mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc., are growing to such an extent that the quality of milk from cows grazing on such pastures is injured thereby (tainted) does not constitute proper feeding, whereas, most natural grasses, alfalfa, clover, vetch, peas, ensilage, beets, carrots, cocoanut meal, grains, etc., which are not moldy or decayed are entirely suitable for feeding animals producing milk.) All feeds must be wholesome and fed in such quantities as will nourish and not impair the health of the animals. Milk producing animals must be kept reasonably clean and must not be subjected to undue exposure so that their health is injured thereby.

Par 2. Milk for manufacturing purposes may be graded into three classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE MILK is milk showing low dirt content, is well cooled, will pass the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, contains no undesirable flavors or odors and contains not more than one million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

SECOND GRADE MILK is milk showing some dirt content, may have some undesirable flavors, is uncooled, shows a questionable reaction to the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, or

contains more than one million and not more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

THIRD GRADE MILK is milk that is dirty, strong, sour, contains numerous flies, or other insects, gives a distinct yellow curd by the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, or contains more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination, or is otherwise unfit to be manufactured into a food product. Third grade milk which in the judgment of the inspector is clearly unfit for human consumption, or which is known to have been produced under very insanitary conditions, shall be condemned and marked for identification by the addition of a suitable amount of charcoal paste and rennet.

Note.-Requirements for grading market milk under the jurisdiction of approved milk inspecting department may be found in the Pure Milk Law. See page ___

REGULATION II

Par 1. Cream being defined as a portion of milk (Section 4 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923) infers, and is construed to mean that the milk from which it is separated must conform to the established definitions and standards for milk.

Par 2. Cream for manufacturing purposes may be graded into four classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of ninety-two score butter or above (creamery extra), being clean, smooth, free from undesirable flavors or odors, sweet or acid not to exceed three-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid), and containing at least thirty per cent of milk fat.

SECOND GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of butter scoring from ninety to ninety-one and one-half (cream ery prime first), being somewhat fermented, contains some undesirable flavor or odor, and contains more than three-tenths and less than six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid).

THIRD GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself to the manufacture of butter scoring from eighty-eight to eighty-nine and one-half (creamery first), may be slightly foamy or slightly curdy, has distinct off flavors, is old, and contains in excess of six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid).

CREAM UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION (rejected cream) is cream which is very strong, tainted, rancid, moldy, dirty, very curdy, contains numerous flies, or other insects or vermin, or is in an advanced state of fermentation or putrefaction, or is otherwise unwholesome, or which is known to be produced under very insanitary conditions.

Par 3. Whipping Cream (pastry cream) is market cream which contains not less than thirty per cent of milk fat (Section 3, Chapter 181, Statutes 1907). (Act approved March 11, 1907.-U. S. Dept. Agr. Circular 136, subdivision I Bb2.)

REGULATION III

Par 1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 10 of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved May 28, 1927, the following alkaline materials are approved for use in neutralization of acidity in cream for making butter:

Calcium Hydroxide (Lime water, milk of lime).
Calcium Oxide (quick lime).
Calcium Carbonate (Chalk).
Magnesium Oxide (Magnesia Lime).
Sodium Bicarbonate (Baking soda).
Sodium Carbonate (Soda ash).

Other compounds or proprietary preparations may be used on special written permit from the State Department of Agriculture.

Note.-See Appendix, paragraph 1, for standard weights of butter packages.

REGULATION IV

Par 1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 7 of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved April 30, 1931, standards of composition have been promulgated for special varieties of cheese as follows:

(a) After Dinner, Breakfast, Brie, Camembert, Hand, Limberger, Neufchatel, Petaluma, Schlosskase and Sierra types of cheese shall contain not less than fifty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese, and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water free substance, in the case of part skim cheese.

(b) Cream cheese shall contain not less than sixty-five per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance.

(c) Cacio-Cavallo and Casseri types of cheese shall contain not less than forty per cent pure milk fat in the water free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(d) Canestratto, Romano and Romanello types of cheese shall contain not less than forty-two per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(e) Feta type of cheese shall contain not less than forty-eight per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(f) Brick cheese shall contain not more than forty-two per cent of moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milk fat in the water-

free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(g) Queso Blanco Mexicano (white Mexican cheese) shall contain not more than forty-eight per cent of moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milk fat in the water free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(h) Queso Duro Mexicano (Hard Mexican Cheese) shall contain not more than forty-six per cent moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

Par 2. All special varieties of cheese containing less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance must be labeled skim cheese.

Par 3. All special varieties of cheese shall be labeled at the factory where manufactured to indicate the variety, grade and factory number. The name and address of the manufacturer may be used in lieu of the factory number.

Par 4. Special varieties of cheese shall be sold only under labels approved in writing by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Par 5. Permits for the manufacture and sale of special varieties of cheese do not expire unless revoked for cause after a hearing before the Director of Agriculture of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California or some officer designated by said Director of Agriculture.

Par 6. The term "red bandage" as applied to granular cheese,

in Section 7, is construed to mean cheese bandage which has been colored to a shade not lighter than a deep orange.

Par 7. Factory numbers required by the law to be assigned annually (Section 7, General Dairy Law of California as amended and approved April 30, 1931) will be reassigned each year to each cheese factory upon application for renewal of factory license.

Par 8. All labeling of cheese required by the General Dairy Law of California and this regulation, except as otherwise provided or authorized by special permit shall be in plain block letters or numberals at least one-half inch in height, with stencils, stamps or labels approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Note.-See Section 15, paragraph (a), for provisions relating to pasteurization of milk to be used in the manufacture of cheese. See section 12½, paragraph (i), for provision relating to effacing labels.

REGULATION V

Par 1. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon of ice cream and/or ice milk shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from, at least thirty separate containers, except in those plants where a less number of filled containers is available, in which case the determination shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from all filled containers which are present. Net weights may be determined by deducting from the gross weight of all filled containers examined, the weight of an equal number of representative empty containers of exactly the same style and pattern. If a tentative determination made in this manner indicates that the contents of the containers examined are deficient in weight of total food solids per gallon the filled containers may be emptied and the actual net weight of the same containers after being emptied may be exactly determined, except that manufacturers who object to this procedure may designate on each container its tare weight for the accuracy of which designation he shall be responsible, as provided in the Net Containers Act.

Par 2. If fresh egg yolks are used in compliance with the egg requirement of Section 8 (d), said egg yolk shall have been secured from eggs having an average weight of not less than twenty and one-half ounces per dozen, or the equivalent in other grades. (See proposed weight requirements United States Standard and Grades for eggs.)

Par 3. Application for permit to use butter, eggs, and/or egg products in the manufacture of ice cream shall be made annually at the time application for renewal of factory license is made, within

thirty days prior to the expiration of each calendar year (Section 18 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927). Such permits will be issued for one year at a time only.

Par 4. Chocolate ice cream is construed to be a nut ice cream and must, therefore, contain at least eight per cent of milk fat and one per cent by weight of ground chocolate or cocoa.

Par 5. Ice cream may be made with the use of artificial coloring and flavoring without labeling the same "artificial flavor and color", provided it is merely labeled "ice Cream". If, on the other hand, an ice cream were to be labeled "vanilla ice cream" or "maple ice cream", then the ice cream in question would have to be made from the pure extracts and pure flavorings. (See opinion of Bureau of Foods and Drugs of the Department of Public Health of the State of California, July 19, 1927).

Par 6. Coated, (dipped), plain (undipped) bars, cakes, pies, suckers, lollypops, etc., sold under such trade names as "Eskimo Pie", "Zero Bar", "Alaska Cake", "Arctic Cake" and all other such trade names or terms, and containing ice cream and/ or ice milk as a filling are considered to be a form of frozen products and must comply with the labeling provisions of Section 8 of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved April 30, 1931, and Section 11 of the General Dairy Law of California as amended and approved May 28, 1927. The ice cream and/or ice milk used in their preparation must meet with the standards and requirements, for such products, as set forth in Section 8 of the General Dairy Law of California as amended and approved April 30, 1931.

Note.-See Section 18 relative to further requirements pertaining to containers. See Regulation VII, page , relative to use of neutralizer.

REGULATION VI

Par 1. The use of the phrase "manufacture and sale of soft drinks under a trade name" as used in section 9 (i) of the general dairy law of California (amended and approved May 28, 1927), is construed to mean the preparation and distribution of soft drinks having milk or skim milk as a base, in a plant especially devoted to the purpose and does not apply to the mixing of milk shakes, etc., at soda fountains.

Par 2. Plants desiring to secure a license for the manufacture of acidophilus milk or modified milk, as provided for in section 9 (g), (h), of the general dairy law of California (amended and approved May 28, 1927), may do so by letter, indicating therein the qualifications of technician who is to be employed and under whose supervision these products will be produced. The Department of Agriculture will, at its discretion, examine into the qualifications of such technician as an essential consideration in determining whether or not the license for manufacture shall be issued.

REGULATION VII

Par 1. The use of neutralizer for the adjustment of ice cream mix shall not be practiced when the milk and/or cream used exceeds two-tenths per cent acidity or when the acidity of the entire mix exceeds twenty-five hundreths per cent acidity.

REGULATION VIII

Par 1. Imitation ice cream shall contain a minimum of one and six-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. Imitation ice milk shall contain a minimum of one and three-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon, and method of sampling, shall be the same as that set forth in paragraph 1 of Regulation V of the General Dairy Law.

Par 2. Imitation ice cream and imitation ice milk may be made with the use of artificial color and artificial flavor provided the labeling and sale of such products shall be in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Pure Foods Act, approved March 11, 1907, as amended, 1909, 1911, 1915, 1917, 1919 and 1927.

REGULATION IX

Par 1. Wholesale dealers required by the provisions of Section 12½ of the general dairy law of California, amended and approved April 30, 1931, to keep a record of sales of oleomargarine shall once each month prepare and alphabetically arrange a list of all customers of the month just preceding, showing the total amount sold to each customer for the month, and shall forward a copy of said list to the office of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento.

REGULATION X

Par 1. Two or more cows in full lactation or freshening within four months of each other, and producing milk or cream sold to the public, constitute a commercial dairy. A milk house must be provided, and other requirements of the dairy law observed. The sale of small quantities of milk from one cow producing more than enough milk to supply domestic need, may be actuated by a desire to avoid waste and not to compete with commercial dairies. Therefore a milk house may not be required, provided the milk sold is wholesome and handled in a sanitary manner.

Par 2. The word "sterilized" as used in section 13 (a) of the general dairy law of California, approved June 15, 1913, is construed to mean that the process of destroying all micro-organisms shall be accomplished by heat. Such process shall be carried to a point equivalent to that accomplished by subjection to water or water vapor at a temperature of 170° Fahrenheit for fifteen minutes as required by said act. Immersion in boiling water (water at 212° Fahrenheit) or subjection to superheated steam or steam under pressure for less than fifteen minutes must accomplish the same degree of efficiency reached in fifteen minutes by water or water vapor at 170° Fahrenheit. Scalding as used in the ordinary sense and which consists of rapidly pouring hot water over utensils is insufficient, in that some of the surfaces, especially of tubular equipment, are frequently entirely missed and always some parts of the utensils are inadequately heated .

Par 3. the practice of emptying and holding milk in cans in barns, corrals, etc., where milking is done is construed to be

REGULATION XI

Par 1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 14 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, the following form is adopted as the official score card for factories of dairy products in the State of California:

INDIVIDUAL FACTORY REPORT AND SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. SACRAMENTO

BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

Trade Name..... Owner or Manager.....

Town..... Business Address.....

Products Manufactured or Processed.....

Factory License No..... Date.....

EQUIPMENT 40%	Perfect	Allowed
Building	16	
Location:		
Free from contaminating surroundings 2		
Arrangement 4		
Proper rooms, 1; lavatory facilities, 1; adequate size, 1; convenient, 1.		
Construction 10		
Interior surfaces—tight, sound and cleanable 4		
Floors, 2; walls, 1; ceilings, 1.		
Light and ventilation—adequate 2		
Drainage—adequate 2		
General appearance—attractive 1		
Apparatus	20	
Facilities for cleaning, sterilizing and drying 7		
Transportation containers 4		
Plant equipment 3		
Facilities for handling the product 7		
Adequate, 3; condition of, 4.		
Temperature indicators and controls 6		
Condition of, 3; sufficient, 2; check thermometer, 1.		
Water Supply	4	

METHODS 60%	Perfect	Allowed
Building, Cleanliness	8	
Freedom from odors, 2; orderly, 1; floors, 1; walls, 1; ceilings, 1; doors and windows, 1; shafts, pulleys, pipes, etc., 1.		
Apparatus	20	
Transportation Containers 10		
Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Plant Equipment 10		
Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Handling the Product	22	
Protection from contamination (flies, dust, vermin, etc.) 8		
Expeditious Operation, Celerity and dispatch 2		
Proper Temperature Control 14		
Receiving, 2; processing, 6; storage, 3; transportation, 3; records, 1.		
Packaging and Labeling 3		
Technical Control of Product	4	

REGULATION XI

Par 1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 14 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, the following form is adopted as the official score card for factories of dairy products in the State of California:

INDIVIDUAL FACTORY REPORT AND SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. SACRAMENTO

BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

Trade Name.....Owner or Manager.....

Town.....Business Address.....

Products Manufactured or Processed.....

Factory License No.....Date.....

EQUIPMENT 40%	Perfect	Allowed	METHODS 60%	Perfect	Allowed
Building	16		**Building, Cleanliness**	8	
Location:			Freedom from odors, 2; orderly, 1; floors, 1; walls, 1; ceilings, 1; doors and windows, 1; shafts, pulleys, pipes, etc., 1.		
Free from contaminating surroundings 2					
Arrangement 4			**Apparatus**	20	
Proper rooms, 1; lavatory facilities, 1; adequate size, 1; convenient, 1.			Transportation Containers 10		
Construction 10			Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Interior surfaces—tight, sound and cleanable 4			Plant Equipment 10		
Floors, 2; walls, 1; ceilings, 1.			Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Light and ventilation—adequate 2			**Handling the Product**	22	
Drainage—adequate 2			Protection from contamination (flies, dust, vermin, etc.) 8		
General appearance—attractive 1			Expeditious Operation, Celerity and dispatch 8		
Apparatus	20		Proper Temperature Control 14		
Facilities for cleaning, sterilizing and drying 7			Receiving, 2; processing, 6; storage, 3; transportation, 2; records, 1.		
Transportation containers 4			Packaging and Labeling 8		
Plant equipment 8			**Technical Control of Product**	4	
Facilities for handling the product 7			Raw materials, 2; finished product, 2.		
Adequate, 3; condition of, 4.			**Miscellaneous**	6	
Temperature indicators and controls 6			[illegible] of employees 4		
Condition of, 3; sufficient, 2; check thermometer, 1.			Personal, 2; clothing, 2.		
Water Supply	4		Transportation Facilities 8		
Clean and fresh 2			Cleanliness, 1½; appearance, ½.		
Convenient and abundant 2			**Total on Methods**	60	
Total on Equipment	40				

Score—Equipment.....Methods.....Total.....

NOTE.—The following instructions constitute an official order and must be observed.

.....

.....

.....

Necessary new equipment must be installed and repairs or other improvements required must be completed by

.....19.....

Duplicate copy received.

.....Operator

.....Inspector

B D C. Form 20. 6000 3-31 GM
CALIFORNIA STATE PRINTING OFFICE

in violation of Section 13 (a) (4) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, wherein it is required that milk must not be canned or kept in a place occupied by cows or other animals.

Par 4. The phrase "cooled to as low a temperature as practicable" as used in section 13 (a) (5) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, is construed to mean that the milk or cream is to be cooled to within 4° Fahrenheit of the temperature of the ground water on the premises.

Par 5. In accordance with the requirements of Section 13 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the following form is adopted as the official dairy farm score card in the State of California:

DAIRY FARM SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO

[redacted]

BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

County_____ Name_____

Town_____ Business address_____

Total No. cows_____; No. milking_____; Gals. milk daily_____; Cream_____

Disposition_____ Date_____

EQUIPMENT—30%	Perfect	Rating
Cows	8	
Apparent good health	2	
Tested and reactors removed	4	
Food (clean and wholesome)	1	
Water (clean and fresh)	1	
Utensils	10	
Hooded buckets	4	
(or less according to opening)		
Necessary equipment available	2	
(or less according to efficiency)		
Construction and condition	3	
Clean milking suits	1	
Milk House	7	
Location: free from contaminating surroundings	2	
Construction	2	
Floor, walls and ceiling	1	
Light, ventilation and screens	1	
Separate rooms for washing utensils and handling milk	1	
Water clean, pure and convenient	1	
Steam or boiling water convenient	1	
Stables	3	
Location: free from contaminating surroundings	1	
Drainage	2	
Construction	2	
Floor, walls and ceiling	1	
Light and ventilation	1	
Total	30	

METHODS—70%	Perfect	Rating
Handling Utensils	30	
Thoroughly washed	12	
Sterilized and dried	15	
Protection from contamination	3	
Cleanliness of Milking	20	
Cows clean	4	
Udders washed and wiped	8	
Cleaned with moist cloth	5	
Brushed	1	
Sterile milking machines or clean dry hands	8	
Handling of Milk	10	
Milk removed immediately to milk house without pouring from pails	3	
Protection from dust and insects	5	
Cooled and held [redacted] F.		
Below 50° F	3	
Below 60° F	4	
Below 70° F	3	
Below 80° F	1	
Aerated	1	
Cleanliness of Buildings	5	
Cleanliness of milk room	2.5	
Cleanliness of stable	2.5	
Total	70	
Deduct for		
Very filthy utensils		
Very filthy milk room		
Equipment + methods = final score		

[redacted]

Inspector

Par 4. The phrase "cooled to as low a temperature as practicable" as used in section 13 (a) (5) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, is construed to mean that the milk or cream is to be cooled to within 4° Fahrenheit of the temperature of the ground water on the premises.

Par 5. In accordance with the requirements of Section 13 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, the following form is adopted as the official dairy farm score card in the State of California:

DAIRY FARM SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO

BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

County _____ Name _____

Town _____ Business address _____

Total No. cows _____; No. milking _____; Gals. milk daily _____; Cream _____

Disposition _____ Date _____

EQUIPMENT—30%	Perfect	Allowed	METHODS—70%	Perfect	Allowed
Cows	8		Handling Utensils	30	
Apparent good health—2			Thoroughly washed—12		
Tested and reactors removed—4			Sterilized and dried—15		
Food (clean and wholesome)—1			Protection from contamination—3		
Water (clean and fresh)—1					
Utensils	10		Cleanliness of Milking	20	
Hooded buckets—4 (or less according to opening)			Cows clean—4		
Necessary equipment available—2 (or less according to efficiency)			Udders washed and wiped—8		
Construction and condition—3			Cleaned with moist cloth 5		
Clean milking suits—1			Brushed—1		
			Sterile milking machines or clean dry hands—8		
Milk House	7		Handling of Milk	15	
Location; free from contaminating surroundings—2			Milk removed immediately to milk house without pouring from pails—3		
Construction—2			Protection from dust and insects—5		
Floor, walls and ceiling—1			Cooled and held below 40° F.—6		
Light, ventilation and screens—1			Below 50° F—5		
Separate rooms for washing utensils and handling milk—1			Below 60° F—4		
Water clean, pure and convenient—1			Below 70° F—3		
Steam or boiling water convenient—1			Below 80° F—1		
			Aerated—1		
Stables	5		Cleanliness of Buildings	5	
Location; free from contaminating surroundings—1			Cleanliness of milk room—2.5		
Drainage—2			Cleanliness of stable—2.5		
Construction—2					
Floor, walls and ceiling—1			Total	70	
Light and ventilation—1					
			Deduct for:		
			Very filthy utensils		
			Very filthy milk room		
Total	30		Equipment + methods = final score.		

B.D.C. FORM 8. 72208 11-29 30M

CALIFORNIA STATE PRINTING OFFICE

Inspector

REGULATION XII

Regulations pertaining to licensing dairy produce exchange will be promulgated at a later date by the Director of Agriculture and will be available upon application.

REGULATION XIII

Par 1. Any person making application for a factory license as required by Section 16 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, or the renewal thereof, shall file a properly executed affidavit in connection therewith, setting forth therein such facts as may be indicated in an appropriate form, supplied for the purpose, by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Par 2. Any person desiring to secure a milk and cream tester's license as required by Section 16 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, shall file with the Department of Agriculture of the State of California an application in writing, on an appropriate form provided for the purpose, by the said department. Each applicant shall specify the method intended to be used and for which the license is desired. Before any such "tester's license" is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a satisfactory written examination and an oral laboratory examination and demonstration of technique, sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in conducting tests on milk and cream and in each of these examinations secure a grade of at least 70 per cent. The examination shall be adapted to the particular method of testing specified in the application. The license, if issued, shall specify the method to be used by the licensee and shall not be construed to permit tests to be made by the applicant using any other method than that specified in the license.

Par 3. Any person desiring to secure a license to weigh or sample milk, or cream, or both, for testing, as required by the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, shall make application in writing, on an appropriate form supplied by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Before any such sampler's and weigher's license is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a grade of at least 70 per cent on both parts of the examination. Before any such license is issued, the applicant shall have satisfactorily demonstrated his ability to take correctly, individual and composite samples which are truly representative of the lot from which the sample was taken. in any and all of the different ways that accurate and legitimate samples of milk and cream are secured in California.

He shall also prove himself capable of answering intelligently any questions pertaining to his work as a sampler and weigher of milk and/or cream and demonstrate the legibility of his writing and figures by properly completing a satisfactory form of weigh sheet which shall contain the four necessary essentials that must appear on a weigh sheet, namely: Full date on which the milk and/or cream was received; name or number of the patron; net weight of the milk and/or cream of the delivery or shipment and the full name of the licensed tester or licensed sampler and weigher who does the weighing.

Par 4. Any person desiring to secure a license to make bacteriological determinations upon milk or cream which determinations are to be used as a basis of payment or determining value, as required by the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved May 28, 1927, shall make application in writing on an appropriate form supplied by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Before a technician's license is issued to such applicant he shall be required to pass a written and an oral laboratory examination and demonstration of technique sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in making bacteriological determinations on milk and cream which are reasonably accurate, and secure in each of these examinations a grade of at least 70 per cent.

Par 5. Samples of milk or cream for bacteriological examination when taken for determining value or upon which basis of payment is made shall be secured under the supervision of a licensed technician in a manner described in the current edition of "The Standard Methods of Milk Analysis" of the American Public Health Association. Such samples must be representative and shall be taken from the original containers direct from the delivery wagons, trucks, dairies, milk plants or other places of business at least once a week and at irreg-

ular intervals without previous notice to any producer.

Par 6. When payment is based upon the bacterial content of milk or cream, such payment shall be made on the count or average of the counts obtained for each individual week. The average bacteria counts of two or more weeks shall not be used as a basis for such payments except in those cases where bacterial counts are in excess of the bonus basis upon which payment is based, in which event the bacterial counts of the two preceding weeks may be included in computing the average, only when the shipper's bacterial counts have been maintained below the bonus limit for the preceding four weeks. In all cases where this method is used, the average bacterial count shall be computed and determined by the North Curve rating.

Par 7. All persons holding a technician's license shall make duplicate records of the result of each test, the original to be made with indelible pencil or ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

Par 8. The forms on which bacteria counts are kept shall be of satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information. Such forms shall be approved in writing by the California Department of Agriculture.

Par 9. Each sheet shall be authenticated by the signature of the licensed technician and marked with the date upon which the tests were made.

Par 10. Whenever a change in the records, while still in the possession of the licensed technician, is necessary, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen without defacing the figure and the correction noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the technician, which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever for any cause

a change in the records is necessary after the duplicate sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made and deposited in the official sealed box and this sheet authenticated by the signature of the licensed technician. When necessary changes are made on the original test sheet, such changes shall be made only by the licensed technician.

Par 11. The original bacteriological record sheet shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the bacterial examination.

Par 12. The duplicate bacteriological record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official box supplied at cost for the purpose by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, at Sacramento, or made in accordance with the blue print specifications obtained from said Department of Agriculture, such official sealed record box to be kept in the test room or other place approved by an authorized representative of said Department of Agriculture at all times. The same official box may be used for both milk fat test record sheets and bacteriological examination record sheets.

REGULATION XIV

Governing the operation of the Babcock, Gerber (Fucoma Equipment) and Mojonnier methods of determining the milk fat content of milk and cream where the product is purchased, received or sold on the basis of its milk fat content.

Rule 1. Samples, Sampling and Weighing.

Par 1. (a) Milk or cream to be sampled shall be stirred or mixed until all parts are homogeneous and uniform. Samples shall be representative of the fat content of the product sampled, and in cases of composite samples shall be proportionate in amount to the amount of product from which the sample is taken, and no part of the composite sample shall be spilled or lost while transferring it to the sample bottle. When any style of tube is used to secure composite samples and the lot of product to be sampled is in containers or cans of different sizes and diameters, different tubes with diameters in proportion to the diameters of the cans or containers must be used. Sampling tubes and dippers that are badly dented, or leak, must not be used. Cylindrical shaped dippers, only, shall be used when samples are secured with dippers. The sampling devices shall be rinsed in the product to be sampled before any part of the product is transferred to the sample bottle. With reference to the last sentence in Section 17 (a), further provisions is hereby made permitting the use of time composite samples of cream from patrons where regular deliveries of cream contain three pounds or less of milk fat in each regular delivery. Time composite samples of cream must not represent a period of more than eight days.

(b) When composite samples of milk are taken, whether from just two deliveries of the same day's milk or from several deliveries from the same patron, covering a certain number of days, and the lots of milk are dumped into a weigh tank before being sampled, tube sampling device

only shall be used. The same sized weigh tank shall be used during the entire sampling period and shall have a flat bottom. The samples shall be taken from the same position in the weigh tank each time and the sampling tube shall be held in a perpendicular position when the sample is being taken.

(c) Time composite samples of milk, when used as a basis for payment for the milk fat contained in the product when purchased, received or sold, must not represent a period of more than eight (8) days.

(d) Samples shall be marked for identity in a manner that will not erase, and in case an identification number is discontinued in any case, the same number may not be reapplied to another patron for a period of at least two months.

(e) Weights must be read and recorded to the nearest half pound graduation on the scales for cream, and the nearest one pound graduation for milk.

Par 2. (a) Cream samples for testing shall be held in widemouthed bottles of at <u>least</u> two-ounce capacity and must contain at least two fluid ounces of sample when they are received in the test room to be tested, and when taken on truck routes sample bottles must be filled to the top to prevent churning in transit, closed with a tight fitting rubber stopper or otherwise hermetically sealed in a manner approved in writing by an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

(b) Milk samples for testing may be held in a container of the same style specified for cream, or in milk bottles with a well-fitted, paraffined milk bottle cap.

Par 3. (a) For preserving milk samples for milk fat determination solid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the

milk, but must not exceed one per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the sample, but must not exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of milk.

(b) For preserving cream samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added if necessary, but must not exceed three-tenths per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added not to exceed two drops of preservative per ounce of cream.

(c) Time composite samples must always be well mixed whenever an addition is made to any such sample in order to diffuse the preservative throughout the sample and to thoroughly mix any cream which may have adhered to the walls of the sample bottle but not violently enough to cause churning or allowing any milk to escape from the sample bottle.
(Note: Mixing with a rotary motion of the sample bottle is preferable.)

Par 4. (a) Completed samples shall be placed in the possession of licensed testers as soon as is practicable after having been taken.

(b) The licensed tester shall retain in his custody unmodified samples of all milk and cream tested by him for a period of at least forty-eight hours after the test has been completed, and shall be personally responsible for their safe keeping.

(c) The management of any concern purchasing, receiving or selling milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content must provide a cool place in which all samples may be kept for forty-eight hours by the licensed tester and in which they may be locked if such is deemed necessary by the licensed tester or an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

Rule 2. Babcock Testing

Par 1. Test room equipment:

(a) All glassware shall be in conformity with the specifications set forth in Section 17 (d) of the General Dairy Law of California, approved June 15, 1923, as amended, and shall bear a legible and indelible distinguishing mark indicating official approval.

(b) Test bottles must be well cleaned after each using and rendered entirely free from fat.

(c) Milk and cream test bottles that have become badly pitted on any part of the graduated part of the necks from constant use or any other cause, and such pits or marks interfere with correct determination of any individual graduation, such bottles must be discarded and not used.

(d) The scales or balances used in weighing the charges into cream test bottles must be accurate and shall have a sensibility of not more than thirty milligrams.

(e) The scales or balances must be fixed in position or set on an even, solid and level support while in use.

(f) The scales or balances used must be free from vibration and draughts of air while being used.

(g) Weights for weighing cream samples must be correct within a tolerance of 10 milligrams for the nine-gram weight and 20 milligrams for the eighteen-gram weight.

(h) The pipette used for measuring milk samples shall be whole and must not have a broken tip nor any portion of the delivery end removed.

(i) The centrifuge must be level, firmly secured on a solid foundation and when in operation, free from vibration due to loose bearings or other cause.

(j) The arms of dividers or other measuring devices must work smoothly and joints and bearings must be tight enough to prevent slip-

ping at any possible position of measurement.

Par 2. Accuracy in weighing cream tests:

(a) Empty test bottles must be accurately balanced before receiving the charges of cream and outside surface of bottles must be entirely free from moisture or other substances.

(b) Cream samples must be thoroughly mixed to an even consistency before being weighed into the test bottle.

(c) Cream samples when cold, sour, thick or lumpy, must be carefully heated to a temperature that will allow thorough mixing before the charge is weighed into the test bottle, but at no time shall the water in the tempering bath exceed 110° Fahrenheit, and all samples must be weighed into the test bottles at a uniform temperature. When, from any cause, cream samples have become churned and contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to 110° Fahrenheit, but to no higher a temperature, and this temperature maintained until all particles or lumps of fat are liquefied and then mixed and shaken violently, taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

(d) The pipette used for filling the charges into the test bottles must be rinsed out with water at about 110° Fahrenheit between weighings. The water must be shaken or blown from the pipette. The pipette must be rinsed with the next sample to be weighed by drawing a portion of the sample into the pipette and discharging it before any portion of the sample is placed in the test bottle.

(e) The weight of the charge of cream in the test bottle must be accurately balanced.

Par 3. Accuracy in measuring milk tests:

(a) The sample must be thoroughly mixed before being measured into

the test bottle. If the sample is cold or has been held until dry or hardened cream has formed at the surface it must first be warmed to near 100° Fahrenheit in order that thorough mixing of all parts of the sample may be accomplished.

(b) When, from any cause, milk samples have become churned and/or contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to a temperature not exceeding 110° Fahrenheit, and this temperature shall be maintained until all particles or lumps of fat are liquefied and then mixed and shaken violently, taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

(c) The samples must all be pipetted into the test bottleat a uniform temperature best suited to allow proper mixing, accurate measurements must be made of all charges of milk to be tested and the last drop or two clinging in the delivery end of the pipette must be shaken or blown into the test bottle.

Par 4. Mixing samples and acid:

(a) Temperatures of samples and acid shall be approximately 70° Fahrenheit when mixed.

(b) Samples and acid must be thoroughly mixed immediately after mixing is begun. In cases where samples have been preserved with formaldehyde, the mixing process must be continued for a longer time than where this preservative is not present in samples, in order to allow the acid time to thoroughly dissolve all solids-not-fat.

(c) Cream samples should be chocolate color after being thoroughly mixed with the proper amount of acid and standing for two or three minutes, and milk samples, under the same condition, should be a deep chocolate color.

Par 5. Operation of centrifuge:

(a) Bottles must be properly balanced in carrier.

(b) Samples must be centrifuged three times, with addition of hot water (temperature of water within a range of 140° to 165° Fahrenheit) to near the bottom of the neck after the first, and to near the top of the graduated part of the neck after the second centrifuging, and the length of time for whirling shall not be less than five, two and one minutes in the order named above. Time for whirling shall not be commenced u[illegible] centrifuge has reached full standard speed.

(c) In a[illegible]sting of milk or cream when the same is received, purchased or sold upon the basis of the amount of milk fat contained therein, the Babcock tester shall be operated at the proper speed, which is as follows:

(1) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of fourteen inches, the speed shall be between 875 and 925 revolutions per minute.

(2) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 16 inches, the speed shall be between 825 and 875 revolutions per minute.

(3) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 18 inches, the speed shall be between 775 and 825 revolutions per minute.

(4) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 20 inches, the speed shall be between 725 and 775 revolutions per minute.

(5) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 22 inches, the speed shall be between 700 and 750 revolutions per minute.

(6) For centrifuge with carrier, cups extended, with diameter of 24 inches, the speed shall be between 675 and 725 revolutions per minute.

(d) The temperature of the centrifuge chamber when in operation shall be held within the range of 130° and 165° Fahrenheit as indicated by

a thermometer set permanently in cover or shell of centrifuge

Par 6. Reading cream tests:

(a) The color of fat columns must be clear, golden yellow.

(b) The solution adjoining the bottom of the fat column must be clear.

(c) The fat columns must be practically free from precipitations, or foreign matter.

(d) The completed tests must be held in a hot water bath, at a maintained temperature of between 130° and 140° Fahrenheit, with the fat columns entirely submerged, for at least ten minutes before readings are commenced, and the measurement and reading of the tests must be made immediately after removing each individual test from the hot water bath.

(e) Test bottles must be held in a perpendicular position when the fat columns are measured.

(f) The menisous at the top of the milk fat column shall be destroyed by the use of an overlying foreign oil approved by the California Department of Agriculture, and the milk fat column shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the plane of separation between the fat column and the overlying foreign oil. Foreign oil must not be added to more than six tests at one time and only just immediately before readings are made.

(g) When undissolved solids-not-fat, charred material, or any other foreign substance is present in or at the base of the milk fat columns in the completed tests in sufficient amount to prevent an accurate measurement and reading of the fat columns, retests must be run on these samples until results are secured that will allow accurate measurements and readings.

a thermometer set permanently in cover or shell of centrifuge

Par 6. Reading cream tests:

(a) The color of fat columns must be clear, golden yellow.

(b) The solution adjoining the bottom of the fat column must be clear.

(c) The fat columns must be practically free from precipitations, or foreign matter.

(d) The completed tests must be held in a hot water bath, at a maintained temperature of between 130° and 140° Fahrenheit, with the fat columns entirely submerged, for at least ten minutes before readings are commenced, and the measurement and reading of the tests must be made immediately after removing each individual test from the hot water bath.

(e) Test bottles must be held in a perpendicular position when the fat columns are measured.

(f) The meniscus at the top of the milk fat column shall be destroyed by the use of an overlying foreign oil approved by the California Department of Agriculture, and the milk fat column shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the plane of separation between the fat column and the overlying foreign oil. Foreign oil must not be added to more than six tests at one time and only just immediately before readings are made.

(g) When undissolved solids-not-fat, charred material, or any other foreign substance is present in or at the base of the milk fat columns in the completed tests in sufficient amount to prevent an accurate measurement and reading of the fat columns, retests must be run on these samples until results are secured that will allow accurate measurements and readings.

(h) The light used, whether natural or artificial, during the readings of the fat columns shall be such that the shadows or refraction of light will not cause inaccuracies in the true measurements.

Par 7. Reading milk tests:

All laws, rules and regulations governing the reading of cream tests shall also apply to reading milk tests except that the top meniscus on the fat columns of milk tests shall not be destroyed and the fat columns of tests on milk in milk test bottles shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the top of the top meniscus.

Par 8. Keeping records of tests:

(a) All persons holding a state license to conduct tests of milk and cream shall make duplicate records of the results of such tests, the original to be made with indelible pencil or ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

(b) The forms on which test records are kept shall be obtained by the management of any concern receiving, selling or buying milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content from the California Department of Agriculture at Sacramento, or the said management may adopt a form on satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information, and submit the same to the said Department of Agriculture, whose approval in writing must be secured before said forms may be used.

(c) Each sheet shall be authenticated by the signatureof the licensed tester and marked with the complete date on which the tests were made.

(d) Whenever a change in the records, while still in possession of the licensed tester, is necessary by reason of accidant or failure

to properly record the test, or when a retest is made, and the retest is different from the first test, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen, without obliterating the figures, and the correction noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the tester, which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever, for any such cause, a change in therecords is necessary, after the duplicate test record sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made by the licensed tester on a retest sheet. Any changes or corrections occasioned by these retests are to be made on the original test record sheet in the office, by the licensed tester only, and then this retest sheet deposited in the official sealed test record sheet box. Any grade or color of paper, as large as 6 x 8 inches, will serve for a retest sheet and it is not compulsory that the retest sheet be made in duplicate. If the employer requires the licensed tester to make retest sheets in duplicate and the licensed tester does not make the occasioned changes or corrections on the original test record sheet in the office, the original retest sheet must be permanently fastened to the original test record sheet in the office to which it belongs, and the duplicate retest sheet deposited in the official sealed test record sheet box. Two dates must appear on all retest sheets-one showing the date the retest was made and the other showing the date that the milk and/or cream that was retested was received. All retest sheets must be made with indelible pencil or ink and be signed with the full name of the tester Initials alone are not a legal signature.

(e) When a retest on a sample of milk shows a variation not exceeding one-tenth of one per cent (.1%) the original test must be used as the basis for payment. If the variation exceeds one-tenth of one per cent (.1%) then the retest must be used.

(f) The original test record sheets shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the tests on the day's samples.

(g) Upon completion of the tests on the day's samples the duplicate test record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official sealed box supplied at cost for the purpose by the California Department of Agriculture, at Sacramento, or made in accordance with the blue print specifications obtained from said Department of Agriculture, such official test record box to be kept in the test room at all times, or in an appropriate and secure place convenient to the test room and duplicate test record sheets must not be left out of the sealed record box overnight for any reason whatsoever.

Par 9. Character of work:

(a) A licensed tester shall not work faster than will permit thoroughness and accuracy.

(b) Variations between the licensed tester's first tests and his retests on the same samples, amounting to one per cent or over on cream tests and over one-tenth of one per cent on milk tests, are considered to be excessive.

(c) All licensed testers, whether active or inactive, must be checked for the accuracy of their work at the very least once every two years and the results of such check test must show not more than 10 per cent excessive variations between their first tests and their retests, or between their tests and the official dairy laboratory tests on the same samples, before a milk and cream tester's license for the

following year will be issued to them. At least 10 samples of cream or milk shall be used as a basis of check test.

Par 10. Observation of laws, rules and regulations:

(a) A licensed tester shall at all times thoroughly understand and comply with all laws, rules and regulations governing the testing of milk or cream purchased, received or sold on the basis of the amount of milk fat contained therein, by any method or process and must secure accurate results.

Rule 3. Gerber Testing (Fucoma Equipment)

Par 1. The gerber test, using Fucoma equipment, may be used for tests on milk only (not cream), when the results obtained are to be used as a basis of payment for milk fat contained therein.

Par 2. Licensed testers using Fucoma equipment for tests on milk must follow explicitly the instructions recommended by the manufacturer for conducting this test, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

Par 3. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

Par 4. All of rule 1, and paragraphs 1 (b), (c), (h), (i), 3 (a), (b), (c), 4 (b), 5 (a), 6 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), and all of paragraphs 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Rule 2, also apply to the Gerber method (Fucoma equipment).

Rule 4. Mojonnier Testing

Par 1. Licensed testers using Mojonnier equipment for determining the milk fat content of milk or cream on which payment is based, must follow explicitly the current instructions for conducting the test

issued by the manufacturer, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

Par 2. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

Par 3. When mojonnier fat tests on milk are used as a basis for payment, and the charges used for testing are measured instead of being weighed, the pipettes used for measuring the charge must first be examined for accuracy as specified in Section 17 (d) covering the examination of Babcock testing glassware.

Par 4. All of Rule 1 and paragraphs 1 (d), (e), (f), (h), 2 (b), (c), (d), (e) and all of paragraphs 8, 9 and 10 of Rule 2 also apply to the use of the Mojonnier method.

Rule 5. Posting Regulation XIV

The Director of Agriculture shall cause to be placed in a conspicuous manner in test rooms or laboratories conducting tests on milk and/or cream received, purchased or sold on its milk fat content a copy of regulation XIV. Said copy to be securely fastened and permanently kept in test room or laboratory. (This is state property and must not be removed or destroyed.)

REGULATION XV

Par 1. Any person desiring to register any brand, as provided by Section 18 (b) of the General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved April 30, 1931, shall file a properly executed application on a form supplied upon application by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, whereupon the department, after holding for a period of three weeks during which time the proposed brand shall be advertised in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the locality in which the applicant is engaged in business, as provided by the act; and if at the end of such period there appears to be no contest of right or ownership to said brand, the department will formally register such brand as the correct and legal designation for the property of the applicant.

Par 2. In the event that any brand has been registered by an association whose members are engaged in receiving, producing, manufacturing, packing, canning, bottling, handling or selling milk or any product of milk in containers on which such brand or any part thereof appears, such brand or part thereof may be used by all members of such association. Should any member of such association cease at any time to be a member for any reason whatever then such member shall thereafter have no right to use the brand, or any part of the brand registered by such association, whether the containers bearing such brand or part thereof shall have been acquired by such member before or after his membership shall have terminated. The foregoing shall apply to all brands registered by such association.

REGULATION XVI

Par 1. Whenever it is not possible for milk products plants purchasing milk or cream direct from farmers to furnish addresses in connection with the list of patrons as required by Section 20 of the General Dairy Law of California, approved April 30, 1931, as amended, the approximate location may be given in lieu thereof by indicating the distance and direction from certain local landmarks, and it shall be the duty of all such plants to keep a record of the approximate location of all patrons, which record shall at all times during working hours be accessible to duly authorized representatives of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

REGULATION XVII

Par 1. Whenever a manufactured product of milk is found to be impure, unclean, unwholesome, stale, adulterated, or found to be produced, manufactured or kept in an insanitary place, by an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, he shall proceed to attach to such manufactured product, or the containers thereof, in an appropriate manner, a tag or label bearing the words "California Inspected and Retained" and a copy of this regulation. Whereupon, such manufactured product of milk may not be sold or moved or transported to any other place or premises until the owner has been given due notice and hearing as provided by Section 21 of the General Dairy Law of California, amended and approved April 30, 1931. Whereupon said labels shall be removed by an authorized representative of said Department of Agriculture and the product or products so held either released or condemned and marked, or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as determined by such hearing.

REGULATION XVIII

Par 1. In accordance with specific authorization provided in Section 15 (a) of the General Dairy Law of California (amended and approved, May 28, 1927), and in accordance with stipulation number eight (8) filed in the office of the Governor, regarding the administration policy in the enforcement of the Pure Milk Law (amended June 3, 1927, Chapter 888) market cream may be pasteurized for thirty minutes at a temperature not to exceed 150° Fahrenheit.

Par 2. Any special permit for the modification of prescribed methods of pasteurization shall be permitted by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California only with the concurrence of the Department of Public Health.

REGULATION XIX

Par 1. No pasteurized market milk may be sold under a label indicating that is is produced by nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows unless the entire milk supply of that plant is obtained from nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows, except in those plants where an official representative of any approved milk inspection service or full time inspector is maintained during the entire period of receiving, handling, processing and bottling of any such market milk.

REGULATION XX

Par 1. Ungraded, raw market milk, is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than one hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count . (Section 3 (a), General Dairy Law of California, as amended and approved April 30, 1931) (Section 2, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927.)

Par 2. Ungraded, pasteurized market milk is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than five hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count before pasteurization; or when it contains more than fifty thousand bacteria by official plate count per milliliter after pasteurization.

Par 3. Sour market cream is clean market cream which has been fermented by the action of one or more strains of lactic acid bacteria, such that the product contains a distinct acidity, but which otherwise conforms to all the requirements for market cream. This product may be sold under the designation "sour market cream."

Par 4. (a) Homogenized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process for dividing the fat globules into fragments, thereby increasing the viscosity of the product, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

(b) Viscolized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process similar to homogenization, except that the fat globules are not as finely divided as in the case of homogenization. It otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

Par 5. Half and half is a product consisting of approximately one-half market milk and one-half market cream, each of which

conforms to all of the requirements for these products.

Par 6. Milk or cream which does not conform to requirements as defined in the General Dairy Law of California (approved June 15, 1923), or with the requirements of the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), or which has been produced in an insanitary dairy or factory of dairy products or other insanitary place, or which has been handled in an insanitary manner, is hereby declared to be impure and unwholesome, and must not be sold for human consumption. Such milk shall be kept in a distinctive container and plainly so marked or condemned and marked for identification with a suitable coloring matter.

Note.-See Regulation XVI, page

REGULATION XXI

Rule 1. Milk Inspection Services

Par 1. Any unit of government or other group desiring approval of a milk inspection service shall make application for approval in writing to the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Upon receipt of said application the said Department of Agriculture shall determine if such unit of government or other group is entitled to approval. If such approval is given the said Department of Agriculture, with the concurrence of the Department of Public Health, shall issue a certificate of approval to the milk inspection service, provided such approval may be withdrawn should the milk inspection service later become inefficient, whereupon the certificate of approval shall be forfeited.

Par 2. To secure and hold such appoval a milk inspection service must:

(a) Provide a sufficient force of qualified inspectors, under the general direction of a regularly licensed physician, and sufficient laboratory facilities to enforce efficiently the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), and other laws and regulations relating to graded milk. In the absence of a laboratory arrangements may be made with a person or firm, approved concurrently by the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Public Health of the State of California, to do bacteriological and other laboratory work.

(b) Provide for the efficient physical examination of employees, as required by law (Section 3, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927), and in accordance with detailed instructions of the Department of Public Health, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(c) Provide for the physical examination, under the supervision of a qualified veterinarian, of all cattle producing milk to be sold in its jurisdiction, as required by law (Section 3, Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927). This shall consist of a general physical examination for manifest evidence of diseases such as enlarged glands, mastitis, pyometra, tuberculosis, open sores, ulcerated teeth, abscesses etc., in accordance with detailed instructions of the Department of Agriculture, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(d) Maintain the standards for the various grades of milk as established by the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927), and the rules and regulations hereby established.

(e) Cooperate in the holding of official surprise milk scoring contests whenever requested to do so by a duly authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. (Section 4(c), Pure Milk Law, approved June 3, 1927.)

(f) Comply with the rules and regulations herein set forth.

(g) Provide for the grading of market cream on the same basis as market milk whenever possible.

Rule 2. Inspectors

Par1. No dairy inspector appointed under the provisions of the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), shall accept any compensation, directly or indirectly, for any advice rendered to any dairyman, nor shall any such inspector be the agent for, or be interested in, any firm or corporation selling, or handling any supplies used by dairymen, creameries or other factories of dairy products.

Par 2. The inspectors whose duty it will be to participate in the enforcement of the Pure Milk Law (approved June 3, 1927(,

and other laws pertaining to the grading of milk and cream, shall have passed a civil service examination given either by the Civil Service Commission of the city or county in which the milk inspection service is situated, or by the State Civil Service Commission. Such examination, if given by a city, county, or city and county, shall be of equal or higher standard than that given by the State Civil Service Commission for the position of dairy inspector; provided, that all persons holding the position of dairy inspector in any city, county, or city and county, for a period of six months prior to the first day of October, 1914, and performing the duty of such office to the satisfaction of the Board of Health of such city, or county, during that time, shall not be required to take the said examination. In the event that the inspector has not taken the Civil Service examination at the time of his appointment, the qualifications of such an inspector shall be determined by an examination conducted by the Bureau of Dairy Control of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require the health officer of the state, or of any county, or city, to take an examination before being qualified to inspect dairies, milk plants, creameries, cheese factories, or any other factory where milk products are handled; and nothing in these rules shall be construed to interfere with the inspection of such places by employees of the Department of Public Health of the State of California, when an epidemic of any communicable disease is prevalent.

Rule 3. Inspection

Par 1. Inspection shall consist of laboratory examinations of the products and adequate supervision of the equipment and methods of the various producers and distributors.

Par 2. Samples of retail milk for bacteriological and chemical examination shall be taken in original containers direct from

delivery wagons, dairies, milk plants, or other places of business at least once every two weeks at irregular intervals and without previous notice to any producer or distributor. Additional samples of milk retailed at stores, etc., shall be taken as frequently as conditions will permit. Samples shall be taken from stores in all cases where complaint is made regarding the condition of same. Special attention shall be directed to the temperature at which store samples are kept. Samples of wholesale milk for bacteriological examination shall be taken at time of arrival at the milk plant at least once a month. The term "wholesale milk" is construed to mean milk from a producer who sells his product to a distributor and shall not be construed to include the wholesaler of the finished product, to restaurants, stores, bakeries, etc. All milk samples shall be kept at a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit until plated. Laboratory technique shall be in accordance with the "Standard Methods of the American Public Health Association for Milk Analysis." The direct microscopic count of bacteria (Breed Method) is recognized as a standard of official technique where used for judging the quality of unpasteurized milk.

Par 3. Dairy farms shall be inspected at least six times a year. Pasteurizing plants shall be inspected at least once every two weeks. Plants of producer-distributors of raw milk shall be inspected at least once each month. Scores on the methods and equipment of dairy farms or products plants shall be made at least twice each year. Visits of inspectors shall be unannounced and at irregular intervals. Pasteurizing equipment shall be given special attention and recording thermometers tested for accuracy at least once every two weeks.

Par 4. All persons engaged in handling milk, either before or after

pasteurization, shall be required to exercise scrupulous cleanliness and must not harbor the germs of typhoid fever, tuberculosis, diphtheria, or other communicable diseases liable to be conveyed through the milk. Absence of such communicable disease may be determined by cultures, and physical examination to the satisfaction of the local health officer of milk inspection service.

Par 5. Each dairy or distributor of milk and cream shall be kept informed of the results of the laboratory examinations and scoring of their individual products and equipment. On the basis of these determinations the inspection services shall issue written authorization to each person or concern who desires to sell milk under its jurisdiction; provided, that authorization shall be revoked in every case when the product or equipment of any person or concern does not consistently meet the requirements of the pure milk law or the rules and regulations for its enforcement.

Par 6. (a) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained on the retail sample from a distributor, the milk inspection service shall make at least three recounts within a period of two weeks in addition to the routine milk examination, whereupon if the count is persistently high and the average count obtained during the two weeks period exceeds that established by the pure milk law, such milk may be degraded, or, at the option of the milk inspection service, excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be reestablished at its previous standing for a period of at least four weeks during which time it must have met the requirements of the pure milk law as determined by official counts. All recounts are considered as official samples in computing final milk scores.

(b) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained from a producer delivering milk at wholesale in bulk to a distributor whose supply is drawn from a number of producers, the milk inspection service shall make at least one recount in verification of the first as quickly as possible. If the first count is verified by an illegal recount the milk from such producer may be degraded, or at the option of the local milk inspection service excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be reestablished at its previous standing until at least two recounts have been taken, indicating that it is again in conformity with legal requirements. (First recount must be taken within at least five days of date of degrading or sooner if expedient with good inspection service; second to follow immediately.)

Par 7. All publications or public statements relating to the quality of milk or cream, or the condition of dairies or milk plants, shall be expressed in terms of percentage, one hundred being considered perfect. In rating milk or cream this percentage shall be based on an average of results obtained by the examination of at least four samples taken at intervals of at least a week. In no case shall publication of numbers of bacteria be made. The method used for computing milk scores for publication shall be approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 4. Standards

Par 1. Market milk shall be delivered in sterile containers and the standards shall be those established by the pure milk law (approved June 3, 1927), and in addition the following maximum temperatures with respect to cooling:

(a) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed twice a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 60° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and so maintained until delivery to consumers.

(b) Grade "A" raw milk, when distributed once a day by the producer, must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maint[illegible]at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivered to the consumer.

(c) Grade "A" raw milk bottled at a distributing plant must be cooled to a temperature of 55° Fahrenheit or below, immediately after being drawn from the cow, and thereafter maintained at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit until delivered to the consumer.

(d) Grade "A" milk for pasteurization must be cooled immediately after being drawn from the cow to as low a temperature as practical and so maintained until delivery to the plant. After pasteurization, milk must be cooled to a temperature of 50° Fahrenheit or below, and so maintained until delivery to the consumer.

Par 2. A milking shed or barn with tight, nonabsorbent cleanable floors shall be required of each dairy producing graded milk, such milking shed or barn to be acceptable to the local inspection service under whose jurisdiction the dairy is conducted.

Rule 5. Labeling

Par 1. Graded market milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define the grade:

Certified Milk	Grade "A" Raw Milk
Guaranteed Raw Milk	Grade "A" Pasteurized Milk.
Guaranteed Pasteurized Milk	Grade "B" Pasteurized Milk.

(b) Name of producer or distributor.

(c) Address of producer or distributor.

Par 2. Ungraded milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define it:

Market Milk Raw
Market Milk Pasteurized.

(b) Name of producer or distributor.

(c) Address of producer or distributor.

Par 3. Special designating words such as "Inspected Milk," "Extra Quality Milk", "Purity Guaranteed", "Special Baby Milk", etc., must not be used. (Pure milk law, approved June 3, 1927.)

Par 4. The words "whipping cream" or "table cream" constitute the name of a product and may be used for labeling market cream. Otherwise, the requirements for labeling market cream are the same as those relating to market milk.

Rule 6 Prosecutions

Par 1. Prosecutions for violations of the provisions of this measure shall be directed against any person, firm, corporation, or association, and any manager, director, or agent of a firm, corporation, or association who directs or permits an employee to violate any of the provisions of this act, as well as against the actual offender.

Note.-For the definition and minimum fat requirement for whipping or pastry cream, see Regulation II, page
Note.-For further information relative to these rules, address inquiries to Bureau of Dairy Control, State Department of Agriculture, Sacramento.
Note.-See Regulation XIX, page ___

REGULATION XXII

Par 1. The heating of milk or milk by-products, to be returned to farms for feeding purposes, to a temperature of 185° Fahrenheit, or above, as required by the provisions of Section 1 of the pasteurized dairy by-products act (approved June 3, 1921), may be accomplished by the direct injection of steam into the vat containing such milk or milk by-product, without the use of a recording thermometer to indicate the temperature, upon receipt of special written permit from the Department of Agriculture of the State of California; provided, that such permit shall be revocable if at any time it is found upon investigation that such product is returned to the farms without actually bringing it to the required temperature, as hereinabove specified.

Ordered

766

Proclamation

No 290

Foreign Trade Day

Sept 17 1931

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 12 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J Hagerty
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The important part foreign trade has taken and is destined to take in the development and growth of the State of California should be appreciated by every Californian.

Our long coast line on the Pacific Ocean faces the vast potential markets of the Far East and, across this wide water at our door, our merchant ships bring us into neighborly and mutually profitable contact with the seaports of the world.

The entire world has suffered from stagnation in the currents of international commerce, but, fortunately, today there are hopeful signs of awakening activity everywhere. And, in this connection, the business interests of most nations seem to expect that the return to normal conditions will manifest earliest in the Pacific Trade Area. They seem to feel that the western coast of America is the frontier of a dawning era of unprecedented overseas trade.

We on the Pacific Coast entertain this expectation most vividly whenever we pause to consider the significance of our wonderful strategic commercial place on the rim of the Pacific Basin.

Evidently the Pacific Slope will attain its maximum development in large measure through foreign trade. This should be borne in mind and we should resolve to understand more about overseas commerce, realizing that trade understandings between nations protect and preserve prosperity and pave the way for lasting peace.

On September 17, leaders in business from all parts of the Pacific Coast and the West, from Canada, Mexico and Hawaii and from other countries around the Pacific assemble in the City of Oakland, California, meeting annually under the auspicies of the Pacific Foreign Trade Council, at an international trade conference. In council they will plan to hasten an organization, composed of economic trade groups of the Pacific Trade Area.

I am convinced that the entire business world will fix its attention on that gathering whereat some of the most distinguished thinkers and guides in the fields of agriculture, finance, industry and commerce will be heard.

In view of the importance of their discussions and our intimate practical interest therein, it seems proper that we of California should be "Foreign Trade Minded" at least on the day their international trade conference opens.

WHEREFORE, as Governor of the State of California, I hereby declare Thursday, September 17 to be "Foreign Trade Day" and respectfully invite my fellow Californians to devote on that day serious thought to the widespread advantages which inevitably would follow a stimulation of foreign trade, thus providing for the Oakland conference a background of favoring and helpful public opinion.

Executive Department
State of California

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of September, 1931.

Governor

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

Indexed

767

Proclamation

291

"Education Week"

Signed Nov 9-15-1931

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 15 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hagaby
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

EDUCATION WEEK

The observance of Education Week throughout the United States from November 9th to 15th 1931 has been called to my attention and I am happy to welcome an opportunity of requesting our educational institutions of the State to observe the same. It affords an opportunity for new dedications to the service of the youth, our State's most valuable asset.

I am sure that it will be the constant aim of the Educational Institutions of the State to increase their efforts on behalf of the children of our schools of today who are the State's Builders of tomorrow.

May I, therefore, suggest to the Educators of California to always keep in mind the harmonious development of our younger citizens now attending our schools. We are proud of our California Institutions, of their fine advancing educational features and I wish to express the firm belief that the schools of this State will grow in pace with the matchless age in which we live. To this end I trust the educators of our State will plan an observance of Educational Week that will be a credit to our Golden State of California.

Therefore, in accordance with the custom prevailing throughout the United States I am happy to designate November 9th to 15th 1931, inclusive as Education Week and request the citizenry of our State to publicly observe the same.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of September 1931.

Allen Craig
GOVERNOR

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
SECRETARY OF STATE

Index Ed

768

Proclamation

292

Governor Ralph O. Gleason
State Treasurer Johnson
to Sell Bonds approved
at Election held Nov 4-1930
Under Veterans Welfare
Bond Act of 1929

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG. 20, 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

DIRECTION

To the State Treasurer

Under Section 7, Veterans' Welfare

BOND ACT OF 1929

To Honorable Charles G. Johnson, State Treasurer:

WHEREAS, an act, known and designated as the "Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929", was duly and regularly adopted and approved at the General Election held in this State on November 4, 1930, and said act is now in full force and effect; and

WHEREAS, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, as in said act provided, did on August 18th, 1931, duly adopt a resolution authorizing and directing the State Treasurer to prepare 6,000 one thousand ($1,000.00) dollar bonds of the aggregate par value of six million ($6,000,000.00) dollars; and

WHEREAS, The Veterans' Welfare Board at its regular meeting held on August 10th, 1931, regularly adopted a resolution requesting the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee to authorize the issuance and sale of bonds of the aggregate par value of six million ($6,000,000.00) dollars; and

WHEREAS, the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, upon examination, approved the plans and projects of the said Veterans' Welfare Board and determined the necessity and desirability for the issuance of bonds of the aggregate par value of six million ($6,000,000.00) dollars under the provisions of said act, as aforesaid, for the purpose of accomplishing the administration of the Veterans' Farm and

Executive Department
State of California

Home Purchase Act, Chapter 519, Statutes of 1921; as amended, and said committee further decided and determined that said bonds be sold on Thursday, October 1st, 1931; and

WHEREAS, the Veterans' Welfare Board, by resolution adopted August 20th, 1931, has requested me, as Governor, to direct you, as State Treasurer, to sell at public auction Veterans' Welfare Bonds, numbered eight thousand one to Fourteen thousand, both inclusive, in denominations of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars, each;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, do hereby approve the said resolution adopted by the Veterans' Welfare Board, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, and pursuant to the provisions of Section 7 of the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929, I hereby direct that you, as State Treasurer, on Thursday, October 1st, 1931, or at such time and place to which you may from time to time continue such sale as to the whole of the bonds offered or any part thereof, such continuance being hereby approved, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in accordance with the provisions of said bond act, Veterans' Welfare Bonds numbered eight thousand one to fourteen thousand, both inclusive, of the par value of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars, each, and of the aggregate par value of six million ($6,000,000.00) dollars, as prepared by you pursuant to direction of the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, the proceeds from the sale of which said bonds shall be not less than the aggregate par value thereof, plus interest

Executive Department
State of California

which has accrued thereon between the date of sale and the last preceding interest maturity date; and such proceeds from the sale of said bonds shall be placed in the Veterans' Farm and Home Building Fund as provided in said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee resolution and by the resolution of the Veterans' Welfare Board hereinabove referred to.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this 20th day of August, 1931.

Governor of California

Secretary of State

RESOLUTION, VETERANS' WELFARE BOARD

Whereas, The Veterans' Welfare Board at its regular Meeting of August 10, 1931, regularly adopted a resolution requesting the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee to authorize the issue and sale of bonds of the aggregate par value of six million dollars, under authority conferred upon said Committee by the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929, and to approve the plans and projects of said Veterans' Welfare Board for the administration of the Veterans' Farm and Home Purchase Act, Chapter 819, Statutes of 1921, as amended, on the basis of which the issuance of said bonds is to be authorized; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, upon examination, approved said plans and projects of said Veterans' Welfare Board and determined the necessity and desirability for the issuance of bonds of the aggregate par value of six million dollars under the provisions of the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929, for the purpose of accomplishing the administration of the Veterans' Farm and Home Purchase Act; and

Whereas, The Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee did, on August 18th, 1931, duly adopt a resolution authorizing and directing the State Treasurer, under authority conferred on it by said bond act, to prepare a total of six thousand one thousand dollar bonds of the aggregate par value of six million dollars; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, under the same authority and contingent upon the approval of Your Excellency, the Governor of the State of California, has in its resolution further authorized and directed the State Treasurer to sell at public auction, in accordance with the provisions of said bond act, the said bonds, numbered 8001 to 14000, both inclusive, of the aggregate par value of six

million dollars, the proceeds from the sale of which, pursuant to section 11 of said bond act, are to be placed in the Veterans' Farm and Home Building Fund, to be used by the Veterans' Welfare Board in the administration of the Veterans' Farm and Home Purchase Act; and

Whereas, Section 7 of the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929 provides that when bonds authorized to be issued under said act shall be duly executed they shall be by the State Treasurer sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in parcels and numbers as the State Treasurer shall be directed by the Governor of the State, under seal thereof, after a resolution requesting such sale shall have been adopted by the Veterans' Welfare Board and approved by the Governor of the State;

Therefore Be It Resolved, that the Veterans' Welfare Board, in conformity with the procedure set forth in said Bond Act, hereby respectfully petitions and requests Your Excellency to approve of the issuance of, and further, to direct the State Treasurer, under the seal of the State of California, as in Section 7 of said Bond Act provided, to sell at public auction, in accordance with the provisions of said bond act, Veterans' Welfare Bonds numbered 8001 to 14000, both inclusive, of the aggregate par value of six million dollars, as directed to be prepared by the State Treasurer, in accordance with the terms of the said Bond Act and under authority of a resolution duly adopted by the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, the proceeds from the sale of which bonds of the aggregate par value of six million dollars are to be placed into the Veterans' Farm and Home Building Fund as in the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee resolution, and similarly, in this resolution prescribed; and

Be It Further Resolved, that to insure the genuineness and authenticity of this resolution, the following duly appointed members of the Veterans' Welfare Board, constituting a quorum under the provisions of Section 4 of the Veterans' Welfare Act hereinbefore mentioned, and empowered by said act and by the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1929, to perform with full authority the duties of this Board as set forth in said acts, and now sitting in regular session after due notice of such meeting having been given in writing to each of the four members regularly commissioned by the Governor and now holding office in accordance with the terms of the Veterans' Welfare Act of 1921, hereby direct the Secretary of this Board to attest the authenticity of this resolution in his official capacity, and hereto subscribe their names as being in full accord with, and approving the content of this resolution.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Secretary

Adopted: August 20, 1931

Attest:

Secretary
Veterans' Welfare Board

Inclosure

769

Proclamation

293

Quarantine Order No 5 N. S

Pertaining to alfalfa Weevil

in California effective

August 10-1931

W. C. JACOBSEN
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 21 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J. Hagerty
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 8 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil in California.

Effective on and after August 10, 1931.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa and other forage and cover crops, known as the alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), exists in certain portions of the State of California, to wit: The county of Sierra, the county of Plumas, the county of Alpine, and that portion of the county of Lassen lying south of boundary line between townships 35 north and 36 north, M.D.M., running west from the California-Nevada state line to the west boundary line of Lassen County, all of which being hereinafter designated as regulated territory; and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, auto-baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further spread of the alfalfa weevil in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinbefore described regulated territory in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, live stock, potatoes, nursery stock, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery, implements, bags and other containers that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, brought, shipped or otherwise moved from said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California, and no such articles or materials as quarantined against shall be permitted to pass over the same quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except as hereinafter provided.

Regulation 1. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine on the movement of the commodities and articles enumerated therein between points within the said regulated territory, except that such commodities and articles originating in that portion of the regulated territory bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the south boundary line of Sierra County and the California-Nevada state line, thence north along said California-Nevada state line to the north line of township 35 north, M.D.M., thence west along the boundary line between townships 35 north and 36 north, M.D.M., to the west county line of Lassen County, thence south and east along the west and south county line of Lassen County to the intersection of the south Lassen county line with the range line between ranges 12 east and 13 east, M.D.M., thence south along the range line between ranges 12 east and 13 east to the southwest corner of township 21 north, range 13 east, M.D.M., thence east along the boundary line between townships 21 north and 20 north, M.D.M., to the northeast corner of township 20 north, range 13 east, M.D.M., thence south along the range line between ranges 13 east and 14 east to the south boundary line of Sierra County, thence east along said south boundary line of Sierra County to the point of beginning; and hereinafter designated as infested territory are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any portion of the State of California outside of said infested territory, unless the same restrictions are met as hereinafter provided for the movement of quarantined commodities and articles from the regulated territory to other portions of the State of California.

Regulation 2. Alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw and alfalfa meal, except as herein provided, that has been grown, manufactured or stored in the said regulated territory is hereby prohibited from moving from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw or meal as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into other portions of the State of California from the said regulated territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestation or contamination of the alfalfa meal. Such approvals by the Director of Agriculture shall specify in the case of each mill, whether such shipments are limited to the period November 1 to March 31 or whether such shipments can be made during the entire year, the determination of the period during which alfalfa meal shipments may be made from the regulated territory to other portions of this state shall, in the case of each mill, be contingent upon the installation and use of protective measures in accordance with plans approved by the Director of Agriculture. Year-round shipments will be admitted only from those mills which have installed protective measures

approved by the Director of Agriculture as adequate to prevent weevil contamination of the sacked meal or the cars during the period April 1 to October 31 when the weevil is active; provided, further, that all alfalfa meal must be shipped in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay, other hay and cereal straw and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill; provided, further, that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the Agricultural Commissioner, his deputy or duly authorized inspector of the county in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled, sacked and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer in California, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval granted by the Director of Agriculture to any mill covering the shipment of alfalfa meal from that mill, as provided above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Regulation 3. An official certificate signed by a duly qualified inspection official of the county of origin shall accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in or shipped, imported or brought from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California. Such certificates shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen immediately prior to loading into car, placed in new or recleaned sacks and loaded in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw, and that adequate precautions have been taken to prevent reinfestation or contamination after being screened. All shipments of potatoes from said regulated territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for or otherwise not complying with the above requirements, shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the State of California, and the same shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 4. All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants imported, shipped or brought into any other portion of the State of California from the said regulated territory must be free from soil and packed in fresh shavings, excelsior or other suitable packing (except tule, hay or straw). All nursery and ornamental stock and other plants as enumerated in this regulation not free from soil or when packed with tule, hay or straw, shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the State of California, and shall be immediately returned to the said regulated territory or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 5. No shipment of household effects, or emigrant movables, originating in said regulated territory, shall be brought into any other portion of the State of California by any common carrier, person or persons unless such shipment be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the owner or shipper in accordance with the following forms, on blanks which will be furnished to applicants by the Director of Agriculture, one of such duplicates (designated as copy No. 1) to be mailed to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California, and the other of said duplicates (designated as copy No. 2) to be delivered to the common carrier agent, with a special certificate appended, to attach to the way bill:

State of .....)
) ss.
County of .....)

I hereby solemnly swear that I was present during the preparation for shipment of the household effects or emigrant movables which this affidavit accompanies; that the goods were delivered to the ..... at ..... on ..... con-
(Railroad) (Station) (Month, day, year)
stituting (less than) a carload .....
(If carload write initials and car
..... to be shipped to .....
number here) (Name of consignee)
at ..... via ..... that no
(Destination) (Give initials of other lines)
alfalfa seed, nursery stock, vegetables or fruit is included in the shipment and that no hay, straw or grain is included for packing material for any purpose; that the shipment is made up of the following:

Household goods, farm implements, tools, harness, farm wagons, automobile (draw a line through items not included), stands of bees, live stock ..... and .....
(Specify) (Specify any items not included in
.....
previous classification)

.....
(Shipper or owner)

Subscribed and sworn to before me ....., a notary public in and for the State of ....., county of ....., this ..... day of ....., 19.....

.....
Notary public.

My commission expires ....., 19.....

The special certificate from the owner or shipper to be appended to copy No. 2 shall be in accordance with the following form:

I hereby agree to observe explicitly the requirements of the California Quarantine Order No. 8 with regard to hay, straw or grain, household and agricultural emigrant movables and other materials, and hereby certify that I have mailed this day one copy of the foregoing affidavit to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

....
(Signature)

Upon the arrival at any common carrier station of any shipment of the articles enumerated in this regulation such shipment shall be held intact until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued.

Regulation 6. It shall be the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used for the transportation of live stock or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, in or through any part of the said regulated territory before the same enter any other portion of the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California outside of the regulated territory which have not been cleaned as above shall be immediately placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or Quarantine Guardians, until all alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the Quarantine Officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into any other portion of the State of California from or through any part of the regulated territory shall be deemed to have originated within the regulated territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this order unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by the Agricultural Commissioner of the county where the hay was loaded in the cars establishing the fact that the hay was grown and stored in a nonregulated territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Regulation 7. Used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into any other portion of the State of California from the said regulated territory only upon compliance with the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into any other portion of the State of California any of the articles enumerated in this regulation shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, a description of the articles for which a permit is

requested, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the person to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery and/or implements heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California under authority of permit is ued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by a duly qualified inspection official of the county of origin, showing the number of the permit to import and establishing the fact that all machinery and/or implements included in the shipment have been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of machinery and/or implements not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into any other portion of the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery and/or implements without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately returned to the regulated territory at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles from the said regulated territory arriving in any other portion of the State of California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle arrives until it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 9. Baggage, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping implements, used farming implements and other field appliances, imported or brought into any other portion of the State of California by other than common carrier transportation from the said regulated territory shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such articles are imported or brought until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 10. Alfalfa seed will be admitted into any other portion of California from the said regulated territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than recleaned alfalfa seed.

All articles admissible from the said regulated territory into any other portion of California must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

The admissibility from the regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 8 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 8 (New Series), dated March 9, 1927, and Amendment No. 1 to Quarantine Order No. 8 (New Series), dated July 11, 1929, and shall take effect immediately.

Dudley Moulton
Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: James Rolph
Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED: August 10, 1931.

Revised

779

PROCLAIMATION
NO 303

QUARANTINE ORDER
No. 11. (NEW SERIES)

PERTAINING TO CITRUS WHITE FLY

DUDLEY MOULTON
DIRECTOR

DIVISION OF QUARANTINE ADMINISTRATION
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 17 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J. Hagerty DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 11 (NEW SERIES)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Citrus White Fly in California

Effective on and after November 13, 1931

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.) injurious to citrus trees and other trees and plants, exists in certain hereinafter described portions of the State of California; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insect:

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of the citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinafter described regulated territory in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.) and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines, and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or otherwise moved from the hereinafter described regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, or vines, or cuttings thereof as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Regulated Territory: All that portion of the county of Sacramento, including the city of Sacramento, bounded as follows: Beginning at the junction of the American River and the Sacramento River; thence southerly down the east bank of the Sacramento River to the Sutterville road; thence easterly along said Sutterville road to the Freeport road; thence southerly along said Freeport road to the Fruitridge road; thence easterly along said Fruitridge road to the Power Inn road; thence northerly along said Power Inn road to the Folsom road; thence due north from the junction of the Power Inn road and Folsom road to the American River; thence westerly along the south bank of the American River to the place of beginning.

CALIFORNIA WELCOMES THE WORLD—TENTH OLYMPIAD. LOS ANGELES. 1932

All that portion of Yuba County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Marysville and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south bank of Yuba River opposite D Street in said city; thence down the south bank of said river to the center of Feather River; thence up the center of Feather River to a point opposite Sixteenth Street in said city; thence easterly along the north line of said Sixteenth Street to E Street of said city; thence northerly along the west line of E Street to the northwest corner of Suburban Lot 5, Range D; thence easterly to the other side of the levee as now located by said city; thence along the outer side of said levee until it intersects the Brown's Valley road or grade; thence along the extreme southeasterly side of said Brown's Valley road or grade to a point where said Brown's Valley road or grade intersects Swezy Street, thence due south to the south bank of the Yuba River; thence along the south bank of the Yuba River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including Yuba City, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the west bank of the Feather River due east from the junction of the Pease road and the Yuba City-Chico state highway, thence due west to said junction; thence westerly along the Pease road to the Onstott road; thence southerly along the said Onstott road to the Franklin road; thence westerly along the said Franklin road to the Township road; thence southerly along the said Township road to the Oswald road; thence easterly along the Oswald road to its easterly termination; thence in a line due east from the easterly termination of the Oswald road to the west bank of the Feather River; thence northerly along the west bank of the said Feather River to place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including a part of Sutter City, and bounded as follows: On the south by the state highway; on the east by Palm Street; on the north by Nelson Street; and on the west by a line extending in a due northerly direction from the point where First Avenue joins the State highway to a line extending due west from the point where Nelson Avenue joins Walnut Street.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Gridley.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Oroville.

All that portion of Orange County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Santa Ana.

All that portion of Orange County, including a part of the city of Tustin, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the east Santa Ana city limits at the junction of Wright Street and Santa Clara Avenue: thence easterly along said Santa Clara Avenue to Prospect Avenue; thence southerly along said Prospect

...ue to ...st Street; t ence westerly along said First Street one block to ... Street in the city of Tustin; thence southerly ... said D Street to Newport Avenue; thence southwesterly ... said Newport ...venue to ...den Street; thence ...terly ... said ...den Street to its junction with the east Santa Ana City limits; thence northerly along said east Santa Ana city limits to point of beginning.

...egulation 3. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California, unless each shipment or lot is accompanied by a certificate issued by the County ...icultural Commissioner of the county of origin, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, establishing the fact that all the said hosts have been completely defoliated, vacuum fumigated and properly protected from reinfestation following said fumigation. Said certificates shall be issued only when said hosts have been completely defoliated at point of origin after said hosts are balled and before transportation to the vacuum fumigator plant; have been vacuum fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas, such gas to be applied to said hosts in a vacuum fumigator at the rate of 20 cc. of HCN per 100 cubic feet of space in the fumigator, the injection of the hydrocyanic acid gas to begin at not less than a 27 inch mercurial vacuum, the charge to be entrained with air in a manner that will allow the complete charge to be injected before the vacuum gauge shall register 5 inches mercurial vacuum, and the exposure shall be for 60 minutes from the time the gauge registers zero, ...rovided that the fumigator load of balled nursery stock shall not exceed 16 pounds to each cubic foot of space in the fumigator; ...ng immediately following said fumigation have been placed in an insect proof enclosure until packed, loaded or placed in a railroad car, truck, or other vehicle for immediate transportation to a point outside the said regulated territory; said fumigator, insect proof enclosure and protective procedure to prevent reinfestation to be first approved by the Director of Agriculture.

Ailanthus altissima (Tree of Heaven)
Allamanda neriifolia (Allamanda)
Citrus ...ica (Mexican orange)
Citrus spp. (Orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, ...umquat, tangerine and all other ...citrus cultivated in America).
Coffea spp. (Coffee)
Gardenia spp. (Cape jasmine, Cape ...jasmine or ...Gardenia).
Hedera helix (English Ivy)
Ligustrum spp. (Privets)
Melia spp. (China tree or China Berry, ...China Umbrella, Pride of India.)
Osmanthus americanus (Wild Olive or Devilwood).

hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any other portion of the said regulated territory outside of the said infested territory or to any other portion of the State of California unless the same restrictions are met as hereinbefore provided for the movement of the said nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines and cuttings thereof from the regulated territory to other portions of the State of California.

Regulation 5. No restrictions are placed by the provisions of this quarantine upon the immediate transportation through the said regulated territory, of any of the said hosts when same have originated outside the said regulated territory. No restrictions are placed by the provisions of this quarantine upon the movement of said hosts originating outside the said regulated territory but brought directly to a railroad station or other shipping point in the regulated territory for immediate shipment to some point in the state of California outside the said regulated territory, except that same must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county in which the said railroad station or other shipping point is located, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, certifying that said hosts originated outside the said regulated territory and were immediately shipped as above. Any said host plants brought, shipped or otherwise transported into the said regulated territory from areas outside thereof and not immediately reshipped as above, shall be amenable to all the provisions of this quarantine except that when such hosts are delivered to a vacuum fumigation plant located within the regulated territory for treatment, reshipment will be permitted to points outside the said regulated territory provided that following such fumigation said hosts are immediately placed in an insect proof enclosure approved by the Director of Agriculture, and are kept in such enclosure during all the time they are within the said regulated territory until packed or loaded in railroad car, truck, or other vehicle for immediate movement to a point outside the said regulated territory and further provided that each such lot or shipment is accompanied by a certificate issued by the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county in which said vacuum fumigation plant is located, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, certifying that all the said host plants contained in the shipment have been handled in accordance with the above provisions.

Regulation 6. All shipments or lots of nursery stock permitted entry into other portions of the State of California from the said regulated territory under Regulations 2 and 3 hereof, must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

Regulation 7. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, or vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in any

other portion of the State of California from the said regulated territory or in any portion of the regulated territory from the said infested territory in violation of or not fully complying with all the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately returned to origin or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing regulation, shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine order, rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 11 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 11 (New Series) dated October 2, 1931, and shall take effect immediately.

Dudley Moulton
Director of Agriculture

ISSUED: November 13, 1931

Archived

780

Proclamation

No. 304

Establishing Labor Camps to Take Care of Indigent Non-Residents Coming to California Seeking Work

FILED

Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 25 1931

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Chas. Hughes
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

California is suffering from an influx of non-resident unemployed at the rate of twelve hundred a day. The number that has already entered our State with the vague hope of obtaining work or assistance is so large that plans that have been made throughout the State for the prevention and relief of the distress of our own residents are being disrupted.

California is caring for its own residents but cannot support the non-resident unemployed arriving daily.

For these reasons I have ordered the establishment of labor camps where indigent non-residents already here will be concentrated and afforded food and shelter in exchange for labor in making fire trails and roads and breaking rock for use thereon but for such labor wages will not be paid.

To protect our residents, it is imperative to prevent additional, non-resident, indigent unemployed from entering the State to become public charges. Under our law such persons are vagrants and authorities at points of entry are being instructed to deal with them as such.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of November, 1931.

Governor.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Frank M. Cox
Deputy.

Judicial Proclamation

No 30

Thanksgiving day

Proclamation Naming

Thursday November

26-1931

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 16 1931

FRANK C. JORDAN

SECRETARY OF STATE

By Chas. Hagerty

DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In conformity to annual custom and to give thanks to Almighty God, Thursday, November 26th, has been designated Thanksgiving Day by the President of the United States.

I heartily respond to this Proclamation, and, therefore, as Governor of California, I urge upon all citizens of the State, that that day be set aside for prayer, reflection and thanksgiving.

Let us resolve to do our utmost to be helpful to those upon us less fortunate than ourselves, that they may be comforted by our endeavors to lessen their trials and sufferings.

Let us have foremost in our minds and hearts the Golden Rule, "Do unto others as we would have them do unto us."

Let us reflect upon our own obligations; that we may do our part in helping the sick, the poor and the suffering; that through our characteristic Californian compassion we may care for our fellow men during these trying times.

Let us have faith in our great Commonwealth of California. It is the best place on Earth. It is our Home.

Let us give thanks to our Almighty God for our temporal and spiritual blessings; that this state has been able to advance projects of every character wherein the greatest number might be employed; that California stands united in its determination that none shall go hungry; that our spiritual life is high and our courage undaunted.

I do recommend that our people rest from their daily toil on this National Day of Thanksgiving and that they go to their customary places of worship to give thanks for the blessings which God Almighty has bestowed upon us.

I have requested, and hereby direct, that the flags be displayed on all state and public buildings and respectfully urge city and county authorities do likewise. Pro Deo et Patria.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th day of November, 1931.

Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy.

Indexed

777

Proclamation

301

By the Governor

Asking holders of Mortgages &
deeds of trust on homes of
financially embarrassed homes
to declare a Moratorium until
Such time as the depression
is over

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Many small home owners, temporarily embarrassed by decreasing income and lack of employment, are faced with the possibility of foreclosure of mortgages and trust deeds on their homes because of inability to keep up principal and interest payments.

While I have no right nor intention to declare a moratorium on such payments, I do appeal to creditors whose claims are secured by mortgages or deeds of trust to defer the enforcement of their legal rights against their debtors.

Such action, I believe, would do much to restore business confidence in this great State. Such action, I am sure, would guide the feet of many of our citizens on to the road which leads to a revival of business. Certainly, it would show the rest of the nation the true spirit of California--a spirit which has for its basis cooperation, helpfulness, confidence, and fellowship.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California, to be affixed this 16th day of November, 1931.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Frank M. Cox

Deputy

Related 776

Proclamation

No 300

Taking Possession 6-14-1931

as "National Monument"

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

From a large number of wool growers, wool marketing associations and many others, I have been requested to issue a proclamation calling attention to National Wool Week November 9th to November 14th, 1931.

California as a State is second in the Nation in numbers of sheep annually raised, third in wool crop, and first in lamb production. There are many thousands of people in this State directly supported by the sheep industry, having to do first with the great flocks of sheep that pasture our western hills; many tons of hay and fodder annually cut for their consumption; from their shearing comes securing of wool, the manufacture of woolens, and the spring lambing adds meat for our consumption. The transportation companies carry the product of the sheep around the world. A great California live stock industry, which finally adds money to the bank deposits.

The National wool textile interest from sheepmen to retailers of woolen goods have combined their forces in order to advertise wool through the medium of National Wool Week and it is my pleasure to add to their encouragement by proclaiming in California, November 9th to November 14th as National Wool Week and to suggest to my fellow Californians that they purchase as a Christmas Gift some woolen article in order to assist this great industry which is of vital importance, to the welfare of our State and its whole people.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of November, 1931.

Governor.

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

BY:

Deputy.

Indexed

775

Proclamation

No 299

Asking the citizens to in silence
doff hats at 11 am armistice
day in memory of those who
fell in the great war

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE [illegible] CALIFORNIA:

On November 11th at Eleven A.M. 1931 we will record the thirteenth anniversary of the signing of the Armistice of the World War on the Battle Field in France. A National Holiday keeps fresh in our minds the momentous event "The Signing of the Armistice".

Seven and one half million men laid down their lives. Seventeen millions more laid down their bodies in the hospitals. It took this toll of human beings to bring about the signing of the Armistice and Peace. We can never repay our debt to those who fought for the price of Peace. Let us do honor to the day we celebrate. Let us remember the words of Lieutenant Colonel John McCrae, famous the World over "In Flanders Field"

> "In Flanders Field, the poppies blow,
> Between the crosses, row on row,
> That mark our place,
> We are the dead, short days ago,
> We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,
> Loved and were loved, and now we lie
> In Flanders Field."

Californians we will not forget - Marching men of 1931 remember the marching men of 1918. Let us stop for two minutes at eleven o'clock on the morning of Armistice Day, and in silence doff our hats while in memory we see the boys pass by.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of November, 1931.

[signature]
Governor.

ATTEST: [signature]
Secretary of State.

BY: [signature]
Deputy.

Revised

774

Proclamation

298

designating Nov 9-14

as Navy Week

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

November 9 to 14 has been set aside as "Honey Week." The honey industry, representing an investment in California of seven million dollars, takes this means of bringing its product to the attention of the housewives of our state.

The growth of the honey industry has been remarkable. Today we have twelve and one-half billion bees in the state producing one of the most valuable natural foods insofar as health-giving properties are concerned.

Honey is a natural sugar, unrefined, untreated and unchanged as it comes to the table from the forms in which it is stored by bees. It contains phosphates, lime and iron, as well as vitamin traces which are potent factors in improving health.

The housewife, by using this product, safeguards the health of the home and the wealth of the state.

I trust "Honey Week" will result in an ever-increasing use of the product.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of November, 1931.



Governor.

By: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By: Frank P. [illegible]
Deputy.

Deleted 773

Proclamation

297

Red Cross Enrollment

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 22 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hagerty
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

T[illegible] C[illegible]FORNIA:

The American Red Cross is conducting its annual enrollment of members, and I deem it a privilege and a pleasure to call to the attention of my fellow-Californians the worthy and unparalleled humanitarian work of this great organization.

I urge all Californians to aid in this cause which has for its purpose the relief of human misery.

Due to the ever-growing demands upon the organization for service, especially in the field of disaster relief, and due to the exhaustion of its war surpluses, the Red Cross is faced with the imperative necessity of substantially increasing its revenue through memberships.

The Red Cross has completed fifty years of most meritorious service. In the ensuing year this organization will be called upon to render a greater service perhaps than for some time in the past. It is not only a practical instrument of mercy and relief, but has tended to renew and invigorate the spiritual life of our nation.

Californians, we must not let this call go unheeded!

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 22nd day of October, 1931.

James Rolph
Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State,

BY: Frank M. Coll
Deputy

Ordered -

772

Proclamation

296

Re death Thomas Alva Edison

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OCT 20 1931

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In the death of Thomas Alva Edison the world has lost a great benefactor and the nation a distinguished son.

By directing with indefatigable devotion to the betterment of mankind his unparalled genius for invention and perfection, he has rendered an incalculable service to humanity. His glorious achievements should be commemorated by all our citizens by observing his death with solemn sincerity.

In respect to his memory, I direct that flags on all public buildings in this State continue to remain at half-mast until the day after interment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of October, 1931.

James Rolph

Governor.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

BY: Frank C. [illegible]

Deputy.

Indexed

771

Proclamation

295

"Blind Creek Mrk"

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OCT 9 - 1931

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

As Governor of the State of California I issue this proclamation in behalf of "Blind Craft Week."

In the years as Mayor of San Francisco, I watched the San Francisco Association for the Blind grow from small proportions to the remarkable organization which today is so ably employing and relieving the blind.

Blind craft particularly seeks your cooperation this year. Our sightless fellow citizens have been hit by the depression just as we all have, but they ask no charity. Working diligently at basket making, broom making, and other crafts of the blind, they seek a market for their product.

This week of October 12 to 17, set aside as "Blind Craft Week" is a period devoted by the Association to advertising the product of the blind workers.

Will you not give them the support they so richly deserve so that they may meet their innumerable emergency appeals for food, clothing, shelter, and hospitalization?

Californians never refused to heed a worthy Charity. I am sure they will not refuse a worthy Cause on an appeal for the Blind.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 8th day of October, 1931.

James Rolph

Governor

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

by Frank C. Corff

Deputy

Proclamation
770
294
Fire Prevention Week

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 5 - 1931
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas Hagerty
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

T[illegible]

[illegible]:

I have just been informed by the Junior Chamber of Commerce of the City of San Jose that the National Board of Fire Underwriters is observing Fire Prevention Week. I heartily approve of this object.

The week of October 4th to the 10th has been designated as Fire Prevention Week, and in California the State Fire Marshal, California Fire Emergency Committee, the local fire departments, many civic organizations, and individuals are cooperating for the purpose of educating the public to the possibilities of saving lives and preserving properties through care in the removal of fire hazards.

As Governor of California, I respectfully request general observance of Fire Prevention Week and that careful consideration be given to the elimination of fire hazards in homes and other buildings and that inquiries be addressed to the proper authorities in all cases where there is doubt in the mind of a property owner as to the existence of a fire hazard.

I therefore enlist the support of all Californians in this worthy cause.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of October, 1951.

Governor

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: Chas. Hagerty
Deputy

Indexed

781

Proclamation
No 305

Urging planting and dedication as Washington Memorial Trees on 200th anniversary of birth of George Washington Feby 22 1932

FILED
in the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 13 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J Hagelty
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Sacramento, California,
January 12, 1932.

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

The Two Hundredth Anniversary of the birth of George Washington will be celebrated on February 22, 1932.

No other memorial, in my opinion, would be more fitting than the planting of trees, emblematical of the living nation which the First President guided into being.

Washington himself was a great lover of trees. He not only planted many of them at Mount Vernon, but was so enthusiastic about tree planting that he enlisted the help of his neighbors and encouraged the practice among all with whom he came in contact.

So I feel that a tree bespeaks the spirit of Washington. He was democratic in his services, regal in his leadership, commanding in his principles, while he extended a fatherly hand to a new and independent people struggling for freedom.

A statewide tree planting program, if carried out with enthusiasm, will not only involve an act of commemoration, but it will supremely carry out the guiding principles of the Father of Our Country.

Therefore, I urge all citizens, school children, civic, fraternal, business and social organizations in California to plant memorial trees during the present tree planting season, dedicating them as Washington Memorial trees. Let proper care be given these trees throughout the years to come, that they may ever serve as living memorials to the Foremost American.

Respectfully and Patriotically,

James Rolph

Governor of California.

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

Indexed

782

Proclamation

30

Calling Spl Election May 3 1932 for
passing or rejection of all laws
passed by Legislature at 45th Session
Commencing Jany 5-1931 which
have been held up by referendum

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 1 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the State,

I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, do hereby call and proclaim a special election to be held throughout the State of California on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of MAY, 1932, at which election there will be submitted to the qualified electors of said state for adoption or rejection, in accordance with the provision of section 1, of Article IV of the constitution of said state, all laws passed by the legislature of said state at its forty-ninth regular session commencing on the fifth day of January, 1931, which have been delayed from going into effect by referendum petitions filed in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of Article IV of the constitution of said state.

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto, this 1st day of February, A. D. 1932.

James Rolph Jr.
GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Edward Hagerty

Indexed 783

Proclamation

307

Setting aside May 12-13-14-15/32 as "Revival of Mummy" and Celebration at Oroville

FILED

in the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 9 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

The annual State Mining celebration typifying the "Revival of Mining" in California, has been set for the twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth of May.

Revival of mining! What a wealth of memories that brings to the pioneer of California. Indeed to every true California today, for this state's history is indisputably linked with mining.

The days of '49; the days of the gold rush; the colorful romances built up through the medium of mining in this state - what a glorious and colorful heritage is ours.

As Governor of the State, I bid you all, my fellow Californians, to set aside the twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth of May to live again those stirling days of the past at this state-wide celebration to be held in Oroville.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 8th day of February, A. D. 1932.

James Rolph

Governor.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Gerlach

Secretary of State.



Indexed

784

Proclamation

No 308

Quarantine order No 11 (1915)

Pertaining to Citrus Whitefly

DUDLEY MOULTON
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 9 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 11 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Citrus White Fly in California

Effective on and after February 5, 1932.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.) injurious to citrus trees and other trees and plants, exists in certain hereinafter described portions of the State of California; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insect;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of the citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinafter described regulated territory in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.) and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines, and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or otherwise moved from the hereinafter described regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, or vines, or cuttings thereof as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations.

Regulation 1. Regulated Territory: All that portion of the County of Sacramento included in the incorporate limits of the City of Sacramento.

All that portion of Yuba County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Marysville and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south bank of Yuba River opposite D Street in said city; thence down the south bank of said river to the center of Feather River; thence up the center of Feather River to a point opposite Sixteenth Street in said city; thence easterly along the north line of said Sixteenth Street to E Street

of said city; thence northerly along the west line of K Street to the northwest corner of Suburban Lot 5, Range D; thence easterly to the other side of the levee as now located by said city; thence along the outer side of said levee until it intersects the Brown's Valley road or grade; thence along the extreme southeasterly side of said Brown's Valley road or grade to a point where said Brown's Valley road or grade intersects Swezy Street, thence due south to the south bank of the Yuba River; thence along the south bank of the Yuba River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including Yuba City, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the west bank of the Feather River due east from the junction of the Pease road and the Yuba City-Chico state highway, thence due west to said junction; thence westerly along the Pease road to the Onstott road; thence southerly along the said Onstott road to the Franklin road; thence westerly along the said Franklin road to the Township road; thence southerly along the said Township road to the Oswald road; thence easterly along the Oswald road to its easterly termination; thence in a line due east from the easterly termination of the Oswald road to the west bank of the Feather River; thence northerly along the west bank of the said Feather River to place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including a part of Sutter City, and bounded as follows; On the south by the state highway; on the east by Palm Street; on the north by Nelson Street; and on the west by a line extending in a due northerly direction from the point where First Avenue joins the State highway to a line extending due west from the point where Nelson Avenue joins Walnut Street.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Gridley.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Oroville.

All that portion of Orange County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Santa Ana.

All that portion of Orange County, including a part of the city of Tustin, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the east Santa Ana city limits at the junction of Wright Street and Santa Clara Avenue; thence easterly along said Santa Clara Avenue to Prospect Avenue; thence southerly along said Prospect Avenue to First Street; thence westerly along said First Street one block to D Street in the city of Tustin; thence southerly along said D Street to Newport Avenue; thence southwesterly along Newport Avenue to McFadden Street; thence westerly along said McFadden Street to its junction with the east Santa Ana City limits; thence northerly along said east Santa Ana city limits to point of beginning.

Regulation 2. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citri, and any other

that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California, unless each shipment or lot is accompanied by a certificate issued by the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county of origin, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, establishing the fact that all the said hosts have been completely defoliated, vacuum fumigated and properly protected from reinfestation following said fumigation. Said certificates shall be issued only when said hosts have been completely defoliated at point of origin after said hosts are taken up before the exportation to the vacuum fumigator plant; have been vacuum fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas, such gas to be applied to said hosts in a vacuum fumigator at the rate of 20 cc. of HCN per 100 cu. ft. of space in the fumigator, the injection of the hydrocyanic acid gas to begin at not less than a 27 inch mercurial vacuum, the charge to be entrained with air in a manner that will allow the complete charge to be injected before the vacuum gauge shall register 5 inches mercurial vacuum, and the exposure shall be for 60 minutes from the time the gauge registers zero, provided that the fumigator load of balled nursery stock shall not exceed 16 pounds to each cu. ft. of space in the fumigator; and immediately following said fumigation have been placed in an insect-proof enclosure until packed, loaded or placed on a railroad car, truck, or other vehicle for interstate transportation to a point outside the said regulated territory; said fumigator, insect-proof enclosure and protective procedure to prevent reinfestation to be first approved by the Director of Agriculture:

Ailenthus altissima (Tree of Heaven).
Allamanda neriifolia (Allamanda).
Choisya ternata (Mexican orange).
Citrus spp. (Orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine and all other species cultivated in America.)
Coffea spp. (Coffee).
Gardenia spp. (Cape Jasmine, Cape Jessamine or Gardenia).
Hedera helix (English Ivy).
Ligustrum spp. (Privets).
Melia spp. (China Tree or China Berry, Texas Umbrella, Pride of India).
Osmanthus americanus (Wild Olive or Devilwood).
Photinia arbutifolia (Toyon Christmas Berry).
Phyllanthus acidus (Otaheite Gooseberry, West India gooseberry, Jimbling).
Prunus caroliniana (Mock Orange).
Severinia buxifolia (Severinia).
Smilax spp. (Green briers).
Thea sinensis (Tea plant).
Xanthoxylum Clava-Herculis (Pepper wood, Prickly Ash).

Regulation 3. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, or vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, possible carriers when in foliage of Dialeurodes citri, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said regulated territory

into any other portion of the State of California unless same have been completely defoliated at point of origin:

Cephalanthus occidentalis (Button Bush)
Cinnamomum spp. (Camphor Tree, Cinnamon Tree, Cassia Bark Tree, Cassir Flower Tree).
Diospyros Kaki (Japanese Persimmon).
Diospyros virginiana (Common persimmon).
Ilex spp. (English, American and all other Holly).
Jasminum spp. (Jessamine, Jasmine).
Lagerstroemia spp. (Crape Myrtle).
Laurus nobilis (Grecian Laurel or Sweet Bay).
Lonicera spp. (Honey suckle).
Sapindus spp. (Soapberry, Wild China Tree).
Syringa spp. (Lilacs).

Regulation 4. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of the nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines and cuttings thereof as specified in Regulations 2 and 3 hereof, between points within the said regulated territory when such movement does not involve passing over any of the quarantine lines as established and proclaimed in this quarantine; provided that such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines and cuttings thereof originating in that portion of the regulated territory bounded as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Seventeenth Street and Bristol Street in the city of Santa Ana; thence south along said Bristol Street to Fairview Avenue; thence east along said Fairview Avenue to Main Street; thence south along said Main Street to McFadden Street; thence east along said McFadden Street to the Pacific Electric Railway right of way; thence south along said Pacific Electric Railway right of way to its junction with the south city limits of the City of Santa Ana; thence easterly along said south city limits of the city of Santa Ana to its easterly termination; thence northerly along the east Santa Ana city limits to its junction with Seventeenth Street; thence westerly along said Seventeenth Street to point of beginning, all of above described area being within the city limits of the city of Santa Ana, county of Orange and hereinafter designated as infested territory, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any other portion of the said regulated territory outside of the said infested territory or to any other portion of the State of California unless the same restrictions are met as hereinbefore provided for the movement of the said nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines and cuttings thereof from the regulated territory to other portions of the State of California.

Regulation 5. No restrictions are placed by the provisions of this quarantine upon the immediate transportation through the said regulated territory, of any of the said hosts when same have originated outside the said regulated territory. No restrictions are placed by the provisions of this quarantine upon the movement of said hosts originating outside the said regulated territory but brought directly to a railroad station or other shipping point in the regulated territory for immediate shipment to some point in the state of

California outside the said regulated territory, except that same must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county in which the said railroad station or other shipping point is located, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, certifying that said hosts originated outside the said regulated territory and were immediately shipped as above. Any said host plants brought, shipped or otherwise transported into the said regulated territory from areas outside thereof and not immediately reshipped as above, shall be amenable to all the provisions of this quarantine except that when such hosts are delivered to a vacuum fumigation plant located within the regulated territory for treatment, reshipment will be permitted to points outside the said regulated territory provided that following such fumigation said hosts are immediately placed in an insect proof enclosure approved by the Director of Agriculture, and are kept in such enclosure during all the time they are within the said regulated territory until packed or loaded in railroad car, truck, or other vehicle for immediate movement to a point outside the said regulated territory and further provided that each such lot or shipment is accompanied by a certificate issued by the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county in which said vacuum fumigation plant is located, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, certifying that all the said host plants contained in the shipment have been handled in accordance with the above provisions.

Regulation 6. All shipments or lots of nursery stock permitted entry into other portions of the State of California from the said regulated territory under Regulations 2 and 3 hereof, must be held by common carriers at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

Regulation 7. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, or vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in any other portion of the State of California from the said regulated territory or in any portion of the regulated territory from the said infested territory in violation of or not fully complying with all the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately returned to origin or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing regulation, shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine order, rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 11 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 11 (New Series) dated November 13, 1931, and shall take effect immediately.

Dudley Moulton
Director of Agriculture.

ISSUED: February 3, 1932.

Indexed

785

Proclamation

30 ¢

Re 200th anniversary of birth of George Washington

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 13 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Chas J Hagerty
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

The Congress of the United States by a Joint Resolution, approved December 2, 1924, created the George Washington Bicentennial Commission for the purpose of recommending to the American people a proper celebration in 1932 of the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of George Washington. The Legislature of the State of California, at the request of the Congress of the United States, and on April 12, 1927, created a State Commission to carry into effect the purposes and objects of the celebration in California.

The object and purpose of both Commissions to bring about a revival of devotion to country among the American people, with a renewed appreciation of what Washington stands for in our National life. To do this it is necessary to stir the patriotic impulses of every man, woman and child living under the protection of the American Flag.

The celebration is to begin on Monday, February 22, 1932, and continue until Thanksgiving Day.

The significance of this celebration equals in importance any historic event that has ever been commemorated by the Nation, honoring as it does the memory and deeds of George Washington, who led the American people through a campaign which won for them their independence, who presided at the Convention which gave to the Republic its Constitution, who was the Nation's first President and who died, and has since lived, as "first in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen".

I therefore urge all citizens of this great Commonwealth to make manifest their great love and affection for the Father of our Country by proper and fitting exercises on February 22, 1932, in every church, school, civic, fraternal, business and social organization and in every home, honoring the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of George Washington.

Sincerely and respectfully,

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of February, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

786

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 23 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In accordance with a public statement just issued by the United States Secretary of Commerce and with resolutions passed by the National Association of Credit [illegible] and a number of other national organizations, I hereby call upon the citizens of this state to make 1932 a year of marked reduction in fire losses. This is an urgent public duty in the present difficult period. Industrial fires which increase the relief of the unemployed, dwelling fires which add to the number of the homeless, destruction of wealth at a time when the nation is struggling to recover its economic welfare - such disasters must be combatted by every means in our power and chiefly by a determined spirit of [illegible] and conservation on the part of our citizens.

I am convinced that, if this matter is taken up correctly and properly organized in each community, it will be possible to effect a reduction in the fire losses of this state during 1932 as compared with 1931. Such a saving helpfully employed cannot fail to contribute to a betterment of conditions. I call upon all citizens, all organizations and all business concerns to aid in the attainment of this goal as a matter of practical patriotism.

IN WITNESS [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 23rd day of February, [illegible]

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: [illegible]
Secretary of State.

BY: [illegible]
Deputy.

311 787

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 23 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

It is my great privilege and pleasure to proclaim March 6th to 12th, 1932, National Business Women's Week throughout the State of California.

The days embraced in this week will be observed throughout the United States by the National Federation of [illegible] Professional Women's Clubs, of which the California League of Business and Professional Women is a member.

With branches in every state in the Union, in Alaska and in the Hawaiian Islands, the federation embraces [illegible] women. Under the wise leadership of [illegible] this national organization is doing splendid work.

[illegible] the American business woman physically, mentally and morally, deserves the support of every true American. That support I ask particularly during the week of March 6th to 12th.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 23rd day of February, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

Secretary of State.

By: [illegible]
Deputy.

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

It is my great privilege and pleasure to proclaim March 6th to 12th, 1932, National Business Women's Week throughout the State of California.

The days embraced in this week will be observed throughout the United States by the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, of which the California League of Business and Professional Women is a member.

With branches in every state in the Union, in Alaska and in the Hawaiian Islands, the federation embraces Business and Professional Women. Aiming to seek better educational standards for the young business girl and to advance throughout the world peace and progress, this women's organization is doing a great work.

Development of the American business woman physically, mentally and morally, deserves the support of every true American. That support I ask particularly during the week of March 6th to 12th.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 23rd day of February, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

BY: Frank C. [illegible]

Deputy.

788

312

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 25 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[redacted]

[redacted] accidents in the [redacted], and in the streets of our city annually take their toll in life or cause serious injury and [redacted] pain and suffering to numbers of our citizens.

The distressing consequences of most of these accidents might have been greatly lessened had proper materials been at hand for immediate first-aid treatment.

[redacted] many years [redacted] first aid week has been observed with increasing benefit to the public, and this year falls on March 13th to 19th.

[redacted], I urge all citizens to examine carefully the supplies of first-aid materials during the week of March 13th to 19th and to prepare at all time to render such first aid as is necessary and desirable in minor accidents and other emergencies.

IN [redacted], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the [redacted] of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of February, 1930.

[redacted]
Governor of California.

By: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By: Frank M. Coon
County.

789

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 25 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. J. Hagelstein
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible] is in its hospital[illegible] for its [illegible]ity. [illegible] [illegible] r to any [illegible] it.

[illegible] so I [illegible] [illegible] people of [illegible] so in behalf of those less fortunate than themselves, the blind of that city.

I plead that you, [illegible], [illegible] your whole-hearted c[illegible] to the [illegible] Association for the Blind [illegible] Blind Craft [illegible]. [illegible] fellow citizens, [illegible] but undaunted, are struggling valiantly u[illegible] direction [illegible] Association to make themselves self-supporting members of society.

They ask no charity. They work diligently [illegible] making brooms, furniture, baskets, rugs, [illegible], [illegible] other [illegible]. [illegible] live in a world of darkness [illegible] the depression just as you [illegible]. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in its [illegible] task [illegible] able occupation [illegible] [illegible] afflicted t[illegible] have specialized attention.

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

San Francisco is world famous in its hospitality and for its charity. Never does that great cit by the Golden Gate turn a deaf ear to any appeal of merit.

And so I address the generous people of San Francisco in behalf of those less fortunate than themselves, the blind of that city.

I plead that you, once again, give your wholehearted cooperation to the San Francisco Association for the Blind during "Blind Craft Week." Our fellow citizens, sightless but undaunted, are struggling valiantly under direction of the Association to make themselves self-supporting members of society.

They ask no charity. They work diligently at making brooms, furniture, baskets, rugs, chairs, and other similar articles. Those dear citizens who live in a world of darkness have suffered during the depression just as you and I have suffered. Let us find a ready market for their product to the end that the splendid work of the San Francisco Association for the Blind may continue in its noble task of teaching profitable occupation to those so afflicted that they must have specialized attention.

Executive Department
State of California

Let us "Help the Blind to Help themselves" by giving unstintingly of their wares during the week of October 17th to 22nd 1932, Blind Craft Week.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 7th day of October, 1932.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C Jordan
Secretary of State

By Chas Hagan
Deputy Secretary of State



HANNAH M. ISAACS

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO THE GENERAL MANAGER

"BLINDCRAFT"
HOWARD AT SEVENTH
SAN FRANCISCO

Friday

Suggested Statement on Blindcraft - to be signed by Governor Rolph

"I know of only one appeal that strikes me harder than 'Help the Blind'. That is Blindcraft's appeal 'Help the Blind to Help Themselves! I have knownthe work of this institution for many years and have always been glad to give it any personal or official endorsement within my power.

"Every man, woman, and child in S.F. California should be a member of the San Francisco Association for the Blind, which founded and operates the Blindcraft factory. Every housewife should buy Blindcraft brooms and the other excellent articles made at this institution. And I don't know of any investment which will bring bigger returns than a gift which helps a blind person to live out his life as a self-supporting member of society."

Secretary of State.

BY _____
Deputy.

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

I know of only one appeal that strikes me harder than "Help the Blind". That is Blindcraft's appeal "Help the Blind to Help Themselves". I have known the work of this institution for many years and have always been glad to give it any personal or official endorsement within my power.

Every man, woman, and child in San Francisco (who is so unfortunate as to be blind) should be a member of the San Francisco Association for the Blind, which founded and operates the Blindcraft factory. Every housewife should buy Blindcraft brooms, furniture, woven rugs, cane chairs, baskets of all kinds, and the other excellent articles made at this institution. I don't know of any investment which will bring bigger returns than a gift which helps a blind person to live out his life as a self-supporting member of society.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 25th day of February, 1932.



Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

BY Chas. Hagert
Deputy.

791

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 2 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Blanche Hagelin
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Realizing the importance of bird conservation and its value to an agricultural state such as California, I hereby desi nate April 5th as Bird Day in California as a part of the nation-wide tribute to bird life.

Statistics show that the loss to agriculture by insect pests amounts to more than $1,300,000,000 yearly.

Birds are the natural enemies of all forms of insect life and the decrease in the bird life of the nation makes it necessary that there be instilled in the minds of the school children of California a love of nature and a knowledge of her benefactions.

Therefore, I request that teachers in our public schools and the people generally shall observe April 5, 1932, with appropriate exercises so that the value of birds may be better recognized and bird life studied.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of March, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: [illegible]
Secretary of State.

BY: [illegible]
Deputy.

790

3/4

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FEB 29 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In honor and memory of the sacrifices made by the brave men and women who participated in the World War, the American Legion officially has set aside May 28th as annual "Poppy Day."

Proceeds from the sale of these paper flowers are used in aiding those crippled by the wounds and diseases of war.

Last year more than eleven million poppies were sold throughout the United States, Panama and the Hawaiian Islands, all manufactured by disabled veterans under the supervision of the American Legion Auxiliary.

Lest we forget those who lie "Over There"; those who have passed to the great beyond in their own country; and those who are now struggling to rehabilitate themselves despite the cruel handicaps placed upon them by War, I hereby proclaim May 28th as "Poppy Day" throughout the State of California and

Beg of my fellow citizens throughout this great commonwealth that they give whole-hearted support on that day to the work being done by the American Legion Auxiliary.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of February, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

BY: Frank C. [illegible]

Deputy.

Bird Day
1932

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Realizing the importance of bird conservation and its value to an agricultural state such as California, I hereby designate April 8th as Bird Day in California as a part of the nation-wide tribute to bird life.

Statistics show that the loss to agriculture by insect pests amounts to more than $1,300,000,000 yearly.

Birds are the natural enemies of all forms of insect life and the decrease in the bird life of the nation makes it necessary that there be instilled in the minds of the school children of California a love of nature and a knowledge of her benefactions.

Therefore, I request that teachers in our public schools and the people generally shall observe April 8, 1932, with appropriate exercises so that the value of birds may be better recognized and bird life studied.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of March, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

BY: Chas. Hagel
Deputy.

79216

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 17 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
BY _____
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The Army of the United States has a most glorious record which is the proud heritage of the American people. Its history is filled with [illegible] humble employment. Its loyalty, courage and efficiency are known and envied the world over. [illegible] of many nations, our Army has always victoriously encountered any task confronting it. Its deeds in war from that day at Lexington which culminated in the birth of our Republic, to the hard fought battles in France, are well known to all citizens of the land, as it has fought always and everywhere in defense of principles and rights, never merely for territory or power.

[illegible] its record in war has always been, its record in peace as a factor in the development of the nation is no less worthy. It completed nearly all preliminary explorations in the early days of our history. It was the expedition of [illegible] as Lieutenant [illegible] was the first [illegible] of our great West. Troops of the Army followed them, building bridges, roads, canals and making the maps and surveys that might be essential to civilization. The building of the Panama Canal, the elimination of yellow fever and malaria must be directly credited to the Army. Its activities in the pursuits of peace are many, and not as showy, it is ready to serve the nation in wartime and peacetime, loyally, efficiently and if necessary ready to make the supreme sacrifice to guarantee the continuance of all those principles and rights upon which our nation is founded.

In recognition thereof, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, April 6, 1929, to be Army Day, on which time all citizens of the State of California are urged to observe this day by a display of the National Flag and the conduct of patriotic exercises having for their aim an appreciation of our nation and admiration for the United States Army, ever glorious in war or in peace.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th day of March, 1929.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

793

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 16 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Good Friday, March 25, 1932, will be observed throughout the world as the holiest day of the Christian year.

I hereby proclaim its observance and grant permission to all in public service, who desire to do so, to attend divine services between the hours of 12:00 noon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of Good Friday next.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this sixteenth day of March, A. D. 193[illegible].

James Rolph

Governor of California.

By: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By: _____

Deputy.

794

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 25 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Chas. Hagerty
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In observance of Good Friday, the office of the Governor will be closed between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

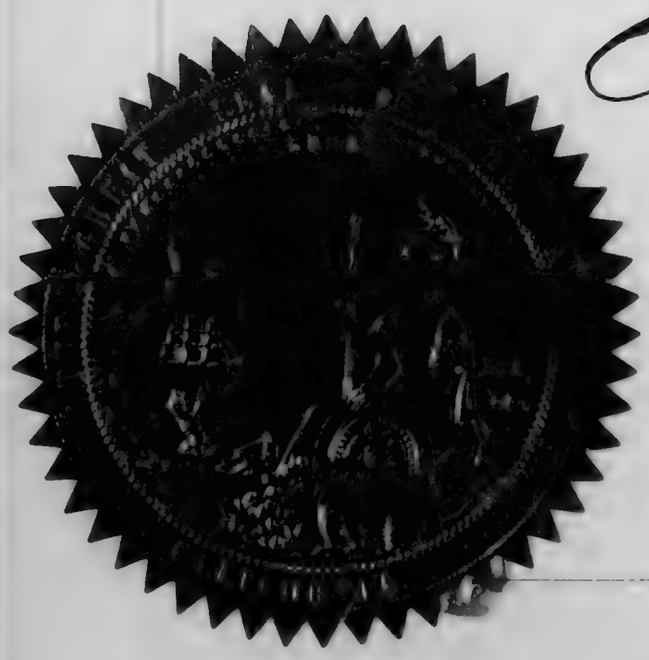
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.



795

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 4 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Pursuant to the request made upon me by the PAN AMERICAN SOCIETY, INC., I am happy to designate April 14th as Pan American Day.

I hereby request that the Flag of the United States be displayed on all Government Buildings on April 14th 1932, and I am pleased to invite all Educational Institutions, Civic Organizations, and the people of the United States to observe said day with appropriate ceremonies, thereby giving expression to the spirit of contentment, good will and cooperation, and a feeling of cordiality and the friendly esteem which the people of the United States hold toward their Sister Republics of the South American Continent.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fourth day of April, A. D. 1932.

James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Chas. Hagel
Deputy Secretary of State

796

320

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 5 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

The annual State Fair, with its unexcelled displays of the wonderful agricultural and industrial products of California, has become one of the outstanding expositions of its kind in America. It has so expanded that it now stands without parallel and strikingly exemplifies the spirit of progress and enterprise so typical of the West. Its livestock and agricultural displays include exhibits from all parts of the state and from many neighboring states.

Each year the California State Fair is achieving greater glory. Its aims have expanded in scope and last year its exhibits surpassed, both in number and in quality, those of 1930. Attendance in 1931 smashed all records.

This seventy-eighth exhibit, now in the making, promises to have the greatest horse show in its history. Thoroughbreds from all over the nation and trick performers, entrants in the Tenth Olympiad in Los Angeles, will be participants in Sacramento. I look forward to the 1932 State Fair and believe it will eclipse the triumph of last year.

Therefore, I strongly urge my fellow Californians to give it their enthusiastic support. It is their very own, builded by them and dependent for its success upon their personal interest and support.

California this year will join with many of our sister states in paying tribute to the Father of our Country, and the Washington Bi-centennial, now being observed throughout the United States, will be the theme of the exposition.

As Governor of this great commonwealth, I, therefore, beg that all Californians lend their support to this great educational enterprise, a worthy monument to the future progress of our Western Empire.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I Have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 6th day of April, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

Chas. Hyde

DEPUTY

321 797

FILED

Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 6 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

The children of California today will be the citizens of California tomorrow and upon them will rest the future responsibilities and duties of government. In order that they may be prepared for these responsibilities their rights to good homes, good food and healthy bodies must be respected. To provide for the welfare of our children is a solemn obligation and in order that the people of our favored state may better realize this obligation I hereby proclaim May first, 1932, as Child Health Day to be observed fittingly throughout the State of California.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fifth day of April, A. D. 1932.

James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

798

FILED

Office of the Secretary of State

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 6 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN

SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Be Kind to Animals Week
1932

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

A definite indication of an advancing civilization is a growing tendency to revere and appreciate the nobler sentiments of people toward each other and to all lower forms of life.

The nation-wide "Be Kind to Animals Anniversary" from April 17th to April 23rd 1932, therefore offers to the American people an opportunity to again pay tribute to the dumb animals of the United States and to recognize the need for the furtherance of a deeper and more profound humane attitude in the interests of all life.

Kindness to animals is something which should appeal to all classes of society, old and young. In being taught the principles of humaneness, the child is learning a lesson that will bring forth fruit in after years in every aspect of his experience. He will become a better citizen with a wholesome regard for the rights of others, for kindness to animals carries with it the idea of a larger friendliness for one's fellowman.

As Governor of California, I urge all schools in the state, and all representatives of the church and other organizations to observe this period from April 17th to April 23rd and to exemplify this spirit of friendship each day throughout the year in a more kindly humane attitude toward one another and toward the animals whose inability to speak a language understandable to many of us, places them under our guidance and protection.

Be Kind to Animals Week
1932

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

A definite indication of an advancing civilization is a growing tendency to revere and appreciate the nobler sentiments of people toward each other and to all lower forms of life.

The nation-wide "Be Kind to Animals Anniversary" from April 17th to April 23rd 1932, therefore offers to the American people an opportunity to again pay tribute to the dumb animals of the United States and to recognize the need for the furtherance of a deeper and more profound humane attitude in the interests of all life.

Kindness to animals is something which should appeal to all classes of society, old and young. In being taught the principles of humaneness, the child is learning a lesson that will bring forth fruit in after years in every aspect of his experience. He will become a better citizen with a wholesome regard for the rights of others, for kindness to animals carries with it the idea of a larger friendliness for one's fellowman.

As Governor of California, I urge all schools in the state, and all representatives of the church and other organizations to observe this period from April 17th to April 23rd and to exemplify this spirit of friendship each day throughout the year in a more kindly humane attitude toward one another and toward the animals whose inability to speak a language understandable to many of us, places them under our guidance and protection.

Executive Department
State of California

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fifth day of April, A. D. 1932.

Governor of California

Secretary of State

ATTEST:



799

323


FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 11 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

The Ancient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine will hold its 58th Imperial Council Sessions in San Francisco July 26th, 27th and 28th.

The Shriners of North America have planned to spend more lavishly than ever before to make this Convention a great demonstration of optimism. From Maine to California and from Toronto to Mexico City Shriners are busy preparing their colorful bands and floats for this Convention.

One feature of this Convention in which every California municipality and Chamber of Commerce should be represented, is the Shrine "Mardi Gras" of Industry, consisting of grotesque figures and floats advertising California to the visitors from all parts of North America.

Join the San Francisco Shrine Convention committee in promoting this project and let your city be represented in this demonstration of national optimism.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eighth day of April, A. D. 1932.

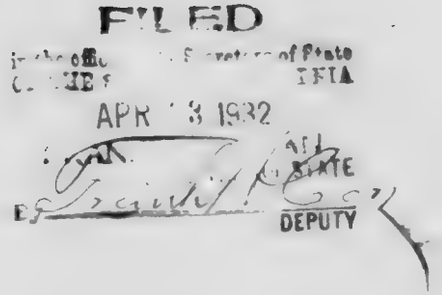
James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

800

224



Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In recognition of the heroic efforts made by the farmers of our state to overcome their common difficulties and to bring a more abundant return to the people, we have found it fit and appropriate to set aside a day which shall annually be observed as "California Farm Products Day."

The first of these anniversaries has been set for Thursday, June 16. We ask that all residents of California foregather on that date in their respective communities to participate in a program which shall have for its purpose the wholesome exploitation of the products of the soil and the opportunity to greet those of our people from whose orchards and farms come the life, the vigor and the rich tradition of our state.

The splendid performance of our farm people under the distressing circumstances which have marked the past few years, very directly deserves this recognition and this cooperation on the part of all of California.

The products of our state are known throughout the world. Let us fittingly honor the men and women who have won this recognition at no small sacrifice to themselves.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of April, 1932.



James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: Frank C. Clark
Deputy

801

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 3 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

To All Peoples of the State of [illegible]:

For the past few years the first week in May has been recognized as National Week of Hearing Week in the United States.

This movement is sponsored by the American Federation of Organizations for the Hard of Hearing in an effort to bring before the public the alarming prevalence of deafness with its accompanying limitations, social, educational and economical.

There are in the United States approximately ten million deafened persons, three million of whom are hard of hearing children in our public schools.

Since the main objectives of the Federation's movement are the prevention of deafness, the conservation of hearing and the rehabilitation of the deafened, it gives me pleasure as Governor of California, to proclaim the first week in May as National Hard of Hearing Week and to urge all Californians to observe this period so that the cause of the deafened of our nation and state may be advanced.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of April, 1934.

James Rolph

Governor of California

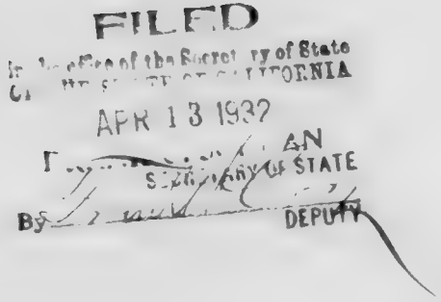
ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

BY: [illegible]

Deputy

802


FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
APR 13 1932
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

The Seamen's Book Society of California makes its Ninth Annual Appeal to the people of California to give books which they have read and liked in order that the sailors on Merchant ships sailing out of California ports may have the opportunity of enjoying them too. Seamen's Book Week will be observed from April 13th to 20th 1935. Cooperating agencies are most of the Public Libraries, the Rotary, Lions and Kiwanis Clubs, the Loyal Knights of the Round Table, the Federation of Women's Clubs, Daughters of the American Revolution, the Junior League, Boy Scouts of America and other organizations. Take your books to your own society or the Public Library in your community, or send your books direct to the Seamen's Church Institute, either in San Francisco or Los Angeles.

Your gifts provide the books for sea-going Libraries and bear the stamp "From Friends in California". Last year over 60,000 books were circulated on merchant ships. Between loss and wear, at least half the books need to be replaced each year. Give generously that more and better libraries may remind sailors every time they read one of your gift books that they are truly from "Friends in California."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twelfth day of April, A. D. 1935.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By Frank McCarthy Asst

803

3-17

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 13 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Chas J Hagelstein
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Mothers' Day has been set for May 8th, and I deem it a privilege and a pleasure to call this fact to the attention of my fellow Californians and bespeak of them to pause from their duties to pay tribute to their mothers.

Mothers' Day is a day set apart for the sons and daughters of California to express loving feelings to their mothers. It is the mother whose sacrifice and loving care mould the character of the future citizen; it is the mother who has always shared our joys and our sorrows. It is our mother who spurs us on to greater achievement, and no tribute is too great to pay Her!

It is my sincere hope that every son and daughter in California will join in the observance of this day by paying homage to their mothers. Let us raise the flag in their honor and wear a flower as a tribute. "Honor thy Mother."

We should also bear in mind not only on Mothers' Day but at all times, the immortal expression of Abraham Lincoln:

"All that I am, or all that I hope
to be, I owe to my darling mother."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of April, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

336
804

DUDLEY MOULTON
DIRECTOR

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 16 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 5 (NEW SERIES)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil, and Varieties Thereof, and Pink Bollworm of Cotton

Effective on and after April 7, 1932.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that injurious insects known as the Mexican cotton boll weevil (Anthonomus grandis Boh.), and varieties thereof, and the pink bollworm (Pectinophora gossypiella Saunders), new to and not hitherto known to exist within and throughout the State of California, exists in several states of the United States, and that cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples of cotton, seed cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed hulls, cotton seed cake, cotton seed meal, cotton ginning and milling machinery, cotton bagging, used cotton pickers' bags and all other articles or materials that have been used in connection with growing, harvesting, ginning, baling, transporting or manufacturing cotton lint, seed cotton, or cotton seed; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, used household effects, household implements, camping effects and camping implements, are liable to be carriers of said insects;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the Mexican cotton boll weevil and varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples of cotton, seed cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed hulls, cotton seed cake, cotton seed meal, cotton ginning and milling machinery, cotton bagging, used cotton pickers' bags and all other articles or materials that have been used in connection with growing, harvesting, ginning, baling, transporting or manufacturing cotton lint, seed cotton, or cotton seed; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, used household effects, household implements, camping effects, and camping implements imported, shipped or brought from any other state, territory or locality of the United States, and further, no such commodities, articles,

materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state or locality of the United States wherein the cultivated cotton is known to be infested with the Mexican cotton boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm, is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such seed cotton or cotton seed as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 2. Seed cotton or cotton seed grown in any state of the United States where the Mexican cotton boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton may be admitted into the State of California subject to the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California seed cotton or cotton seed from any state in the United States where the Mexican cotton boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the purpose for which the seed cotton or cotton seed is intended, the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the seed cotton or cotton seed was grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Accompanying the application must be a statement signed by the state entomologist of the state from which the seed cotton or cottonseed is to be imported to the effect that the seed cotton or cotton seed will be inspected before shipment and that a certificate of inspection signed by the state entomologist will accompany the shipment or be attached to the waybills, conductors' manifests, memoranda or bills of lading covering such shipment. Such certificate shall set forth the locality of origin of the seed cotton or cotton seed comprising the shipment, shall establish the fact that the Mexican cotton boll weevil, the varieties thereof, and the pink bollworm are not known to exist in the cultivated cotton in the state in which the seed cotton or cotton seed originates, and shall give the initials and car number of the car in which shipped if carlot shipment; if less than carlot shipment markings of container or containers shall be given. A copy of the certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Regulation 3. Seed cotton or cotton seed imported or brought into the State of California under permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have each package or container in the shipment plainly and correctly marked to show the number of the permit, the quantity of the contents, the state and locality where grown, the name and address of the exporter and the name and address of the consignee. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the treatment which shall be given the

commodity or container or vehicle as a condition of entry of material for which permit is requested.

Regulation 4. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of cotton lint, linters, waste, sweepings, samples, or any form of unmanufac ured cotton from any other state of the United States shall first make application to the Director of Ag iculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify treatment which shall be given commodity or container or vehicle as a condition of entry of material for which permit is requested.

Regulation 5. Cottonseed cake and cottonseed meal and the sacks or other containers in which same are shipped, will be admitted into the State of California from any state of the United States only when such cottonseed by-products and their containers are free from whole cottonseed and when accompanied by a certificate of the duly authorized plant quarantine inspection official of the state of origin establishing the fact that the sacks or other containers are new or have not previously been used to contain seed cotton, cotton seed or cotton seed by-products.

Regulation 6. Except as provided in Regulation 5 hereof, cotton bagging that has been used as a container for seed cotton or cottonseed, or in the baling of cotton, cotton lint, or cotton waste, or in the manufacture or handling of cottonseed by-products in any other state of the United States is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton bagging as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 7. Cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery that has previously been used in the ginning or milling of seed cotton, cottonseed or cottonseed by-products, in any state of the United States will be admitted into the State of California subject to and only und r the following requirements: Persons contemplating the importing or bringing into the State of California of any such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation, shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality from which the shipment is to be made, the nature and amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Any and all shipments of such machinery as heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought into the State of California under authority of permit issued by the Director of Agriculture shall have attached to each shipment a certificate signed by the official entomologist of the state from

which such shipment was made, showing the number of the permit to import and setting forth the fact that all the cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery included in the shipment had been cleaned and fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas before being loaded for shipment, the date and place of fumigation, and the amount of cyanide used in the fumigation of the shipment covered by the certificate. Any and all shipments of cotton ginning or cotton milling machinery not accompanied by a certificate as provided for in this regulation shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such machinery without a certificate as provided for, the same shall be immediately sent out of the State at the expense of the owner, consignee or agent.

Regulation 8. Cotton picking bags that have been used for picking or harvesting cotton in any state or territory of the United States or any cotton-picking bags that have cotton lint or cottonseed in or upon or adhering to the same are hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of any such cotton-picking bags, as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, consignee or agent; provided, that used cotton-picking bags carried or otherwise brought into the State of California through a border quarantine station maintained by the State of California where facilities are available for sterilization, may be admitted, provided the said picking bags are immersed for not less than ten minutes in boiling water, said sterilization to be given at such border quarantine station and under the immediate and direct supervision of the quarantine inspector at such station. All expense and labor connected with the sterilization of such cotton-picking bags shall be borne by the owner or owners or person or persons in charge of same. Any failure or refusal by the owner or person in possession of such picking bags arriving at such border quarantine station to sterilize such bags, to the satisfaction of the quarantine inspector at such station, shall result in such picking bags being refused admittance into the State of California, and either immediately sent out of the State, or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or party in possession of same.

Regulation 9. Railroad cars that have been used for the transportation of seed cotton, cotton lint, cottonseed, or cottonseed hulls, must immediately upon arrival at California points be so disinfected or sterilized as to remove all possible danger of infestation of the Mexican boll weevil, and varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm and thoroughly cleaned of all cottonseed, or cottonseed hulls, and such cottonseed or hulls shall be burned upon removal from the car. Any and all such cars found at any point in California containing cottonseed or cottonseed hulls in or upon any of the parts thereof, shall be amenable to all the regulations of this order, and shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardians, until said car has been disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection and the said cottonseed or cottonseed hulls are destroyed.

Regulation 10. Upon arrival at any common carrier station in the State of California of any shipment of emigrant movables, farming implements, or other field appliances, or of used household goods, from the states of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia, or any other state in which the Mexican cotton boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm may become established, the same shall be held intact by the common carrier agent, and not delivered to the consignee, shipper, owner, or agent, until the shipment has been inspected by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, and found free of seed cotton, cottonseed or other articles quarantined against in this order.

Regulation 11. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles, baggage, emigrant movables, personal effects, farming implements, or other field appliances, used household effects, household implements, camping effects and camping implements arriving in the State of California by other than common carrier transportation, from the states of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia, shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardians of the district or county into which such vehicles, articles or commodities are imported or brought, until it has been determined by inspection that the same are free from the Mexican boll weevil, or varieties thereof, or the pink bollworm, and other articles quarantined against in this order.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to the consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

When the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States shall have promulgated quarantine regulations governing the interstate movement from any state or portion of any state, of cotton or cotton products or any other article or commodity restricted by the provisions of this quarantine, such regulations by the Secretary of Agriculture shall supersede these regulations, and all such cotton or cotton products or other articles or commodities from the areas covered by such federal quarantine may enter this State only in accordance with the regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture; provided, that if at any time for any reason the said regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture are set aside or are not enforced for any state or portion of any state of the United States, then all the regulations herein set forth shall be in full force and effect.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 5 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 5 (New Series) dated April 1, 1931, and shall take effect immediately.

Dudley Moulton
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: James Rolph
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: April 7, 1932.

808

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 7 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

CALIFORNIA NATIONAL EGG WEEK

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Like many of our agricultural interests, the Poultry Industry of the State of California, represented by approximately 400,000 people depending upon it for their living and success, is facing rather a serious situation because of the low prices, and are appealing to their neighbor Californians for support in this economic distress.

Considering that this State would be seriously affected if the industry is not successfully maintained and aided, it is, as fellow Californians, our beholden duty to support this giant industry; last year producing approximately 75 million dollars' worth of poultry products. As this is one of our greatest agricultural producing industries, shipping to foreign countries and domestic markets an average of 3,000 carloads of eggs annually, the loss of such an income would seriously affect our prosperity.

With these conditions threatening our economic structure, the poultrymen of the State, aided by many organizations and farm leaders have asked our approval to name May 1st to 7th inclusive as National Egg Week, calling attention to the great concentrated food value of the egg, rich in vitamines and health-building materials. It being said by authorities that the egg has a greater variety and abundance of those essential protective disease resisting properties (vitamines) than any other food commodity.

As Governor of the State of California, I heartily approve of aiding the poultry industry of the State and respectfully request my fellow Californians interested in their State's prosperity and welfare, to give full and enthusiastic cooperation to this industry by helping to make National Egg Week a complete success by eating more eggs.

Executive Department
State of California

Arriving rather late from my extended tour to the Governors' Convention, it was impossible for me to submit for your consideration a Proclamation in time for the opening of National Egg Week on May 1st, but let us begin now, on this day, and continue to help the Giant Poultry Industry of this State by continuously consuming the product of our humble California Hen. Thereby helping and aiding this very deserving industry.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of May, 1932.

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: Frank M. Gray
Deputy

805

330

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 7 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Chas J Hagelin DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

The United States Chamber of Commerce will hold its Annual National Convention in San Francisco during the week of May 16th to 21st. This convention brings to our State many distinguished visitors, representative of the business, industrial and financial interests of this great country.

I hereby designate MONDAY, MAY 16, 1932, as "BACK TO GOOD [illegible] DAY" throughout California.

I call upon my fellow Californians, through a state-wide demonstration on that day, to let the Nation know that here in California we have the faith, we have the courage, we have the initiative to lead the nation into the bright sunlight of a sound returning prosperity.

I have designated Marshall Hale of San Francisco, Chairman for Northern California, and George L. Eastman of Los Angeles, Chairman for Southern California, to name a state wide committee of 1000 to lead in this demonstration.

Our civic leaders in San Francisco and Los Angeles will arrange a luncheon to be participated in by the people of the entire state of California.

At the luncheon board in San Francisco a speaker of National importance, by means of a radio broadcast will bring to the people of California a message of confidence and courage from the Atlantic seaboard.

From the luncheon room in Los Angeles, the Honorable Joseph Scott will broadcast to the luncheon room in San Francisco a word of cheer and cooperation from the southland.

I call upon the service clubs, womens clubs and other organizations the length and breadth of this state to join in this great movement through local luncheons or gatherings.

I call upon the public schools, parochial schools and the private schools of our state to arrange for a listening hour on this day that the children may carry to the homes of California words of encouragement, hope and good cheer.

I urge our merchants to join for this week in a statewide exposition of confidence in coming good times, which will be in effect an exposition of the present day purchasing value of the dollar.

Executive Department
State of California

The hour has struck -- California will lead the Nation to a sound prosperity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 5th day of May, 1932.

James Rolph
Governor of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State



By: Frank I. Kerr
Deputy

806

331

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 7 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By Chas J Hagels
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

To focus attention of the public of this state upon the invaluable service rendered it by its hospitals, I am pleased to proclaim May 12th as National Hospital Day.

This date will be observed throughout the nation as the day upon which special attention will be drawn to the humane work being done by the hospitals of the United States.

How true is the saying "Our hospitals pay dividends - dividends in human lives."

Let us all, then, join with our doctors and nurses in spreading the seeds of good will and in educating our fellow man to the need for community support of these medical institutions.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of May, 1932.



James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: Frank M. Cox
Deputy

807

0332

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 7 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J Hagelin
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

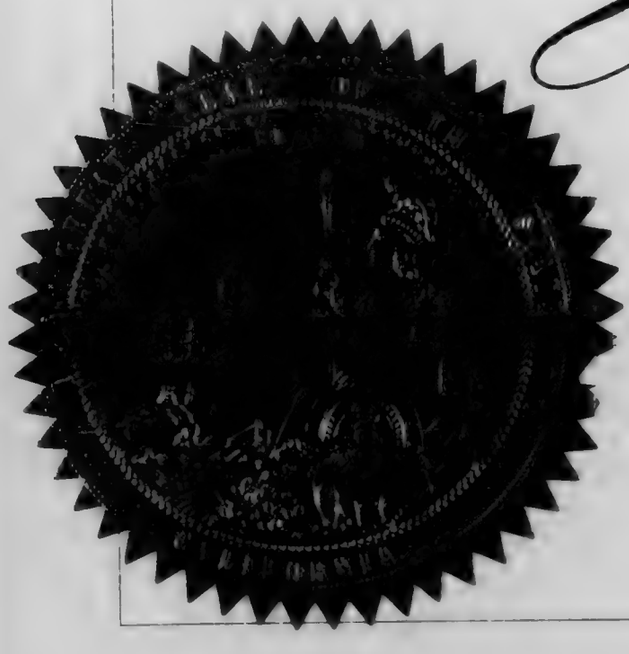
Junipero Serra - what memories that name brings to the minds of all Californians! Founder of nine California missions, friend of the Indians, preacher of righteousness, he left an indelible stamp on the history of this great state.

Devout, zealous, energetic, his soul afire with tender love for all mankind, his memory, indeed, should be revered by all Californians.

And so, I name May 11th as Serra Day, when the Rotary Club de Mallorca at Palma, island of Mallorca, Spain, will present to the city of San Francisco the house in Petra in which Fray Junipero Serra was born.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of May, 1932.

James Rolph
Governor of California



ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: Frank M. Kerr
Deputy

331
809

DUDLEY MOULTON
DIRECTOR

DAVID N MORGAN
EXECUTIVE OFFICER

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 23 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas J Hazlett
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 11 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Citrus White Fly in California

Effective on and after March 10, 1932

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), injurious to citrus trees and other trees and plants, exists in certain hereinafter described portions of the State of California; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insect:

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of the citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm), in and throughout the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the hereinafter described regulated territory in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm), and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines, and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or otherwise moved from the hereinafter described regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, or vines, or cuttings thereof as quarantined against in this order, shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations.

Regulation 1. Regulated Territory: All that portion of the County of Sacramento included in the incorporate limits of the City of Sacramento.

All that portion of Yuba County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Marysville and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south bank of Yuba River opposite D Street in said city; thence down the south bank of said river to the center of Feather River; thence up the center of Feather River to a point opposite Sixteenth Street in said city; thence easterly along the north line of said Sixteenth Street to E Street of said city; thence northerly along the west line of E Street to the northwest corner of

Suburban Lot 5, Range D; thence easterly to the other side of the levee as now located by said city; thence along the outer side of said levee until it intersects the Brown's Valley road or grade; thence along the extreme southeasterly side of said Brown's Valley road or grade to a point where said Brown's Valley road or grade intersects Swezy Street, thence due south to the south bank of the Yuba River; thence along the south bank of the Yuba River to the place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including Yuba City, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the west bank of the Feather River due east from the junction of the Pease road and the Yuba City-Chico state highway, thence due west to said junction; thence westerly along the Pease road to the Onstott road; thence southerly along the said Onstott road to the Franklin road; thence westerly along the said Franklin road to the Township road; thence southerly along the said Township road to the Oswald road; thence easterly along the Oswald road to its easterly termination; thence in a line due east from the easterly termination of the Oswald road to the west bank of the Feather River; thence northerly along the west bank of the said Feather River to place of beginning.

All that portion of Sutter County, including a part of Sutter City, and bounded as follows: On the south by the state highway; on the east by Palm Street; on the north by Nelson Street; and on the west by a line extending in a due northerly direction from the point where First Avenue joins the State highway to a line extending due west from the point where Nelson Avenue joins Walnut Street.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Gridley.

All that portion of Butte County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Oroville.

All that portion of Orange County included in the incorporate limits of the city of Santa Ana.

All that portion of Orange County, including a part of the city of Tustin, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the east Santa Ana city limits at the junction of Wright Street and Santa Clara Avenue; thence easterly along said Santa Clara Avenue to Prospect Avenue; thence southerly along said Prospect Avenue to First Street; thence westerly along said First Street one block to D Street in the city of Tustin; thence southerly along said D Street to Newport Avenue; thence southwesterly along Newport Avenue to McFadden Street; thence westerly along said McFadden Street to its junction with the east Santa Ana City limits; thence northerly along said Santa Ana city limits to point of beginning.

All that portion of Los Angeles County including a part of the city of Arcadia, and bounded as follows: On the south by San Joaquin Avenue and its westerly extension known as Longden Avenue; on the easy by Holly Avenue; on the north by Huntington Drive; and on the west by Sunset Boulevard.

Regulation 2. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California, unless each shipment or lot is accompanied by a certificate issued by the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county of origin, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, establishing the fact that all the said hosts have been completely defoliated, vacuum fumigated and properly protected from reinfestation following said fumigation. Said certificates shall be issued only when said hosts ave been completely defoliated at point of origin after said hosts are balled and before transportation to the vacuum fumigator plant; have been vacuum fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas, such gas to be applied to said hosts in a vacuum fumigator at the rate of 20 cc. of HCN per 100 cu. ft. of space in the fumigator, the injection of the hydrocyanic acid gas to begin at not less than a 27-inch mercurial vacuum, the charge to be entrained with air in a manner that will allow the complete charge to be injected before the vacuum gauge shall register 5 inches mercurial vacuum, and the exposure shall be for 60 minutes from the time the gauge registers zero, provided that the fumigator load of balled nursery stock shall not exceed 15 pounds to each cu. ft. of space in the fumigator; and immediately following said fumigation have been placed in an insect-proof enclosure until packed, loaded or placed in a railroad car, truck, or other vehicle for immediate transportation to a point outside the said regulated territory; said fumigator, insect-proof enclosure and protective procedure to prevent reinfestation to be first approved by the Director of Agriculture:

Ailanthus altissima (Tree of Heaven).
Allamanda neriifolia (Allamanda).
Choisya ternata (Mexican orange).
Citrus spp. (Orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine and all other species cultivated in America).
Coffea spp. (Coffee).
Gardenia spp. (Cape Jasmine, Cape Jessamine or Gardenia).
Hedera helix (English Ivy).
Ligustrum spp. (Privets).
Melia spp. (China Tree or China Berry, Texas Umbrella, Pride of India).
Osmanthus americanus (Wild Olive or Devilwood).
Photinia arbutifolia (Toyon Christmas Berry).
Phyllanthus acidus (Otaheite gooseberry, West India gooseberry, Jimbling).
Prunus caroliniana (Mock orange).
Severinia buxifolia (Severinia).
Smilax spp. (Green briers).
Thea sinensis (Tea plant).
Zanthoxylum clava-Herculis (Pepper wood, Prickly Ash).

Regulation 3. All of the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, or vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this regulation, possible carriers when in foliage of Dialeurodes citri, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California unless same have been completely defoliated at point of origin:

Cephalanthus occidentalis (Button Bush).
Cinnamomum spp. (Camphor Tree, Cinnamon Tree, Cassia Bark Tree, Cassia Flower Tree).
Diospyros Kaki (Japanese Persimmon).
Diospyros virginiana (Common persimmon).
Ilex spp. (English, American and all other Holly).
Jasminum spp. (Jessamine, Jasmine).
Lagerstroemia spp. (Crape Myrtle).
Laurus nobilis (Grecian Laurel or Sweet Bay).
Lonicera spp. (Honey suckle).
Sapindus spp. (Soapberry, Wild China Tree).
Syringa spp. (Lilacs).

Regulation 4. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of the nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines and cuttings thereof as specified in Regulations 2 and 3 hereof, between points within the said regulated territory when such movement does not involve passing over any of the quarantine lines as established and proclaimed in this quarantine; provided that such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines and cuttings thereof originating in that portion of the regulated territory bounded as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Seventeenth Street and Bristol Street in the city of Santa Ana; thence south along said Bristol Street to Fairview Avenue; thence east along said Fairview Avenue to Main Street; thence south along said Main Street to McFadden Street; thence east along said McFadden Street to the Pacific Electric Railway right of way; thence south along said Pacific Electric Railway right of way to its junction with the south city limits of the City of Santa Ana; thence easterly along said south city limits of the City of Santa Ana to its easterly termination; thence northerly along the east Santa Ana city limits to its junction with Seventeenth Street; thence westerly along said Seventeenth Street to point of beginning, all of above described area being within the city limits of the city of Santa Ana, county of Orange and hereinafter designated as infested territory, are hereby prohibited from moving from the said infested territory into any other portion of the said regulated territory outside of the said infested territory or to any other portion of the State of California unless the same restrictions are met as hereinbefore provided for the movement of the said nursery stock, trees, shrubs and vines and cuttings thereof from the regulated territory to other portions of the State of California.

Regulation 5. No restrictions are placed by the provisions of this quarantine upon the immediate transportation through the said regulated territory, of any of the said hosts when same have originated outside the said regulated territory. No restrictions are placed by the provisions of this quarantine upon the movement of said hosts originating outside the said regulated territory but brought directly to a railroad station or other

shipping point in the regulated territory for immediate shipment to some point in the state of California outside the said regulated territory, except that same must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county in which the said railroad station or other shipping point is located, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, certifying that said hosts originated outside the said regulated territory and were immediately shipped as above. Any said host plants brought, shipped or otherwise transported into the said regulated territory from areas outside thereof and not immediately reshipped as above, shall be amenable to all the provisions of this quarantine except that when such hosts are delivered to a vacuum fumigation plant located within the regulated territory for treatment, reshipment will be permitted to points outside the said regulated territory provided that following such fumigation said hosts are immediately placed in an insect proof enclosure approved by the Director of Agriculture, and are kept in such enclosure during all the time they are within the said regulated territory until packed or loaded in railroad car, truck, or other vehicle for immediate movement to a point outside the said regulated territory and further provided that each such lot or shipment is accompanied by a certificate issued by the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county in which said vacuum fumigation plant is located, or his duly authorized deputy or inspector, certifying that all the said host plants contained in the shipment have been handled in accordance with the above provisions.

Regulation 6. All shipments or lots of nursery stock permitted entry into other portions of the State of California from the said regulated territory under Regulations 2 and 3 hereof, must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

Regulation 7. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, or vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in any other portion of the State of California from the said regulated territory or in any portion of the regulated territory from the said infested territory in violation of or not fully complying with all the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately returned to origin or destroyed, at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said regulated territory into any other portion of the State of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs or vines or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing regulation, shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine order, rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 11 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 11 (New Series) dated February 5, 1932, and shall take effect immediately.

Dudley Moulton
Director of Agriculture.

ISSUED: March 10, 1932.

812

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 31 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

:

June 14th [illegible] will be the [illegible] anniversary of the [illegible] as an emblem of the United [illegible]; and with [illegible], the history of the American flag as a symbol of [illegible].

[illegible] on account of the fact that it is the bicentennial year of [illegible], the flag of our country, who [illegible] with the real [illegible] at a [illegible] of [illegible]; [illegible] to [illegible] to pay tribute to him.

[illegible] American flag; by [illegible] has requested that June 14th to [illegible] June 14th 19[illegible] as [illegible], [illegible].

[illegible] requested that June 14th to [illegible]; that June 14th 19[illegible] to [illegible]; and it is [illegible] requested that [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], public schools, [illegible], [illegible], and all [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] observe [illegible], [illegible] and all [illegible] that [illegible] into, patriotic [illegible] by [illegible] of [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible] organizations, and in all [illegible] that [illegible] recognition be made of our [illegible] in the [illegible] for the American flag [illegible] for [illegible] by [illegible] a view to [illegible] our country.

I [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the Great Seal of the State of California in the City of Sacramento this [illegible] day of May A. D. 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

By:

Secretary.

Deputy Secretary.

336 811

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 26 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible]:

The rights and liberties of the people of this great nation were founded upon the Magna Carta. Predicated upon its provisions are the liberties now enjoyed by the seven English speaking nations--the United States, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, and South Africa.

Signed on the 15th day of June, 1215, [illegible], the Magna Carta has preserved the civil and [illegible] liberty, freedom of press, and freedom of speech for all of us.

[illegible] with pleasure that I proclaim [illegible] Magna Carta Week and urge the people of California to observe it and [illegible] ceremonies [illegible] to emphasize its significance.

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th [illegible] May, 1942.

James Rolph

By:

Frank C. Jordan

[illegible]

810

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 21 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

"Buddy Poppy" day is near. The poppies which are to be offered for sale to raise funds with which to aid those crippled by the wounds and diseases of war, are being made by patients in the hospitals of California.

We must not forget those who are struggling against the ravages of wound or disease acquired in the defense of their country.

I appeal to my fellow citizens to back up the work of the Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States, Department of California and Nevada, and

HEREBY PROCLAIM May 27th "Buddy Poppy Day" and appeal for wholehearted and generous support of this movement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 21st day of May, A. D. 1932.

James Rolph
Governor.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By Frank M. Gorrell
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

:

More than ninety companies int[illegible] of in accident and health insurance are meeting in [illegible] June 6-7-8-9 at a National Underwriters' Conference.

Protection against sickness and accident has always been the concern of employer and employee. Proper insurance to protect those dependent at home has been an obligation of honor of every thoughtful head of a family or others with dependents.

Because I feel that such protection is more vital in such times as we now are going through than it has been in any time in the past, and because the Accident and Health Managers' Clubs of California will gather during the week of June 6th in conferences aimed to awaken the people to the need for this type of home and family protection.

Therefore, I do proclaim the week of June 6th as Accident and Health Week in the State of California.

[illegible] I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 3rd day of June 1931.



James Rolph

[illegible] California

:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

812

338

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 2 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

:

More than ninety companies interested in accident and health insurance are meeting in Chicago June 6-7-8-9 at a National Underwriters' Conference.

[illegible] to protect those dependent at home has been an [illegible] than that [illegible] with dependents.

[illegible]e I feel that such protection is more vital in such times as we now are going through than it has been in any time in the past, and because the Accident and Health Managers' Clubs of California will gather during the week of June 6th in conferences aimed to awaken the people to the need for this type of home and family protection.

Therefore, I do proclaim the week of June 6th as Accident and Health Week in the State of California.

[illegible] I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2rd day of June 1938.



James Rolph

[illegible] California

[illegible]:

Frank C. Jordan

[illegible] to

Secretary of State

814

334

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 5 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

California agriculture is faced with an over-abundance of many of its food commodities because of curtailed markets both at home and abroad, and

These food products should be utilized by those agencies privileged to provide relief for those in actual want, and

There now exists an emergency which should be met immediately if we are to save these products and provide for their proper distribution, and

I conceive it to be my duty as Governor of California to exercise the power and authority vested in me to relieve in so far as possible the distress of those of our citizens who are in need, and

The appointment of a State Food Administrator is the logical procedure properly to coordinate the conservation and distribution of these products,

THEREFORE, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of California, do hereby create the office of State Food Administrator to continue until such time as the emergency no longer exists, and I designate Dudley Moulton, Director of the State Department of Agriculture, to serve as such State Food Administrator without compensation. I hereby authorize, empower and direct said State Food Administrator to conserve and distribute any or all California agricultural products, to the end that these foodstuffs may be made available at a reasonable cost to those agencies which are engaged in relief work, or wherever such products may be needed to relieve distress,

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

California agriculture is faced with an over-abundance of many of its food commodities because of curtailed markets both at home and abroad, and

These food products should be utilized by those agencies privileged to provide relief for those in actual want, and

There now exists an emergency which should be met immediately if we are to save these products and provide for their proper distribution, and

I conceive it to be my duty as Governor of California to exercise the power and authority vested in me to relieve in so far as possible the distress of those of our citizens who are in need, and

The appointment of a State Food Administrator is the logical procedure properly to coordinate the conservation and distribution of these products,

THEREFORE, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of California, do hereby create the office of State Food Administrator to continue until such time as the emergency no longer exists, and I designate Dudley Moulton, Director of the State Department of Agriculture, to serve as such State Food Administrator without compensation. I hereby authorize, empower and direct said State Food Administrator to conserve and distribute any or all California agricultural products, to the end that these foodstuffs may be made available at a reasonable cost to those agencies which are engaged in relief work, or wherever such products may be needed to relieve distress,

Executive Department
State of California

and at the same time to provide some remuneration to growers for products which otherwise would be wasted and bring no return.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hav[illegible]reunto set my hand and caused [illegible]at Seal of the State to be affixed, this 2nd day of July, 1932.

Governor of California

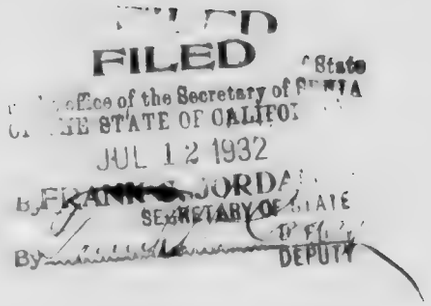
ATTEST:

Secretary of State

By:

Deputy




FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 12 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

815

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The West has cradled among the greatest writers of America men and women whose names have marched across the pages of literary fame and have received their inspiration from the virility and ruggedness of our western lands. Their names are legend.

The August 15th to 21st will be held "Western literature week" as part of the celebration of the founding of western literature.

In this celebration, the City of San Francisco and West Bay cities generally will officially join.

It is my hope that the entire state also will participate in honoring the writing cult of the West.

Therefore, I do proclaim the week of August 15th to 21st "Western literature week" and urge upon my fellow citizens their fullest support of this occasion which is aimed further to advance our literary achievements.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of July 1932



Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

By Frank C. Jordan Deputy

816

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

AUG 2 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In an effort to encourage safe driving on the highways of California, I proclaim the month of August, "Highway Safety Month".

Always among the leaders in progressive action, California joins many other states in the Union in a campaign designated to materially reduce traffic tolls.

Therefore, I call upon the people of California to assist in reducing its portion of the annual automobile death and accident toll in all sections of the United States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 1st day of August, 1938.

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: Frank C. Jordan
Deputy

817

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

AUG 26 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

I have been requested by the California Chamber of Commerce to set apart Sunday September 4th 1932 as State Wide Anglers' Day, and to make formal announcement by proclamation that said day be recognized in this [illegible] as "[illegible]".

As Governor of this State I respectfully recommend to my fellow Californians to set aside Sunday September 4th 1932, the day before the National Holiday commemorating Labor Day as "CALIFORNIA'S [illegible]". The two days combined will give the opportunity for all Californians to enjoy the sport of fishing on coast, harbors, streams, lakes and rivers of the state; a wholesome, refreshing pastime in one of the finest outdoor sports.

The Division of Fish and Game, Department of Natural Resources of California, joins in this appeal.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th day of August 1932.

Governor of California

By: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: Chas. Hogarth
Deputy

Calif's Anglers' Day
1932

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

I have been requested by the California Chamber of Commerce to set apart Sunday September 4th 1932 as State Wide Anglers' Day, and to make formal announcement by proclamation that said day be recognized in this State as "CALIFORNIA'S ANGLERS' DAY".

As Governor of this State I respectfully recommend to my fellow Californians to set aside Sunday September 4th 1932, the day before the National Holiday commemorating Labor Day as "CALIFORNIA'S ANGLERS' DAY". The two days combined will give the opportunity for all Californians to enjoy the sport of fishing on coast, harbors, streams, lakes and rivers of our State; a wholesome, refreshing pastime in one of the finest outdoor sports.

The Division of Fish and Game, Department of Natural Resources of California, joins in this appeal.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of August 1932.



Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: Chas. Hoglet
Deputy

818

343

FILED
Office of the Secretary of State
STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 3 - 1932
MARC C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hogarty
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, there has been submitted to the Governor of the State of California, by Honorable Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State of the State of California, a petition for the removal and recall of JOHN L. FLEMING as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and demanding an election of a successor to the said JOHN L. FLEMING as Judge of the Superior Court of State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and said petition and demand have been accompanied with the certificate of the said Secretary of State certifying the sufficiency of said petition and demand, which said certificate is dated August 31st, 1932;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of California, DO HEREBY ORDER AND PROCLAIM that an election shall be held in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of November, 1932, for the purpose of determining whether or not the said JOHN L. FLEMING shall be removed and recalled as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and for the purpose of electing a successor to the said JOHN L. FLEMING as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, in case the voters of said County shall recall or remove the said JOHN L. FLEMING as such Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, which said election shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article XXIII of the Constitution of the State of California.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Los Angeles shall give notice of said election by causing this Proclamation to be published at least ten (10) days before the date of said election in a newspaper of general circulation printed in said county of Los Angeles, and to be posted as provided by law.

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, there has been submitted to the Governor of the State of California, by Honorable Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State of the State of California, a petition for the removal and recall of JOHN L. FLEMING as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and demanding an election of a successor to the said JOHN L. FLEMING as Judge of the Superior Court of State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and said petition and demand have been accompanied with the certificate of the said Secretary of State certifying the sufficiency of said petition and demand, which said certificate is dated August 31st, 1932;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of California, DO HEREBY ORDER AND PROCLAIM that an election shall be held in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of November, 1932, for the purpose of determining whether or not the said JOHN L. FLEMING shall be removed and recalled as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and for the purpose of electing a successor to the said JOHN L. FLEMING as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, in case the voters of said County shall recall or remove the said JOHN L. FLEMING as such Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, which said election shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article XXIII of the Constitution of the State of California.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Los Angeles shall give notice of said election by causing this Proclamation to be published at least ten (10) days before the date of said election in a newspaper of general circulation printed in said county of Los Angeles, and to be posted as provided by law.

Executive Department
State of California

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title Four, Part One, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand ($10,000.00) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 3rd day of September, 1932.

James Rolph

Governor.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.



1932

Constitution Week
1932

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

The week of September 11th to 17th will be observed throughout the United States as Constitution Week and September 17th designated Constitution Day.

This nation has survived and grown because of the inherit desire of the people to follow the dictates of the Constitution as set up by our forefathers, lead by our great George Washington.

No man in history has shown greater fidelity to the best interests of the people than the father of our country. He understood clearly that good government only could bring a nation to greatness.

We are living in a dangerous age, an age in which radical and misguided forces seek to disturb the principles upon which our nation was founded. Our Constitution is the fortress against which these misguided forces must battle.

It is because we stand and fall as a nation upon this Constitution, that I proclaim September 11th to 17th Constitution Week in California, and call upon the Press, the schools and our citizens to discuss the principles laid down at the birth of our nation and to educate those misguided ones to the high standards set for us of today by our forefathers.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 1st day of September, 1932.



Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

819

3×4

FILED

Office of the Secretary of State

OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SEP 3 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN

SECRETARY OF STATE

By Mary Hazeltine DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, there has been submitted to the Governor of the State of California, by Honorable Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State of the State of California, a petition for the removal and recall of Walter Guerin as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and demanding an election of a successor to the said WALTER GUERIN as Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and said petition and demand have been accompanied with the certificate of the said Secretary of State certifying the sufficiency of said petition and demand; which said certificate is dated August 31st 1932;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of California, DO HEREBY ORDER AND PROCLAIM that an election shall be held in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of November, 1932, for the purpose of determining whether or not the said WALTER GUERIN shall be removed and recalled as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and for the purpose of electing a successor to the said WALTER GUERIN as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, in case the voters of said County shall recall or remove the said WALTER GUERIN as such Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, which said election shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article XXIII of the Constitution of the State of California.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Los Angeles shall give notice of said election by causing this Proclamation to be published at least ten (10) days before the date of said election in a newspaper of general circulation printed in said County of Los Angeles, and to be posted as provided by law.

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, there has been submitted to the Governor of the State of California, by Honorable Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State of the State of California, a petition for the removal and recall of Walter Guerin as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and demanding an election of a successor to the said WALTER GUERIN as Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and said petition and demand have been accompanied with the certificate of the said Secretary of State certifying the sufficiency of said petition and demand; which said certificate is dated August 31st 1932;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of California, DO HEREBY ORDER AND PROCLAIM that an election shall be held in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of November, 1932, for the purpose of determining whether or not the said WALTER GUERIN shall be removed and recalled as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and for the purpose of electing a successor to the said WALTER GUERIN as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, in case the voters of said County shall recall or remove the said WALTER GUERIN as such Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, which said election shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article XXIII of the Constitution of the State of California.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Los Angeles shall give notice of said election by causing this Proclamation to be published at least ten (10) days before the date of said election in a newspaper of general circulation printed in said County of Los Angeles, and to be posted as provided by law.

Executive Department
State of California

AND I DO [illegible] offer a reward of One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title Four, Part One, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand ($10,000.00) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 3rd day of September, 1932.



Governor

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

820

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 3 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Bliss Hagerty DEPUTY

820

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 3 - 1932
[illegible] JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, there has been submitted to the Governor of the State of California, by Honorable Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State of the State of California, a petition for the removal and recall of DAILEY S. STAFFORD as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and demanding an election of a successor to the said DAILEY S. STAFFORD as Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and said petition and demand have been accompanied with the certificate of the said Secretary of State certifying the sufficiency of said petition and demand, which said certificate is dated August 31st 1932;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of California, DO HEREBY ORDER AND PROCLAIM that an election shall be held in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of November, 1932, for the purpose of determining whether or not the said DAILEY S. STAFFORD shall be removed and recalled as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and for the purpose of electing a successor to the said DAILEY S. STAFFORD as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, in case the voters of said County shall recall or remove the said DAILEY S. STAFFORD as such Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, which said election shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article XXIII of the Constitution of the State of California.

Executive Department
State of California

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Los Angeles shall give notice of said election by causing this Proclamation to be published at least ten (10) days before the date of said election in a newspaper of general circulation printed in said county of Los Angeles, and to be posted as provided by law.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title Four, Part One, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand ($10,000.00) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 3rd day of September, 1938.



Governor

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

346 821

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SEP 16 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Aviation is making tremendous strides.

Aviation in California particularly, has been of inestimable benefit to the people of the State. It has, without injuries or heavy death toll, brought our businesses closer together and stimulated trade with our neighbors.

As Governor I have flown the State from north to south and east to west innumerable times. I have been enabled through the medium of the airplane, to keep a close watch upon the problems and perplexities of my fellows throughout the length and breadth of this Commonwealth.

Therefore, it is with great pleasure that I proclaim September 18th to 25th Aviation Week in California. An extensive program aimed to stimulate interest in this great means of transportation has been prepared. I ask my fellow Californians to aid in making this week a distinct success by active participation in the functions arranged for this period.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto, this 14th day of September 1932.

James Rolph
Governor of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: Chas. Wright
Deputy

347
822

DUDLEY MOULTON
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 3 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Blair Hagaut
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 7 (New Series)

(With Regulations - Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after August 20, 1932

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa, known as alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), not heretofore generally prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the states of Utah, Idaho and Wyoming, and in certain counties in the State of Colorado, to wit: Delta, Gunnison, Montrose, Moffat, Routt, Rio Blanco, Ouray, Mesa and Garfield; and in certain counties in the state of Nevada, to wit: White Pine, Washoe, Storey, Ormsby, Pershing, Lyon, Churchill, Mineral, Lincoln, Humboldt, Elko and Douglas; and in certain counties in the state of Oregon, to wit: Malheur, Baker, Union and Jackson, all of which being hereinafter desi,nated as infested territory, and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping equipment, potatoes, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery and implements that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting, or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction of said alfalfa weevil into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping equipment, potatoes, used alfalfa meal milling machinery and all machinery and implements that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, shipped, brought or otherwise moved from said infested territory and no such articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Except as hereinafter provided, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, as packing or otherwise, that has been grown or stored in the said infested territory is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw as quarantined against in this order, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Owing to the fact that the only source of supply of fodder for animals in certain mountain and desert communities in California near the California-Nevada border during the greater portion of the year is Nevada, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in Nevada, and intended for feed for animals, will be admitted into only those portions of Placer, Nevada, Alpine, El Dorado, Inyo and Mono counties which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions; provided each such shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the State Quarantine Officer of Nevada or his duly authorized deputy, setting forth the exact locality where the commodity was grown, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the producer, the name and address of the shipper, and the name and address of the person or firm to whom the commodity is consigned. Persons contemplating the importing or bringing from Nevada into portions of Placer, Nevada, Alpine, El Dorado, Inyo and Mono Counties of the State of California of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture. Application for such permit must be made in writing and must specify the name and address of the grower or dealer in Nevada, the kind and quantity of hay or straw which it is desired to import, the purpose for which it is intended, the destination of same in the State of California, the name and address of the importer, and such application must be accompanied by a sworn statement made in duplicate by the person or persons applying for such permit in accordance with the following form:

State of .....)
) ss.
County of .....)

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the .....
(Kind and quantity
..... for which I have applied to the Director of Agriculture for
of hay)
permit to import from ..... at .....
(Name of shipper) (Address of shipper)
will be transported or shipped b ..... directly from
(Kind of vehicle)
..... to ..... for feed for animals at that
(Where now stored) (Destination)
point and that no portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported or brought will be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any wagon,

automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

.....
(Importer).

Subscribed and sworn to before me ....., a Notary Public in and for the State of ....., County of ....., this ..... day of ....., 19....

.....
Notary Public

My commission expires ....., 19.....

Any lot or shipment of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw arriving in California not accompanied by the required official certificate of origin and/or covering which a permit has not been issued by the Director of Agriculture as herewith provided for, or otherwise not complying with the provisions of this quarantine, shall be refused admittance into the State of California and the same shall be immediately shipped out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 2. Except as hereinafter provided in Regulation 10, alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestations or contamination of the alfalfa meal. Such approvals by the Director of Agriculture shall specify in the case of each mill, whether such shipments are limited to the period November 1 to March 31 or whether such shipments can be made during the entire year, the determination of the period during which alfalfa meal shipments may be made to this state, shall, in the case of each mill, be contingent upon the installation and use of protective measures in accordance with plans approved by the Director of Agriculture. Year-round shipments will be admitted only from those mills which have installed protective measures approved by the Director of Agriculture as adequate to prevent weevil contamination of the meal or the cars during the period April 1 to October 31 when the weevil is active; provided, further, that all alfalfa meal must be shipped in bulk or in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill; provided, further, that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a state inspection official of the state in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer in California, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and

shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval granted by the Director of Agriculture to any mill covering the shipment of alfalfa meal from that mill, as provided above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Regulation 3. Except as hereinafter provided in Regulation 10, the material known locally in the state of Utah as "salt grass packing," shall be admitted into the State of California, provided that each shipment of salt grass packing is accompanied by an official certificate signed by the crop pest inspector of the state of Utah, setting forth that all of the following requirements have been complied with, to wit: That the material in the shipment was cut between the dates of October 1 and April 1; that the raking, shocking, stacking, baling or shipping of this material was not allowed until the maximum daily temperature of the season had fallen below sixty degrees Fahrenheit, and that none of the material in the shipment had been held in the field from one season to another. All shipments of salt grass packing from the state of Utah not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for, shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The use of such salt grass as a packing material in shipments of fruits, crockery and other material shall be permitted, provided it has been cut and removed from the field between October 1 and April 1, as above specified and stored in warehouses remote from alfalfa fields, alfalfa hay or other suspected materials.

Regulation 4. Except as hereinafter provided in Regulation 10, an official certificate signed by the state inspection officer of the state in which potatoes originate shall accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in, shipped, imported or brought from the said infested territory into the State of California. Such certificate shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen prior to loading into the car, placed in new or clean sacks and loaded in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw, and that adequate precautions have been taken to prevent reinfestation or contamination after being screened. All potatoes from said infested territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for or otherwise not complying with the above requirements shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 5. Except as hereinafter provided in Regulation 10, all household effects, household implements, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory and shipped or otherwise transported into the State of California must be free from alfalfa hay as packing or otherwise and shall be held intact at destination until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such shipment is received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued. Certificate of release as above shall not be issued to cover any such lot or shipment

of household effects or emigrant movables with alfalfa hay present until the entire lot or shipment has been fumigated and such hay has been destroyed by burning to the satisfaction of the inspector making the inspection, and at the expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 6. It shall be the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used in the transportation of live stock or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, in or through any part of the said infested territory before the same enter the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California which have not been cleaned as above shall be immediately placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or quarantine guardians, until all alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into California from or through any part of the infested territory shall be deemed to have originated within the infested territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this order unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by an agricultural inspection official of the state where the hay was loaded in the cars, establishing the fact that the hay was grown and stored in a noninfested territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Regulation 7. Except as hereinafter provided in Regulation 10, used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only when same have been thoroughly cleaned of all alfalfa hay or other possible source of alfalfa weevil infestation before being transported or shipped into the State of California. Any such machinery and/or implements heretofore enumerated in this regulation imported or brought from the said infested territory into the State of California shall be held intact at destination until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the quarantine guardian of the district or county in which such machinery and/or implements are received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued. Certificate of release as above shall not be issued to cover any such machinery and/or implements contaminated with alfalfa hay until such machinery and/or implements have been fumigated or otherwise treated and all alfalfa hay cleaned out and burned to the satisfaction of the inspector making the inspection and at the expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, camping effects and camping equipment, from the said infested territory arriving in California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or quarantine guardian of the district or county into which such vehicle arrives until it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from alfalfa weevil.

Regulation 9. Except as hereinafter provided in Regulation 10, alfalfa seed will be admitted into California from the said infested territory only when contained in bags or containers which have not been previously used in the carrying of alfalfa products other than recleaned alfalfa seed.

Regulation 10. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of any of the commodities and articles as quarantined against in this order from the said infested territory into that portion of the State of California now generally infested with alfalfa weevil and adjacent to the said infested territory and described as follows: All that portion of Lassen, Plumas and Sierra Counties bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the south boundary line of Sierra County and the California-Nevada state line, thence north along the said California-Nevada state line to the boundary line in Lassen County between townships 35 north and 36 north, M.D.M., thence west along said boundary line to the west boundary line of Lassen County, thence southerly and easterly along the west and south boundary lines of Lassen County to its intersection with the range line between ranges 12 east and 13 east M.D.M., thence south along said range line to the south boundary line of Sierra County, thence easterly along said south boundary line of Sierra County to the point of beginning.

All articles admissible under the foregoing regulations must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized quarantine guardian.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 7 supersedes Revised Quarantine Order No. 7 (New Series) dated June 20, 1930, and shall take effect immediately.

Dudley Moulton
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: James Rolph Jr.
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: August 20, 1932

348
823

DUDLEY MOULTON
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 3 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER No. 15 (New Series)

Pertaining to European Corn Borer

Effective on and after August 20, 1932

, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous insect pest known as European corn borer (Pyrausta nubilalis Hubn.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the states of Connecticut, Indiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont and West Virginia, all of which are included and hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that corn and broom corn (including all parts of the stalk); all sorghums; Sudan grass; Lima and green shell beans in the pod; beets with tops; rhubarb; and cut flowers or entire plants of Chrysanthemum, aster, dahlia and gladiolus are liable to be carriers of said European corn borer into the State of California;

, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said European corn borer (Pyrausta nubilalis Hubn.) into the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said European corn borer and all stalks, ears, cobs or other parts or debris (except seed and shelled grain free from fragments of cob and other plant debris) of corn, broom corn, sorghums or Sudan grass; cut flowers or entire plants of chrysanthemum, aster, dahlia and gladiolus (except corms, bulbs or tubers without stems); Lima beans in the pod, green shell beans in the pod (of the variety known as cranberry or horticultural); beets with tops; and rhubarb, imported, shipped or brought from said infested territory, and none of the articles or commodities as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all of the articles or commodities quarantined against in this order arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further

subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to experiments of the U. S. Department of Agriculture in the state of California.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Dudley Moulton
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: August 20, 1932

824

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OCT 3 - 1932

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

At Sunset on Friday, September 30, 1932, the Jews the world over will usher in Rosh Hashonah, Festival of the Jewish New Year. I am happy to extend to the Jews of our Commonwealth and of the world over, my sincere greetings and compliments of the season.

We are cognizant of the great contribution the Jews have made in the development of our land since the time of its discovery, both spiritually and materially. We are proud of the heritage that they have brought to the world down through the ages.

As Governor of California I wish for them a year of happiness, of peace, and prosperity. May the New Year bring them realization of their hopes and aspirations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto, this 30th day of September, A. D. 1932.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

BY: Frank [illegible]

Deputy.

825

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OCT 3 - 1932

SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this first day of October, A. D. 1932

James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
by Frank B. Corgiat



Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

It has long been the custom of the Governor of California to set aside a special week each year for the encouragement of fire prevention. This is done to direct public attention to the need of protecting the lives and property of the people from destruction by fire.

Fire Prevention Week has a special significance in California this year. It comes at a time when every man, woman and child in the State is working toward a return of better times. A genuine effort to reduce the annual toll of fires will pay cash dividends to everyone and play a large part in the return of prosperity.

In addition it would mean a saving of many lives, chiefly of women and children, which now constitute a distressing and unnecessary sacrifice to fire. It would preserve from waste many thousands of dollars of the State's material resources--a matter of large importance under present economic conditions.

THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH JR., Governor of the State of California, by authority in me vested, do designate and proclaim the period from October 9th to October 15th

FIRE PREVENTION WEEK

To this end, I urge that local officials and organizations in every community promptly unite upon specific programs of cooperation, in order to discover and correct existing fire hazards, promote measures of public and private fire protection, extend instruction in fire prevention among adults as well as school children, and arouse the people generally to the need for the habits of greater carefulness.

If this be undertaken without delay and earnestly carried out throughout the year, the result cannot fail to be a large contribution to public welfare.

826

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 7 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible] is well known in its hospitality and for its [illegible]. [illegible] to turn a [illegible] to the Golden [illegible] to turn a [illegible] to the appeal of merit.

[illegible] the generous people of [illegible] to in behalf of those less [illegible] than themselves, the blind of [illegible] city.

I [illegible] to you, [illegible], the [illegible] orted [illegible] to the [illegible] association for the [illegible] during "Blind Craft Week." [illegible] fellow citizens, [illegible] tions out [illegible] orted, [illegible] in [illegible] direction [illegible] selves self-supporting [illegible] society.

[illegible] ask no charity. They work diligently at making brooms, [illegible], [illegible], rugs, cribs, and other similar articles. [illegible] fellow citizens who live in a world of darkness have suffered during the depression just as you and I have suffered. Let us [illegible] a [illegible] for [illegible] to the [illegible] and the splendid work of the [illegible] in the [illegible] continue in its [illegible] to [illegible] worthwhile [illegible] to [illegible] deserved [illegible] specialized attention.

Executive Department
State of California

Let us "help the blind to help themselves" by giving unstintingly of their wares during the week of October 17th to 22nd 1932, Blind Craft Week.

I [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 7th day of October, 1932.

[illegible]
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C Jordan
Secretary of State
By Chas Hagerty
Deputy Secretary of State



827

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 11 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

In an endeavor to bring more closely to the attention of the public the service being rendered by the pharmacists of the State, I proclaim October 10th to October 16th inclusive, as 1932 Pharmacy Week.

Closely allied to the medical profession the pharmacists play an important part in preserving the public health of the State. It is to focus attention upon this service that educational programs are to be presented before service clubs and other organizations during Pharmacy Week.

The high standard of integrity maintained by this profession should draw the commendation of the citizens of the State. It is my hope that Pharmacy Week will be observed universally in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 7th day of October, 1932.

James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 11 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

828

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible] 11th, [illegible] 4th [illegible] anniver- [illegible]

It is most fitting that the people [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] in the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] well.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] this [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] occasion.

[illegible], I have here- [illegible] [illegible] this 4th [illegible] [illegible].



James Rolph

[illegible]

FROM: GOVERNOR JAMES ROLPH, JR.
TO: PRESS
DATE: October 10th 1932

Governor Rolph has today issued the following proclamation:

Tuesday, October 11th, marks the 153rd anniversary of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski.

It is most fitting that the people of California observe this day in memory of this brave officer and cavalryman who died in the siege of Savannah, Georgia. It is particularly fitting since we are now engaged in the celebration of the 200th anniversary of the birth of George Washington under whom the General served so bravely and well.

I urge upon my fellow citizens throughout this commonwealth to revere the memory of General Pulaski on next Tuesday. I urge that fitting exercises and ceremonies may be held throughout the state and ask that flags be appropriately displayed on this occasion.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of October, 1932.

James Rolph

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
by Frank M. Coray Deputy



Governors Office

829

351

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 7 - 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

Election Proclamation

I, JAMES ROLPH, Jr., Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a General Election will be held throughout this State on Tuesday, the eighth day of November, 1932, at which the following offices are to be filled:

TWENTY-TWO ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES;

ONE UNITED STATES SENATOR;

REPRESENTATIVES TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES from each of the twenty congressional districts of the State;

STATE SENATORS from each of the following twenty senatorial districts of the State: First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-third, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-ninth, Thirty-first, Thirty-third, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-ninth;

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the eighty assembly districts of the State:

JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT in each of the following respective counties of the State, the number of judges to be elected and the terms thereof being as follows:

BUTTE—One (Full Term)
CONTRA COSTA—One (Full Term) Office Number One
IMPERIAL—One (Full Term)
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Five
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Twelve
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Thirteen
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Fourteen
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Eighteen
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Twenty-two
MENDOCINO—One (Full Term)
SAN DIEGO—One (Full Term) Office Number One
SAN MATEO—One (Full Term) Office Number One
SANTA CLARA—One (Full Term) Office Number Three
YOLO—One (Full Term)

ALSO, such other state and county, township, district, or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, and initiative measures as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed hereto this seventh day of October, 1932.



James Rolph
Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

Election Proclamation

I, JAMES ROLPH, Jr., Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a General Election will be held throughout this State on Tuesday, the eighth day of November, 1932, at which the following offices are to be filled:

TWENTY-TWO ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES;

ONE UNITED STATES SENATOR;

REPRESENTATIVES TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES from each of the twenty congressional districts of the State;

STATE SENATORS from each of the following twenty senatorial districts of the State: First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-third, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-ninth, Thirty-first, Thirty-third, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-ninth;

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the eighty assembly districts of the State:

JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT in each of the following respective counties of the State, the number of judges to be elected and the terms thereof being as follows:

BUTTE—One (Full Term)
CONTRA COSTA—One (Full Term) Office Number One
IMPERIAL—One (Full Term)
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Five
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Twelve
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Thirteen
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Fourteen
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Eighteen
LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Twenty-two
MENDOCINO—One (Full Term)
SAN DIEGO—One (Full Term) Office Number One
SAN MATEO—One (Full Term) Office Number One
SANTA CLARA—One (Full Term) Office Number Three
YOLO—One (Full Term)

ALSO, such other state and county, township, district, or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, and initiative measures as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed hereto this seventh day of October, 1932.



James Rolph
Governor

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

FILED

In the Office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

NOV 4 - 1932

[illegible] JORDAN
[illegible] SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible]
DEPUTY

#38830

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible]th that all citizens may pause to give thought [illegible] 7th to 13th has been designated American [illegible].

[illegible] in the [illegible] of our [illegible]. [illegible] go forward only with honesty, into [illegible], and [illegible] business. [illegible] these attributes are taught in our schools.

[illegible] are interested indeed, to the teachers responsible for instilling in the minds of our young folk the democratic ideals of the United States. I beg them to continue faithful to the confidence reposed in them.

To the parents, I urge that you be ever mindful of your educational system, since your interest in it and in your community and your state, and your country will make your world happier, cleaner, more beautiful, and better government.

[illegible] with in our schools insures for us the liberties [illegible]. I urge upon every citizen [illegible] and democracies.

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 3rd day [illegible], 1927.

[signature]

[illegible]

[signature]

[illegible]

[signature]

By Frank [illegible]

3 5 6 831

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 17 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The George Washington Bicentennial year is drawing to a close. There can be no more fitting close to this nation-wide honoring of our first President than for the citizens of California unanimously to join in erecting a statue to George Washington in Capitol Park at Sacramento. The Soroptimist Clubs of California, backed by the members of the George Washington Bicentennial Commission, are sponsoring this movement. Our great State at this time has no memorial to George Washington in any of its public grounds or parks.

Therefore, I, as Governor of the State of California, do set aside Thanksgiving week to be known as "George Washington Statue Fund Week". I urge upon my fellow Californians fullest support of this movement and suggest that all organizations, fraternal, service, civic and patriotic, make voluntary collections to the end that California's tribute to our first President may be a fitting one.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this 17th day of November, 1932.

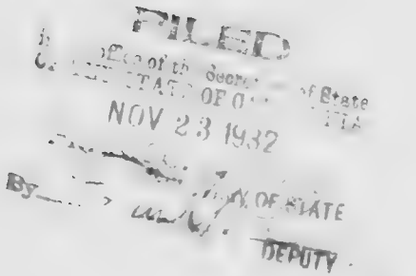


James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

Chas. Hagerty
Deputy

35832



Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Our Pilgrim fathers, beset with trials and tribulations, facing an unknown future in practically unknown country, set aside yearly a day upon which to give thanks to the Almighty for the blessings which were theirs.

This annual custom has lived through the years in prosperity or in stress.

Our President has designated Thursday, November 24th, as Thanksgiving Day.

I, as Governor of California, in response to the President's proclamation, do hereby urge upon the citizens of this commonwealth that they rest from their daily toil upon this day and that they go to their customary places of worship to give thanks to the Almighty God.

We who are filled with the faith of the Pilgrim forefathers and with the faith of the pioneers who settled California, should give thanks for our temporal and spiritual blessings; for the determination within us all to aid our fellow man; for our spiritual life which is high and for our courage which remains undaunted.

Let us, therefore, display the flag upon this Thanksgiving Day and in the quietude of our homes and churches reflect and pray to the end that the great spirit which carries this state forward shall be preserved.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 19th day of November, 1932.

James Rolph Jr.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

Deputy

833
355

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 22 1932
FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State
By

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, California's reputation as the land of sunshine and flowers, not only during the winter period, but throughout the year, has been established in all parts of the world; and

WHEREAS, it is well known by all of the people of California that while the climate along the coast and in the lower altitudes is semi-tropical, that there is always an abundance of snow fall in the winter season in the high mountain areas of the State; and

WHEREAS, in recent years the people of California have come to realize the value of this winter recreation area to the point that Winter Sports are being developed in California to a higher degree than in any other part of the world.

NOW, THEREFORE, in the promotion of this new industry for California, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning January 1, 1933, as WINTER SPORTS WEEK for California, and it is my sincere wish that all the people of the State participate in this healthful recreation during this week and throughout the winter season of 1933.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I HAVE hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 20th day of December, 1932.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

834
3-9

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
OF THE STATE OF CALI
FEB 1 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN

EXECUTIVE ORDER

Vision is the most precious gift given man.

It is [illegible] attention of my fellow Californians to the week of February 5th which I hereby designate as "Save [illegible] Week."

And in so setting aside this week, I do so with a plea to the [illegible] of the [illegible] schools and colleges and in our cities and towns to a consideration of [illegible] to the need that public consciousness may be aroused to the necessity of proper care and attention to our eyesight.

Particularly I appeal to our teachers in so setting aside the week of February 5th as "Save Your Vision Week," urging them that they impress upon pupils and parents the need of early expert attention to vision.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 1st day of February, 1933.

By the Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The American Legion, Department of California, has designated the week of February 4th to 11th 1933, as Legion Loyalty Week; a week to be devoted by all [illegible] its membership to consecrated service to our Country and toward this end, the upbuilding of their Department.

On the evening of February 10th the Department Commander of the Legion, Warren H. Atherton, will summon all members of his organization, who are physically able to do so, to march from their homes or places of engagement, to their respective Post headquarters and to renew their pledges of fealty to the Government of the United States.

The [illegible] March of the Legion is in contradistinction to marches of communistic and disloyal background which have occurred in the Nation.

NOW THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, do hereby commend this gesture of loyalty by the American Legion and proclaim the week of February 4th to February 11th 1933, as American Legion Loyalty Week and urge all Veterans of the World War to lend their support toward the full accomplishment of these purposes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California, to be affixed this 2nd day of February, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

836

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 16 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

Illegal [illegible] of narcotics is a menace which threatens to cut into the very heart of the homes of this State and Nation.

The narcotic traffic is exacting a terrific toll in physical suffering; is wrecking the homes and is piling a toll of millions of dollars upon the taxpayers.

It is well known that European drug factories look upon the United States as the final goal for the biggest consignments of narcotics. And that the apprehension, prosecution and imprisonment of the vulture-like peddlers who prey upon the diseased minds of drug users, result in a terrific burden upon the taxpayers of this State.

Further to awaken the public of California to these appalling conditions and with a view to arousing thought and study concerning them, I proclaim the period from February 20th to 27th as anti-narcotic education week. I urge upon the press, the clergy, educators and all civic organizations to make this week the occasion for every activity or program which may bring clearly before the youth of our great commonwealth, the dangers arising from illegal use of narcotics.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of February, 1933.

[signature]

Governor of California.

[signature]

Secretary of State.

By [illegible]

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 21 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

As a commemorative symbol of the sovereignty of the American nations and the voluntary union of all in one great continental community, I take pleasure in proclaiming April 14th as Pan American Day.

It was upon April 14th that a resolution creating the Pan American Union was adopted, a Union which goes far to cement and strengthen the cordial relations between the people and government of the United States and those of the other nations of the Western Hemisphere.

Therefore, I urge upon the people of California to observe April 14th with appropriate ceremonies which will give expression to this spirit of continental solidarity and hereby urge that the flag of the United States be displayed on all buildings on that date and that schools, civic associations, and people of the United States generally, observe the day with appropriate ceremony.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 1st day of February, 1933.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [signature]
DEPUTY SECRETARY OF STATE

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 21 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

The week of March 5th to 11th is to be observed throughout the United States as National Business Women's Week. The California League of Business and Professional Women is a member of the National Federation.

It is my hope that during this week the citizens of California will join in the special effort to be made by the California League which will aim to bring home clearly to California the work being done by women in the civic, business and professional world.

The purpose of the League is to procure better educational standards for the young business girl and to develop the American business woman physically, mentally, and morally. It deserves the support of us all.

NOW, THEREFORE, I proclaim the week of March 5th to 11th as National Business Women's Week and ask that fitting ceremonies be observed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 20th day of February, 1933.

[signature]
Governor

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [signature]
DEPUTY

Nat'l Business Womens Week
1953

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

The week of March 5th to 11th is to be observed throughout the United States as National Business Women's Week. The California League of Business and Professional Women is a member of the National Federation.

It is my hope that during this week the citizens of California will join in the special effort to be made by the California League which will aim to bring home clearly to California the work being done by women in the civic, business and professional world.

The purpose of the League is to procure better educational standards for the young business girl and to develop the American business woman physically, mentally, [redacted]. It deserves the support of us all.

THEREFORE, I proclaim the week of March 5th to 11th as National Business Women's Week and ask that fitting ceremonies be observed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this [illegible] day of February, 1953.

GOVERNOR

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By Chas. Hayes
DEPUTY SECRETARY OF STATE

February 21, 1933.

Miss Mary F. Leddy,
California Federation of Business and
Professional Women's Clubs, Inc.,
270 Burton Court,
Pasadena, California.

Dear Miss Leddy:

On behalf of His Excellency, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of California, I have for acknowledgment your letter of February 10th requesting Governor Rolph to issue a proclamation [illegible] week of March 5th to March 11th [illegible] Women's Week.

Governor Rolph was pleased to issue this proclamation, and a copy of same is attached for your information.

With the Governor's kindest regard,

Very sincerely yours,

Private Secretary

M E M O R A N D U M

February 16th, 1933.

JUDGE SMITH:

(Proposed proclamation for National Business Women's Week.)

-oOo-

The week of March 5th to 11th is to be observed throughout the United States as National Business Women's Week. The California League of Business and Professional Women is a member of the National Federation.

It is my hope that during this week the citizens of California will join in the special effort to be made by the California League which will aim to bring home clearly to California the work being done by women in the civic, business and professional world.

The purpose of the League is to procure better educational standards for the young business girl and to develop the American business woman physically, mentally, and morally. It deserves the support of us all.

THEREFORE, I proclaim the week of March 5th to 11th as National Business Women's Week and ask that fitting ceremonies be observed.

-oOo-

EC:H

ERIC CULLENWARD,
Deputy Director.

California Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, Inc.
Member of
THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL WOMEN'S CLUBS, INC.



OFFICE OF Chairman of
Public Relations,
276 Burton Court,
Pasadena, California.

February 10, 1933.

Hon. James Rolph, Jr.,
Governor of California,
Sacramento, California.

My dear Governor Rolph:

As Chairman of the Public Relations Department of the California Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, may I call to your attention the fact that the week of March 5th to 11th will be observed as NATIONAL BUSINESS WOMEN'S WEEK throughout the Nation.

During this week all clubs affiliated with the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs will make a special effort to bring before their community the work being done by women along civic lines as well as achieving success for themselves in the business and professional world.

May we, as an organization, have some expression from you, through the press, calling attention to the fact that the second week in March be known as National Business Women's Week in California?

With much appreciation and best wishes,

Cordially,
(Miss) Mary J. Leddy

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 21 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

[illegible]'s birthday is to be the occasion of a great patriotic display in San Francisco.

Upon that day the Veterans' War Memorial Building, constructed at a cost of $6,000,000, is to be dedicated with fitting ceremony.

Beginning at 10:15 A.M. the opening ceremonies at Civic Plaza will be launched with a parade beginning at the foot of Market Street and proceeding to the War Memorial Building in the Civic Center. In the evening a grand military ball and pageant will be held by the Veterans' organizations which will mark the close of the Veterans' participation in the Washington Bi-centennial celebration.

Dedication of this beautiful war memorial should be participated in by every Veteran and every citizen in San Francisco. It is a memorium to those brave sons and daughters of the United States who paid the supreme sacrifice in the World War. They laid down their lives for us. It is most fitting that we, therefore, should do honor to their memory and by our participation in these ceremonies, show our gratitude for their self-sacrifice.

Therefore, I call upon all Veterans of every war in which the United States has been engaged, and upon all citizens of San Francisco and California to join in this great tribute and I urge that in paying our respects to the here dead we make this the occasion also one of paying our respects to the fighting forces of the nation represented in San Francisco upon this day by a proud armada of United States fighting ships which rise so proudly at anchor within the shelter of the Bay of San Francisco inside the Golden Gate.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 20th day of February, 1933.

[illegible]
Governor of California

By [illegible]
Secretary of State

P R O C L A M A T I O N

By the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interest it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each of the following days, to-wit: Thursday, March 2, 1933, Friday, March 3, 1933 and Saturday, March 4, 1933 to be public holidays; said days to be recognized, observed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the executive office in Sacramento, California, on this 1st day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan,
Secretary of State.

Bank Holiday

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

[redacted]

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each of the following days, to-wit: Thursday, March 2, 1933, Friday, March 3, 1933 and Saturday, March 4, 1933 to be public holidays; said days to be recognized, classed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the executive office in Sacramento, California, on this 1st day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

(SEAL)

JAMES ROLPH, JR.
Governor of the State of California

ATTEST:

[redacted]
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 6 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The time has come in the history of the United States when unity of thought and purpose must be welded in one great spontaneous action in the task of re-establishing national faith in ourselves.

We face today, grave responsibilities. We must cast aside politics and sectional interest to the end that by unity and patriotism we may weather the storm through which we are now passing.

This nation must go forward under God, and with the march of true democracy. It can and will do so through the medium of a spiritual uprising of confidence and hope.

Ours is a sound nation and its institutions shall prevail.

I call upon the citizens of California to stand behind our President in his heroic efforts to bring order out of chaos which has resulted from a loss of confidence upon the part of some of the citizens of this nation. The dire need of the hour calls for such support of Franklin Delano Roosevelt; it calls for a unity more complete and more unselfish than that required even in time of war.

Believing that the ordinary preparations of government suitable in times of prosperity and under normal conditions are too slow adequately to meet this present emergency, the President has taken extraordinary steps to combat the situation.

Let us, as loyal Californians, therefore, declare in unison our confidence and faith in our President, and give voice to our determination that party, religious, and sectional interests shall be cast aside for the common good.

By such concerted thought and action we shall strengthen the hands of our President and place upon Congress a mandate to cooperate with him in taking such action as will guarantee economic stability, relieve unemployment, and restore that confidence which has, through history, made us a mighty nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed at Sacramento, this 6th day of March, 1933.

[signature]
Governor of California

[signature]
Secretary of State

By: [signature]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 1 - 1933
[illegible] DAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Every Californian should, in some way, aid in the proper observance of Arbor Day this year by planting trees in memory of Calvin Coolidge.

The most fitting of all memorials is a living one, - a tree. Every individual can plant a tree, an organization can plant "A Mile of Christmas Trees" such as are being sponsored by the Outdoor Christmas Tree Association of California.

In the symbolism of a tree, Calvin Coolidge can best be remembered. Deep rooted in the ground, a tree is like a man, coming up out of the earth, but lifting its branches to heaven. As it grows in usefulness, so it grows in beauty. It exists for many years, offering its shade and comfort to many generations.

So a tree bespeaks the spirit of Calvin Coolidge. He was unstinting in his services, strong in his leadership, commanding in his principles, and he left on his country and the world an impression that will remain through the years to come.

Therefore, I wish to call upon every citizen of California to plant one or more trees on Arbor Day, March 7th, as a living memorial to our great ex-president, Calvin Coolidge.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 28th day of February 1933.

[illegible]
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy.

841

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR
DECLARING MARCH 10th and 11th
SPECIAL HOLIDAYS

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 8 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. J. Hagen
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of Special Holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each and all of the following days, to-wit: Friday, March 10th, 1933, and Saturday, March 11, 1933, to be Special Holidays under the provisions of Chapter 28 of the Statutes of 1933; all public offices and courts and all public schools, of or under this State or any city, county, city and county, township, district or political subdivision thereof, shall be open for transaction of business as on days, which are not holidays.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 8th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

By Chas. J. Hagen

Deputy Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of Special Holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each and all of the following days, to-wit: Tuesday, March 7th, 1933, Wednesday, March 8th, 1933, Thursday, March 9th, 1933, to be Special Holidays under the provisions of Chapter 28 of the Statutes of 1933; all public offices and courts and all public schools, of or under this State or any city, county, city and county, township, district or political subdivision thereof, shall be open for transaction of business as on days, which are not holidays.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 6th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 6 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each of the following days, to-wit: Thursday, March 2, 1933, Friday, March 3, 1933 and Saturday, March 4, 1933 to be public holidays; said days to be recognized, classed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the executive office in Sacramento, California, on this 1st day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

JAMES ROLPH, Jr.
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 1 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hagelin
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION OF THE
GOVERNOR DECLARING
MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1933
A LOCAL HOLIDAY

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 4 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[redacted]

by the

[redacted]

[redacted], a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

[redacted], I, [redacted], acting under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim [redacted], March 6, [redacted], to be a public holiday; said day to be recognized, observed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State. [redacted] of the public schools in California shall close on [redacted] ary.

[redacted], I, [redacted], Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, [redacted], on this [redacted], and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.



By [redacted]

C43

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of Special Holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each and all of the following days, to-wit: Tuesday, March 7th, 1933, Wednesday, March 8th, 1933, Thursday, March 9th, 1933, to be Special Holidays under the provisions of Chapter 28 of the Statutes of 1933; all public offices and courts and all public schools, of or under this State or any city, county, city and county, township, district or political subdivision thereof, shall be open for transaction of business as on days, which are not holidays.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 6th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.

FULL TEXT OF PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION

By United Press

WASHINGTON, Mar. 6.—*The four-day modified banking holiday proclaimed by President Roosevelt:*

Extends from last midnight until midnight Thursday night.

Prohibits banks from paying out funds in any form during this period, unless authorized to do so by the secretary of the treasury.

The secretary is empowered:

To permit banks to resume payments within his discretion:

To permit issuance of clearing house certificates against assets of banking institutions.

To authorize banks to start special trust accounts for receipt of new deposits which shall be subject to withdrawal on demand during the holiday.

The text of the President's proclamation follows:

"Whereas, there have been heavy and unwarranted withdrawals of gold and currency from our banking institutions for the purpose of hoarding; and

"Whereas, continuous and increasingly extensive speculative activity abroad in foreign exchange has resulted in severe drains on the nation's stocks of gold; and

"Whereas, these conditions have created a national emergency; and

"Whereas, it is in the best interests of all bank depositors that a period of respite be provided with a view to preventing further hoarding of coin, bullion or currency or speculation in foreign exchange and permitting the application of appropriate measures to protect the interests of our people; and

"Whereas, it is provided in section 5 (B) of the act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. L. 411) as amended, 'that the President may investigate, regulate, or prohibit, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe,

(Turn to Page 2, Column 4)

Text of Roosevelt's Bank Proclamation

(Concluded from Page 1)

by means of license or otherwise, any transactions in foreign exchange and the export, hoarding, melting, or earmarking of gold, or silver coin or bullion or currency'; and

"Whereas, it is provided in section 16 of the said act 'that whoever shall wilfully violate any of the provisions of this act or of any license, rule, or regulation issued thereunder, and whoever shall wilfully violate, neglect, or refuse to comply with any order of the President issued in compliance with the provisions of this act, shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $10,000, or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both';

"Now, therefore, I, Franklin D. Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, in view of such national emergency and by virtue of the authority vested in me by said act and in order to prevent the export, hoarding or earmarking of gold or silver coin or bullion or currency, do hereby proclaim, order, direct and declare that from Monday, the 6th day of March, to Thursday, the 9th day of March, 1933, both dates inclusive, there shall be maintained and observed by all banking institutions and all branches thereof located in the United States of America, including the territories and insular possessions, a bank holiday, and that during said period all banking transactions shall be suspended.

"During such holiday, excepting as hereinafter provided, no such banking institution or branch shall pay out, export, earmark, or permit the withdrawal or transfer in any manner or by any device whatsoever, of any gold or silver coin or bullion or currency or take any other action which might facilitate the hoarding thereof; nor shall any such banking institution or branch pay out deposits, make loans or discounts, deal in foreign exchange, transfer credits from the United States to any place abroad, or transact any other banking business whatsoever.

"During such holiday, the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President and under such regulations as he may prescribe, is authorized and empowered (a) to permit any or all of such banking institutions to perform any or all of the usual banking functions, (b) to direct, require or permit the issuance of clearing house certificates or other evidences of claims against assets of banking institutions, and (c) to authorize and direct the creation in such banking institutions of special trust accounts for the receipt of new deposits which shall be subject to withdrawal on demand without any restriction or limitation and shall be kept separately in cash or on deposit in Federal Reserve banks or invested in obligations of the United States.

"As used in this order the term 'banking institutions' shall include all Federal Reserve banks, national banking associations, banks, trust companies, savings banks, building and loan associations, credit unions, or other corporations, partnerships, associations or persons, engaged in the business of receiving deposits, making loans, discounting business paper, or transacting any other form of banking business.

(Signed)

"FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT."

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of Special Holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each and all of the following days, to-wit; Tuesday, March 7th, 1933, Wednesday March 8th, 1933, Thursday, March 9th, 1933 to be Special Holidays under the provisions of Chapter 38 of the Statutes of 1933; all public offices and courts and all public schools, of or under this State or any city, county, city and county, township, district or political subdivision thereof, shall be open for transaction of business as on days, which are not holidays.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 6th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

JAMES ROLPH, JR.
Governor of California

(SEAL)

ATTEST:

FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State.

TO: THE PRESS
FROM: THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE
DATE: MARCH 6, 1933

file

PROCLAMATION

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of Special Holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each and all of the following days, to-wit: Tuesday, March 7th, 1933, Wednesday, March 8th, 1933, Thursday, March 9th, 1933, to be Special Holidays under the provisions of Chapter 28 of the Statutes of 1933; all public offices and courts and all public schools, of or under this State or any city, county, city and county, township, district or political subdivision thereof, shall be open for transaction of business as on days, which are not holidays.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 6th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

(Signed) James Rolph, Jr.
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

P R O C L A M A T I O N

by the

Governor of the State of California.

WHEREAS, financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors' savings interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of special Holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, Jr., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each and all of the following days, to-wit: Tuesday, March 7th, 1933, Wednesday March 8th, 1933, Thursday, March 9th, 1933 to be Special Holidays within the provisions of Chapter 28 of the Statutes of 1872 and that all offices and courts and all public schools, of or under this State or any city, county, city and county, township, district or political subdivision thereof, shall be open for transaction of business as on days, which are not holidays.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, Jr., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the executive Office in Sacramento, California, this 6th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto

(Signed) James Rolph, Jr.
Governor of California.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of Special Holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim each and all of the following days, to-wit: Tuesday, March 7th, 1933, Wednesday March 8th, 1933, Thursday, March 9th, 1933 to be Special Holidays under the provisions of Chapter 28 of the Statutes of 1933; all public offices and courts and all public schools, of or under this State or any city, county, city and county, township, district or political subdivision thereof, shall be open for transaction of business as on days, which are not holidays.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 6th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

JAMES ROLPH, JR.
Governor of California

(SEAL)

ATTEST:

FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State.

Bank Holiday
1933

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION
by the
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority of law in me vested, do hereby proclaim Monday, March 6, 1933, to be a public holiday; said day to be recognized, classed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State. None of the public schools in California shall close on said holiday.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 4th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.



James Rolph Jr.
GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA

Frank C. Jordan
SECRETARY OF STATE.
By [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, James Rolph, Jr., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim Monday, March 6, 1933, to be a public holiday; said day to be recognized, observed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State. None of the public schools in California shall close on said holiday.

IN [illegible], I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in the City of Sacramento, California, on this 4th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

James Rolph, Jr.

Governor of California

(SEAL)

ATTEST: [illegible] JORDAN

Secretary of State

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim Monday, March 6, 1933, to be a public holiday; said day to be recognized, classed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State. None of the public schools in California shall close on said holiday.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, Jr., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 4th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto.

JAMES ROLPH, JR.

Governor of California

(SEAL)

ATTEST: [illegible]

Secretary of State

COPY

PROCLAMATION

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim Monday, March 6, 1933, to be a public holiday; said day to be recognized, classed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State. None of the public schools in California shall close on said holiday.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 4th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of California to be affixed hereto.

(Signed) JAMES ROLPH, JR.
Governor of California.

ATTEST: FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State

BY: Frank Gary
Deputy

COPY

PROCLAMATION

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under authority by law in me vested, do hereby proclaim Monday, March 6, 1933, to be a public holiday; said day to be recognized, classed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State. None of the public schools in California shall close on said holiday.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 4th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of California to be affixed hereto.

(Signed) JAMES ROLPH, JR.
Governor of California.

ATTEST: FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State

BY: Frank Gary
Deputy

COPY

PROCLAMATION

by the

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, a financial unrest exists throughout the United States, the adverse effect of which has been reflected in the State of California with a consequent unnecessary withdrawal of funds from banking institutions in this State, I deem it necessary in the public interest and for the preservation of the public welfare, peace, health and safety and for the protection of depositors whose interests it is essential to safeguard, that a period of public holidays be proclaimed until the legislation necessary thereto may be enacted, which, in my judgment will not require a period longer than that hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLPH, Jr., acting in my capacity as Governor of the State of California under and by virtue of the power vested in me by law do hereby proclaim Monday, March 6, 1933, to be a public holiday; said day to be recognized, observed and treated and to have the same effect as other legal holidays under the laws of this State. None of the public schools in California shall close on said holiday.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, JAMES ROLPH, JR., Governor of the State of California, acting in my capacity as such, have hereunto affixed my hand at the Executive Office in Sacramento, California, on this 4th day of March, 1933, and have likewise caused the Great Seal of California to be affixed hereto.

(Signed) JAMES ROLPH, Jr.
Governor of California.

ATTEST: FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State

BY: Frank C. Jordan
Deputy

371
845

A. A. Brock
DIRECTOR

DIVISION OF QUARANTINE ADMINISTRATION
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 9 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. J. Hagerty
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 9 (New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

Effective on and after March 7, 1933.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to sweet potato tubers and sweet potato plants, known as the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the state of California, exists in the states of Florida and Texas; and in that portion of the state of Louisiana south of the south boundary of the parishes of Vernon, Rapides, Avoyelles, and Concordia; and in certain counties in the state of Mississippi, to wit: Jackson, Harrison, Hancock and Pearl River; and in a certain county in the state of Alabama, to wit: Mobile; and in certain counties in the state of Georgia, to wit: Camden, Charlton and Glynn; all of which being hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.) are liable to be carriers of said sweet potato weevil into districts otherwise free from said weevil;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of said sweet potato weevil into the state of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.) imported, shipped or brought from all states and districts of the United States and no such plants or tubers or parts thereof shall be permitted to pass over the quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus, spp.) and yams (Dioscorea spp.) that have been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory are hereby prohibited entry into California for any purpose whatsoever and any such articles as prohibited entry

in this regulation arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Regulation 2. Sweet potato tubers (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and yams (Dioscorea spp.) that have not been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory will be admitted into California only upon compliance with the following conditions:

Each and every lot or shipment of material admissible under this regulation shall bear an official certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originates establishing the fact that all the material contained in the lot or shipment was grown, packed and stored in a district free from sweet potato weevil. Such certificate shall state the number of packages in the shipment, where grown, the name and address of the grower, the name and address of the shipper, the point of shipment, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the consignee. A copy of such certificate shall be mailed by shipper, in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any and all lots or shipments of the articles enumerated in this regulation arriving in California without the certificate as provided for shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article o commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state quarantine guardians are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this order.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 9 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 9 (New Series) dated March 12, 1930, and shall take effect March 7, 1933.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: _____
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: _____

1846

A. A. Brock
DIRECTOR

DIVISION OF QUARANTINE ADMINIS
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF QUARANTINE OFF.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 9 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 10

(New Series - Revised Effective August 1, 1930)

Pertaining to Citrus White Flies

Effective on and after March 7, 1933.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that Viburnum spp. may act as a carrier of the citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri) when grown in or shipped from areas in other states infested with that insect;

NOW, THEREFORE, Regulation 2 of Quarantine Order No. 10 is hereby amended to add Viburnum spp. to the list of nursery stock, trees, plants and vines requiring defoliation as a condition of entry into the State of California under the provisions of that quarantine.

Quarantine Order No. 10 (New Series - Revised effective August 1, 1930) is amended accordingly.

This Amendment No. 1 shall take effect immediately.

[signature]
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

[signature]
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 7, 1933.

1847

A. A. Brock
DIRECTOR

DIVISION OF QUARANTINE ADMINISTRATION
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 9 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE ORDER NO. 15

(New Series - Revised)

Pertaining to European Corn Borer

Effective on and after March 10, 1933

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous insect pest known as European corn borer (Pyrausta nubilalis Hubn.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the states of Connecticut, Indiana, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin, all of which are included and hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that corn and broom corn (including all parts of the stalk); all sorghums; Sudan grass; Lima and green shell beans in the pod; beets with tops; rhubarb; and cut flowers or entire plants of chrysanthemum, aster, dahlia and gladiolus are liable to be carriers of said European corn borer into the State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said European corn borer (Pyrausta nubilalis Hubn.) into the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against the said European corn borer and all stalks, ears, cobs or other parts or debris (except seed and shelled grain free from fragments of cob and other plant debris) of corn, broom corn, sorghums or Sudan grass; cut flowers or entire plants of chrysanthemum, aster, dahlia and gladiolus (except corms, bulbs or tubers without stems); Lima beans in the pod, green shell beans in the pod (of the variety known as cranberry or horticultural); beets with tops; and rhubarb, imported shipped or brought from said infested territory, and none of the articles or commodities as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following regulations:

Regulation 1. Each shipment or lot of stalks, ears, cobs or other parts or debris (except seed and shelled grain free from fragments of cob and other plant debris) of corn, broom corn, sorghums or Sudan grass from the said infested territory must be

accompanied by a certificate signed by an inspector of the Bureau of Plant Quarantine of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, certifying that the material contained in the lot or shipment has been disinfected or treated under supervision of such inspector in such a manner as to eliminate all risk of transmitting European corn borer.

Regulation 2. Each shipment or lot of cut flowers or entire plants of chrysanthemum, aster, dahlia and gladiolus (except corms, bulbs or tubers without stems); Lima beans in the pod, green shell beans in the pod (of the variety known as cranberry or horticultural); beets with tops; and rhubarb from the said infested territory must be accompanied by a certificate signed by an inspector of the Bureau of Plant Quarantine of the U. S. Department of Agriculture certifying that the plants or other material contained in the lot or shipment has been inspected and found free from infestation by the European corn borer or has been disinfected or treated under supervision of an inspector in such a manner as to eliminate all risk of transmitting such infestation.

Regulation 3. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of seed or shelled grain free from fragments of cob and other plant debris of corn, broom corn, sorghums or Sudan grass; or of corms, bulbs or tubers without stems of dahlia and gladiolus.

Any and all of the articles or commodities quarantined against in this order arriving in California from the said infested territory and not properly certified shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility into the State of California any article or commodity covered by the foregoing regulations shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine rules or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all Quarantine Guardians are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this order.

The foregoing regulations do not apply to experiments of the U. S. Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Revised Quarantine Order No. 15 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 15 (New Series) issued August 20, 1932, and shall take effect March 10, 1933.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 7, 1933.

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 13 1933

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

848

Executive Department

State of California



FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 10 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hagerty
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Monday, April 17th, to Sunday, April 23rd, 1933, inclusive, having been selected by the National Association of Life Underwriters as "Financial Independence Through Life Insurance Week" Thru-Out America, it becomes my pleasure to proclaim this week "Life Insurance Week" Thru-Out California, with the suggestion that the press of the State properly emphasize it, that our citizens devote serious thought and give due attention to the subject of their particular life insurance needs.

The great cooperative enterprise - "The Institution of Life Insurance" with its Legal Reserves, coupled with the careful selection and wide diversification of the investment of these funds, today is reassuring to the public. And as each and every individual sees the benefits to be derived by adequately insuring thereby providing for the needs of those left behind, for old age, for disability - so shall we see Poverty driven from this Golden State and Peace and Prosperity reign eternal. I practice what I preach.

I have carried Life Insurance from the day I attained my majority, and it has been a comfort all through my life that I was doing my duty to my growing family by protecting them.

Now therefore, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, hereby declare Monday, April 17, to Sunday, April 23, 1933, inclusively, as Life Insurance Week Thru-Out California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 28th day of February, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: Chas. Hagerty
Deputy

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 24 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

We approach again the anniversary of the declaration of war that marked the entry of the United States into the World War. The recurrence of this date recalls the [illegible] sufferings of the men of our army in that [illegible]. In war and in peace the army of the United [illegible] en unstintingly of its services.

At this time it seems appropriate that California acknowledges the importance of the works of the American Army in the [illegible] glorious Commonwealth. [illegible] that gave us our [illegible] st. [illegible] General Philip H. [illegible] n. [illegible] this fair land [illegible] with these young officers, [illegible] A. [illegible]lie, that [illegible] e [illegible] ed [illegible] of our Capital City. [illegible] ia will ever be grateful for the aid and for the deeds [illegible] al Funston and his force during the somber days of the Spring of 1906. The Army of the United States, [illegible] and [illegible] of all wars, are even now carrying on its traditional service in our stricken but courageous Southland.

THEREFORE, in recognition of our esteem and admiration for the Army of the United States, I James Rolph, Jr., Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim [illegible] Day, at which time all citizens of the State of California are urged to observe this day as a statewide display of the National Flag and the [illegible] patriotic exercises.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the [illegible] Seal of [illegible] to be [illegible]xed [illegible] th day of March [illegible] D. 1933.

James Rolph [signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan [signature]
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the Foresters of America and Companions of the State of California are holding their second quinquennial Pageant of Progress and Prosperity Ball in the Civic Auditorium in San Francisco as a means of raising funds for the welfare work of the Order, and of signalizing the return of prosperous conditions, which we hope are not far off, I hereby proclaim April 28th and 29th to be prosperity days throughout California, and urge as many citizens as possible to cooperate with the Foresters in the observance of Prosperity Days.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, James Rolph, Jr. have hereunto set my hand and caused the great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 30th day of March, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California.

ATTEST: _____
Secretary of State

BY: _____
Deputy

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 30 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

852

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 10 1933
JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION,

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

Good Friday, April 14th, is the Holy Day of the Christian year. It is observed as the eternal sacrifice of Almighty God through His Son Christ Jesus. It is a day when at least three hours of silent meditation are set apart for consecration of your life between you and your God to give you that spiritual strength to enable you to carry on.

In the stressing times through which we are passing a thought of God on Good Friday will give us spiritual stren th which we all need.

Therefore, I as Governor of the State of California, do hereby declare a recess between the hours of twelve noon and three o'clock in the afternoon in order that all those in the state employ may have the opportunity to attend divine service.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of April, 1933.

Governor of California.

ATTEST:
Secretary of State.

BY:
Deputy.

853

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 13 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The health and welfare of its children concerns every government.

Upon the younger generation rests all hope for the future of our complicated civilization. Unless our children be strong in body, active in mind and spiritually endowed they cannot carry the burdens that future times will place upon their shoulders.

In order that the people of California may remember their obligations to children and to honor the parents, teachers, physicians, nurses and welfare workers who are engaged in the promotion of child health and welfare I have designated this first day of May, A. D., 1933, as Child Health Day, to be observed fittingly throughout the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of April, A. D., 1933.



_____
Governor of California

ATTEST: _____
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The health and welfare of its children concerns every government.

Upon the younger generation rests all hope for the future of our complicated civilization. Unless our children be strong in body, active in mind and spiritually endowed they cannot carry the burdens that future times will place upon their shoulders.

In order that the people of California may remember their obligations to children and to honor the parents, teachers, physicians, nurses and welfare workers who are engaged in the promotion of child health and welfare I have designated this first day of May, A. D., 1933, as Child Health Day, to be observed fittingly throughout the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of April, A. D., 1933.



Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

854

FILED

The office of Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 15 1933

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

[illegible]

definite declaration of an advancing civilization is a growing tendency to revere and appreciate the nobler [illegible] and all other [illegible] to all the lower [illegible] of life.

[illegible] "Be Kind to Animals Week," from April 17th to April 23rd, 1933, therefore, offers to [illegible] the United States and to recognize the [illegible] humane attitude in the life roots of all life.

Kindness to animals is something which should appeal to all classes of society, old and young. In being taught the [illegible], the child is learning a lesson that will help [illegible] years in every relation to life. He will become a better citizen with a [illegible] for the rights of others, for kindness to [illegible] with it the idea of a larger friendliness for [illegible].

As Governor of California, I urge all schools in the state, all representatives of the church and other organizations to observe [illegible] April 17th to 23rd, and to [illegible] the spirit of [illegible] throughout the [illegible] by [illegible] attitude toward one another and [illegible] ability to make a [illegible] more understandable to many of us, please them under our guidance and [illegible].

It is with deep appreciation of the achievements in [illegible] of a more humane and profound understanding of our [illegible] toward animals that I hereby [illegible] the work accomplished toward [illegible] Education and other humane education [illegible] our great commonwealth.

[illegible]. I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 14th day of April, [illegible].

[illegible]
Governor of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

[illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

A definite indication of an advancing civilization is a growing tendency to revere and appreciate the nobler sentiments of people toward each other and to all the lower forms of life.

The nation-wide "Be Kind to Animals Anniversary," from April 17th to April 23rd, 1933, therefore, offers to the American people an opportunity to again pay tribute to the dumb animals of the United States and to recognize the need for the furtherance of a deeper and more [illegible] humane attitude in the interests of all life.

Kindness to animals is something which should appeal to all classes of society, old and young. In being taught the principles of humaneness, the child is learning a lesson that will bring forth fruit in after years in every aspect of his experience. He will become a better citizen with a wholesome regard for the rights of others, for kindness to animals carries with it the idea of a larger friendliness for one's fellowman.

As Governor of California, I urge all schools in the state, all representatives of the church and other organizations to observe this period from April 17th to 23rd, and to exemplify this spirit of friendship each day throughout the year in a more kindly humane attitude toward one another and toward the animals whose inability to speak a language understandable to many of us, places them under our guidence and protections.

It is with deep appreciation of the achievements in this in behalf of a more sincere and profound understanding of our humane obligations toward animals that I hereby gratefully acknowledge the work accomplished toward this end by the Lathan Foundation and other humane education [illegible] in our great commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of April, [illegible].

[illegible]
Governor of California

By: Frank C. Jordan
[illegible] Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 14 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

National Hearing Week will be held during the first week in May.

For the last few years a program aimed to bring more closely to the attention of the public the prevalence of deafness, has been arranged by the American Federation of Organizations for the Hard of Hearing.

When it is realized that there are approximately three million little ones in our public schools suffering from this affliction and ten million deafened persons throughout the United States, it should be obvious that the need for careful reflection upon this matter is urgent.

It is the objective of the Federation to re' .bilitate the deafened, to conserve hearing, and to prevent deafness.

I, therefore, proclaim the first week in May as National Hearing Week, and I urge all Californians to join with the rest of the nation in this widespread movement to aid this cause.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 14th day of April, 1933.

Governor of California

ATTEST: _____
Secretary of State

BY: _____
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 20 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

The week of June 5, 1933, a great many companies interested in accident and health insurance will hold their National Underwriters' Conference.

Protection against sickness and accident has always been the concern of employer and employee. Proper insurance to protect those dependent at home has been an obligation of honor of every thoughtful head of a family or others with dependents.

Because I feel that such protection is more vital in such times as we now are going through than it has been in any time in the past, and because the Accident and Health Managers' Clubs of California will gather during the week of June 5th in conferences aimed to awaken the people to the need for this type of home and family protection,

Therefore, I do proclaim the week of June 5th as Accident and Health Week in the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 17th day of April, 1933.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[signature]
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 5 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In recognition of the importance of the cotton growing industry in the State of California, and for the purpose of bringing to the attention of Californians the fact that great assistance can be rendered our own agricultural industries by the utilization of commodities manufactured from our own agricultural products, it seems appropriate that California should observe NATIONAL COTTON WEEK.

I believe that every encouragement should be directed to assisting this and other important agricultural industries by increasing the consumption of our own products.

The products of our State are well known throughout the world. Most important, however, must be recognition by our own people of the importance of protecting and fostering our agricultural industries. The practical observance of NATIONAL COTTON WEEK will serve this purpose well.

Therefore, I do hereby proclaim that the week from May 15 to May 20, 1933, inclusive, be observed in California as NATIONAL COTTON WEEK in cooperation with the other cotton producing and manufacturing states of the nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of May, 1933.

James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In recognition of the importance of the cotton growing industry in the State of California, and for the purpose of bringing to the attention of Californians the fact that great assistance can be rendered our own agricultural industries by the utilization of commodities manufactured from our own agricultural products, it seems appropriate that California should observe NATIONAL COTTON WEEK.

I believe that every encouragement should be directed to assisting this and other important agricultural industries by increasing the consumption of our own products.

The products of our State are well known throughout the world. Most important, however, must be recognition by our own people of the importance of protecting and fostering our agricultural industries. The practical observance of NATIONAL COTTON WEEK will serve this purpose well.

Therefore, I do hereby proclaim that the week from May 15 to May 20, 1933, inclusive, be observed in California as NATIONAL COTTON WEEK in cooperation with the other cotton producing and manufacturing states of the nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of May, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 5 - 1933
JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Music expresses the soul of a nation. It is a surcease from the cares and worries of our daily life. It expresses our joys and our sorrows. It brings us peace in times of tribulation.

It is for these reasons, that I am happy to proclaim May 7th to May 13th 1933 Music Week and to call upon the citizens of the State of California to join with those of other states in the Union in making this week successful.

I urge that in the homes and in the schools and churches special musical programs be given upon this ninth annual celebration of National Music Week.

I ask further that clubs, hotels, and theatres arrange special programs of American music and that the traditional songs of our nation be especially selected for rendition.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 5th day of May, 1933.

James Rolph
Governor of California

ATTEST: _____
Secretary of States

By _____
Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 11 1933

JORDAN
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

It is with extreme pleasure that I proclaim Sunday, May 14th, Mother's Day.

I cannot think of any day set aside throughout any year of more vital importance to the youth, indeed to the entire citizenry of the state and nation, than the day which is set aside to do reverence to our Mothers.

Love and devotion to our parents must bring a finer home life and make of us better citizens.

Particularly do I draw attention of my fellow Californians to the need this year of paying the greatest tribute and honor to our own Mothers by helping the legion of other Mothers who, because of the stress of the present economic situation, are struggling against poverty and want and yet heroically attempting to support and protect their children.

I ask that on this Sunday of May 14th that the flag of the United States be displayed on Government Buildings, homes, and other suitable places, and that tokens and messages of affection be extended to Mothers and that special programs revering them be arranged in churches, fraternal and welfare agencies.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of May, 1933.

[signature]

By [signature]
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 11 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

It is human to pay little or no attention to the accepted things of life until we have occasion to call upon their services.

And so, I am particularly desirous of drawing special attention to May 12th as National Hospital Day. It is when those nearest and dearest to us have need of hospital service that we awaken to a realization of the splendid humanitarian work our hospitals are doing.

I trust that May 12th may be the occasion upon which an awakened interest in hospitals shall be created and the citizenry of California stirred to the need of generous support of these medical and homing institutions.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of May, 1933.

[illegible]
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 12 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

I am pleased to proclaim May 14th Parents' Day.

This day will be observed throughout the nation and I take this means of appealing to my fellow citizens of California to give it especial significance.

While love for our Mother and our Father is not merely for one day, but should be for every day in the year, nevertheless, the setting aside of May 14th for general observation will serve as a reminder that both parents should be loved and respected together.

No home can be happy where there is division of respect and affection.

Let us upon this special Parents' Day, show by our attitude the deep consideration and love we have for our parents and by our deeds upon this May 14th impress them with our loyalty and our devotion.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 9th day of May, 1933.

[illegible]
Governor of California

ATTEST:
[illegible]
Secretary of State

862

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 12 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Under the auspices of the American Legion Auxiliary a statewide poppy drive be inaugurated to provide funds for those crippled or diseased by war.

Paper poppies, made by disabled Veterans under the supervision of the Auxiliary, are to be sold to the generous citizens of the state. Last year millions of these poppies were purchased in the United States, Panama, and the Hawaiian Islands.

Because I know that Californians will not forget those who have died for their good; and those who are now battling to rehabilitate themselves under the handicap of wounds, shock and disease, suffered in the cause of their nation, I proclaim May 26th to 30th as "Poppy Week".

I ask, on behalf of the American Legion Auxiliary, the wholehearted support of my fellow citizens.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of May, 1933.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST: [signature]
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 15 1933
JOE. DAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION OF PRAYER

Our gracious and Heavenly Father, may I, in my humble way beseech you to bestow your richest blessings on our President of the United States, Franklin D. Roosevelt, for his graciousness and loving kindness to us, his people.

May you be his constant guide, dear Heavenly Father, to guard him and protect him from all harm.

Give him strength, spiritually, physically, and mentally, for the arduous ordeals of the morrow. And give him peace and understanding. Instill him with generous wisdom toward us, his children of this Nation.

We lift our voice as one in multitudes of the millions of thanksgiving for his courageous spirit.

And Heavenly Father be with his dear wife and give her the strength to stand by his side in the hour of stress and strain.

This is our most humble prayer expressing our faith and love and appreciation for our God-inspired President of these United States, Franklin D. Roosevelt.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of April, 1933.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 18 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Pursuant to the authorization and direction of Chapter 279, Statutes of 1933, Chapter 436, Statutes of 1933, and Chapter 149, Statutes of 1933, and under the powers vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the State.

I, JAMES ROLPH, Jr., Governor of the State of California, do hereby call and proclaim a special election to be held throughout the State of California on TUESDAY, the 27th day of JUNE, 1933, at which election there will be submitted to the qualified electors of said state for adoption or rejection, in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of article XVIII of the constitution of said state, the following amendments to the constitution of said state proposed by the legislature of said state at its fiftieth regular session commencing on the second day of January, 1933;

"Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 30--A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California, an amendment to the Constitution of the State by adding a new section to be numbered 34a to Article IV, by amending Section 12 of Article XI, by adding a new section to be numbered 20 toArticle XI, by amending sections 14, 15 and 16 by adding three new sections to be numbered 14½, 15½ and 16½, and by repealing sections 12½ and 18 of Article XIII, relating to taxation;

"Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 16--A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of said State repealing sections 4 and 9 of Article XI thereof, and amending section 5 of said article, relating to county government;

"Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 101--A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of said State by adding to Article XIII thereof a new section, to be numbered 8a, relating to taxation;

"Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 16--A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of said State, by adding to Article XVI thereof a new section to be numbered 9, authorizing the Legislature to provide for assistance

by the State in the refinancing of irrigation and reclamation districts, and approving and ratifying the District Finance Act of 1933;

"Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 102--A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to Article IV of the Constitution of said State by adding to said article a new section, to be numbered section 1a, relating to the time of taking effect of acts passed at the fiftieth regular session of the Legislature.

"Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 41--A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of said State by adding to Article XVI thereof a new section to be numbered 9, relating to loans to counties and municipalities for unemployment relief;

"Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 119--A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California, an amendment to the Constitution of said State by adding to Article IV thereof a new section to be numbered 25a, relating to the regulation and licensing of horse racing, horse race meetings, and the wagering on the results thereof;

"Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 47--A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of said State by amending section 1a of Article XIII thereof, relating to exemption of private nonprofit educational institutions from taxation; also, any other constitutional amendment or proposition that the Legislature shall lawfully submit at such election."

At such special election there shall also be submitted to the electors of the state two questions, which shall read, respectively, on the ballot as follows:

"1. Shall the Legislature divert $8,779,750 from the gasoline tax funds to the general fund for payment of bond interest and redemption on outstanding highway bonds for the biennium ending June 30, 1933?

Executive Department
State of California

"2. Shall the Legislature divert $8,449,326 from the gasoline tax funds to the general fund for payment of bond interest and redemption on outstanding highway bonds for the biennium ending June 30, 1935?"

At such special election there shall also be elected twenty two (22) delegates to a convention in the State of California to pass on the amendment to the Constitution of the United States for the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment thereof and for the prohibition of the transportation and importation of intoxicating liquor into [illegible] States and territories in violation of the laws thereof, proposed by the Congress for ratification by conventions in the several states.

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 18th day of May, 1933.

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: [illegible]
Deputy

3.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 25 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Mary Hagerty
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, the dentists of this State who are members of the Southern California State Dental Association have set aside the week of June 5th to 10th to be known as "Save the Teeth Week", and

WHEREAS, under the direction of dentists of California during this period a program will be instituted for the dissemination of information to the end that our people may have better teeth, hence healthier and happier lives,

THEREFORE, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of California, do proclaim the days of June 5th to 10th as "Save the Teeth Week", and suggest that the people of California cooperate and participate in this worthy movement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of May, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By: Mary Hagerty

Deputy

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 10 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 10 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY



898

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 12 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Among the many assets to health and happiness with which California is blessed, are the mile upon miles of bathing beaches.

All Californians should realize that in our beaches we have the cure for many bodily ills.

It is for this reason that I heartily endorse the movement instituted by the Recreation Department of the County of Los Angeles designed to draw the attention of the public to the recreational advantages of our beaches.

And so I am pleased to proclaim the week of June 5th to 11th as "Go to the Beach" week.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of June, [illegible].



Governor of California

By: _____
Secretary of State

By: _____
County

698

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 12 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] the tuna industry has grown by leaps and bounds in California until today there are thirteen tuna packing companies with an investment of $[illegible],000.

Because this industry has given employment to thousands of worthy citizens and sustenance to hundreds of heads of families, it gives me pleasure to proclaim the fourth week in August [illegible]."

At a time like this, when every agency is being exerted to encourage production and consumption of American goods, stimulation of the fishing industry as a whole and of tuna canning in particular, would bring great benefits to this commonwealth.

[illegible] urge the industry and its [illegible] interests to prepare special advertising and to arrange [illegible] programs to bring to the attention of the people of the [illegible] of the Nation, qualities of tuna, the "Chicken of the Sea."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and cause the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 8th day of June, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

395½

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 28 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In an effort to assist the cotton growers of California, together with other cotton producing states, in the solution of their problems, the National Government has set aside the week of June 26 to July 1 as NATIONAL COTTON ACREAGE ADJUSTMENT WEEK during which time growers will be asked to sign acreage reduction contracts.

The National Agricultural Adjustment Administration will submit these contracts to the grower with the objective of obtaining sufficient acreage curtailment to justify the national control program. The program is aimed to improve the cotton growers financial position and to offer the producer an opportunity, through their own voluntary action, to either approve or disapprove this program.

The raising of cotton has assumed a position of utmost importance in the agricultural life of California. I believe that unlimited support should be given any movement designed to assist the growers of cotton or any other farm product raised within our border in order that prosperity may be restored in this major industry.

I am, therefore, calling upon the cotton industry and the cotton growers of California to give unstintingly of their time in the study and careful consideration of the program which is to be offered them by the national government. The practical observance of National Cotton Acreage Adjustment Week will serve this purpose well.

Therefore, I do hereby proclaim that the week of June 26 to July 1, 1933, inclusive, be observed in California as NATIONAL COTTON ACREAGE ADJUSTMENT WEEK in cooperation with the other cotton producing and manufacturing states of the nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 28th day of June, 1933.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:
[signature]
Secretary of State

Nat'l Cotton Acreage Adjustment Week
1933

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

In an effort to assist the cotton growers of California, together with other cotton producing states, in the solution of their problems, the National Government has set aside the week of June 26 to July 1 as National Cotton Acreage Adjustment Week during which time growers will be asked to sign acreage reduction contracts.

The National Agricultural Adjustment Administration will submit these contracts to the grower with the objective of obtaining sufficient acreage curtailment to justify the national control program. The program is aimed to improve the cotton growers financial position and to offer the producer an opportunity, through their own voluntary action, to either approve or disapprove this program.

The raising of cotton has assumed a position of utmost importance in the agricultural life of California. I believe that unlimited support should be given any movement designed to assist the growers of cotton or any other farm product raised within our border in order that prosperity may be restored in this major industry.

I am, therefore, calling upon the cotton industry and the cotton growers of California to give unstintingly of their time in the study and careful consideration of the program which is to be offered them by the national government. The practical observance of National Cotton Acreage Adjustment Week will serve this purpose well.

Therefore, I do hereby proclaim that the week of June 26 to July 1, 1933, inclusive, be observed in California as NATIONAL COTTON ACREAGE ADJUSTMENT WEEK in cooperation with the other cotton producing and manufacturing states of the nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of June, 1933.

_____
Governor of California

ATTEST:

_____
Secretary of State

396

871
396

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 29 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Indep ndence Day, a National Holiday, falls upon Tuesday next.

A petition requesting me to proclaim Monday, July 3, as a legal holiday, was presented to me by the California Mission Trails Association on May 29. It has been followed by similar requests from hundreds of other organizations and individuals.

On the other hand, I recognize that there are many institutions and firms to which a legal holiday would be a disadvantage. Hence, a declaration of a legal holiday is not feasible.

However, I consider it of greatest importance that the workers of California be given the fullest opportunity to enjoy and profit by the benefit of the extended holiday which the situation offers, and on that account I publicly and earnestly urge every employer and every firm whose business will permit them to do so, to grant their employes the additional day of rest and recreation.

And to these firms and employers, who for good and sufficient reasons cannot so close their businesses, I urge and recommend that they permit as many of their employes as possible to take July 3 off. I do not urge this on employers of per diem labor, where the loss of the day's work would mean the loss of that day's pay to the employee.

It is a well known fact that trade is always very light on a Monday when the following day is a national holiday, and particularly when the following day is the Fourth of July. Therefore, I am firmly convinced that a voluntary closing such as I have recommended would not interfere with or injure business to any noticeable extent.

A voluntary closing of business on July 3 would be a great boon and blessing to thousands of employes who would in this manner have three and one half days in which to rest and relax, to visit the mountains, the seashore or the country, and return to their positions full of renewed vigor and vitality. Therefore, I hope that all of the business interests of the State of California will cooperate in this matter to the fullest possible extent.

Executive Department
State of California

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 28 day of June, 1933.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.



872
.397

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 13 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

[illegible]:

The [illegible] will be with us in [illegible] in a [illegible] event - it is a statewide event.

[illegible], we are [illegible] by the [illegible], [illegible] competitive organization, [illegible] and [illegible] wish to none of [illegible] any section of the nation.

[illegible] the domain of [illegible] -- [illegible] -- it [illegible] upon [illegible] active part [illegible] the finest outdoor girl cowboys will [illegible] the [illegible].

The former [illegible] are largely responsible for the development of this state. They stood shoulder to shoulder [illegible] with rare hardships to establish homes and open up this wonderful commonwealth.

Californians, ever mindful of their debt of gratitude to their pioneer women, always have glorified the California girl.

I issue this proclamation in behalf of this contest because I feel that such competition will bring out the [illegible] of the state and will, in short, symbolize the [illegible] Californians have for our womanhood.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the [illegible] to be affixed, this [illegible] day of July, 1933.

_____
Governor of California

Attest: _____
[illegible] of State

By: _____
Deputy

873
39.

Executive Department
State of California

[redacted]

Friday, September 8th 1933, has been designated as [redacted] Y at the State Fair, and I urge all who are interested in the mineral industry to exhibit, wherever possible, samples of the various minerals of this State, and to attend the Fair on that day.

California is known the world over, since the days of 1849, as the State which electrified the world by the discovery and mining of many hundreds of millions of dollars worth of gold and many other valuable minerals.

I am, therefore, happy to proclaim Friday, [redacted] as Gold Mining Day at the State Fair.

IN [redacted] I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of July, 1933.

[redacted]

By the Governor:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State.



FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 13 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [redacted]
Deputy

874

399

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 8 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

To [illegible]

California joins with every other state in the Union in a nationwide educational campaign to reduce loss of life and loss caused by automobile accidents.

Throughout the United States a concerted effort is being initiated by state governments and citizens to cut the terrific toll taken yearly on our highways -- a toll which must and can be reduced by educational means.

The first essential to the safe use of the streets and highways of the nation is a proper state of mind. I appeal to drivers and pedestrians to join in a simultaneous and continuous effort to safeguard the lives of the public and to partake in this campaign of education.

So serious do I consider this problem in its relation to California, that I proclaim the month of September as "Street and Highway Safety Month" and urge that police departments, automobile associations, teachers, and civic organizations inaugurate a month's program aimed to cut down this terrific life toll.

IN [illegible] I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this [illegible] day of August, 1[illegible].



Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 10 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF CALIFORNIA:

One of the most famous spots in Southern California, the Hollywood Bowl, has proved since its building, the cradle of music.

Its programs have done much for the cultural side of the social life not only of Southern California, but of the entire state. An institution without political aspect, its directors are deserving of the profound appreciation of the citizens of the state.

I am happy, therefore, to proclaim the week commencing August 22 as "Hollywood Bowl Week" and urge that appropriate programs be arranged and that honor be done to those who have worked so hard and so unselfishly in behalf of this great cultural center.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of August, 1933.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 22 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Hazel
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

The Spanish War Veterans are holding their 35th annual National Encampment August 20th to August 24th in Los Angeles, California.

These brave patriots are assembling to perpetuate the spirit of America and rekindle as they do yearly, the lofty Americanism which brought them rushing to the colors by the thousands in the memorable days of 1898.

In proclaiming this period "Spanish War Veterans' Week" I draw the attention of the Citizens of the State of California to the "Season of Commemoration" begun upon August 13th, date of the capture of Manila and lasting to December 10th, when the Peace Treaty was signed at Paris.

During this "Season of Commemoration" each week is being designated for a specific achievement with a recognized day in tribute to an individual.

August 20th has been named Panama Canal Week; August 22nd, Delegates' Day, dedicated to General Goethals; September 3rd to 10th, Sacrifice Week, with September 6th named Martyr's Day and dedicated to the memory of President McKinley.

I take this means while proclaiming August 20th-24th "Spanish War Veterans Week", to ask of my fellow Californians that they assist to the utmost in making this "Season of Commemoration" a successful one so that it may keep kindled within us all the fires of unity and patriotism.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto, this 17th day of August, A.D. 1933.

[illegible]
Governor of California.

ATTEST:
Secretary of State.

BY:
Deputy.

~102

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 25 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

NRA PROCLAMATION

Moving as one great unit, every state of these United States is advancing in the ranks of the NRA upon depression and unemployment.

With a desire to further stimulate the patriotic enthusiasm of this commonwealth in the recovery plan, I proclaim September 2nd "NRA DAY" at the California State Fair. Nearly forty thousand Californians will be assembled at the capital on that day for the opening of this mammoth exposition.

To show to the rest of the nation California's determination to back to the limit the principles of the NRA, I dedicate this day. I urge upon my fellow citizens to be present at the State Fair to see the tangible evidence given in the wealth of exhibits of the recovery era in this state, and I ask them to join in a pledge of further cooperation at the special NRA program which will be featured on Saturday, September 2nd.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of August, A.D. 1933.

[signature]
Governor

ATTEST:

[signature]
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 28 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

On the New Year's Eve, September 20th, the Community Synagogue is observing its third anniversary.

It gives me extreme pleasure to write my congratulations for the three years of sterling pioneering work which has been done under Rabbi Dr. Mayer Winkler.

Under the good Rabbi's guidance has been established an institution somewhat unique in that it is a religious one standing for Judaism in particular, and for religion in general, expressing these ideals in terms of good will and fellowship.

Those who know Dr. Winkler are not surprised that the Community Synagogue has been a success since he radiates the Golden Rule and inculcates in his congregation a spirit of brotherly love, fellowship and kindness.

For the benefit of the Jewish readers of the Recorder, please be advised that it is my intention, as in the past, to instruct the heads of all departments to free those of Jewish faith within the state organization upon the occasion of Rosh Hashonash, festival of the Jewish New Year, and to excuse those of Jewish faith for the Day of Atonement also.

And now, to those of Community Synagogue I wish a year of happiness and peace and prosperity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto, this 26th day of August, A.D. 1933.



[signature]
Governor of California.

ATTEST: [signature]
Secretary of State.

879

444

K. F. BRACK
DISTRICT INSPECTOR
DIRECTOR

JAMES ROLPH, JR., GOVERNOR

DIVISION OF QUARANTINE ADMINISTRATION
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 31 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 3

Pertaining to Oriental Fruit Moth

Effective on and after August 23,1933

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to peach trees and fruit and other trees and fruit, known as the Oriental fruit moth (Laspeyresia molesta, Busck), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the states of New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, Kansas, Delaware, West Virginia, Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas, Ohio, Indiana, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Michigan and Illinois, and in the District of Columbia and in the Province of Ontario, Canada, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory, and that all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear and apple trees and plants and fresh fruits thereof, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers of these fruits are liable to be carriers of said Oriental fruit moth;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said Oriental fruit moth into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California, against said Oriental fruit moth, and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, chokecherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers that have been used to contain these fruits, grown in or imported, shipped or brought from the said infested territory and no such possible carriers of this insect as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Budwood or scions of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, quince, pear and apple trees grown in or shipped from the said infested territory will be admitted into the State of California in limited amount and only during the dormant period from November 1st to March 1st, provided a permit to cover same is first

issued by the Director of Agriculture. Persons contemplating the importing into this state of any such budwood or scions from the said infested territory shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the shipper, the locality where the budwood or scions were grown, the amount and kind of budwood or scions it is desired to import, and the name and address of the importer in this state to whom the permit should be sent. All such permits issued by the Director of Agriculture will specify the amount of the importation, and the manner and method of shipment and treatment which must be complied with as a condition of entry.

Provision 2. Any and all varieties and species including the flowering form of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, chokecherry, quince, pear and apple trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets or other used containers of these fruits, arriving in the State of California from the said infested territory in violation of the provisions of this proclamation shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 3. The entry into this state of any budwood or scions as provided in Provision 1 hereof shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamation or ruling now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 3 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 3 (New Series-Revised) dated January 31, 1930, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California.

ISSUED: _____

4° 880

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

JAMES ROLPH, JR., GOVERNOR

DIVISION OF QUARANTINE ADMINISTRATION
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 31 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 11

Pertaining to Peach Tree Diseases

Effective on and after August 23, 1933

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that one or more of the injurious plant diseases known as peach yellows, peach rosette and little peach, none of which is known to occur in the State of California, exist in the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infected territory, and that all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds of all species and varieties including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, apricot, almond and plum and any trees budded or grafted on peach stock or peach roots are liable to be carriers of these diseases;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the said peach yellows and/or peach rosette and/or little peach diseases into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California, against all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds of all species and varieties including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, apricot, almond and plum or any trees budded or grafted on peach stock or peach roots grown in or imported, shipped or brought from the said infected territory, and no such possible carriers of these diseases as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds as quarantined against in this proclamation and arriving in the State of California from the said infected territory in violation of the provisions of this proclamation shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Quarantine Proclamation supersedes Quarantine Circular No. 1 (New Series) [illegible] March 1, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: August 29, 1927

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 20 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

In accordance with my usual custom, I wish to urge that the people of this State make the forthcoming Fire Prevention Week, October 8th to 14th, an occasion of special significance and absorb, during this week, a consciousness of the dangers and destruction from fire which will remain with them and be effective throughout the entire year.

The people of this State annually sacrifice a vast amount of property due to the ravages of fire; worse still, many people are burned to death, besides which many others are maimed for life.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of the State of California, by authority in me vested do designate and proclaim the period from October 8th to 14th as Fire Prevention Week.

In this connection, I urge that all State and County officials and organizations in every community promptly unite upon specific programs of cooperation, in order to discover and correct existent fire hazards, promote measures of public and private fire protection, extend instruction in fire prevention among adults as well as school children and arouse the people generally to the need for habits of greater carefulness.

If this be undertaken without delay and earnestly carried on throughout the year, the result cannot fail to be a large contribution to public welfare.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th day of September, 1933.



Governor of California

Secretary of State

By _____ Deputy

882
L57

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 2 [illegible] 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

[illegible]

[illegible] is setting up relief for [illegible].

[illegible] holders of [illegible] taxes are [illegible] adjustments in tax payments [illegible] operations of [illegible] and [illegible] to [illegible], [illegible] government institutions.

[illegible], the citizens [illegible], cannot do other than [illegible]. [illegible] governments [illegible] valuations.

[illegible] holders [illegible] Federal Government machinery gets into [illegible] feel the assistance [illegible] already about our credit and economic [illegible].

[illegible] our citizens now have in the wisdom of home ownership.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great [illegible] State to be affixed this [illegible] day of October [illegible]

[signature]

Governor of California

Attest:

[signature]

Secretary of State

408

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 29 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

May I call to the attention of the general people of the City and County of San Francisco, the appeal of Blindcraft. San Francisco has been known the world over for its hospitality and charity and never turns down an appeal of merit on behalf of those less fortunate than themselves.

Your wholehearted cooperation with the San Francisco Association for the Blind during Blindcraft Week will greatly assist our sightless and undaunted fellow citizens who are honestly endeavoring, under the direction of the Association, to make themselves self-supporting and honored members of society.

I feel confident that the citizens of San Francisco will come forward to assist their fellow men and fellow women who toil in a world of darkness. They do not ask charity but are hopeful that you will remember them during Blindcraft Week and make your purchases of brooms, furniture, baskets, rugs, chairs and other similar articles which they make with only a sense of touch and perseverance to guide them and offer the public as their means of subsistence.

I trust they will find a ready market for their products on display at 393 Sutter Street, San Francisco, and that the noble work of the San Francisco Association for the Blind may continue its tremendous task of teaching those who constantly live in darkness so that they may have some measure of happiness.

So I urge again that you plan to make your purchases and thus help the blind to help themselves during the week of October 7th to 14th, 1933, which I am happy indeed to declare Blindcraft Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of September, 1933.



[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [signature]
Deputy Secretary of State

1933

Blindcraft

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

May I call to the attention of the general people of the City and County of San Francisco, the appeal of Blindcraft. San Francisco has been known the world over for its hospitality and charity and never turns down an appeal of merit on behalf of those less fortunate than themselves.

Your wholehearted cooperation with the San Francisco Association for the Blind during Blindcraft Week will greatly assist our sightless and undaunted fellow citizens who are honestly endeavoring, under the direction of the Association, to make themselves self-supporting and honored members of society.

I feel confident that the citizens of San Francisco will come forward to assist their fellow men and fellow women who toil in a world of darkness. They do not ask charity but are hopeful that you will remember them during Blindcraft Week and make your purchases of brooms, furniture, baskets, rugs, chairs and other similar articles which they make with only a sense of touch and perseverance to guide them and offer the public as their means of subsistence.

I trust they will find a ready market for their products on display at 393 Sutter Street, San Francisco, and that the noble work of the San Francisco Association for the Blind may continue its tremendous task of teaching those who constantly live in darkness so that they may have some measure of happiness.

So I urge again that you plan to make your purchases and thus help the blind to help themselves during the week of October 7th to 14th, 1933, which I am happy indeed to declare Blindcraft Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of September, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By Chas. A. Negley

Deputy Secretary of State

884

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 4 - 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas Hogarty
DEPUTY

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the State,

I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of the State of California, do hereby call and proclaim a special election to be held throughout the State of California on Tuesday, the ~~twelfth~~ nineteenth day of December, 1933, at which election there will be submitted to the qualified electors of said State for adoption or rejection, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1, of Article IV of the Constitution of said State, all laws passed by the legislature of said State at its fiftieth regular session commencing on the second day of January, 1933, which have been delayed from going into effect by referendum petitions filed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article IV of the Constitution of said State.

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto, this 4th day of October, A.D. 1933.

James Rolph, Jr.
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By Chas Hogarty
Deputy Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Pursuant to the terms of Chapter 75 of the Resolutions of 1933 I hereby proclaim Wednesday, October 11th 1933 the 154th Anniversary of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski.

I urge upon my fellow citizens throughout this Commonwealth to revere the memory of General Casimir Pulaski on the above-mentioned date and to hold appropriate exercises and ceremonies in his honor. I call upon the officials of the Government to display the flag of the United States on all governmental buildings on October 11th in commemoration of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of October, 1933.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

BY: Deputy

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 11 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
BY DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 19 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] education in the formation of democratic government. [illegible] importance of education not only for [illegible], but also for our great commonwealth, [illegible] ideal in the great [illegible] commonwealth.

It is therefore proper that, under the sponsorship of the United States Office of Education, The American Legion, the National Education Association, a week, [illegible] American Education Week, be set aside each year to stress the importance of our public schools.

It is of unusual importance that all of our citizens participate in our own education week this year. The schools need the appreciation, understanding and support of all depending upon them for the education [illegible]—the world's most valuable asset. Our [illegible] has been one of the contributing factors [illegible] of this state and nation today, and, through our educational institutions, we can be assured of still greater accomplishments and development.

I, [illegible], Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and designate [illegible] and respectfully request that all citizens of the Commonwealth of California observe it accordingly.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of October, [illegible].

[signature]
Governor of California.

[signature]
Secretary of State

887

Proclamation
Red Cross
Oct 19 - 1933

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 19 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The [illegible] national [illegible] to hold its [illegible] call [illegible] with [illegible].

It should not be necessary for me to point out [illegible] which have been done by this organization in [illegible] and to call [illegible] activities [illegible] vetoes are, and for relief in time [illegible] later.

[illegible] will be given to citizens [illegible] and patriotism be [illegible] te of our nation [illegible].

I [illegible] devoted to the cause of the [illegible] and urge [illegible] to come to the aid of this [illegible] be borne in mind that the Red [illegible] $3,000,000 on national and inter- [illegible] 7,500,000 additional dis- [illegible] by 7,[illegible] for local relief [illegible], [illegible] request the aid given 5,294 families [illegible] affected by the Southern California earthquake last [illegible].

[illegible] shine this most worthy [illegible].

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th [illegible] A.D. [illegible].

Frank C. Jordan

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 19 1933
JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

...day, October ...th, is the seventy-fifth anniversary ... of Theodore Roosevelt.

... American, by his indomitable will and ... has advanced the cause of true Americanism to the ... plane.

Roosevelt House, opened ten years ago, is now a national focus of patriotic endeavor. With the memory ... Roosevelt ... throughout the nation are teaching the youth of this great country the vital principles which governed his life and made of him the most typical American of modern times.

... Parents observe Friday, October ...th, with ... ceremonies or exercises in memory of Theodore Roosevelt, and that the schools throughout the commonwealth devote ... on of the day to special lessons aimed to ... on our children the greatness of this American.

IN ... WHEREOF, I have hereunto caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of October, 1933.

Governor of California

By:

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 22 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Conforming to the annual custom of our ancestors of giving thanks to Almighty God for the year's blessings, and in accordance with the Proclamation of the President of the United States, I hereby proclaim Thursday, November 30, 1933, Thanksgiving Day.

As Governor of California I urge all citizens of this State to set aside November 30th as a day for prayer, reflection, and thanksgiving.

Our Pilgrim Fathers were beset with trials and tribulations much greater than our good people of today, but with all the depression and unemployment, we must give thanks that they are of no greater proportion.

We thank God that we are permitted to enjoy the many privileges which are ours, and we give thanks unto Him for the strength and courage He has given us to go forward with the same indomitable spirit and determination shown by our Forefathers.

I call upon all citizens of this Commonwealth to lay aside their tools of husbandry regardless of their daily toil, and to go to their customary places of worship to give thanks to Almighty God.

Let us display the stars and stripes in honor of our country, and reflect a spirit of Thanksgiving in the comfort of our homes and places of worship, a spirit of Peace on Earth, Good Will toward Men, to the end that our great State and Nation shall be guided forward and preserved for prosperity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 22 day of November, 1933.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:
[signature]
Secretary of State

339 A.

REGULATIONS

DIVISION IV

AGRICULTURAL CODE OF CALIFORNIA

DIRECTOR
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, the Agricultural Code of the State of California, passed by the state legislature of 1933 requires the issuance of rules and regulations by the Director of the Department of Agriculture pertaining to certain [illegible] provisions; and

WHEREAS, at subsequent hearings attended by interested officials and by representatives of all branches of the industry, it was found that certain other regulations were necessary, setting forth methods of procedure and interpretations of certain requirements of the code in order to accomplish the purposes thereof; and

WHEREAS, certain advances have been made in dairy control work during the two years just past, making revision of dairy regulations heretofore promulgated necessary,

NOW, THEREFORE, BY VIRTUE of the authority vested in the Director of Agriculture under the General Provisions and Division Four of the Agricultural Code, I hereby proclaim the following Dairy Regulations, numbered one to twenty-three, inclusive, to be in force and effect in the State of California on and after this 24th day of October, 1933, and that all previous dairy regulations promulgated are hereby annulled.

[signature]
Director of Agriculture

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 22 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

REGULATION I

1. The phrase "properly fed and kept", as used in section 471 (b), is construed to mean that milk must be produced from animals fed only such feeds as will not impart strong disagreeable flavors or odors to the milk or the products thereof. (The intentional or wilful feeding of mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc., is specifically prohibited and the use of pastures where such feeds as mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc., are growing to such an extent that the quality of milk from cows grazing on such pastures is injured thereby (tainted) does not constitute proper feeding, whereas, most natural grasses, alfalfa, clover, vetch, peas, ensilage, beets, carrots, cocoanut meal, grains, etc., which are not moldy or decayed are entirely suitable for feeding animals producing milk.) All feeds must be wholesome and fed in such quantities as will nourish and not impair the health of the animals. Milk producing animals must be kept reasonably clean and must not be subjected to undue exposure so that their health is injured thereby.

2. Milk for manufacturing purposes may be graded into three classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE MILK is milk free from foreign substance, is well cooled, will pass the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, contains no undesirable flavors or odors and contains not more than one million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

SECOND GRADE MILK is milk showing some foreign substance, may have some undesirable flavors, is uncooled, shows a questionable reaction to the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, or contains more

than one million and not more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

THIRD GRADE MILK is milk that is dirty; strong; sour; contains numerous flies, or other insects; gives a distinct yellow curd by the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator; or contains more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination; or is otherwise unfit to be manufactured into a food product. Third grade milk which in the judgment of the inspector is clearly unfit for human consumption, or which is known to have been produced under very insanitary conditions, shall be condemned and marked for identification by the addition of a suitable amount of charcoal paste and rennet.

REGULATION II

1. Cream being defined as a portion of milk (Section 478) infers, and is construed to mean that the milk from which it is separated must conform to the established definitions and standards for milk.

2. Cream for manufacturing purposes may be graded into four classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of ninety-two score butter or above (creamery extra), being clean, smooth, free from undesirable flavors or odors, sweet or acid not to exceed three-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid), and containing at least thirty per cent of milk fat.

SECOND GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of butter scoring from ninety to ninety-one and one-half (creamery prime first), being somewhat fermented, contains some undesirable flavor or odor, and contains more than three-tenths and less than six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid).

THIRD GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself to the manufacture of butter scoring from eighty-eight to eighty-nine and one-half (creamery first), may be slightly foamy or slightly curdy, has distinct off flavors, is old, and contains in excess of six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid).

CREAM UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION (rejected cream) is cream which is very strong; tainted; rancid; moldy; dirty; very curdy; contains numerous flies, or other insects or vermin; or is in an advanced state of fermentation or putrefaction; or is otherwise unwholesome; or which is known to be produced under very insanitary conditions.

REGULATION III

1. In accordance with the requirements of Section 475, the following alkaline materials are approved for use in neutralization of acidity in cream for making butter:

Calcium Hydroxide (Lime water, milk of lime).
Calcium Oxide (Quick lime).
Calcium Carbonate (Chalk).
Magnesium Oxide (Magnesia lime).
Sodium Bicarbonate (Baking soda).
Sodium Carbonate (Soda ash).

Other compounds or proprietary preparations may be used on special written permit from the State Department of Agriculture.

REGULATION IV

1. In accordance with the requirements of section 509, standards of composition have been promulgated for special varieties of cheese as follows:

(a) Limburger, dinner, breakfast, brick, camembert, hand, limberger, neufchatel, [illegible], schloss kase, sierra and telsit shall contain not less than fifty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese, and not less than thirty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance, in the case of part skim cheese.

(b) Cacio-cavallo and casseri types shall contain not less than forty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(c) Canestratto, romano and romanello types shall contain not less than forty-two per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(d) Feta type shall contain not less than forty-eight per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(e) Brick cheese shall contain not more than forty-two per cent of moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(f) Queso blanco mexicano (white Mexican cheese) shall contain not more than forty-eight per cent of moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(g) Qu[illegible] ican ([illegible]erican cheese) shall contain not [illegible] forty-six per cent moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milk-fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty [illegible] milkfat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

2. All [illegible] containing less than thirty [illegible] nce must be labeled skim cheese.

3. All [illegible] cheese shall be labeled [illegible] the factory where manufactured to indicate the variety, grade and factory number. [illegible] address of the manufacturer may be used in lieu of the factory number.

4. Special varieties of cheese shall be sold only under labels approved in writing by the department of agriculture of the State of California.

5. [illegible] and sale of special varieties of [illegible] ed for cause after a hearing before the [illegible] of agriculture, or some officer designated by said director.

6. The term "red bandage" as applied to granular cheese in section 908 is construed to mean cheese bandage which has been colored to a shade not lighter than a deep orange.

7. Factory numbers required by the law to be assigned annually will be reassigned each year to each cheese factory upon application for [illegible] factory license.

8. [illegible] of cheese required by the Agricultural Code and this regulation, except [illegible] otherwise provided or authorized by special permit shall be [illegible] black letters or numerals at least one-half inch in [illegible] labels approved by the department of [illegible].

REGULATION V

1. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon of ice cream and/or ice milk shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from, at least thirty separate containers, except in those plants where a less number of filled containers is available, in which case the determination shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from all filled containers which are present. Net weights may be determined by deducting from the gross weight of all filled containers examined, the weight of an equal number of representative empty containers of exactly the same style and pattern. If a tentative determination made in this manner indicates that the contents of the containers examined are deficient in weight of total food solids per gallon the filled containers may be emptied and the actual net weight of the same containers after being emptied may be exactly determined, except that manufacturers who object to this procedure may designate on each container its tare weight for the accuracy of which designation he shall be responsible, as provided in the net containers act.

2. If fresh egg yolks are used in compliance with the egg requirement of section 513, said egg yolk shall have been secured from eggs having an average weight of not less than twenty and one-half ounces per dozen, or the equivalent in other grades. (See proposed weight requirements United States Standard and Grades for eggs.)

3. Application for permit to use butter, eggs, and/or egg products in the manufacture of ice cream or ice milk shall be made annually at the time application for renewal of factory license is made, within thirty days prior to the expiration of each calendar year. Such permits will be issued for one year at a time only.

4. Chocolate ice cream is construed to be a nut ice cream and must, therefore, contain at least eight per cent of milk fat and one per cent by weight of ground chocolate or cocoa.

5. Ice cream may be made with the use of artificial coloring and flavoring without labeling the same "artificial flavor and color," provided it is merely labeled "ice cream." If, on the other hand, an ice cream were to be labeled "vanilla ice cream" or "maple ice cream," then the ice cream in question would have to be made from the pure extracts and pure flavorings. (See opinion of Bureau of Foods and Drugs of the Department of Public Health of the State of California, July 19, 1927.)

6. Coated (dipped), plain (undipped) bars, cakes, pies, suckers, lollypops, etc., sold under such trade names of "Eskimo Pie," "Zero Bar," "Alaska Cake," "Artic Cake" and all other such trade names or terms, and containing ice cream and/or ice milk as a filling are considered to be a form of frozen products and must comply with the labeling provisions of the code applying to ice cream and/or ice milk. The ice cream and/or ice milk used in their preparation must meet with the standards and requirements, for such products, as set forth in the Code.

REGULATION VI

The use of neutralizer for the adjustment of ice cream mix shall not be practiced when the milk and/or cream used exceeds two-tenths per cent acidity or when the acidity of the entire mix exceeds twenty-five hundredths per cent acidity.

REGULATION VII

1. The use of the phrase "manufacture and sale of soft drinks [illegible] construed to mean the pre- [illegible] milk as a base. [illegible] fountains.

[illegible] secure a license for the manufacture of [illegible] provided for in section [illegible] may do [illegible] in the qualifications of technician who is to be employed [illegible] vision these products will be produced. [illegible] Department of Agriculture will [illegible] discretion, examine [illegible] the qualifications of such technician as an essential consideration [illegible] determining [illegible] the license for manufacture shall be issued.

REGULATION VIII

1. Imitation ice cream shall contain a minimum of one and [illegible]-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. Imitation ice milk shall contain a minimum of one and three-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon, and method of sampling, shall be the same as that set forth in paragraph 1 of Regulation V.

2. Imitation ice cream and imitation ice milk may be made with the use of artificial color and artificial flavor provided the labeling and sale of such products shall be in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Pure Foods Act, approved March 11, 1907, as amended.

REGULATION IX

. Wholesale dealers required by the provisions of the Agricultural Code to keep a record of sales of oleomargarine shall once each month prepare and alphabetically arrange a list of all customers of the month just preceding, showing the total amount sold to each customer for the month, and shall forward a copy of said list to the office of the department of agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento.

REGULATION X

1. Two or more cows in full lactation or freshening within four months of each other, and producing milk or cream sold to the public, constitute a commercial dairy. A milk house must be provided, and other requirements of the dairy law observed. The sale of small quantities of milk from one cow producing more than enough milk to supply domestic need, may be actuated by a desire to avoid waste and not to compete with commercial dairies. Therefore a milk house may not be required, provided the milk sold is wholesome and handled in a sanitary manner.

2. The word "sterilized" as used in section 691 of the Agricultural Code, is construed to mean that the process of destroying all microorganisms shall be accomplished by heat. Such process shall be carried to a point equivalent to that accomplished by subjection to water or water vapor at a temperature of 170 degrees Fahrenheit for fifteen minutes as required by said act. Immersion in boiling water (water at 212 degrees Fahrenheit) or subjection to superheated steam or steam under pressure for less than fifteen minutes must accomplish the same degree of efficiency reached in fifteen minutes by water or water vapor at 170 degrees Fahrenheit. Scalding as used in the ordinary sense and which consists of rapidly pouring hot water over utensils is insufficient, in that some of the surfaces, especially of tubular equipment, are frequently entirely missed and always some parts of the utensils are inadequately heated.

3. The practice of emptying and holding milk in cans in barns, corrals, etc., where milking is done is contrued to be in violation of section 691, wherein it is required that milk must not be canned or kept in a place occupied by cows or other animals.

4. The phrase "cooled to as low a temperature as practicable" as used in section 691, is construed to mean that the milk or cream is to be cooled to within 4 degrees Fahrenheit of the temperature of the ground water on the premises.

5. In accordance with the requirements of section 693, the following form is adopted as the official dairy farm score card in the State of California:

DAIRY FARM SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO

BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

County ..... Name .....

Town ..... Business address .....

Total No. cows ..... ; No. milking ..... ; Gals. milk daily ..... ; Cream .....

Disposition ..... Date .....

EQUIPMENT—30%	Perfect	Allowed
Cows	8	
Apparent good health	2	
Tested and reactors removed	4	
Food (clean and wholesome)	1	
Water (clean and fresh)	1	
Utensils	10	
Hooded buckets	4	
(or less according to opening)		
Necessary equipment available	2	
(or less according to efficiency)		
Construction and condition	3	
Clean milking suits	1	
Milk House	7	
Location; free from contaminating surroundings	2	
Construction	2	
Floor, walls and ceiling	1	
Light, ventilation and screens	1	
Separate rooms for washing utensils and handling milk	1	
Water clean, pure and convenient	1	
Steam or boiling water convenient	1	
Stables	5	
Location; free from contaminating surroundings	1	
Drainage	2	
Construction	2	
Floor, walls and ceiling	1	
Light and ventilation	1	
Total	30	

METHODS—70%	Perfect	Allowed
Handling Utensils	30	
Thoroughly washed	12	
Sterilized and dried	15	
Protection from contamination	3	
Cleanliness of Milking	20	
Cows clean	4	
Udders washed and wiped	8	
Cleaned with moist cloth	5	
Brushed	1	
Sterile milking machines or clean dry hands	8	
Handling of Milk	11	
Milk removed immediately to milk house without pouring from pails	3	
Protection from dust and insects	3	
Cooled and held below 40° F.	6	
Below 50° F.	5	
Below 60° F.	4	
Below 70° F.	3	
Below 80° F.	1	
Aerated	1	
Cleanliness of Buildings	5	
Cleanliness of milk room	2.5	
Cleanliness of stable	2.5	
Total	70	
Deduct for:		
Very filthy utensils		
Very filthy milk room		
Equipment + methods = final score.		

..... Inspector

STATE PRINTING

REGULATION XI

1. In accordance with the requirements of section 693 of the Agricultural Code, the following form is adopted as the official score card for factories of dairy products in the State of California:

INDIVIDUAL FACTORY REPORT AND SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO

[redacted] DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

Trade Name.....Owner or Manager.....

Town.....Business Address.....

Products Manufactured or Processed.....

Factory License No.....Date.....

EQUIPMENT 40%	Perfect	Allowed
Building	16	.....
Location		
Free from contaminating surroundings 8		
Arrangement 4		
Proper rooms, 1; lavatory facilities, 1; adequate size, 1; convenient, 1.		
Construction 10		
Interior surfaces—tight, sound and cleanable 6		
Floors, 2; walls, 1; ceilings, 1.		
Light and ventilation—adequate.. 2		
Drainage—adequate 2		
General appearance—attractive..... 1		
Apparatus	20	.....
Facilities for cleaning, sterilizing and drying 7		
Transportation containers..... 4		
Plant equipment..... 8		
Facilities for handling the product..... 7		
Adequate, 5; condition of, 4.		
Temperature indicators and controls..... 6		
Condition of, 3; sufficient, 3; check thermometer, 1.		
Water Supply	4	.....
Clean and fresh..... 2		
Convenient and adequate..... 2		
Total on Equipment	40	.....

METHODS 60%	Perfect	Allowed
Building, Cleanliness	8	.....
Freedom from odors, 2; orderly, 1; floors, 1; walls, 1; ceilings, 1; doors and windows, 1; shafts, pulleys, pipes, etc., 1.		
Apparatus	20	.....
Transportation Containers..... 10		
Thoroughly washed, 5; sterilized, 4; dried, 1.		
Plant Equipment 10		
Thoroughly washed, 5; sterilized, 4; dried, 1.		
Handling the Product	22	.....
Protection from contamination (flies, dust, vermin, etc.) 8		
Expeditious Operation, Celerity and Dispatch..... 8		
Proper Temperature Control..... 14		
Receiving, 2; processing, 6; storage, 5; transportation, 2; records, 1.		
Packaging and Labeling..... 8		
Technical Control of Product.....	4	.....
Raw materials, 2; finished product, 2.		
Miscellaneous	6	.....
Cleanliness of employees..... 4		
Personal, 2; clothing, 2.		
Transportation Facilities..... 2		
Cleanliness, 1½; appearance, ½.		
Total on Methods.....	60	.....

Score—Equipment.....Methods.....Total.....

NOTE.—The following instructions constitute an official order and must be observed.

.....

.....

.....

Necessary new equipment must be installed and repairs or other improvements required must be completed by

.....19.....

Duplicate copy received.

.....

B D C FORM 20 [illegible]

Inspector

REGULATION XII

Containers used for the purpose of delivering or receiving milk or cream at a milk products plant shall be [illegible] with the patron's name or number in a [illegible] will not erase. Said name or number shall correspond [illegible] name or number of the patron as carried on the records of the plant.

REGULATION XIII

1. Any person making application for a factory license as required by sections 621 and 622, or the renewal thereof, shall file a properly executed affidavit in connection therewith, setting forth therein such facts as may be indicated in an appropriate form, supplied for the purpose, by the department of agriculture of the State of California.

2. Any person desiring to secure a milk and cream tester's license as required by section 631 shall file with the department of agriculture an application in writing, on an appropriate form provided for the purpose, by the said department. Each applicant shall specify the method intended to be used and for which the license is desired. Before any such "tester's license" is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a satisfactory written examination, securing a grade of at least 70 per cent, and an oral laboratory examination and demonstration of technique sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in conducting accurate tests on milk and cream and securing a grade of at least 80 per cent. The examination shall be adapted to the particular method of testing specified in the application. The license, if issued, shall specify the method to be used by the licensee and shall not be construed to permit tests to be made by the applicant using any other method than that specified in the license.

3. Any person desiring to secure a license to weigh, or sample milk, or cream, or both, for testing as required by section 631 shall make application in writing on an appropriate form supplied by the department of agriculture of the State of California.

Before any such sampler's and weigher's license is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a grade of at least 70 per cent on both parts of the examination. Before any such license is issued, the applicant shall have satisfactorily demonstrated his ability to take correctly, individual and composite samples which are truly representative of the lot from which the sample was taken in any and all of the different ways that accurate and legitimate samples of milk and cream are secured in California. He shall also prove himself capable of answering intelligently any questions pertaining to his work as a sampler and weigher of milk and/or cream and demonstrate the legibility of his writing and figures by properly completing a satisfactory form of weigh sheet which shall contain the four necessary essentials that must appear on a weigh sheet, namely: Full date on which the milk and/or cream was received; name or number of the patron; net weight of the milk and/or cream of the delivery or shipment and the full name of the licensed tester or licensed sampler and weigher who does the weighing.

4. Any person desiring to secure a license to make bacteriological determinations upon milk or cream which determinations are to be used as a basis of payment or determining value as required by section 631, shall make application in writing on an appropriate form supplied by the department of agriculture of the State of California. Before a technician's license is issued to such applicant he shall be required to pass a written, oral and laboratory examination and demonstration of technique sufficiently thorough to indicate the

ability of the applicant in making bacteriological determinations on milk and cream which are reasonably accurate, and secure in each of these examinations a grade of at least 70 per cent.

5. Samples of milk or cream for bacteriological examination when taken for determining value or upon which basis of payment is made shall be secured under the supervision of a licensed technician in a manner described in the current edition of "The Standard Methods of Milk Analysis" of the American Public Health Association. Such samples must be representative and shall be taken from the original containers direct from the delivery wagons, trucks, dairies, milk plants or other places of business at least once a week and at irregular intervals without previous notice to any producer.

6. When payment is based upon the bacterial content of milk or cream, such payment shall be made on the count or average of the counts obtained for each individual week. The average bacteria counts of two or more weeks shall not be used as a basis for such payments except in those cases where bacterial counts are in excess of the bonus basis upon which payment is based, in which event the bacterial counts of the two preceding weeks may be included in computing the average, only when the shipper's bacterial counts have been maintained below the bonus limit for the preceding four weeks. In all cases where this method is used, the average bacterial count shall be computed and determined by the north curve rating.

7. All persons holding a technician's license shall make duplicate records of the result of each test, the original to be made with indelible pencil or ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

8. The forms on which bacteria counts are kept shall be of satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information. Such forms shall be approved in writing by the California department of agriculture.

9. Each sheet shall be authenticated by the signature of the licensed technician and marked with the date upon which the tests were made.

10. Whenever a change in the records, while still in the possession of the licensed technician is necessary, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen without defacing the figure and the correction noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the technician, which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever for any cause a change in the records is necessary after the duplicate sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made and deposited in the official sealed box and this sheet authenticated by the signature of the licensed technician. When necessary changes are made on the original test sheet, such changes shall be made only by the licensed technician.

11. The original bacteriological record sheet shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the bacterial examination.

12. The duplicate bacteriological record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official box supplied at cost for the purpose by the department of agriculture of the State of California, at Sacramento, or made in accordance with the blue print specifications obtained from said department of agriculture, such official sealed record box to be kept in the test room or other place approved by an authorized representative of said department of agriculture at all times. The same official box may be used for both milk fat test record sheets and bacteriological examination record sheets.

REGULATION XIV

Governing the operation of the Babcock, Gerber (Fucoma equipment) and Mojonnier methods of determining the milk fat content of milk and cream where the product is purchased, received or sold on the basis of its milk fat content.

Rule 1. Samples, Sampling and Weighing

1. (a) Milk or cream to be sampled shall be stirred or mixed until all parts are homogeneous and uniform. Samples shall be representative of the fat content of the product sampled, and in cases of composite samples shall be proportionate in amount to the amount of product from which the sample is taken, and no part of the composite sample shall be spilled or lost while transferring it to the sample bottle. When any style of tube is used to secure composite samples and the lot of product to be sampled is in containers or cans of different sizes and diameters, different tubes with diameters in proportion to the diameters of the cans or containers must be used. Sampling tubes and dippers that are badly dented, or leak, must not be used. Cylindrical shaped dippers, only, shall be used when samples are secured with dippers. The sampling devices shall be rinsed in the product to be sampled before any part of the product is transferred to the sample bottle. With reference to the last sentence in section 632, further provision is hereby made permitting the use of time composite samples of cream from patrons where regular deliveries of cream contain three pounds or less of milk fat in each regular delivery. Time composite samples of cream must not represent a period of more than eight days.

(b) When composite samples of milk are taken, whether from two deliveries of the same day's milk or from several deliveries from the same patron, covering a certain number of days, and the lots of milk are dumped into a weigh tank before being sampled, tube sampling device shall be used. The same sized weigh tank shall be used during the entire sampling period and shall have a flat bottom. The samples shall be taken from the same position in the weigh tank each time and the sampling tube shall be held in a perpendicular position when the sample is being taken. This does not prohibit the use of dippers or mechanical sampling devices for the taking of composite milk samples provided that changes in weights be observed and samples increased or decreased accordingly.

(c) Time composite samples of milk, when used as a basis for payment for the milk fat contained in the product when purchased, received or sold, must not represent a period of more than eight (8) days.

(d) Samples shall be marked for identity in a manner that will not erase, and in case an identification number is discontinued in any case, the same number may not be reapplied to another patron for a period of at least two months.

(e) Weights must be read and recorded to the nearest half pound graduation on the scales for cream, and the nearest one pound graduation for milk.

2 (a) Cream samples for testing shall be held in wide mouthed bottles of at least two-ounce capacity and must contain at least two fluid ounces of sample when they are received in the test room to be tested, and when taken on truck routes sample bottles must be filled to the top to prevent churning in transit closed with a tight fitting rubber stopper or otherwise hermetically sealed in a manner approved in writing by an authorized representative of the California department of agriculture.

(b) Milk samples for testing may be held in a container of the same style specified for cream, or in milk bottles with a tight fitted, paraffined milk bottle cap.

3. (a) For preserving milk samples for milk fat determination solid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the milk, but must not exceed one per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the sample, but must not exceed two drops of preservative per fluid ounce of milk.

(b) For preserving cream samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added if necessary, but must not exceed three-tenths per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added not to exceed two drops of preservative per fluid ounce of cream.

(c) Time composite samples must always be well mixed whenever an addition is made to any such sample in order to diffuse the preservative throughout the sample and to thoroughly mix, any cream which may have adhered to the walls of the sample bottle, but not violently enough to cause churning or allowing any milk to escape from the sample bottle.

(Note.--Mixing with a rotary motion of the sample bottle is preferable.)

4. (a) Completed samples shall be placed in the possession of licensed testers as soon as is practicable after having been taken.

(b) The licensed tester shall retain in his custody unmodified samples of all milk and cream tested by him for a period of at least forty-eight hours after the tests have been completed, and shall be personally responsible for their safe keeping.

(c) The management of any concern purchasing, receiving or selling milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content must provide a cool place in which all samples may be kept for forty-eight hours by the licensed tester and in which they may be locked if such is deemed necessary by the licensed tester or an authorized representative of the California department of agriculture.

Rule 2. Babcock Testing

1. Test room equipment:

(a) All glassware shall be in conformity with the specifications set forth in section 635 and shall bear a legible and indelible distinguishing mark indicating official approval.

(b) Test bottles must be well cleaned after each using and rendered entirely free from fat.

(c) Milk and cream test bottles that have become badly pitted on any part of the graduated part of the necks from constant use or any other cause, and such pits or marks interfere with correct determination of any individual graduation such bottles must be discarded and not used.

(d) The scales or balances used in weighing the charges into cream test bottles must be accurate and shall have a sensibility of not more than thirty milligrams.

(e) The scales or balances must be fixed in position or set on an even, solid and level support while in use.

(f) The scales or balances used must be free from vibration and draughts of air while being used.

(g) Weights for weighing cream samples must be correct within a tolerance of 10 milligrams for the nine-gram weight and 20 milligrams for the eighteen-gram weight.

(h) The pipette used for measuring milk samples shall be whole and must not have a broken tip nor any portion of the delivery end removed.

(i) The centrifuge must be level, firmly secured on a solid foundation and when in operation, free from vibration due to loose bearings, or other cause.

(j) The arms of dividers or other measuring devices must work smoothly and joints and bearings must be tight enough to prevent slipping at any possible position of measurement.

2. Accuracy in weighing cream tests:

(a) Empty test bottles must be accurately balanced before receiving the charges of cream and outside surface of bottles must be entirely free from moisture or other substances.

(b) Cream samples must be thoroughly mixed to an even consistency before being weighed into the test bottle.

(c) Cream samples when cold, sour, thick, or lumpy, must be carefully heated to a temperature that will allow thorough

mixing before the charge is weighed into the test bottle, but at no time shall the water in the tempering bath exceed 110 degrees Fahrenheit, and all samples must be weighed into the test bottles at a uniform temperature.

(d) When from any cause, cream samples have become churned and contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to 110° Fahrenheit, but to no higher a temperature, and this temperature maintained until all particles or lumps of gathered fat are liquefied and then mixed and shaken violently, taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

(e) The pipette used for filling the charges into the test bottles must be rinsed out with water at about 110° Fahrenheit between weighings. The water must be shaken or blown from the pipette. The pipette must be rinsed with the next sample to be weighed by drawing a portion of the sample into the pipette and discharging it before any portion of the sample is placed in the test bottle.

(f) The weight of the charge of cream in the test bottle must be accurately balanced.

3. Accuracy in measuring milk tests:

(a) Samples must be thoroughly mixed before being measured into the test bottles. If the samples are cold or have been held until dry or hardened cream has formed at the surface, they must first be warmed to near 100° Fahrenheit in order that thorough mixing of all parts of the samples may be accomplished.

(b) When from any cause, milk samples have become churned and/or contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to a temperature not exceeding 110° Fahrenheit, and this temperature shall be maintained until all particles or lumps of gathered fat are liquefied and then mixed and shaken violently, taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

(c) The samples must all be pipetted into the test bottle at a uniform temperature best suited to allow proper mixing. Accurate measurements must be made of all charges of milk to be tested and the last drop or two clinging in the delivery end of the pipette must be shaken or blown into the test bottle.

4. Mixing samples and acid:

(a) Temperatures of samples and acid shall be approximately 70° Fahrenheit when mixed.

(b) Samples and acid must be thoroughly mixed for at least one minute immediately after mixing is begun. In cases where samples have been preserved with formaldehyde, the mixing process must be continued for a longer time than where this preservative is not present in samples, in order to allow the acid time to thoroughly dissolve all solids not fat.

(c) Cream samples should be a chocolate color after being thoroughly mixed with the proper amount of acid and standing for two or three minutes, and milk samples, under the same condition, should be a deep chocolate color.

5. Operation of centrifuge:

(a) Bottles must be properly balanced in carrier.

(b) Samples must be centrifuged three times, with addition of hot water (temperature of water within a range of 140° to 165° Fahrenheit) to near the bottom of the neck after the first, and to near the top of the graduated part of the neck after the second centrifuging, and the length of time for whirling shall not be less than five, two and one minutes in the order named. Time for whirling shall not be commenced until centrifuge has reached full standard speed.

(c) In determining diameter of centrifuge carrier, measurement must be made with cups extended, the measurement being from bottom of cups in every instance.

(d) In all testing of milk or cream, where the same is received, purchased or sold upon the basis of the amount of milk fat contained therein, the Babcock tester shall be operated at the proper speed, which is as follows:

Diameter of Carrier:		Speeds shall be between
(1)	14 inches	875 and 925 revolutions per minute
(2)	16 "	825 and 875 " " "
(3)	18 "	775 and 825 " " "
(4)	20 "	725 and 775 " " "
(5)	21 "	710 and 760 " " "
(6)	22 "	700 and 750 " " "
(7)	24 "	675 and 725 " " "

(e) The temperature of the centrifuge chamber when in operation shall be held within the range of 140° and 165° Fahrenheit as indicated by an accurate thermometer set permanently in cover or shell of centrifuge.

6. Reading cream tests:

(a) The color of fat columns must be clear, golden yellow.

(b) The solution adjoining the bottom of the fat column must be clear.

(c) The fat columns must be practically free from precipitations or foreign matter.

(d) The completed tests must be held in a hot water bath, at a maintained temperature of between 130° and 140° Fahrenheit with the fat columns entirely submerged, for at least ten minutes before readings are commenced, and the measurement and reading of the tests must be made immediately after removing each individual test from the hot water bath.

(e) Test bottles must be held in a perpendicular position when the fat columns are measured.

(f) The meniscus at the top of the milk fat column shall be destroyed by the use of an overlying foreign oil approved by the California department of agriculture, and the milk fat column shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the plane of separation between the fat column and the overlying oil. Foreign oil must not be added to more than six tests at one time and only just immediately before readings are made.

(g) When undissolved solids not fat, charred material, or any other foreign substance is present in or at the base of the milk fat columns in the completed tests in sufficient amount to prevent an accurate measurement and reading of the fat columns,

retests must be run on these samples until results are secured that will allow accurate measurements and readings.

(h) The light used, whether natural or artificial, during the readings of the fat columns shall be such that the shadows or refraction of light will not cause inaccuracies in the true measurements.

7. Reading milk tests:

All laws, rules and regulations governing the reading of cream tests shall also apply to reading milk tests except that the top meniscus on the fat columns of milk tests shall not be destroyed and the fat columns of tests on milk in milk test bottles shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the top of the top meniscus.

8. Keeping records of tests:

(a) All persons holding a state license to conduct tests of milk and cream shall make duplicate records of the results of such tests, the original to be made with indelible pencil or ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

(b) The forms on which test records are kept shall be obtained by the management of any concern receiving, selling or buying milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content from the California department of agriculture at Sacramento, or the said management may adopt a form on satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information, and submit the same to the said department of agriculture, whose approval in writing must be secured before said forms may be used.

(c) Each sheet shall be authenticated by the full signature of the licensed tester and marked with the complete date on which the tests were made.

(d) Whenever a change in the records, while still in possession of the licensed tester, is necessary by reason of accident or failure to properly record the test, or when a retest is made, and the retest is different from the first test, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen, without obliterating the figures, and the correction noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the tester, which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever, for any such cause, a change in the records is necessary, after the duplicate test record sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made by the licensed tester on a retest sheet. Any changes or corrections occasioned by these retests are to be made on the original test record sheet in the office, by the licensed tester only, and then this retest sheet deposited in the official sealed test record sheet box. Any grade or color of paper as large as 6 by 8 inches, will serve for a retest sheet and it is not compulsory that the retest sheet be made in duplicate. If the employer requires the licensed tester to make retest sheets in duplicate and the licensed tester does not make the occasioned changes or corrections on the original test record sheet in the office, the original retest sheet must be permanently fastened to the original test record sheet in the office

to which it belongs, and the duplicate retest sheet deposited in the official sealed test record sheet box. Two dates must appear on all retest sheets--one showing the date the retest was made and the other showing the date that the milk and/or cream that was retested was received. All retest sheets must be made with indelible pencil or ink and be signed with the full name of the tester. Initials alone are not a legal signature.

(e) When a retest on a sample of milk shows a variation not exceeding one-tenth of one per cent (.1%) the original test must be used as the basis for payment. If the variation exceeds one-tenth of one per cent (.1%) then the retest must be used.

(f) The original test record sheets shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the tests on the day's samples.

(g) Upon completion of the tests on the day's samples the duplicate test record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official sealed box supplied at cost for the purpose by the California department of agriculture, at Sacramento, or made in accordance with the blue print specifications obtained from said department of agriculture, such official test record box to be kept in the test room at all times, or in an appropriate and secure place convenient to the test room and duplicate test record sheets must not be left out of the sealed test record sheet box over night for any reason whatsoever.

9. Character of work:

(a) A licensed tester shall not work faster than will permit thoroughness and accuracy.

(b) Variations between the licensed tester's first tests and his retests on the same samples, amounting to one per cent or over on cream tests and over one-tenth of one per cent on milk tests, are considered to be excessive.

(c) All active and relief licensed testers must be checked for the accuracy of their work as often as is possible. Inactive licensed testers will not be checked for the accuracy of their work so long as they remain inactive but as soon as they become active they must notify the inspector in their district or the office of the department of agriculture, at Sacramento, by letter, so that they may be properly checked. The results of such check test must show not more than 10 per cent excessive variations between their first tests and their retests, or between their tests and the official dairy laboratory tests, on the same samples, before a milk and cream tester's license for the following year will be issued to them. At least 10 samples of cream or milk shall be used as a basis of check test.

(d) Any person engaging or employing a licensed tester to conduct tests on milk or cream received, purchased or sold on its milk fat content must at the time determine if such tester has been inactive, and if so, must immediately notify the department of agriculture, at Sacramento, of such employment so that said tester may be checked as soon as possible.

(e) The term "active" applies to licensed testers engaged in conducting milk fat test on milk or cream received, purchased, or sold on its milk fat content. The term "relief" applies to licensed testers relieving active testers or licensed testers maintained in a plant to test during emergency periods. The term "inactive" applies to licensed testers failing to come within the classification of active or relief licensed testers.

10. Observation of laws, rules and regulations:

(a) A licensed tester shall at all times thoroughly understand and comply with all laws, rules and regulations governing the testing of milk or cream purchased, received or sold on the basis of the amount of milk fat contained therein, by any method or process and must secure accurate results.

Rule 3. Gerber Testing (Fucoma Equipment)

1. The Gerber test, using Fucoma equipment, may be used for tests on milk only (not cream), when the results obtained are to be used as a basis of payment for milk fat contained therein.

2. Licensed testers using Fucoma equipment for tests on milk must follow explicitly the instructions recommended by the manufacturer for conducting this test, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the California department of agriculture.

3. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the California department of agriculture.

4. All of rule 1, and paragraphs 1 (b), (c), (h), (i), 3 (a), (b), (c), 4 (b), 5 (a), 6 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), and all of paragraphs 7, 8, 9 and 10 of rule 2, also apply to the Gerber method (Fucoma equipment).

Rule 4. Mojonnier Testing

1. Licensed testers using Mojonnier equipment for determining the milk fat content of milk or cream on which payment is based, must follow explicitly the current instructions for conducting the test issued by the manufacturer, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the California department of agriculture.

2. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the California department of agriculture.

3. When Mojonnier fat tests on milk are used as a basis for payment, and the charges used for testing are measured instead of being weighed, the pipettes used for measuring the charge must first be examined for accuracy as specified in section 835, covering the examination of Babcock testing glassware.

4. All of rule 1 and paragraphs 1 (d), (e), (f), (h), 2 (b), (c), (d), (e) and all of paragraphs 8, 9 and 10 of rule 2 also apply to the use of the Mojonnier method.

Rule 5. Posting Regulation XIV

The director of agriculture may cause to be placed in a conspicuous manner in test rooms or laboratories conducting tests on milk and/or cream received, purchased or sold on its milk fat content a copy of regulation XIV. Said copy to be securely fastened and permanently kept in test room or laboratory. (This is state property and must not be removed or destroyed.)

REGULATION XV

1. Any person desiring to register any brand, as provided [illegible] section 671, shall file a properly executed application on a form supplied upon application by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, whereupon the department, after holding for a period of [illegible] weeks during which time the proposed brand shall be advertised in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the locality in which the applicant is engaged in business as provided by the act; and if at the end of such period there appears to be no contest of right or ownership to said brand, the department, will formally register such brand as the correct and legal designation for the property of the applicant.

2. In the event that any brand has been registered by an association whose members are engaged in receiving, producing, manufacturing, packing, canning, bottling, handling or selling milk or any product of milk in containers on which such brand or any part thereof appears, such brand or part thereof may be used by all members of such association. Should any member of such association cease at any time to be a member for any reason whatever then such member shall thereafter have no right to use the brand, or any part of the brand registered by such association, whether the containers bearing such brand or part thereof shall have been acquired by such member before or after his membership shall have terminated. The foregoing shall apply to all brands registered by such association.

REGULATION XVI

1. Whenever it is not possible for milk products plants purchasing milk or cream direct from farmers to furnish addresses in connection with the list of patrons as required by section 652, the approximate location may be given in lieu thereof by indicating the distance and direction from certain local landmarks, and it shall be the duty of all such plants to keep a record of the approximate location of all patrons, which record shall at all times during working hours be accessible to duly authorized representatives of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

REGULATION XVII

1. Whenever a manufactured product of milk is found to be impure, unclean, unwholesome, stale, adulterated, or found to be produced, manufactured or kept in an insanitary place, by an authorized repres ntative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, he shall proceed to attach to such manufactured product, or the containers thereof, in an appropriate manner, a tag or label bearing the words "California Inspected and Retained" and a copy of this regulation. Whereupon, such manufactured product of milk may not be sold or moved or transported to any other place or premises until the owner thereof has been given due notice and hearing as provided, by Section 456. Whereupon said labels shall be removed by an authorized representative of the said Department of Agriculture and the product or products so held either released or condemned and marked, or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as determined by such hearing.

REGULATION XVIII

1. In accordance with specific authorization provided in section [illegible] market cream may be pasteurized for thirty minutes at a temperature not to exceed 150° Fahrenheit.

2. Any special permit for the modification of prescribed methods of pasteurization shall be permitted by the department of agriculture of the State of California only with the concurrence of the department of public health.

REGULATION XIX

1. No pasteurized market milk may be sold under a label indicating that it is produced by nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows unless the entire milk supply of that plant is obtained from nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows, except in those plants where an official representative of any approved milk inspection service or full-time inspector is maintained during the entire period of receiving, handling, processing and bottling of any such market milk.

REGULATION XX

2. Ungraded, raw market milk is declared unclean, [illegible], unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than one hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count.

2. Ungraded, pasteurized market milk is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than five hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count before pasteurization; or when it contains more than fifty thousand bacteria by offical plate count per milliliter after pasteurization.

3. Sour market cream is clean market cream which has been fermented by the action of one or more strains of lactic acid bacteria, such that the product contains a distinct acidity, but which otherwise conforms to all the requirements for market cream. This product may be sold under the designation "sour market cream."

4. (a) Homogenized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process for dividing the fat globules into fragments, thereby increasing the viscority of the product, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

(b) Viscolized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process similar to homogenization, except that the fat globules are not as finely divided as in the case of homogenization. It otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

5. Ungraded market cream shall conform to all standards and requirements set for ungraded market milk except those relating to milk fat and solids-not-fat and except that the maximum bacterial count shall be not more than three times as great as that for the corresponding class of milk. The provision relating to bacterial count shall not apply to sour market cream as defined in this regulation.

REGULATION XXI

Rule 1. Milk Inspection Services

1. Any unit of government or other group desiring approval of a milk inspection service shall make application for approval in writing to the department of agriculture of the State of California. Upon receipt of said application the said department of agriculture shall determine if such unit of government or other group is entitled to such approval. If such approval is given the said department of agriculture, with the concurrence of the department of public health, shall issue a certificate of approval to the milk inspection service, provided such approval may be withdrawn should the milk inspection service later become inefficient, whereupon the certificate of approval shall be forfeited.

2. To secure and hold such approval a milk inspection service must:

(a) Provide a sufficient force of qualified inspectors, under the general direction of a regularly licensed physician, and sufficient laboratory facilities to enforce efficiently any and all laws and regulations relating to graded milk. In the absence of a laboratory, arrangements may be made with a person or firm, approved concurrently by the department of agriculture and the department of public health of the State of California, to do bacteriological and other laboratory work.

(b) Provide for the efficient physical examination of employees as required by law and in accordance with detailed instructions of the department of public health, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(c) Provide for the physical examination, under the supervision of an approved milk inspection service, of all cattle producing milk to be sold in its jurisdiction, as required by law. This shall consist of a general physical examination for manifest evidence of diseases such as enlarged glands, mastitis, pyometra, tuberculosis, open sores, ulcerated teeth, abscesses, etc., in accordance with detailed instructions of the department of agriculture, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(d) Maintain the standards for the various grades of milk as established by the Agricultural Code and the rules and regulations hereby established.

(e) Cooperate in the holding of official surprise milk scoring contests, surveys or other related work, whenever requested to do so by a duly authorized representative of the department of agriculture of the State of California.

(f) Provide for the grading of market cream on the same basis as market milk whenever possible. Whenever market cream is graded within an area under jurisdiction of an approved milk inspection service, the entire cream supply must be graded. The grading of only a portion of the cream supply is not permissible.

Rule 2. Inspectors

1. No dairy inspector appointed under the provisions of Division IV of the Agricultural Code, shall accept any compensation, directly or indirectly, for any advice rendered to any dairyman, nor shall any such

inspector be the agent for, or be interested in, any firm or corporation selling, or handling any supplies used by dairymen, creameries or other factories of dairy products, nor shall he be employed by or connected with any dairy, milk plant or factory of dairy products.

2. The inspectors whose duty it will be to participate in the enforcement of the Agricultural Code, and other laws pertaining to the grading of milk and cream, shall have passed a civil service examination given either by the Civil Service Commission of the city, county, or city and county in which the milk inspection service is situated, or by the State Civil Service Commission. Such examination, if given by a city, county, or city and county, shall be of equal or higher standard than that given by the State Civil Service Commission for the position of dairy inspector; provided, that all persons holding the position of dairy inspector in any city, county, or city and county, for a period of six months prior to the first day of October, 1914, and performing the duty of such office to the satisfaction of the board of health of such city, county, or city and county during that time, shall not be required to take the said examination. In the event that the inspector has not taken the civil service examination at the time of his appointment, the qualifications of such an inspector shall be determined by an examination conducted by the dairy service of the department of agriculture of the State of California. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require the health officer of the state, or of any city, county, or city and county to take an examination before being qualified to inspect dairies, milk plants, creameries, cheese factories, or any other factory where milk products are handled; and nothing in these rules shall be construed to interfere with the inspection of such places by employees of the department of public health of the State of California.

Rule 3. Inspection

1. Inspection shall consist of laboratory examinations of the products and adequate supervision of the equipment and methods of the various producers and distributors.

2. Samples of retail milk for bacteriological and chemical examination shall be taken in original containers direct from delivery wagons, dairies, milk plants, or other places of business at least one every two weeks at irregular intervals and without previous notice to any producer or distributor. Additional samples of milk retailed at stores, etc., shall be taken as frequently as conditions will permit. Samples shall be taken from stores in all cases where complaint is made regarding the condition of same. Special attention shall be directed to the temperature at which store samples are kept. Samples of wholesale milk for bacteriological examination shall be taken at time of arrival at the milk plant at least once a month. The term "wholesale milk" is construed to mean milk from a producer who sells his product to a distributor and shall not be construed to include the wholesaler of the finished product, to restaurants, stores, bakeries, etc. All milk samples shall be kept at a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit until plated. Laboratory technique shall be in accordance with the "Standard Methods of the American Public Health Association for Milk Analysis." The direct microscopic count of bacteria (Breed Method) is recognized as a standard of official technique where used for judging the quality of unpasteurized milk.

3. Dairy farms shall be inspected at least six times a year. Pasteurizing plants shall be inspected at least once every two weeks. Plants of producer-distributors of raw milk shall be inspected at least

once each month. Scores on the methods and equipment of dairy farms or products plants shall be made at least twice each year. Visits of inspectors shall be unannounced and at irregular intervals. Pasteurizing equipment shall be given special attention and recording thermometers tested for accuracy at least once every two weeks.

4. All persons engaged in handling milk, either before or after pasteurization, shall be required to exercise scrupulous cleanliness and must not harbor the germs of typhoid fever, tuberculosis, diphtheria, or other communicable diseases liable to be conveyed through the milk. Absence of such communicable disease may be determined by cultures, and physical examination to the satisfaction of the local health officer of milk inspection service.

5. Each dairy or distributor of milk and cream may be kept informed of the results of the laboratory examinations and scoring of their individual products and equipment. On the basis of these determinations the inspection services shall issue written authorization to each person or concern who desires to sell milk under its jurisdiction; provided that authorization shall be revoked in every case when the product or equipment of any person or concern does not consistently meet the requirements of the Agricultural Code or the rules and regulations for its enforcement.

6. (a) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained on the retail sample from a distributor, the milk inspection service shall make at least three recounts within a period of two weeks in addition to the routine milk examination, whereupon if the count is persistently high and the average count obtained during the two

weeks period exceeds that established by the Agricultural Code, such milk may be degraded, or, at the option of the milk inspection service, excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded, or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be re-established at its previous standing for a period of at least four weeks during which time it must have met the requirements of the Agricultural Code and rules and regulations thereunder. All recounts are considered as official samples in computing final milk scores.

(b) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained from a producer delivering milk at wholesale in bulk to a distributor whose supply is drawn from a number of producers, the milk inspection service shall make at least one recount in verification of the first as quickly as possible. If the first count is verified by an illegal recount, the milk of such producer may be degraded, or at the option of the local milk inspection service excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be reestablished at its previous standing for a period of at least four weeks during which time it must have met the requirements of the Agricultural Code and rules and regulations thereunder.

7. All publications or public statements relating to the quality of milk or cream, or the condition of dairies or milk plants, shall be expressed in terms of percentage, one hundred being considered perfect. In rating milk or cream this percentage shall be based upon an average of results obtained by the examination of at least four samples taken at intervals of at least a week. The method used for computing milk scores for publication shall be approved by the department of agriculture of the

State of California.

Rule 4. Standards

1. Market milk shall be delivered in sterile containers and the standards shall be those established by the Agricultural Code, and in addition the following maximum temperatures with respect to cooling:

(a) Grade "A" raw milk shall be cooled to a temperature of 50° Fahrenheit or below immediately after being drawn from the cow, and so maintained until delivery to the consumer.

(b) Grade "A" milk for pasteurization must be cooled immediately after being drawn from the cow to as low a temperature as practical and so maintained until delivery to the plant. After pasteurization, milk must be cooled to a temperature of 50° Fahrenheit or below, and so maintained until delivery to the consumer.

2. A milking shed or barn with tight, nonabsorbent cleanable floors shall be required of each dairy producing graded milk, such milking shed or barn to be acceptable to the local inspection service under whose jurisdiction the dairy is conducted.

Rule 5. Labeling

1. Graded market milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define the grade:

Certified Milk	Grade "A" Raw Milk
Guaranteed Raw Milk	Grade "A" Pasteurized Milk
Guaranteed Pasteurized Milk	Grade "B" Pasteurized Milk

(b) Name of producer or original bottler.

(c) Address of producer or original bottler.

2. Ungraded milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define it:

Market Milk Raw
Market Milk Pasteurized.

(b) Name of producer or original bottler.

(c) Address of producer or original bottler.

3. Special designating words such as "Inspected Milk," "Extra Quality Milk," "Purity Guaranteed," "Special Baby Milk," etc., must not be used.

4. Market cream shall conform to the standards established in Section 478 of the Agricultural Code except that the milk fat content for whipping cream and pastry cream shall be not less than thirty per cent.

5. The words "whipping cream," "pastry cream," "table cream," and "coffee cream" may be used for labeling market cream. Otherwise, the requirements for labeling market cream are the same as those relating to market milk.

6. Breed designations may be used in the labeling of market milk, provided the entire herd and all individual animals in the herd are indistinguishable in appearance from a pure bred animal of the same breed.

REGULATION XXII

1. In accordance with the requirements of secti[illegible] and 497 of the Agricultural Code, standards of composition have been [illegible] for certain products as follows:

(a) Evaporated milk (unsweetened) shall contain not less than 7.5 per cent of milkfat, nor less than 25.5 per cent of total milk solids; provided, however, that the sum of the percentages of milkfat [illegible] total milk solids be not less than 33.7 per cent. If sweetened, [illegible] contain not less than 28 per cent of total milk solids, and not less than 8 per cent of milkfat.

(b) Dried milk shall contain not less than 26 per cent of milkfat and not more than 5 per cent of moisture.

(c) Dried skim milk shall contain not more than 5 per cent of moisture.

REGULATION XXIII

1. The heating of milk or milk by-products, to be returned to farms for feeding purposes to a temperature of 185° Fahrenheit, or above, as required by the provisions of Section 701, may be accomplished by the direct injection of steam into the vat containing such milk or milk by-product, without the use of a recording thermometer to indicate the temperature, upon receipt of special written permit from the Department of Agriculture; provided, that such permit shall be revocable if at any time it is found upon investigation that such product is returned to the farms without actually bringing it to the required temperature, as hereinabove specified.

NOTE - For further information relative to these rules, address inquiries to Dairy Service, Division of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 13 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Dairying is one of the most important industries in the [illegible]. It is [illegible], it is one of our [illegible].

Because of the importance of this industry to the prosperity and future welfare of the state, anything pertaining to dairying, must of necessity, be a matter of importance to every [illegible].

Therefore, it will be of interest to us all to know that throughout the nation a week has been set aside to emphasize the [illegible] as a whole, and [illegible] programs the like are being arranged to emphasize the importance of the [illegible] derived from dairying.

It, therefore, affords me great pleasure, to proclaim the week of December 11th to 16th as National Cheese Week and take this means of urging upon my fellow citizens of the state to cooperate to the fullest [illegible], and aid the [illegible] of the federal government.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed. Done this 11th day of December, [illegible].

[signature]
GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA

ATTEST:
[signature]
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [signature]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 20 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In conjunction with my Governor colleagues of Washington and Oregon, I proclaim the week between Christmas and New Years as "Oyster Week."

Oysters are at their best at this time. It seems needless to extoll the health-giving virtues of this great seafood. Sufficient to remind those inhabitants of the Pacific Coast that the oyster industry in this section of the United States, is a great one.

Thousands and thousands of men are employed in the industry, from the grower to the caterer, and any stimulation of this business, any creation of a taste for this delectable food, must result in added prosperity to the state.

I ask, then, that my fellow citizens of California be mindful of the oyster industry during the festive period mentioned above and that they serve oysters at the table on at least one or two occasions during this period.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF,
I hereunto set my hand
and cause the great seal
of the State of California
to be affixed this
16th day of December, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 21 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

California's reputation as the land of sunshine and flowers, not only during the winter period, but throughout the year, has been established in all parts of the world.

It is well known by all of the people of California that while the climate along the coast and in the lower altitudes is semi-tropical, there is always an abundance of snow-fall in the winter season in the high mountain areas of the State.

In recent years the people of California have come to realize the value of this winter recreation area to the point that Winter Sports are being developed in California to a higher degree than in any other part of the world.

In the promotion of this new industry for California, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning January 1st 1934, as WINTER SPORTS WEEK for California, and it is my sincere wish that all the people of the State participate in this healthful recreation during this week and throughout the winter season of 1934.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF,
I have hereunto set my hand and caused the GREAT SEAL of the State of California to be affixed this 21st day of December, 1933.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 26 1933
C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The coming year undoubtedly is to bring us more confidence, more cheer, more jobs.

There has been formed in this state the "Happy New Year Dinner Club" formed so to crystalize sentiment that none in this state may go hungry on New Years Day, 1934. This Club, composed of many of the foremost leading citizens of the state would make California a happier and brighter land by providing New Years dinner for at least one and possibly more guests.

California always is at the front in humanitarian affairs. Let us all enlist in this movement which makes it possible for none to go hungry on the first day of the New Year.

Let the response be generous and happy. Surely there is some neighbor, some old friend, some veteran, some underfed school child, some deaf mute, some blind person, some one who needs a word of cheer to start him out upon the New Year.

Dinners for all on New Years Day, I ask my fellow citizens adopt that as their slogan.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of December, 1933, A.D.

By the Governor:

Frank M. Jordan
Secretary of State

895

4 2 d

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 17 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

[illegible] the progress of our civilization is based [illegible] their development, I take pleasure in [illegible] attention to the meeting of California Inventors [illegible] be held in Sacramento January 25th, 26th and 27th.

[illegible] this convention will gather the inventors of this [illegible] with the newer ideas and to discuss the [illegible] of the future. This is indeed an unusual gathering [illegible] and it forcibly to our attention the fact that [illegible] stands high in the nation as a state developing inventive genius. While it is not common knowledge, nevertheless this state stands first in the number of [illegible] per capita; one person out of each 1071 have been issued patents by the Government.

[illegible] and I feel that we welcome this opportunity to [illegible] and inventors the [illegible] of our fellow citizen [illegible] state, and that all may [illegible] visit this meeting and exhibit at the [illegible] to be held in January 25th, 26th and 27th.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 17th day of January, 1934.

Governor.

Attest Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By [illegible]
Deputy.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 24 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Tuesday, January 30th 1934, is the birthday of the President of the United States, Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

Upon that day the citizens of the United States in every section of this great country will do honor to President Roosevelt, irrespective of their political faith.

The man who sits in the White House guiding this nation onward and upward towards normalcy and recovery from the years of depression which have so bowed us down, was once stricken with infantile paralysis. His recovery, followed by his elevation to the presidency, is responsible in no small part for our recovery.

As a nation wide tribute to his unfaltering leadership, his energy and his long hours of devotion to the needs of the nation, in every section of this commonwealth and in every section of this great nation, activities have been launched to raise funds for the expansion and continuation of the Georgia Warm Springs Foundation, where the President's cure was effected.

And so I ask the citizens of Sacramento and its environs to join as one great family in doing honor at the memorial auditorium on Tuesday, January 30th 1934, to a great president, and to aid in a mighty work which has for its aim the prevention and cure of infantile paralysis.

Let us all do our part to make this occasion - the President's birthday ball - the greatest event in the history of Sacramento. Let us make it an outpouring of joy and an earnest of our own desire, irrespective of party or creed, to aid in a most worthy cause.

The city has donated the use of the auditorium upon this occasion; the orchestra has been donated; a wonderful radio program from New York is scheduled, and all that is needed is contribution on the part of the citizens of Sacramento to the sale of tickets for this great festive event.

We are asked to contribute fifty cents per ticket. Each fifty-cent piece goes toward a fund which will do so much to mend the broken bodies of little children and adults struck down by the scourge of infantile paralysis.

Surely no further appeal need be made to the warm and generous hearted people of Sacramento.

Let Tuesday, January 30th 1934, be so successful a birthday ball that it will ever live in the memory of Sacramento as the greatest occasion in its history.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed hereto, this 23rd day of January, 1934

Governor of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 24 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

January 24th marks the 86th anniversary of the discovery of gold in California by James Marshall.

It was in the year 1848 that probably the most momentous event in the whole history of California took place at the south fork of the American River, about 40 miles above Sacramento. James Wilson Marshall was the foreman in charge of construction of a mill being built by Captain John A. Sutter in a pleasant vale called by the Indians "Culluma". The waters of the river had been diverted to this mill. The water course was along an abandoned channel and was being deepened and widened by loosening the rock and soil and washing it out during the night.

On the afternoon of Monday, the 24th of January, 1848, Marshall, while inspecting the work, sighted particles of glittering metal.

Gold had been discovered in California!

To this discovery we owe the greatness of this commonwealth. It is for that reason I take pleasure in proclaiming January 24th Gold Discovery Day in California, and ask that schools and colleges, historic and patriotic clubs and associations commemorate the day by reading and learning anew the story of that period.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 23rd day of January, 1934.

James Rolph

Governor of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

897
L52

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 29 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas Hagesha
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Under the series of codes set up by the Federal government, the nation has seen obliterated that [illegible] child labor.

[illegible] the concern of thinking citizens of the United States, employment of children in factories [illegible] of the United States has been a problem which the power of legislation has failed to eradicate.

But, with adoption of the codes, the little children who have been slaves to a machine, rather than happy pupils in a school of learning, are released from the bondage of what might well be termed slavery.

The National Child Labor Committee is to observe [illegible] labor drive throughout the nation during the [illegible] 17th to 29th. Special programs have been arranged and sermons will be preached in the churches to the end that there will be no return to child labor [illegible].

In this most noble movement I ask my fellow Californians to join and take pleasure in naming [illegible] to which we will [illegible].

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of January, 1934.

James Rolph

By Frank C. Jordan

Secretary

4-23
898

James Rolph, Jr.
Governor

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 1 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7 (Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after January 11, 1934.

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa, known as alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus postlicus, Gyll.), not heretofore generally prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the states of Utah, Idaho and Wyoming, and in certain counties in the State of Colorado, to wit: Delta, Gunnison, Montrose, Moffatt, Routt, Rio Blanco, Ouray, Mesa and Garfield; and in certain counties in the state of Nevada, to wit: White Pine, Washoe, Storey, Ormsby, Pershing, Lyon, Churchill, Mineral, Lincoln, Humboldt, Elko and Douglas; and in certain counties in the State of Oregon, to wit: Malheur, Baker, Union and Jackson, all of which being hereinafter designated as infested territory, and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping equipment, potatoes, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery and implements that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further dissemination of said alfalfa weevil in the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, alfalfa seed, salt grass packing, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping equipment, potatoes, used alfalfa meal milling machinery and all machinery and implements that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, shipped, brought or otherwise moved from said infested territory and no such articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this Proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Except as hereinafter provided in this Proclamation, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, as packing or otherwise, that has been grown or stored in the said infested territory is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Owing to the fact that the only source of supply of fodder for animals in certain mountain and desert communities in California near the California-Nevada border during the greater portion of the year is Nevada, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in Nevada, and intended for feed for animals, will be admitted into only those portions of Placer, Nevada, Alpine, El Dorado, Inyo and Mono counties which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions. Persons contemplating such importations shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture. Written application for such permit must specify the name and address of the grower or dealer, the kind and quantity of hay or straw it is desired to import, the purpose for which it is intended, the destination of same, the name and address of the importer and such application must be accompanied by a sworn statement of the applicant in the following form:

State of.....)
) ss.
County of .....)

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the ..... (Kind and quantity of hay) for which I have applied to the Director of Agriculture to permit to import from ..... (Name of shipper) at ..... (Address of shipper) will be transported or shipped by ..... (Kind of vehicle) directly from ..... (where now stored) to ..... (Destination) for feed for animals at that point and that no portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported shall be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any wagon, automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

.....
(Importer)

Subscribed and sworn to before me ....., a Notary Public in and for the State of ....., County of ....., this ..... day of ....., 19 ...

.....
(Notary Public)

My commission expires ....., 19...

Any lot or shipment of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw arriving in California on which a permit has not been issued by the Director of Agriculture as above, or otherwise not complying with the provisions of this quarantine, will be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately shipped out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 2. Except as hereinafter provided in Provision 10, alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestations or contamination of the alfalfa meal. Such approvals by the Director of Agriculture shall specify in the case of each mill, whether such shipments are limited to the period November 1 to March 31 or whether such shipments can be made during the entire year, the determination of the period [illegible] alfalfa meal shipments may be made to this state, shall, in the case of each mill, be contingent upon the installation and use of protective measures in accordance with plans approved by the Director of Agriculture. Year-round shipments will be admitted only from those mills which have installed protective measures approved by the Director of Agriculture as adequate to prevent weevil contamination of the meal or the cars during the period April 1 to October 31 when the weevil is active; provided, further, that all alfalfa meal must be shipped in bulk or in new or reclaimed burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill; provided, further, that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a State inspection official of the state in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer in California, the number of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval by the Director of Agriculture, as above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Provision 3. Except as hereinafter provided in Provision 10, the material known locally in the State of Utah as "salt grass packing," will be admitted into the State of California, provided each shipment is accompanied by an official certificate signed by the crop pest inspector of the State of Utah, setting forth that all of the following requirements have been complied with, to wit: That the material in the shipment was cut between the dates of October 1 and April 1; that the raking, shocking, stacking, baling or shipping of this material was not allowed until the maximum daily temperature of the season had fallen below sixty degrees Fahrenheit, and that none of the material in the shipment had been held in the field from one season to another. All shipments of salt grass packing from the State of Utah not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for, shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and shall be immediately sent out of the State

or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The use of such salt grass as a packing material shall be permitted, provided it has been cut and removed from the field between October 1 and April 1, and stored in warehouses remote from alfalfa fields and alfalfa hay.

Provision 4. Except as hereinafter provided in Provision 10, an official certificate [illegible] the inspection officer of the state in which potatoes originate must accompany each shipment of potatoes grown in, shipped, imported or brought from the said infested territory into the State of California. Such certificate shall establish the fact that all potatoes in the shipment have been passed over a screen prior to loading into the car, placed in new or clean sacks and loaded in cars that are free from alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw, and that adequate precautions have been taken to prevent reinfestation or recontamination after being screened. All potatoes from said infested territory not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for or [illegible] not complying with the above requirements shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and shall be immediately removed out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 5. Except as hereinafter provided in Provision 10, all household effects, household implements, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory and shipped or otherwise transported into the State of California must be free from alfalfa hay as packing or otherwise and held intact at destination until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which such shipment is received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued. Certificate of release as above will not be issued to cover any such lot of household effects or emigrant movables with alfalfa hay present until the entire lot has been fumigated and such hay has been destroyed by burning to the satisfaction of the inspector making the inspection, and at the expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 6. Except as provided in Provision 11, it is the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used in the transportation of live stock or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, in or through any part of the said infested territory before the same enter the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California which have not been cleaned as above shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputies or state plant quarantine officers until all such hay or straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into California from or through any part of the infested territory shall be deemed to have originated within the infested territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this Proclamation unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by an agricultural inspection official of the State where the hay was loaded in the cars, establishing the fact that the hay was grown in a noninfested territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Provision 7. Except as hereinafter provided in Provision 10, used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only when same have been thoroughly cleaned of all alfalfa hay or other possible source of alfalfa weevil infestation before being transported into the State of California. Any such machinery and/or implements must be held intact at destination until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which such machinery and/or implements are received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued. Certificate of release as above will not be issued to cover any such machinery and/or implements contaminated with alfalfa hay until same have been fumigated or otherwise treated and all alfalfa hay cleaned out and burned to the satisfaction of the inspector filing the inspection and at the expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, camping effects and camping equipment, from the said infested territory arriving in California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or state plant quarantine officer of the district or county into which same arrives until after inspection discloses that same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Provision 9. Except as hereinafter provided in Provision 10, alfalfa [illegible] said infested territory which have not been [illegible] alfalfa products other than recleaned [illegible].

Provision 10. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement by common carrier of the automobiles and articles as quarantined against under the preceding provisions from the said infested territory into that portion of the State of California now generally infested with alfalfa weevil and adjacent to the said infested territory and described as follows: All that portion of Lassen, Plumas and Sierra counties bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the south boundary line of Sierra County and the California-Nevada State line; thence north along the said California-Nevada State line to the boundary line in Lassen County between townships 35 north and 36 north, M.D.M.; thence west along said boundary line to the west boundary line of Lassen County; thence southerly and easterly along the west and south boundary lines of Lassen County to its intersection with the range line between ranges 12 east and 13 east, M.D.M.; thence south along said range line to the south boundary line of Sierra County; thence easterly along said south boundary line of Sierra County to the point of beginning.

Provision 11. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the shipment of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw from the said infested territory to that interior portion of the State of California now generally infested with alfalfa weevil and described as follows: The county of Alameda, the county of Santa Clara, and portions of the counties of Merced, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, and Contra Costa, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point where the south boundary of Santa Clara County joins the west boundary of Merced County; thence

west and north along the Santa Clara County line to its junction with the west Alameda County line; thence north along the west boundary and east along the north boundary of Alameda County to its intersection with the line between Range 2 East and Range 3 East, M.D.M.; thence north along said range line in Contra Costa County to its intersection with the line between Township 1 North and Township 2 North, M.D.M.; thence east along said township line to its intersection with Indian Slough; thence southerly and easterly along said Indian Slough to its junction with old River (west San Joaquin County line); thence [illegible] old River in San Joaquin County to North Canal; thence [illegible] along North Canal to Middle River; thence easterly and southerly along Middle River to San Joaquin River; thence southerly along the San Joaquin River to the Lincoln highway bridge; thence northeasterly [illegible] Lincoln Highway to Yosemite Avenue; thence east along Yosemite Avenue to Durham Ferry Road; thence north along the Durham Ferry Road [illegible] road; thence east along the Lathrop Road and its extension [illegible]; thence south along Carrolton Road to its intersection [illegible]; thence east along said River Road and its extension [illegible] County line; thence south in [illegible] to the north limits of the City of [illegible], the [illegible] city limits and [illegible] of land Avenue to its intersection with Butler Road; thence south along Butler Road and [illegible] extension to intersection with the Tuolumne River; thence [illegible] Tuolumne River to its junction with the San Joaquin River; thence southeasterly along the San Joaquin River to the [illegible] in Merced County with the line between Township [illegible] South, M.D.M.; thence due west along said township line to the range line between Range 9 East and Range 10 East, [illegible] said range line to the township line between [illegible] 10 South, M.D.M.; thence west [illegible] line to the West Side Highway (the highway extending south from Gustine to the Los Banos-Pacheco Pass Highway); thence south along said West Side Highway to the Los Banos-Pacheco Pass Highway; thence [illegible] sterly along said Los Banos-Pacheco Pass Highway to [illegible] County [illegible]; thence south along the east [illegible] boundary to [illegible] beginning; provided that such [illegible] during the period October 1st to March 31st; [illegible] tight railroad cars with all cracks and other openings sealed before arrival at the California state line in order to prevent, possible escape during transit of any weevils that [illegible] provided that each such shipment is consigned only over the [illegible], Feather River Canyon route, via Truckee and Sacramento, or the Southern Pacific Railroad Ogden route, via Truckee and Sacramento directly to a point within the [illegible] each car to be sealed, placarded and billed at origin in a way to prevent any opening or diversion [illegible]; and further provided that each such hay shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the state inspection official at the [illegible] at which the car originates establishing the fact that the [illegible] in which the hay is shipped was inspected before loading and [illegible] on and cast following loading all cracks and openings around the doors and otherwise were sealed in a manner to prevent any possible escape of weevils en route. Such certificate must also state the number and initials of the car containing the shipment, the amount of the shipment, the name and address of the consignor, the name and address of the consignee, the route, and the date of shipment. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture,

Sacramento, Californ ia. It s further provided that upon arrival at destination and immediately the hay is unloaded the empty car shall be placed in quarantine and shall not be moved to any point outside of the alfalfa weevil infested area in California, described above, until it has been thoroughly cleaned and disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which it arrives. Upon arrival in the above described infested area in interior California, such hay will assume the same status, and be amenable to the same quarantine restrictions, as though such hay was gro in the above described infested area of Califor .

All art icles admissible under the foregoing provisions must be held by carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent unt! ected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or ly a duly authorized state plant quarantine officer.

bility into the State of California of any article or commod ts the foregoing provisions shall be further subject to t other quarantine proclamations or regulation fter be promulgated.

f the Director of Agriculture and all state plant q red to carry out all the provis .

evised Quarantine , and shall take effect .

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED:

Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: January 11, 1934.

4244
899

[redacted]
DIRECTOR

JAMES ROLPH, JR., GOVERNOR

DIVISION OF QUARANTINE ADMINISTRATION
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 1 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 8

Pertaining to Cherry Fruit Flies

Effective on and after June 8, 1933

[redacted], the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture [redacted] either or both of two species of Trypetidae and known as cherry fruit flies (Rhagoletis cingulata and R. fausta), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California [redacted] hereinafter described portions of the states of Oregon, Washington and Idaho, and that cherries are a host [redacted] possible carriers of [redacted]

the [redacted] necessary in order to prevent and R. fausta) into the State of California that a quarantine be and the [redacted] hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California [redacted] in accordance with the provisions of Section 2319b of the Political Code of the State of California against all cherry fruits [redacted] and Idaho, and no cherry fruits as quarantined against in this proclamation [redacted] over the said quarantine [redacted] hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Non-infested area:

Oregon: Counties of Coos, Curry, Douglas, Hood River, Jackson, Josephine, Lake, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa and Wasco.

Washington: Counties of Adams, Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Douglas, Ferry, Franklin, Garfield, Grant, Kittitas, Klickitat, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, Walla Walla and Yakima.

Idaho: Entire state except Benewah and Latah counties.

Provision 2. Cherry fruits that have been grown in or shipped from those areas in Oregon, Washington or Idaho outside of the non-infested area as described in Provision 1 hereof are hereby prohibited entry into California for any purpose whatsoever.

Provision 3. Cherry fruits which have been grown, packed and stored in and shipped from the said noninfested area will be

admitted into California provided each such lot or shipment from the said noninfested area is accompanied by a certificate signed by a duly authorized inspection official of the state of origin, setting forth the exact locality where the cherries were grown and packed, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the grower, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the cherries are consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Provision 4. Any and all lots or shipments of cherry fruits arriving in California in violation of the provisions of this proclamation shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or bailee.

The admissibility into the State of California of any cherry fruits covered by this proclamation shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamation or ruling now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

The Deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state police officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this proclamation.

This proclamation supersedes Quarantine [illegible], dated [illegible], and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

Governor of the State of California

Dated: June 8, 1953

Governor's Proclamation
Feb 1934 900
L 125

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 5 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

Our United States have no quarrel with any nation. We propose to pursue our peaceful lives without interference.

But the best guarantee of peace is to be prepared. This, our national congress recognizes, as indicated by the measures introduced in Washington to strengthen our Navy, our Army, and our aviation service to a par with that of other nations.

In any movement for national defense, not only is the nation as a whole, but particularly interested the people of the shores of our great commonwealth.

Throughout the country a movement is spreading to cement the thought of our people behind this campaign for adequate defense.

Therefore, I proclaim Saturday, February 10th, as California Defense Day and I ask that my fellow citizens [illegible] to participate in the exercises, and to participate in this movement for a great demonstration in favor of peace. I am requesting Adjutant General Seth Howard to direct participation in this demonstration by the California National Guard and I urge the U. S. W. V., the American Legion and all other veterans organizations, which know so well the horrors of war, and all other patriotic societies to join in this demonstration of our desire for peace.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fifth day of February 1934.

Governor of California

Attest:
Secretary of State

By
Deputy

901

Proclamation
Narcotic Week
Feb 19 - 1934

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 19 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Unlawful sale and dispensation of narcotics is a menace which threatens to cut into the very heart [illegible] homes of this State and Nation.

The narcotic traffic is exacting a great toll in physical suffering, is wrecking the homes, and is placing a toll of millions of dollars upon the taxpayers in an effort to stamp out this traffic.

It is well known that foreign drug factories look upon the United States as the easy road for the sale of narcotics. And that the apprehension, prosecution, and imprisonment of the vulturelike peddlers who prey upon the diseased minds of drug users, results in a burden upon the taxpayers of this State.

Further, to awaken the public of California to these appalling conditions, and with a view to arousing thought and study concerning them, I proclaim the period from February 21st to February 28th as NARCOTIC WEEK.

I urge upon the press, the clergy, educators, and all civic organizations to make this week the occasion for appropriate programs which may bring clearly before the youth of our Great Commonwealth, the dangers arising from unlawful sale and dispensation of narcotics.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of February, 1934 ...

James Rolph
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

902

427

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 19 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

In recognition of the National importance of agriculture, and with the desire to foster each division of this basic industry, I hereby proclaim the week of May 14th 1934, as Asparagus Week and urge the citizens of [illegible] commonwealth to become acquainted with it, one of the most healthful of all our agricultural commodities.

[illegible] of the Nation's production is grown and processed in the State of California, notably in the fertile [illegible] of the Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers, where more than 70,000 acres are in cultivation, with a shipping tonnage annually of 11,000 cars to the markets of the world.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of February, A.D. 1934.

[signature] Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [signature]
Deputy Secretary of State

903
-28

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 26 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

TO MY FELLOW CALIFORNIANS:

The week of March 11th to 17th is to be observed throughout the United States as National Business Women's Week. The California Federation of Business and Professional Women is a member of the National Federation.

It is my hope that during this week the citizens of California will join in the special effort to be made by the California Federation which will aim to bring home clearly to California the work being done by women in the civic, business, and professional world.

The purpose of the Federation is to procure better educational standards for the young business girl and to develop the American business woman physically and mentally. It deserves the support of us all.

, I proclaim the week of March 11th to 17th as National Business Women's Week and ask that fitting ceremonies be observed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of February, 1934, A.D.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

By
Deputy

429 904

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 10 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

To the People of the State of California:

[illegible] March 9th, to [illegible] March [illegible] ive, [illegible] by the [illegible] financial [illegible] their [illegible] with the [illegible] to it, [illegible] vote [illegible] subject of their particular [illegible].

[illegible] their [illegible] duly selected [illegible] from [illegible] ive [illegible] duty to establish [illegible] public. [illegible] to [illegible] vitalize [illegible] ive [illegible] mind [illegible] poverty.

[illegible] my majority [illegible] ve [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] by [illegible].

[illegible] California.

I have [illegible] said [illegible] seal of [illegible] to be affixed [illegible] day of March, 1934

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

430 905

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 10 1934
[illegible] C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

[illegible]

April 6th 1934 will mark the seventeenth anniversary of the entry of the United States into the World War.

The observance of this date brings to our minds the many sacrifices and sufferings of our brave soldiers of the Army in that great conflict, all of whom gave unstintingly of their lives and services that the Star and Stripes may continue to fly over the United States.

It is, therefore, fitting that April 6th should be celebrated by all military organizations in this State to encourage the activities of the peace-time Army, that they may be ready to serve the nation loyally and efficiently when war-time demands the supreme sacrifice to guarantee the continuance of those principles and rights upon which this Nation was founded.

The Army of the United States, Regulars and National Guard and Veterans of all wars are now carrying out its traditional service wherever necessary in stricken areas in emergencies, showing to the world that they are always ready to respond for duty no matter when called.

Therefore, in recognition of our admiration for the Army of the United States, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Friday, April 6th 1934, to be Army Day, and urge the people of this State to observe the same in a statewide display of the National Flag, and to participate in the conducting of patriotic exercises.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of March A. D. 1934.



[illegible]
Governor of California

[illegible]
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

ARMY DAY

PROCLAMATION

April 6th 1934 will mark the seventeenth anniversary of the entry of the United States into the World War.

The recurrence of this date brings to our minds the many sacrifices and sufferings of our brave soldiers of the Army in that great conflict, all of whom gave unstintingly of their lives and services that the Stars and Stripes may continue to fly over the United States.

It is, therefore, fitting that April 6th should be celebrated by all military organizations in this State to encourage the activities of the peace-time Army, that they may be ready to serve the nation loyally and efficiently when war-time demands the supreme sacrifice to guarantee the continuance of those principles and rights upon which the Nation was founded.

The Army of the United States, Regulars and National Guard and Veterans of all wars are now carrying out its traditional service wherever necessary in stricken areas in emergencies, showing to the world that they are always ready to respond for duty no matter when called.

Therefore, in recognition of our admiration for the Army of the United States, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Friday, April 6th 1934, to be Army Day, and urge the people of this State to observe the same in a statewide display of the National Flag, and to participate in the conducting of patriotic exercises.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of March A. D. 1934.

James Rolph

Governor of California

ATTEST

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The realization of the relation and importance of bird life to the common welfare, and particularly to that of agriculture, prompts me to set aside Friday, April 13th 1934, as Bird Day in California, as a part of a nation-wide tribute to bird life.

Birds are the natural enemies of all forms of insect life, and if the number of birds could be increased it would be possible to decrease in a large measure the hordes of insect pests which must constantly be fought against by agriculturists.

Because the preservation of bird life must come in a large measure through instilling in the minds of the school children of the state a love of nature and a knowledge of her beneficiations, I request that teachers in the public schools of California observe April 13th as Bird Day in thir classrooms, and that California citizens generally make observance of this day in some appropriate manner, so that bird life may be studied and their value be recognized.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 16 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Mary Harris
DEPUTY

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this day of March, 1934

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

BIRD DAY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The realization of the relation and importance of bird life to the common welfare, and particularly to that of agriculture, prompts me to set aside Friday, April 13th 1934, as Bird Day in California, as a part of a nation-wide tribute to bird life.

Birds are the natural enemies of all forms of insect life, and if the number of birds could be increased it would be possible to decrease in a large measure the hordes of insect pests which must constantly be fought against by agriculturists.

Because the preservation of bird life must come in a large measure through instilling in the minds of the school children of the state a love of nature and a knowledge of her benefications, I request that teachers in the public schools of California observe April 13th as Bird Day in their classrooms, and that California citizens generally make observance of this day in some appropriate manner, so that bird life may be studied and their value be recognized.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this sixteenth day of March, 1934



Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

By:

Deputy

907

432

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 24 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Good Friday, March 30th 1934, is the day universally set apart for the consecration of your life between yourself and your God to enable you to procure spiritual strength to carry on.

It has been the practise from time immemorial for the various State, City, County, and Ecclesiastical organizations to set apart at least three hours for the reverent observation of Good Friday.

In strenuous times through which it is hoped we have passed for good, a thought of God on Good Friday will give us all strength, which is now needed more than ever.

Therefore, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of California, do hereby direct that all State offices be closed for the observation of Good Friday between the hours of twelve noon and three in the afternoon, on Friday, March 30th 1934, that all State employees may have an opportunity to attend divine services of their choosing.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this _____ day of March, 1934.



_____
Governor of California

ATTEST: _____
Secretary of State

BY: _____ Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 24 1934
JORDAN
By

PROCLAMATION

The Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States will [illegible] the week of May 20th to May 26th, the proceeds of the sale of which are to be used for relief work.

Funds procured from the sale of these poppies are used for child welfare rehabilitation activities in the hospitals of California and a National Home for Widows of deceased veterans.

The Veterans of Foreign Wars do not participate in Community Chest funds, and I am glad to endorse this worthy method of assisting in raising funds for so worthy a cause.

We must not forget the brave Veterans who have been crippled by the wounds or disease of war, and I trust my fellow citizens will encourage and support this week by a generous response to this splendid method of raising funds for relief of Veterans who are suffering from disease or wounds received in the defense of our Country.

[illegible] May 20th to May 26th, [illegible] Poppy Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 23rd day of March, 1934.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

909

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 3 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, on April 20th 1932, Mrs. Olive Taylor was foully murdered in the County of San Joaquin, by some person; and

WHEREAS, the said murderer is still at large, although diligent efforts are being made by the officers of the law to apprehend said person;

Now, therefore, I, James Rolph, Jr., Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of this State, do hereby renew, upon the request of the District Attorney of San Joaquin County, the offer of a reward of

$500.00

(Five Hundred Dollars) heretofore made on the 6th day of May 1932, for the arrest and conviction of said murderer. said reward to be paid only upon the arrest within one year from the date hereof, and upon subsequent final conviction.

IN WITNESS Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this day of March 1934.

[illegible]
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]

910
+35

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 4 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Ever since Man was created he has had the companionship and the friendship of some animal which, it seems, the Great God also created to serve and to be loyal. Regardless of stress, trouble or tribulation, the loyal animal stays with his master; a comforter and a friend.

Some years ago George Elliott wrote: "Animals are such agreeable friends - they ask no questions, they pass no criticisms."

During the week of April 15th to 21st, 1934, inclusive, we of the United States will pay tribute to our animal friends by observing "National Be Kind to Animals Week". This is a worthy movement; one which automatically brings a response in the hearts of all people, regardless of their station in life. It is not necessary to recount the brave, loyal and wonderful deeds of dogs, their helpfulness to the blind and loyalty to their masters in general.

During my entire life much pleasure has come to me from my own animals - they have often been a solace, comfort and enjoyment.

Therefore, it is fitting that I call upon all Californians to observe this occasion, and in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, as Governor of the Great State of California, I do hereby declare and proclaim Sunday, April 15th, 1934, to Saturday, April 21st, 1934, inclusive, "BE KIND TO ANIMALS WEEK" in this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 4th day of April, 1934.

[signature]
Governor of California

[signature]
Secretary of State

BY: _____
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

Ever since Man was created he has had the companionship and the friendship of some animal which, it seems, the Great God also created to serve and to be loyal. Regardless of stress, trouble or tribulation, the loyal animal stays with his master; a comforter and a friend.

Some years ago George Elliott wrote: "Animals are such agreeable friends - they ask no questions, they pass no criticisms."

During the week of April 15th to 21st, 1934, inclusive, we of the United States will pay tribute to our animal friends by observing "National Be Kind to Animals Week". This is a worthy movement; one which automatically brings a response in the hearts of all people, regardless of their station in life. It is not necessary to recount the brave, loyal and wonderful deeds of dogs, their helpfulness to the blind and loyalty to their masters in general.

During my entire life much pleasure has come to me from my own animals - they have often been a solace, comfort and enjoyment.

Therefore, it is fitting that I call upon all Californians to observe this occasion, and in accordance with the authority vested in me by law, as Governor of the Great State of California, I do hereby declare and proclaim Sunday, April 15th, 1934, to Saturday, April 21st, 1934, inclusive, "BE KIND TO ANIMALS WEEK" in this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 4th day of April, 1934.

Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: _____
Deputy

436

911
436

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 5 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Peace Week, which has been observed annually for the past seven years, is to begin May 13th.

It will culminate May 18th with World Goodwill Day. This day grew out of the first Peace Conference held at The Hague in 1896.

Its sole purpose therefore, is to advance the thought to the world that differences between nations can be best adjusted by conference rather than by a clash of arms.

It is for that reason that I take pleasure in calling upon the citizens of the state to arrange special programs for World Goodwill Day, May 18th, and urge general observation of the same.

I [illegible], have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this [illegible] day of March 1934

[illegible]
GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA

ATTEST:
[illegible]
SECRETARY OF STATE

By:
Deputy

912
4437

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 9 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

There is no day set aside for special observance more vitally important, more tenderly significant, or more sincerely reverent than the day [illegible], and it is with sincere pleasure that I again proclaim the second Sunday in May - May 13th 1934 - as Mother's Day.

Devotion to parents is the cornerstone of a home [illegible] - and a Mother's love goes far [illegible] in the making of fine, loyal and unselfish citizens.

As a National tribute to Motherhood the President of the United States and the Postmaster General have directed the printing of a special "Mother's Day" stamp, which will be on sale for the first time in the history of the United States, for those who wish to use it in the sending of Mother's Day messages.

I call upon the citizens of California to express on Mother's Day their love and reverence for all Motherhood, by the customary display of the United States Flag, by the usual tokens and messages of affection to mothers; and I urge them particularly to [illegible] everything possible through their churches, [illegible] and welfare agencies and other channels for the relief of needy Mothers and children who lack the comforts and necessities of life.

I [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this Ninth day of April, 1934.

[signature]
Governor of California

Attest:
[signature]
Secretary of State

By:
[signature]
Deputy

438

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 16 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Thousands of little children, their tender bodies racked with pain or threatened with deformity, look to the humane citizens of California for relief and rehabilitation.

The California Society for Crippled Children, aided by the California Congress of Parents and Teachers, will conduct a statewide campaign April 14th to 21st to raise funds for this worthy cause through the sale of White Cross Seals. This campaign will also be conducted throughout other Western States, as well as in Washington, D. C., and is sponsored by President Roosevelt.

I know that I need not urge California citizens to do their part nobly and generously in remembering these helpless and innocent little victims, whose lives and happiness depend upon the generosity, understanding and sympathy of mankind, because my fellow-Californians have always shown open hearts and ready hands to aid the unfortunate.

In proclaiming April 14th to 21st Crippled Children's Week I express my love and sympathy for these deformed and crippled little ones and my gratitude as Governor of the State of California to all those unselfish men and women who give so unstintingly and willingly of time and effort in their care.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 14th day of April, 1934.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

By

Deputy

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

SACRAMENTO

HOWARD MORROW M. D., SAN FRANCISCO, PRESIDENT
[illegible] M. D., LOS ANGELES, VICE PRESIDENT
WILLIAM R. P. CLARK, M. D., SAN FRANCISCO

GEORGE H. KRESS, M. D., LOS ANGELES
JUNIUS B. HARRIS, M. D., SACRAMENTO
GIFFORD L. SOBEY, M. D., PASO ROBLES

[illegible] M. D.
DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH

April 10, 1924

[illegible]

[illegible] public health [illegible]

[illegible] to cordially your [illegible]

[illegible]

J. D. Brunshee
[illegible] Public Health

Enc.

914
439

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 16 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The first and highest duty of civilization is to extend the very possible safeguard and every possible opportunity for the welfare of children, because in the children of today rests the hope of tomorrow.

It is our most sacred obligation to insure for these guardians of the future strong bodies, active and educated minds and those spiritual endowments which are so necessary to the building of a sturdy and noble race of human beings.

In the hands of parents, teachers, physicians, nurses, clergymen and welfare workers is laid the great burden of this holy task, and in recognition of the immeasurable importance of their work and the work of all who are upholding the advancement of child health in California, I proclaim May 1st 1934 as Child Health Day and urge its observance throughout the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 14th day of April, 1934.

[illegible]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 23 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The expression of the love we bear our Parents cannot be confined to one day, nevertheless, as a reminder that our Fathers and our Mothers should share equally in our love and respect I am happy to designate May 13th 1934 as Parents' Day.

This day is to be observed throughout the Nation and I take this opportunity to appeal to my fellow-Californians to give it special significance.

No home can be truly happy where there is a division of respect and affection. Let us therefore, upon this Parents' Day show by some special expression the deep consideration and love we have for our Parents, and by our observance of this day impress them with our loyalty and devotion.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 20th day of April, 1934 A. D.

[signature]

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By [signature]

Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 23 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Music expresses the soul of a nation. It is a surcease from the cares and worries of our daily life. It expresses our joys and our sorrows. It brings us peace in times of tribulation.

It is for those reasons, that I am happy to proclaim May 6th to May 13th 1934, MUSIC WEEK and to call upon the citizens of the State of California to join with those of other states in the Union in making this week successful.

I urge that in the homes and in the schools and churches special musical programs be given upon this tenth annual celebration of National Music Week.

I ask further that clubs, hotels, and theatres arrange special programs of American music and that the traditional songs of our nation be especially selected for rendition.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of April, 1934, A. D.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [signature]

917

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 24 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

From time immemorial the subject of feminine beauty has engrossed mankind.

Ancient wars have been fought over it, empires have tottered because of it -- art, music, and letters have made it their shrine.

In our modern day, the culture and enhancement of feminine beauty has become a great profession in which thousands of our enterprising citizens are engaged.

On Sunday, May twenty-seventh, members of this time-honored profession from eleven Western States will meet in the City of Los Angeles in convention of the Second Annual Western States Beauty Show and Trades Exposition.

The deliberations of the delegates to this exposition will serve to advance the standards and stimulate the business of this important profession, and as Governor of the State of California I am happy to cooperate by proclaiming the week commencing May twenty-seventh, Beauty Culture Week.

This I do with my best wishes for the success of the exposition, and with my compliments to the members of the Los Angeles Hairdressers' and Cosmetologists' Association, whose enterprise and public spirit are responsible for bringing this notable conclave to California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 23rd day of April, A.D. 1934.

[signature]
Governor

ATTEST: [signature]
Secretary of State

Beauty Culture Week
1934

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

From time immemorial the subject of feminine beauty has engrossed mankind.

Ancient wars have been fought over it, empires have tottered because of it -- art, music, and letters have made it their shrine.

In our modern day, the culture and enhancement of feminine beauty has become a great profession in which thousands of our enterprising citizens are engaged.

On Sunday, May twenty-seventh, members of this time-honored profession from eleven Western States will meet in the City of Los Angeles in convention of the Second Annual Western States Beauty Show and Trades Exposition.

The deliberations of the delegates to this exposition will serve to advance the standards and stimulate the business of this important profession, and as Governor of the State of California I am happy to cooperate by proclaiming the week commencing May twenty-seventh, Beauty Culture Week.

This I do with my best wishes for the success of the exposition, and with my compliments to the members of the Los Angeles Hairdressers' and Cosmetologists' Association, whose enterprise and public spirit are responsible for bringing this notable conclave to California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 23rd day of April, A.D. 1934.

Governor

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

918

3

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 24 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

For the aid of crippled children afflicted with infantile paralysis a benefit Minstrel Show will be given by the Al Bahr Temple of the Shrine in Russ Auditorium, San Diego, May 4th and 5th.

Funds derived from the performance will go toward the treatment of these little patients in the San Diego Cripoled Children's Therapeutic Pool and Shrine Hospital.

No more worthy and humane cause could enlist our sympathetic interest, and as Governor of the State of California I respectfully urge all who conveniently can to attend one of these benefit performances, where the pleasure will be two-fold.

In addition to the enjoyment of a clever and amusing entertainment, all who attend will have the satisfaction of knowing that their presence contributes to the alleviation of suffering among scores of little children, many of whom would have no chance for recovery were it not for this benefit.

Such unselfish and compassionate efforts deserve our whole-hearted support, and I compliment the members of Al Bahr Temple for the benevolence of their undertaking.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 26rd day of April, A.D. 1934.

Governor

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

919

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 26 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

In memory of heroic service overseas, the American Legion and the American Legion Auxiliary is again preparing to conduct a state-wide sale of Flanders Poppies to provide funds to be used for the relief of those crippled or diseased by war.

Paper poppies, fashioned by the patient hands of disabled veterans under the supervision of the Auxiliary, will be offered for sale to the generous citizens of California.

My fellow-Californians will, I am confident, meet this appeal with patriotic and whole-hearted response, in recognition of the sacrifice and suffering represented in these flowers reminiscent of Flanders field, where so many gallant Americans laid down their lives for the honor and glory of the Nation.

In proclaiming May 25th to 30th as "Flanders Poppy Week," I do so with the conviction that we can never fully repay our debt to these boys and that California, honored and glorified by their service, will give whole-hearted and sympathetic support to this worth cause.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of April, 1934, A. D.

[illegible]
Governor of California

ATTEST:
[illegible]
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

920

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 1 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

To the People of the State of California:

I appeal to my fellow-Californians in every section of this great commonwealth to cooperate this year in making the California State Fair a more outstanding success than ever before.

Under the pressure of economic necessity the Legislature materially reduced the budget for this historic and traditional annual event; consequently it is imperative that every support be given the Directors of the California State Fair if this great yearly exposition is to survive.

Undaunted by circumstance the Directors and officials of the Fair are determined to present an unexcelled display of the agricultural and industrial products of the State of California and to make the 1934 California State Fair an unparalleled success.

This will be the eightieth such exhibit. Previous fairs have been famous, not only because of livestock, poultry and agricultural displays, but because of the fact that one of the greatest horse shows of the country may be seen during Fair week. In previous years I have pointed out that the California State Fair belongs to the people of the State of California "builded by them and dependent for its success upon their personal interest and support."

I cannot too strongly emphasize the need for a greater interest and support this year. I ask it now so that the onward march of our Western Empire may go forward, unchecked.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 30th day of April, 1934, A. D.



Governor of California

ATTEST:
Secretary of State

By
Deputy

921

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 7 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

[illegible]

[illegible] with the spirit of [illegible], the observance of which [illegible] been set for the week beginning May 6th [illegible] participation in this [illegible] employed in [illegible] of [illegible] hour.

[illegible] have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this [illegible] day of May, 1934.

[illegible signature]

Governor of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By [illegible signature]

Deputy

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 9 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Shaw Hagen
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Foreign trade has taken, and is destined to take, an important part in the growth and development of the State of California. Our merchant ships bring us into neighborly and mutually profitable contact with the seaports of the world and it is fast becoming evident that the western coast of America is to be the frontier of a dawning era of unprecedented overseas trade.

Trade understandings between nations protect and preserve prosperity and pave the way for lasting peace. This should be borne in mind by all Californians, and I urge them to resolve to learn and to understand more about overseas commerce and its effect upon the ultimate return to normal economic conditions.

In order to call this important phase of our industrial and commercial life more forcibly to the attention of the citizens of California, I James Rolph, Jr., Governor of California, hereby set aside the period from May 14th to May 22nd 1934, for the celebration of Foreign Trade Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have Hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 9th day of May 1934

James Rolph, Jr.
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C Jordan
Secretary of State

By: Shaw Hagen
Deputy

923

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 9 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Proper insurance to protect dependents has always been an obligation of honor to every conscientious and thoughtful citizen, and protection against sickness and accident is a matter of concern to botheemployer and employee.

Such protection is undeniably more vital in times of economic stress and with this thought in mind the Accident and Health Managers' Clubs of California have pledged themselves to devote the period from June 4th to June 10th 1934 in furtherance of this type of home, family and employee protection.

I therefore proclaim the week beginning June 4th and ending June 10th 1934 as Accident and Health Week and urge every California citizen to bear in mind his obligation to dependents and employees.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 9th day of May, 1934

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By: [illegible]

Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 12 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hagen
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

May 12th, the anniversary of the birth of Florence Nightingale, is annually set aside as National Hospital Day, in commemoration of the services rendered by her in the early organization of hospital systems.

The value of hospital service to the community is incalculable, paying, as it does, dividends in human lives, the most precious return possible on any investment. Indeed, the lives saved by scientific medicine and hospitals are astoundingly high and may not be compared with anything in the commercial world.

I therefore urge every California citizen to acquaint himself with the work being done and the results accomplished by their local hospitals by visiting these institutions on National Hospital Day and within the week of the open house authorized to give expression to the appreciation in which each is held by the community which it has commissioned.

It is my sincere hope that May 12th may be the occasion of awakening interest in the humanitarian work done by the hospitals of the state and of the nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of May, 1934

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: Chas. Hagen
Deputy

925
450

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 25 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Following the usual traditions, I am glad to again have an opportunity of publicly proclaining June 14th 1934 as Flag Day in California.

I respectfully call upon all organizations to observe and pay reverent respect to Flag Day in this State.

The Stars and Stripes have typified freedom in the United States, and our forefathers from President Washington on down through history, have contributed to the defense of our flag. It is a symbol of high ideals and its observance in this State has been an annual occurrence.

Therefore, as Governor of this State, I hereby proclaim June 14th 1934 as Flag Day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California, to be affixed this day of May, 1934.

James Rolph Jr.
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

926

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 23 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Granted to the English people by King John at Runnymede on June 15th 1215, the Magna Carta has molded, to considerable degree, the traditions, culture and laws of the seven English-speaking Nations - The United States, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland, Australia, New Zealand, Canada and South Africa.

Predicated on the Magna Carta are the rights and liberties, both civil and religious, and the freedom of press and speech enjoyed by the American people.

It has been the custom for many years past to observe the third Sunday in June as Magna Carta Sunday, and I therefore designate Sunday, June 17th 1934 as Magna Carta Sunday and urge every California citizen to set aside this day for thanksgiving for the great gift of Liberty. I also urge that all ecclesiastical organizations and Sunday Schools emphasize the existence of the Magna Carta, which has done so much to promote friendliness and understanding among the English-speaking nations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of May 1934.

[signature]
Governor of California

[signature]
Secretary of State

927
452

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 28 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

During the week of June 4th to June 9th the pharmacists of California are to hold their annual convention in the City of Sacramento. The eyes of the pharmacists of the whole nation will be turned toward Sacramento at that time and it is my earnest hope and desire that the people of California will give grateful thought during this week to the splendid work being done by California pharmacists.

It is for this reason, and in appreciation of the splendid services rendered by the pharmacists of this state, that I hereby proclaim the week of June 4th to June 9th as California pharmacy week and urge its universal observance in the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of May 1934.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST: [signature]
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

928
153

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 12 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, there has been submitted to the Governor of the State of California, by Honorable Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State of the State of California, a petition for the removal and recall of ANTHONY CAMINETTI as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Amador, and demanding an election of a successor to the said ANTHONY CAMINETTI as Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Amador, and said petition and demand have been accompanied with the certificate of the said Secretary of State certifying the sufficiency of said petition and demand, which said certificate is dated June 11th 1934:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State of California, DO HEREBY ORDER AND PROCLAIM that an election shall be held in the County of Amador, State of California, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1934, for the purpose of determining whether or not the said ANTHONY CAMINETTI shall be removed and recalled as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Amador, and for the purpose of electing a successor to the said ANTHONY CAMINETTI as a Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Amador, in case the voters of said County shall recall or remove the said ANTHONY CAMINETTI as such Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of AMADOR, which said election shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article XXIII of the Constitution of the State of California.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Amador shall give notice of said election by causing this Proclamation to be published at least ten (10) days before the date of said election in a newspaper of general circulation printed in said County of AMADOR, and to be posted as provided by law.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title Four, Part One, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand ($10,000.00) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of June, 1934.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

454

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 5 - 1934
[illegible] SECRETARY OF STATE
[illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, there exists in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, a state of tumult, riot and other emergencies, or imminent danger thereof, and there are present therein tumultuous, riotous and unlawful assemblies with intent to do violence to persons and property therein, and to resist the laws of the State of California and of the United States of America;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, and by virtue thereof Commander-in-Chief of the militia of the State of California, do hereby call and order, and authorize the Adjutant General of the State of California to forthwith call and order into active service such portion of the active militia of the State of California as may be necessary to protect life and property and to maintain peace and order in said City and County and said Adjutant General is hereby authorized and ordered to forthwith take such action or actions as may be necessary for the protection and preservation of life and property and the maintenance of peace and order in said City and County of San Francisco.

The Adjutant General of the State of California will provide all transportation and services and furnish all r tions and other supplies necessary for the proper performance of the duties hereby authorized and ordered and for each

Executive Department
State of California

and all of such purposes I do hereby suspend all provisions of the laws of the State of California which require advertisements for bids for purchases of supplies or employment of services.

This proclamation to be and continue in force uninterruptedly until revoked by me as Governor of the State of California.

Done under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of California at the State Capitol, Sacramento, California, this fifth day of July, 1934.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

930 455

JAMES ROLPH, JR., GOVERNOR

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 14 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after July 6, 1934

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil exists in Josephine County, Oregon, the said infested territory as set forth in Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, issued effective January 11, 1934, is hereby amended to include, in addition to the areas therein described, the county of Josephine in the state of Oregon.

In addition, Provision 11 of Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Provision 11. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the shipment of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw from the said infested territory to that interior portion of the State of California now generally infested with alfalfa weevil and described as follows: The county of Alameda, the county of Santa Clara, and portions of the counties of Merced, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, and Contra Costa, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point where the south boundary of Santa Clara County joins the west boundary of Merced County; thence west and north along the Santa Clara County line to its junction with the west Alameda County line; thence north along the west boundary and east along the north boundary of Alameda County to its intersection with the line between range 2 east and range 3 east, M.D.M.; thence north along said range line in Contra Costa County to its intersection with the line between township 1 north and township 2 north, M.D.M.; thence east along said township line to its intersection with Indian Slough; thence southerly and easterly along said Indian Slough to its junction with Old River (west San Joaquin County line); thence south and east along old River in San Joaquin County to North Canal; thence northeasterly along North Canal to Middle River; thence easterly and southerly along Middle River to San Joaquin River; thence southerly along San Joaquin River to the Lincoln Highway bridge; thence northeasterly along Lincoln Highway to Yosemite Avenue; thence east along Yosemite Avenue to Durham Ferry Road; thence north along the Durham Ferry Road to Lathrop

Road; thence east along the Lathrop Road and its extension to Carrolton Road; thence south along Carrolton Road to its intersection with River Road; thence east along said River Road and its extension to the north Stanislaus County line; thence south in Stanislaus County along McHenry Avenue to the north limits of the City of Modesto; thence west along the Modesto city limits and Woodland Avenue to its intersection with Butler Road; thence south along Butler Road and its extension to intersection with the Tuolumne River; thence westerly and southwesterly along the Tuolumne River to its junction with the San Joaquin River; thence southeasterly along the San Joaquin River to its intersection in Merced County with the line between township 8 south and township 9 south, M.D.M.; thence due west along said township line to the range line between range 9 east and range 10 east, M.D.M.; thence south along said range line to the township line between township 9 south and township 10 south, M.D.M.; thence west along said township line to the West Side Highway (the highway extending south from Gustine to the Los Banos-Pacheco Pass Highway); thence south along said West Side Highway to the Los Banos-Pacheco Pass Highway; thence westerly along said Los Banos-Pacheco Pass Highway to the east Santa Clara County boundary line; thence south along the east Santa Clara County boundary line to point of beginning; provided that such shipments will be admitted only during the period October 1st to April 30th; in carload lots; in tight railroad cars with all cracks and other openings sealed before arrival at the California state line in a manner to prevent any possible escape during transit of any weevils that might be present; and provided that each such shipment is consigned only over the Western Pacific Railroad Feather River Canyon Route, via Sacramento and Stockton; the Southern Pacific Railroad Ogden Route, via Truckee and Sacramento, or the Southern Pacific Railroad Shasta Route, directly to a point within the infested area in California described above, each car to be sealed, placarded and billed at origin in a way to prevent any opening or diversion of the car en route; and further provided that each such hay shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the state inspection official of the state in which the hay originates establishing the fact that the railroad car in which the hay is shipped was inspected before loading and found tight and in good condition and that following loading of the hay all cracks and openings around the doors and otherwise were tightly sealed in a manner to prevent any possible escape of weevils en route. Such certificate must also state the number and initials of the car containing the shipment, the amount of the shipment, the name and address of the consignor, the name and address of the consignee, the route, and the date of shipment. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. It is further provided that upon arrival at destination and immediately the hay is unloaded the empty car shall be placed in quarantine and shall not be

moved to any point outside of the alfalfa weevil infested area in California, described above, until it has been thoroughly cleaned and disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which it arrives. Upon arrival in the above described infested area in interior California, such hay will assume the same status, and be amenable to the same quarantine restrictions, as though such hay was grown in the above described infested area of California.

This Amendment No. 1 to Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 which was issued January 11, 1934, will take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: _____

931

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

JAMES ROLPH, JR., GOVERNOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 14 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 16

Pertaining to Colorado Potato Beetle

Effective on and after June 15, 1934

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a serious insect pest of potatoes known as the Colorado Potato Beetle (Leptinotarsa decemlineata) not known to occur in California, exists in all other states and territories of the United States except the state of Nevada and the Territory of Hawaii and that tubers, plants or cuttings of the so-called Irish potato (Solanum tuberosum), and plants or cuttings of tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum) and eggplant (Solanum melongena) are liable to be carriers of that insect;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said Colorado Potato Beetle into the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California, against all tubers, plants or cuttings of the so-called Irish potato (Solanum tuberosum), and plants or cuttings of tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum) and eggplant (Solanum melongena) grown in or shipped or brought from all states and territories of the United States except the State of Nevada and the Territory of Hawaii, and no such possible carriers of this insect pest as quarantined against in this Proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. All plants or cuttings thereof of potato (Solanum tuberosum), tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum) and eggplant (Solanum melongena), grown in or shipped or otherwise brought from all states and territories of the United States except the State of Nevada and the Territory of Hawaii are hereby prohibited from entering the State of California, and upon the arrival of same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or bailee.

Provision 2. All tubers of the so-called Irish potato (Solanum tuberosum) grown in or shipped or otherwise brought from all states and territories of the United States, except the State of Nevada and the Territory of Hawaii, will be admitted into California only upon compliance with the following conditions:

Each and every lot or shipment of such potato tubers must be free from potato plants or cuttings thereof and be accompanied by an official certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originates establishing the fact that all of the potatoes in the shipment were either grown and sacked in and shipped from a locality free from Colorado potato beetle or passed over a screen of not less than one inch mesh prior to loading into car or vehicle, free from soil chunks large enough to contain a hibornating Colorado Potato Beetle, placed in new or clean sacks, loaded in a car or vehicle free from debris, and that adequate precautions were taken to prevent infestation or contamination following screening. All potatoes not accompanied by certificate as herewith provided for or otherwise not complying with the above requirements shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and must be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or bailee.

Potato tubers admissible under the foregoing provisions must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by a duly authorized state plant quarantine officer.

The admissibility into this state of such potato tubers shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamations or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state plant quarantine officers are hereby authorized to carry out all the provisions of this Proclamation.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 16 supersedes Revised Quarantine Circular No. 5 (New Series) dated October 5, 1928, and shall take effect immediately.

R. W. Burnett
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: June 15th 1934

932 L45

JAMES ROLPH, JR., GOVERNOR

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 14 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 17

Pertaining to Grape Phylloxera

Effective on and after July 6, 1934

WHEREAS, the fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a serious insect pest of grapevines, known as Phylloxera (Phylloxera vastatrix) exists in other states and territories of the United States and that grapevines and grape cuttings are possible carriers of that insect:

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction into the State of California of said Phylloxera (Phylloxera vastatrix) that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against all grapevines and cuttings grown in or shipped or brought from all states and territories of the United States and no such grapevines or cuttings shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Grapevines or cuttings thereof grown in or shipped or otherwise brought from all states and territories of the United States and showing evidence of infestation by said Phylloxera are hereby prohibited entry into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or bailee.

Provision 2. All grapevines and grape cuttings (rooted or not) grown in or shipped or otherwise brought from all states and territories of the United States and which show no visible evidence of infestation by said Phylloxera will be admitted for planting in any area in this state after precautionary treatment as follows: Immersion of the vines or cuttings in a hot water bath for a period of not less than three minutes or more than five minutes at a temperature which shall not fall below 125° F. nor go above 130° F. at any time during the immersion, such treatment to be given at point of destination and under the supervision of a State Plant Quarantine Officer and at the expense of the owner or consignee; provided, however, that when said grapevines or cuttings show no

evidence of infestation and are to be planted in a known Phylloxera infested district, the State Plant Quarantine Officer at destination may, at his option, waive such hot water treatment.

Provision 3. All grapevines and grape cuttings shipped by the Bureau of Plant Industry of the U. S. Department of Agriculture will be admitted to any part of California from any state or territory provided the shipment is accompanied by a certificate setting forth the fact that the grapevines or cuttings have been subjected to the hot water treatment before shipment under the supervision of the Bureau of Plant Quarantine of the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The admissibility into this state of grapevines or cuttings thereof shall be further subject to the provisions of any other Quarantine Proclamations or Regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby authorized to carry out all the provisions of this Proclamation.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 17 supersedes Quarantine Circular No. 6, dated March 1, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: July [illegible], 1927

1134

Calif. Rodeo
1934

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The annual California Rodeo, one of the most outstanding and famous frontier celebrations of the entire West, will be in progress within a few days at Salinas.

It is an event which interests our entire State and has for years afforded thrilling range sports entertainment second to none throughout the Nation. The celebration is to start on Thursday, July 26th, and continue four days.

The California Rodeo is first of all a great civic event, helping to spread to all parts of the Nation and to the world a graphic portrayal of California's colorful past. It also serves to center attention on the great cattle and horse-raising industries of our commonwealth.

Because it is an event in which Californians take great interest, I call upon the people to support this celebration, attending wherever it is possible.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the GREAT SEAL of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA to be affixed this 23rd day of July, 1934.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 23 1934
[illegible] C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
Deputy

Executive Department

State of California

[illegible]

[illegible], will be in progress within a few days at [illegible]

It is an event which inter[illegible] our entire [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible] [illegible] 20th, [illegible].

[illegible] is first of all a great [illegible] event, helping to spread to all [illegible] of the [illegible] portrayal of [illegible]'s [illegible] past. It also serves to cent[illegible]r [illegible].

[illegible] to support [illegible] as possible.

[illegible] I have [illegible] set my hand and caused the Great Seal of [illegible] to be affixed this 23rd day of July, 1934.

[illegible]

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

934
459

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 7 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

REVOKING FORMER PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, and by virtue thereof Commander-in-Chief of the Militia of the State of California, did, on the 5th day of July, 1934, by proclamation, call and order into active service the active militia of the State of California, to protect life and property and to maintain peace and order in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California; and

WHEREAS, there no longer exists any necessity for the use of such militia for such purpose at such place;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, as such Governor, and as such Commander-in-Chief, do hereby revoke such former proclamation, and do declare the same to be of no further force or effect.

Done under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of California at the State Capitol, Sacramento, California, this 28th day of July, 1934.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

By [signature]
Assistant Secretary of State

FILED
Office of the Secretary of State
OF STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 6 - 1934
[illegible] KIDAN
[illegible] of State

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible] SPECIAL [illegible] ELECTION

WHEREAS, J. M. INMAN, has presented his resignation as Senator from the NINETEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT of the State of California, to the presiding officer of the Senate of the State of California, and said resignation has been transmitted to this office,

NOW, THEREFORE, in accordance with the law thereunto directing me, I DO HEREBY PROCLAIM and give notice that a SPECIAL ELECTION will be held throughout the said NINETEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT of the State of California, on TUESDAY, the EIGHTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1934, at which SPECIAL

the following officer will be elected, to-wit:

A SENATOR FROM THE NINETEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA to fill the unexpired term of J. M. INMAN, resigned.

I HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred (100) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part 1, of the Penal Code; such reward to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for this purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand (10,000) Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of September, A. D. 1934.

Frank C. Merriam
Governor.

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.
By Frank M. Coony Deputy

46936

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, an extraordinary occasion has arisen and now exists, requiring that the Legislature of the State of California be convened; now, therefore,

I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by section 9 of article V of the Constitution of the State of California, do hereby convene the Legislature of the State of California to meet and assemble in extraordinary session, at Sacramento, California, on Monday, the twelfth day of November, in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-four at twelve o'clock M. of said day, for the following purposes and to legislate upon the following subjects, to-wit:

1. (a) To consider and act upon an amendment to the constitution of the state, for proposal to the people at the general election to be held in November, 1934, providing for relief for unemployment and destitution in this state by means of grants and the issuance of bonds of the state in the aggregate principal sum of twenty-four million dollars to provide funds therefor and providing for the administration of such relief; and (b) to consider and act upon legislation concerning the qualifications and requirements of persons applying for relief.

2. To consider and act upon a joint resolution memorializing the President and Congress of the United States to provide pensions for the aged.

3. To consider and act upon a concurrent resolution providing for a joint legislative committee to study the subject of unemployment insurance and to report its recommendations thereon to the Legislature at its next regular session.

Executive Department
State of California

4. To consider and act upon emergency legislation relating to relief for owners of real property by providing for the extension of periods of redemption, reduction of penalties, and postponement of times of sale, re-sale, and execution of deeds in respect to delinquent state, county and irrigation district taxes and assessments upon real property.

5. To consider and act upon emergency legislation relating to relief of debtors, including a moratorium on defaults on contracts of purchase and on the foreclosure of mortgages and deeds of trust and on the sale under power of sale contained in mortgages or deeds of trust executed upon real property, with ample protection and safeguard for the holders thereof.

6. To consider and act upon emergency relief legislation validating bonds of irrigation and reclamation districts, including refunding bonds thereof.

7. To consider and act upon emergency legislation consenting to the acquisition by the United States of such lands in the state as in the judgment of the federal government may be needed for the establishment, consolidation and extension of national forests in this state, as provided in the Act of Congress approved March 1, 1911 (36 U.S. Statutes at large, 961, Chapter 186), as amended.

8. To consider and act upon emergency legislation relating to relief from special assessments, authorizing cities, counties, and cities and counties to assist in providing such relief, relating to unpaid assessments for improvements of streets and highways which have become a part of the state highway system, providing for determination of the benefits to be derived by the state therefrom and for assumption by the state of payment thereof, and relating to the readjustment and refinancing

Executive Department
State of California

of the obligations of taxing districts and special improvement districts under the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States,' approved July 1, 1898 and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto," approved May 24, 1934.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed hereunto the Great Seal of the State of California, at my office in the State Capitol, this Fifth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor.

Secretary of State.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 11 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Governor's Proclamation
937
46 2/1932-34

FILED

Executive Department
State of California

Election Proclamation

I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a General Election will be held throughout this State on Tuesday, the sixth day of November, 1934, at which the following offices are to be filled:

GOVERNOR;

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR;

SECRETARY OF STATE;

CONTROLLER;

TREASURER;

ATTORNEY GENERAL;

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION from each of the four equalization districts of the State;

ONE UNITED STATES SENATOR;

REPRESENTATIVES TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES from each of the twenty congressional districts of the State;

STATE SENATORS from each of the following twenty senatorial districts of the State: Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-eighth, Fortieth;

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the eighty assembly districts of the State;

JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT in each of the following respective counties of the State, the number of judges to be elected and the terms thereof being as follows:

IMPERIAL—One (Full Term)

LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Thirteen

LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Fifteen

LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Sixteen

LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Nineteen

SAN FRANCISCO—One (Full Term) Office Number Three

STANISLAUS—One (Full Term)

ALSO, such other state and county, township, district, or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, and initiative measures as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

And I do further offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed hereto this 2nd day of October, 1934.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 6 - 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The destruction of life and property by fire is a matter of grave concern to everyone in California as well as in the Nation.

The reduction of this fire waste can be effected in direct proportion to the amount of care exercised by all our people.

The President of the United States, for the benefit of the American people as a whole, has proclaimed the week of October Seventh to October Thirteenth as

FIRE PREVENTION WEEK

In order that the people of California in every community shall individually and through various organizations seek to discover and correct existing fire hazards, promote measures of public and private fire protection, extend protection in fire prevention among adults, as well as school children, and arouse the people generally to the need for habits of greater care,

I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week of October Seventh to Thirteenth to be FIRE PREVENTION WEEK.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 5th day of October, 1934.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: [illegible]
Secretary of State

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 5 - 1934
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Annually it is the custom to designate a week in which special consideration and attention shall be devoted to education. November five to eleven has been generally selected throughout the Nation for 1934, and this proclamation is issued in harmony with our custom in California and in conformance with the designation of other Commonwealths.

The present high standard of education in California must be maintained and the welfare of our public schools must be made a paramount consideration; this in the belief that California has no greater asset than her citizens of tomorrow, no greater responsibilities than their training for the tasks which will be theirs in the future.

In the attainment of these objectives the continuation of the constitutional guarantees for the public schools, the maintenance and extension of the various departments of education, the encouragement and protection of teachers in their profession, is necessary that our educational system may not only be maintained at its present high standard, but that it may reach heights not yet attained.

That the California educational system is so efficient and of such high standard is a matter of sincere gratification to all its friends. That none of our public schools have been closed during these stressful times, nor any of our children denied the privileges of education, is a matter of sincere and justifiable pride. In the observance of Educational Week may we, as a State, rejoice in what has been achieved and plan for the future still greater accomplishments.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, pursuant to the Constitution and Statutes of said State, do hereby proclaim November five to eleven as Educational Week in the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this third day of November, A. D. 1934.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

Thanksgiving

PROCLAMATION

Our forefathers early established the custom of designating annually a day to give thanks to Almighty God for the mercies and blessings which they have enjoyed. This custom has been observed through the years and has become a fixed tradition of our national life.

In further observance of this custom, and in harmony with the Proclamation of the President of the United States, Thursday, November 29, is set aside as a day in which our people shall rest from their daily labor, and in their homes or accustomed places of worship give thanks to Almighty God for the blessings they have enjoyed.

As we again observe this hallowed occasion, may we recall the courage and humbleness of spirit of those who first appointed the day, and of those who through the years, in time of adversity or prosperity, have continued its observance.

In our gratitude, may we share with those less fortunate the blessings that are ours, and in our rejoicing and thankfulness may we ask Our Heavenly Father for that help, guidance and protection which shall bring to mankind a brighter day and a more lasting happiness.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 22nd day of November, A. D. 1934.

Governor.

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

By

Assistant Secretary of State.

941 716

A A BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 10 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 9 (Revised)

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

Effective on and after November 26, 1934

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to sweet potato tubers and sweet potato plants, known as the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the states of Florida and Texas; and in that portion of the state of Louisiana south of the south boundary of the parishes of Vernon, Rapides, Avoyelles, and Concordia; and in certain counties in the state of Mississippi, to wit: Jackson, Harrison, Hancock and Pearl River; and in a certain county in the state of Alabama, to wit: Mobile; and in certain counties in the state of Georgia, to wit: Camden, Charlton and Glynn; all of which being hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that sweet potato tubers and yams (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.) are liable to be carriers of said sweet potato weevil into districts otherwise free from said weevil;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of said sweet potato weevil into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against the said sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), sweet potato tubers and yams (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.), imported, shipped or brought from all states and districts of the United States and no such plants or tubers or parts thereof shall be permitted to pass over the quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Sweet potato tubers and yams (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.), that have been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory are hereby prohibited entry into California for any purpose whatsoever and any such prohibited articles arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 2. Sweet potato tubers or yams (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, that have not been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory will be admitted into California only upon compliance with the following conditions:

Each and every lot or shipment of material admissible under this special [illegible] shall have a special certificate issued by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originates establishing the fact that all the material contained in the lot or shipment has been grown in a district free from sweet potato weevil. Such certificate shall state the number of packages in the shipment, the name and address of the grower, the name and address of the shipper, the point of shipment, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the consignee. A copy of such certificate shall be mailed by shipper, in advance of shipment, to the Director, Sacramento, California. Any and all lots or shipments of the articles enumerated in this provision arriving [illegible] the certificate as provided for shall be [illegible] at the option and expense of the owner or consignee, his or their responsible agents.

[illegible] the use or sale of any article [illegible] conditions shall be [illegible] of any other quarantine proclamations or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

[illegible] Director of Agriculture and all State [illegible] are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions [illegible].

This Revised Quarantine Proclamation No. 9 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 9 (New Series Revised) dated March 7, 1933, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

DATED: November 26, 1934

NON-INFESTED SWEET POTATO WEEVIL PARISHES IN LOUISIANA

Avoyelles
Beauregard
Bienville
Bossier
Caddo
Caldwell
Catahoula
Claiborne
Concordia
De Soto
East Carroll
Franklin
Grant
Jackson
La Salle
Lincoln
Madison
Morehouse
Natchitoches
Ouachita
Rapides
Red River
Richland
Sabine
Tensas
Union
Vernon
Webster
West Carroll
Winn

942 H67

A A BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 10 1934
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 14

Pertaining to Downy Mildew of Hops

Effective on and after December 6, 1934

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the downy mildew of the hop (Pseudoperonospora humili), exists in several states of the United States, and that hop sets or roots are liable to be carriers of this disease,

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction of the downy mildew of the hop (Pseudoperonospora humili) into the State of California, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California, against all varieties and species of hop sets, hop roots or cuttings thereof, shipped or brought from any and all states and districts of the United States, and no hop sets, hop roots or cuttings thereof from the aforementioned area shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Hop sets, roots or cuttings thereof, grown in or shipped or otherwise brought from any state or territory of the United States are hereby prohibited entry into any district of the state of California in which the said downy mildew disease is not known to occur and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or bailee.

Provision 2. Hop sets, roots or cuttings thereof, grown in or shipped or otherwise brought from any state or territory of the United States and which show no visible evidence of the said downy mildew disease will be admitted for planting only in those districts in this state in which said downy mildew disease is known to exist, provided the importer first secures a written permit from the Agricultural Commissioner of the county of destination authorizing such importation.

The admissibility into this state of hop sets, roots or cuttings thereof shall be further subject to the provisions of any

other Quarantine Proclamations or Regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby authorized to carry out all the provisions of this Proclamation.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 14 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 14, dated effective July 11, 1930, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: December 6, 1934

-68

943

Proclamation
Convention for Revising the
Constitution of the ~~State~~
Jan 14 - 1935

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 14 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

announcing that a convention has been called for the purpose of revising the Constitution of the State

WHEREAS, the Secretary of State has prepared and laid before me, the Governor of the State of California, a complete abstract of the whole number of votes cast at the general election held November 6, 1934, "for" and "against" a convention for the purpose of revising the Constitution of the State, and

WHEREAS, it appears from the returns of the County Clerks and Registrar of Voters of the respective counties and cities and counties of the State that a majority of the electors voting at such general election on the proposition for a convention have voted in favor of calling such convention;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, do, by this proclamation, and pursuant to Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 17, adopted by the Legislature at its fiftieth regular session (Chapter 45 of Concurrent and Joint Resolutions and Constitutional Amendments, Statutes of 1935, page 3003) hereby announce the fact that such convention has been called.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed at my office this 14th day of January, 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

167

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 31 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible] State of California, pursuant to Section 12, Article IV, of the Constitution of [illegible], do hereby [illegible] the [illegible], 1935, in the [illegible] of the [illegible] of Assemblyman Dana C. Hicks. [illegible] and conviction of any and [illegible] the provisions of Title [illegible], of the [illegible] Code; said reprieve to be [illegible] until the [illegible] thereof [illegible] the [illegible] ($1,000) dollars.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this [illegible] day of [illegible], 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

Attest: [illegible]
Secretary of State

945
870

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 5 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

The Natural Resources of California, the beautiful forests, wild flowers, streams, lakes and sea shore, constitute the greatest pride in our Commonwealth. The preservation of these things, and the animal and plant life, bear definitely upon the future welfare of the State, and the encouragement of interest in flowers, plants, birds, trees and animals is an essential part of the educational and cultural development of our people.

[illegible] especially emphasize the importance of the forests of the state, not only as a source of supply of timber, but as a protection of the water sheds upon which our agricultural lands depend for their continued fertility, and many communities for protection from devastating floods. The necessity of vigilance in protecting the forests from fire, therefore, must have a prominent place in any conservation program.

Although much careful attention has been given to conservation legislation in California, public opinion must be mobilized in order to secure greater observance of these laws. That proper consideration may be given to this problem in California, and in view of our recognition of these important phases of life; of the search for new values, more lasting pleasures and happy activities; of the untold benefit which will accrue to our people and our state, I am designating a conservation week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do proclaim the week of March 3rd to 9th, 1935 as CONSERVATION WEEK, and request all organizations, agencies, groups and individuals, and particularly the public schools of this state,

Executive Department
State of California

to recognize and encourage its observance, to the end that proper attention may be directed to conservation of the natural resources with which California has been so generously endowed.

[illegible], have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed, this fifteenth day of January, [illegible], 1935

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State



A. A BROCK
DIRECTOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 7 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 2

Pertaining to Chestnut Bark Disease

Effective on and after January 19, 1935

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous plant disease known as the chestnut bark disease (Endothia parasitica) exists in several states of the United States and that all varieties and species of chestnut and chinquapin trees and nuts (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) are liable to be carriers of this disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction of the chestnut bark disease (Endothia parasitica) into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California, against all trees and plants and parts thereof, including nuts, grafts, cuttings or scions, of all species and varieties of chestnut and chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) imported, shipped, or brought from any and all states and districts of the United States east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, and no such trees or plants or parts thereof, including the nuts, grafts, cuttings or scions, from the aforementioned area shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. No restrictions are placed at this time upon the nuts of all species and varieties of chestnut and chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) grown and imported from foreign countries when reshipped into or arriving in this state in the unopened original container.

Provision 2. Except as provided in Provision 1 hereof, any and all trees, plants, nuts, grafts, cuttings or scions of any species or variety of chestnut or chinquapin (Castanea sp. and Castanopsis sp.) arriving in California from any state or district east of and including the states of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this Proclamation.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Proclamation supersedes Quarantine Order No. 2 (New Series) dated January 22, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

R. C. Brandt
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: January 19, 1935

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 7 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 1

Pertaining to Citrus Pests

Effective on and after January 19, 1935

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that certain injurious scale insects known as Chionaspis citri, Parlatoria spp., Lepidosaphes spp. and Chrysomphalus spp.; certain injurious fruit flies known as Anastrepha spp. and certain injurious plant diseases known as citrus canker, Phytomonas citri, and citrus scab, Sphaceloma fawcetti, not known to occur or not generally distributed in California, exist in several states and territories of the United States and that citrus plants and parts thereof and citrus fruits are liable to be carriers of said insects and plant diseases into the State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent any of said injurious insects or plant diseases being introduced into or further distributed in the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against all species and varieties of citrus fruits and citrus plants and parts thereof, including buds, scions and citrus seeds, imported, shipped or brought from any state or territory of the United States except the State of Arizona, and no such citrus fruits or citrus plants or parts thereof or citrus seeds shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following provisions.

Provision 1. All species and varieties of citrus trees or plants, scions, buds and other cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or in any manner brought or carried into the State of California from any state or territory of the United States except Arizona, except when shipped as an experiment of and by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents, such disposition to be made under the supervision and direction of the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or a duly authorized state plant quarantine officer.

f71 940

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 7 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 1

Pertaining to Citrus Pests

Effective on and after January 19, 1935

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that certain injurious scale insects known as Chionaspis citri, Parlatoria spp., Lepidosaphes spp. and Chrysomphalus spp.; certain injurious fruit flies known as Anastropha spp. and certain injurious plant diseases known as citrus canker, Phytomonas citri, and citrus scab, Sphaceloma fawcetti, not known to occur or not generally distributed in California, exist in several states and territories of the United States and that citrus plants and parts thereof and citrus fruits are liable to be carriers of said insects and plant diseases into the State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent any of said injurious insects or plant diseases being introduced into or further distributed in the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against all species and varieties of citrus fruits and citrus plants and parts thereof, including buds, scions and citrus seeds, imported, shipped or brought from any state or territory of the United States except the State of Arizona, and no such citrus fruits or citrus plants or parts thereof or citrus seeds shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following provisions.

Provision 1. All species and varieties of citrus trees or plants, scions, buds and other cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or in any manner brought or carried into the State of California from any state or territory of the United States except Arizona, except when shipped as an experiment of and by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents, such disposition to be made under the supervision and direction of the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or a duly authorized state plant quarantine officer.

Provision 2. Citrus seeds will not be admitted into the State of California from any state or territory of the United States except the state of Arizona, unless a permit has first been issued by the Director of Agriculture. Persons contemplating such importing or bringing into the State of California of citrus seeds shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the locality where the citrus seeds were grown, the amount of the importation, the terminal point of delivery, and the name and address of the importer in the State of California to whom the permit should be sent. Permits issued by the Director of Agriculture shall specify the manner of shipment and the treatment required as a condition of entry.

Provision 3. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine against the entry into California of any citrus fruits grown in and shipped or otherwise transported from the state of Arizona.

With the above exception, all species and varieties of citrus fruits will be admitted into California from any state or territory of the United States when free from leaves and shipped in commercial packed boxes by rail or boat transportation direct from the state or territory where grown, provided a permit has first been issued by the Director of Agriculture. Such permit will not be issued to cover any species or varieties of citrus fruits which are known to be a host of any species of the fruit fly family Trypetidae when such fruits have been grown in or shipped from a locality where such fruit fly species is known to occur. Such permit will not be issued to cover any citrus fruits grown in a state or territory of the United States,

(a) unless thorough and competent official surveys have been made in such state or territory annually during each of the three years previous to date of shipment for the possible presence of the disease known as citrus canker, Phytomonas citri;

(b) in which the citrus canker disease, Phytomonas citri, occurs or has been known to occur within three years previous to the date of shipment;

(c) in which occurs any injurious insect or other animal pest or plant disease attacking citrus, which does not occur or which is not generally established in the state of California and which, in the opinion of the Director of Agriculture, might be transported in a living or viable condition in connection with such citrus fruit shipments and thus be introduced or become disseminated in the state of California.

Application for such permits shall be made by the importer in this state and shall specify the quantity and kind of citrus

fruits it is desired to import, the manner of shipment, the locality where grown, the name and address of the shipper, the name and address of the consignee and the terminal point of delivery in California. Such permit, when and if issued by the Director, shall specify, as a condition of entry, what treatment, if any, shall be given, and where, to the fruit covered in the permit.

All shipments of citrus fruits from any state or territory of the United States and covered by permit as above must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a duly authorized inspection official of the state or territory of origin, establishing the fact that the said citrus canker disease has not been known to occur in the state or territory where grown during the three years previous to date of shipment. All shipments of citrus fruits from any state or territory of the United States and covered by permit on which treatment at origin is specified by the Director, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a duly authorized inspection official of the state or territory of origin, establishing the fact that all the fruits in the shipment have been treated under his official supervision in manner and method as specified in the permit. Such certificate must also show the serial number of the permit, the car initials and number if car lot shipment, the container markings if less than car lot shipment, or the name of the vessel if shipped by direct water route, the number of boxes, the kind or variety of citrus fruit contained in the shipment, the name and address of the shipper, the name and address of the consignee, the locality where grown, and the terminal point of delivery in California. A copy of such certificate must also be mailed to the Director of Agriculture at Sacramento, California, at time of shipment.

Provision 4. All shipments of citrus seeds and citrus fruits admissible under the foregoing provisions must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or his agent until released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state plant quarantine officer.

Provision 5. Any and all citrus fruits, citrus plants or parts thereof, including buds, scions and seeds, except as provided in Provisions 1, 2 and 3 hereof, imported or in any manner brought or carried into the State of California from any state or territory of the United States except the state of Arizona, whether as ship's stores, dining car stores, private car stores or otherwise, shall be safeguarded in a manner satisfactory to the inspector and immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents, such disposition to be made under the supervision of the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or a duly authorized state plant quarantine officer.

Provision 6. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects and

camping implements, arriving in California from any state or territory of the United States shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies or the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county into which such vehicle or baggage, personal effects, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects or camping implements may arrive, until it has been determined by inspection that the same is free from all varieties of citrus fruits and citrus plants, and parts thereof, including buds, scions and seeds, as quarantined against in this Proclamation.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing provisions shall be further subject to the provisions of any California law or other Quarantine Proclamation or Regulation now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated, or any quarantine restriction of the United States Department of Agriculture.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state plant quarantine officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this Proclamation.

This revised Quarantine Proclamation No. 1 supersedes and revokes Quarantine Order No. 1 (New Series) issued January 22, 1927, and Quarantine Order No. 6 (New Series), issued March 9, 1927, and shall take effect immediately.

R. R. Brook
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: January 19, 1935.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 21 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

[illegible]

[illegible] the people of California [illegible] spirit of good [illegible] all nations. [illegible] American [illegible] will stimulate [illegible].

[illegible] United States [illegible] participate in the [illegible] exercises, [illegible] the spirit of good will [illegible].

[illegible], I have [illegible] set my hand and [illegible] seal of the State of California [illegible] 21st day of March, [illegible].

Frank F. Merriam

[illegible]:

[illegible]

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 28 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible] movement origin[illegible] [illegible] state [illegible] the [illegible] information [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] Accordingly, I am [illegible] assistance be given the [illegible] program, and [illegible].

[illegible], Governor [illegible] do proc[illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] protection [illegible].

I[illegible] I have [illegible] set my hand and caused the [illegible] seal of the State of California to be affixed this 28th day of March, A. D. 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible]

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 29 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The pioneer women of California were largely responsible for the development of the State - they stood shoulder to shoulder with the men. In their determination to establish homes and develop this wonderful commonwealth it was necessary that they know how to ride horseback and [illegible] relative thereto.

The annual California Rodeo which will be held [illegible], July 14th to 21st, inclusive, will stimulate [illegible] contests will be held in the high schools of the [illegible], and the state-wide, many [illegible] of these contests will be [illegible] with [illegible] to the Pacific Islands.

[illegible] our recreation our [illegible] ancient customs of our [illegible] contest in the development of [illegible].

[illegible] of these annual events, now, therefore, [illegible] to be represented in the [illegible] all the cities [illegible] efforts to make this entertainment [illegible].

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at this [illegible] day of March, [illegible].

Frank F. Merriam

By:

Frank C Jordan
Secretary of State

By Clara Hagert
Deputy.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 29 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] April 6th has been designated by the War Department of the National Government as Army Day,

[illegible] the first military installations [illegible] have this day in recognition of the entry of [illegible] into the world war sixteen years [illegible] it fully that upon the individual responsibility fall [illegible] the strength of our armed policies, [illegible] the people and the department [illegible] preparedness activities.

[illegible] the nation received with a [illegible] the world. While we are [illegible] found in the possibility of [illegible] their normal peace time [illegible] the skeleton of war. The [illegible] service and sacrifice deny [illegible] and died in its interests [illegible].

The [illegible] National Guard of the Army [illegible] the nation, [illegible] the veterans of all [illegible], whether called [illegible] format their comrades in service. [illegible] served in the [illegible] unselfishly, have efforts [illegible] priority to [illegible] responsible for the [illegible] our own and at [illegible] the world and every [illegible] result of its strife.

[illegible] should be displayed [illegible] to the end that our [illegible] institutions may have proper expression and that [illegible] receive appropriate recognition.

[illegible], Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do proclaim [illegible], as Army Day in the State of California.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 29th day of March, [illegible].

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 29 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as the week of April 7th to 13th has been set aside as National "[illegible]" it is my pleasure to emphasize the need [illegible] attitude toward all our relations of life.

[illegible] are justly ordained as one of the three cardinal tests of character the maxim "[illegible]." Great leaders of advanced thought [illegible] have proclaimed our responsibility [illegible].

[illegible] we realize the noble use we could [illegible] without them. [illegible] make them live, [illegible] for us. Many lives have been [illegible] to [illegible] have proved by their [illegible] worthy of emulation. A segment of mankind they merit [illegible] which might well be content between [illegible].

[illegible] I gladly [illegible] this [illegible], when this responsibility, [illegible], [illegible] stress of. I therefore urge [illegible] to observe the occasion by [illegible] to support [illegible] all organizations, secular [illegible], to support the principles of the [illegible] societies for the betterment of our [illegible] of our United States.

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed this [illegible] day of March, A. D., 1935.

Frank C. Jordan
[illegible]

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 30 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

DIRECTION

To the State Treasurer

Under Section 7, Veterans' Welfare

Bond Act of 1933.

To Honorable Charles G. Johnson, State Treasurer:

Whereas, an act, known and designated as the "Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1933", was duly and regularly adopted and approved at the General Election held in this State on November 6, 1934, and said act is now in full force and effect; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, as in said act provided, did, on April 16, 1935, duly adopt a resolution authorizing and directing the State Treasurer to prepare 5,000 one thousand ($1000.00) dollar bonds of the aggregate par value of five million ($5,000,000.00) dollars: and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Board at its regular meeting held on April 15, 1935, regularly adopted a resolution requesting the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee to authorize the issuance and sale of bonds of the aggregate par value of five million ($5,000,000.00) dollars; and

Whereas, the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, upon examination, approved the plans and projects of the said Veterans' Welfare Board and determined the necessity and desirability for the issuance of bonds of the aggregate par value of five million ($5,000,000.00) dollars under the provisions of said act, as aforesaid, for the purpose of accomplishing the administration of the Veterans' Farm and Home Purchase Act, Chapter 519, Statutes of 1921, as amended; and said committee further decided and determined that said bonds be sold on June 6, 1935; and

Whereas, the Veterans' Welfare Board, by resolution adopted April 27, 1935, has requested me, as Governor, to direct you, as State Treasurer, to sell at public auction Veterans' Welfare Bonds, numbered one to five thousand, both inclusive, in denominations of one thousand ($1000.00) dollars each;

Now, therefore, I FRANK F. MERRIAM, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, do hereby approve the said resolution adopted by the Veterans' Welfare Board, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, and pursuant to the provisions of Section 7 of the Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1933, I hereby direct that you, as State Treasurer, on Thursday, June 6, 1935, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in accordance with the provisions of said bond act,

Executive Department

State of California

Veterans' Welfare Bonds numbered one to five thousand, both inclusive, of the par value of one thousand ($1000.00) dollars each, and of the aggregate par value of five million $5,000,000.00) dollars, as prepared by you pursuant to direction of the said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee, the proceeds from the sale of which said bonds shall be not less than the aggregate par value thereof, plus interest which has accrued thereon between the date of sale and the last preceding interest maturity date; and such proceeds from the sale of said bonds shall be placed in the Veterans' Farm and Home Building Fund as provided in said Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee resolution and by the resolution of the Veterans' Welfare Board hereinabove referred to.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this 30th day of April, 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By Chas Hagerty
Deputy.



RESOLUTION, VETERANS' WELFARE BOARD.

WHEREAS, the Veterans' Welfare Board did heretofore, to wit: on the 13th day of April, 1935, duly and regularly adopt a resolution pursuant to the provisions of Section 10 of the "Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1933" requesting Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee to cause to be issued and sold $5,000,000 principal amount of bonds under the provisions of said Act, which said resolution was supported by a statement of the plans and projects of the Veterans' Welfare Board with respect thereto; and

WHEREAS, the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee constituted under said Act did, on the 16th day of April, 1935, determine that a bond issue in said sum of $5,000,000 was necessary or desirable under said Act to carry such plans and projects into execution and did adopt a resolution on said date to said effect,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Veterans' Welfare Board in conformity with the procedure set forth in said Veterans' Welfare Bond Act of 1933, hereby requests the State Treasurer of the State of California to sell on the 6th day of June, 1935, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, $5,000,000 principal amount of said bonds issued under said Act in such parcels and numbers as the said State Treasurer shall be directed by the Governor of the State of California under the seal thereof, said bonds to be so sold being more particularly described in said resolution of the Veterans' Welfare Finance Committee adopted on said 16th day of April, 1935, and to take any and all steps and to do any and all things necessary or proper under the provisions of said Act to cause said sale to be made.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that to insure the authenticity of this resolution the following duly appointed members of the Veterans' Welfare Board, constituting a quorum under the provisions of Section 4 of the Veterans' Welfare Act, and now assembled in regular session after due notice of such meeting duly and regularly given to each of the present members of said Board, hereby adopt the foregoing resolution and direct the Secretary of the Veterans' Welfare Board to attest the authenticity of this resolution in his official capacity and hereby further subscribe their names hereto.

D. H. Brennan

W. B. Welch Jr.

Thos. M. Foley

Herbert C. Weyler

Otto J. Sandman

Adopted: April 27, 1935.

Attest: Geo. A. Crute
Secretary, Veterans' Welfare Board.

I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California do hereby approve the foregoing resolution.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor, of the State of California.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 3 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Issued Pursuant to Chapter 686, Statutes 1933.

WHEREAS, the people of this state did under date of November 6, 1934, approve that certain law submitted by act of the Legislature passed at its Fiftieth Session, which provided for a bond issue of thirty million dollars to be used by the Veterans Welfare Board in assisting California war veterans to acquire farms or homes, being more particularly described as Chapter 686, Statutes of California, 1933; and

WHEREAS it appears from the proclamation of the Secretary of State of California, issued under date of December 15, 1934, that said act received a majority of all votes cast for and against it at said election.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that said act shall have effect as in said act provided, shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities therein created shall be paid and discharged and that said act received a majority of all votes cast for and against it at said election.

Done under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of California at the State Capitol, Sacramento, California this 3rd day of April, 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor.

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.
By Chas. Hagerty
Assistant Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 8 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

[illegible] State of California.

[illegible] to state fair is an annual event [illegible] covering more than [illegible] days. The story of [illegible] is a record of the achievements [illegible] in wide and varied [illegible].

[illegible] come to the state fair grounds for [illegible] and entertainment. While [illegible], industry and [illegible] are interested [illegible] in the educational type of entertainment [illegible] diversified display of educational items.

[illegible] fair is more than an exhibition only; it [illegible] where experiences are [illegible], and [illegible] established. Its [illegible] of competitive activity are informative and [illegible]. [illegible] competitive fair stimulates greater effort [illegible], and in turn produces [illegible]. [illegible] take place; achievement [illegible] its highest expression is attained; and the state [illegible].

In view of the benefits derived, attendance at [illegible] it will be included in our annual vacation [illegible]. [illegible] to [illegible] state's event all [illegible], broaden our interests, and with [illegible] to [illegible] natural and [illegible].

[illegible], I have [illegible] set my hand [illegible] the great seal of the State of California to [illegible] this [illegible] day of April, [illegible].

Frank F. Merriam

[illegible]:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 9 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] the production of oranges in the [illegible] to be observed [illegible] of citrus fruit [illegible] it is fitting that the week beginning May [illegible] should be designated as a period when consideration be given to this industry.

[illegible] are now more than seventy thousand [illegible] within the limits of our state, [illegible] to in the [illegible] States [illegible] Sierra. [illegible] [illegible] thousand cars are sent to the markets [illegible]. The fact that [illegible] one cent of the [illegible] to [illegible].

[illegible] the production of this [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] to it [illegible].

[illegible] I, [illegible], Governor of California, do hereby [illegible] the twelfth [illegible] of [illegible].

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 9th day of April, A. D., 1935.

[illegible]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
DEPUTY SECRETARY OF STATE

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 10-1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] prevent [illegible] of [illegible] April [illegible], will [illegible] once again of the [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible]. Naturally we do not [illegible] the supreme sacrifice made by our [illegible] men.

[illegible] consider the cause in human society that [illegible] such sacrifice, the spirit in which it was [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible]. In order to [illegible] it [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] on the [illegible] [illegible] affairs and permit our respective places of [illegible] [illegible] there [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible] of these [illegible], now, therefore, I, [illegible], [illegible] of California, do hereby [illegible] [illegible], and [illegible] it to the [illegible] of California.

[illegible], I have [illegible] [illegible] and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of April, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 29 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Inasmuch as the people of our State instinctively respond to the demands for security, it is well and fitting that the period beginning May thirteenth be set aside as Life Insurance Week.

Life is so complex that insecurity easily provokes the emotion of fear, and fear quickly deadens initiative. Once the spirit of the people becomes stifled prosperity ceases. Dislocation of the natural order of affairs takes place and social and economic life becomes stagnant.

Financial security as guaranteed by the substantial life insurance companies of our State and Nation with an historical background of nearly one hundred years of successful operation, creates confidence, stimulates effort and promotes the general welfare of frugal people. The individual thus insured develops poise of personality and the family thus protected attains a character of social dignity.

But life insurance is more than protection; it is sound investment. The annuity policy carried while the average income is sufficient to pay the annual premium provides a monthly stipend in old age that guarantees mental satisfaction and happiness.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning May thirteenth as Life Insurance Week in the State of California.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of April, A.D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: [signature]
Secretary of State

958

883

FILED

In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 6 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] is of the first [illegible] the promotion of educational [illegible] exercises [illegible] this [illegible] to the [illegible] of social activity.

[illegible] irtual [illegible] r the direction [illegible] terial [illegible] the part that [illegible] the world.

[illegible] governor of the State of [illegible] to 11th, 1935, [illegible] California.



I [illegible], I have [illegible] my hand [illegible] caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of May, A.D. 1935.

[illegible]
Governor of California

[illegible]

[illegible]
Secretary of State

[illegible]

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 6 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

[illegible]

[illegible], it is not only fitting but [illegible] between June the ninth [illegible].

[illegible] possibility of greatly reduc- [illegible] by [illegible] in an accident prevent- [illegible] this a "No Accident [illegible] schools, churches and civic [illegible] this problem a matter [illegible] motivating and acquainting their [illegible] devices to the end [illegible] life.

[illegible] if at the [illegible] conference which is to be held [illegible] to thirteenth, every commu- [illegible].

[illegible], Therefore, [illegible] of California, [illegible].

[illegible] hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of May A.D. 1935.

Frank C. Merriam

By [illegible]
Secretary of [illegible]

960

885

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 6 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The observance of Mother's Day, Sunday, [illegible]ay the 12th, does not require executive action in order that appropriate exercises may be held in our [illegible]laces of worship throughout the state of California; [illegible]d yet it is fitting that the will of the people [illegible] in the form of a proclamation.

The day is set aside not merely because of an official statement; rather it is in response to a de[illegible] voice to a deep and abiding sentiment. [illegible] written word, enriched by emotional [illegible], expressed because of the occasion, will honor the women who gave us birth and pay tribute to those who have shaped the destinies of our [illegible]ic.

Children at play in the yard and by the fire[illegible]e, confident of her love, look to mother for sympathetic understanding and attentive helpfulness in the [illegible]ll and yet important complications that naturally [illegible]rise because of inexperience. Young people active in their home and school duties, inspired by her ideals, expect fro[illegible] mother unselfish advice and wholesome [illegible] in their daily perplexities occasioned by [illegible] assumptio[illegible] of ever enl[illegible]rging social and economic [illegible]sponsibiliti[illegible]. [illegible]en and women at work on the farm, [illegible] the factory, [illegible]t the office, encouraged by her [illegible]votion, sh[illegible]t[illegible] ther the burdens and duties that come with advancing years, as they attempt to [illegible]w th[illegible]ir solicitious interest in her happiness and [illegible]te[illegible]t.

[illegible]hile sending the telegram, or writing the [illegible]letter to mother, as a privilege on the one [illegible] [illegible]tio[illegible] on the other, l[illegible]t us [illegible] the [illegible] and under-privileged [illegible]chil[illegible]ho, through dest[illegible] or separation, are de[illegible]ied of that inherent sense of security which comes only through maternal love. These neglected and for[illegible]ten chil[illegible] [illegible] hungry for affection. On this, [illegible]ther's Day, [illegible] seek their companionship. A gift, [illegible] kindly word, [illegible] gesture - [illegible] a flower - [illegible] [illegible] spirit of mother, for "inasmuch [illegible] [illegible] the least of these my brethren, ye [illegible] it unto me".

Executive Department
State of California

these sentiments, Now, Therefore, I, [illegible], Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim May the 12th as [illegible].

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of May, A. D. 1935.



Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 7 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] fourteen years [illegible] observed [illegible]. [illegible] recognition [illegible] our most beneficial institutions.

[illegible] all of their modern equipment, occupying [illegible] in both city [illegible] rural districts. They [illegible] comfortable care of people stricken [illegible] varied forms of physical inability and [illegible]. [illegible] make possible the use of scientific knowledge [illegible] been trained in the delicate [illegible] surgery and motivated by a [illegible] pain and suffering. They [illegible] innumerable opportunities for the [illegible] spirit of kindly consideration of the [illegible] needs of her patients.

[illegible] le's unselfish devotion to [illegible] typical and indicative of the [illegible] representative hospital staff. [illegible], [illegible] twelfth, [illegible] [illegible] the work [illegible].

[illegible], now, [illegible], Governor of California, [illegible] do hereby [illegible].

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 4th day of [illegible], A. D. 1935.

Frank F. Merriam

By the Governor:

_____

_____
Secretary of State

11/

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 7 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible], the twelfth, [illegible] our people. [illegible] public [illegible] honor of parenthood will help to [illegible] of social thinking.

[illegible] of mutual helpfulness as [illegible] constructive service among [illegible]. [illegible] companionship finds expression in [illegible], enjoyed by both parents and children; [illegible] thetic understanding stimu- [illegible] spirit [illegible] imation that brings success and [illegible]; it is here cooperative effort encourages [illegible] initiative in which spiritual [illegible] tial prosperity have their origin.

[illegible] we expect parents to [illegible] family attainments, [illegible].

[illegible], now, therefore, [illegible] California, do [illegible].

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this [illegible] day of May, A.D. 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible] California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
[illegible]

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 8 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

[illegible]:

National Veterans Organizations will recognize May 25th as Poppy Day throughout the United States. These organizations invite us to assist in a work worthy of [illegible] support.

It is fitting that the people of our state should cooperate in the exercises of this day so as to honor the veterans who served so nobly in the World War and now, suffering the results thereof, are confined in our hospitals. To do this while at the same time we [illegible] to those who did not return at the close of [illegible]; it is a solemn obligation.

Revenue derived from the sale of poppies will assist the victims of the ravages of war in their battle to recover their health and regain their physical status of [illegible]. Through the purchase of these flowers [illegible] of the terrible tragedies of the conflict [illegible] necessary their distribution. [illegible] Colonel John [illegible]

"[illegible] fields the poppies blow
[illegible] on the crosses, row on row
[illegible] place, and in the sky
[illegible] still bravely singing, fly,
[illegible]."

[illegible] sentiment, [illegible], I, [illegible], Governor of the State of California, [illegible] proclaim May [illegible] in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of May, A.D. 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
[illegible]
Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 1 3 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Foreign Trade Week which was inaugurated in California nine years ago and now is sponsored by the United States Chamber of Commerce, will be observed this year by many cities and local communities throughout our Nation during the period beginning May nineteenth.

Because of our strategic location with reference to world markets we are vitally interested in international commerce. Foreign markets for our agricultural products, especially fruit and cotton, our petroleum and other mineral products, and our manufactured commodities, aggregate two hundred million dollars a year.

Trade agreements and the international exchange of goods involves more than commercial activity and financial gain; it serves as an important medium for the expression of good will among the people of the earth.

It is fitting therefore that the people of this commonwealth should heartily endorse the program of cooperate action outlined by our State and National leaders to the end that the attention of the world may be centered upon the advantages of Foreign trade.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week of May nineteenth to twenty-fifth as Foreign Trade Week in the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of May, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: [signature]
Secretary of State

fuc

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 16 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The observance of International Good Will Day, May the eighteenth, will assist in stimulating interest in the development of a world conscience that derives its authority from the common needs of mankind.

New modes and methods of travel and communication have brought the Nations of the world together in one great neighborhood. We must now learn to understand each other and to evaluate without prejudice the distinct racial contributions of all people.

We need to encourage the belief that individual appreciation when expressed simply, sincerely and continuously, soon becomes popular appreciation and when popular appreciation assumes the proportions of national sentiment it quickly develops into world friendship and when world friendship finds expression in an international code of ethics to which people everywhere can conscientiously adhere, world good will becomes a reality.

Accordingly, the spread of international good will is an individual concern to which, I am sure, the people of our State will want to give appropriate expression through public exercises held on the day when the Nations of the earth consider this phase of world progress.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, May eighteenth as International Good Will Day in the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 8th day of May, A. D., 1935.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [signature]
Deputy Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 2 1 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] is an occasion when our people rededicate themselves to high patriotic ideals, renew their devotion to the enduring traditions and principles of our Republic and pledge anew their loyal allegiance to our permanently established institutions.

In support of these aspirations there is no greater source of encouragement in all the recorded history of our country than the immortal Lincoln's Gettysburg Address to which we should listen again with profound respect and admiration. His challenge to the [illegible] to California today.

"Fourscore and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal.

"Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battle-field of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether [illegible] we should do this.

"But, in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate--we cannot consecrate--we cannot hallow--this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it far above our poor power to add or detract. The world will little [illegible] remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us, the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion; that we

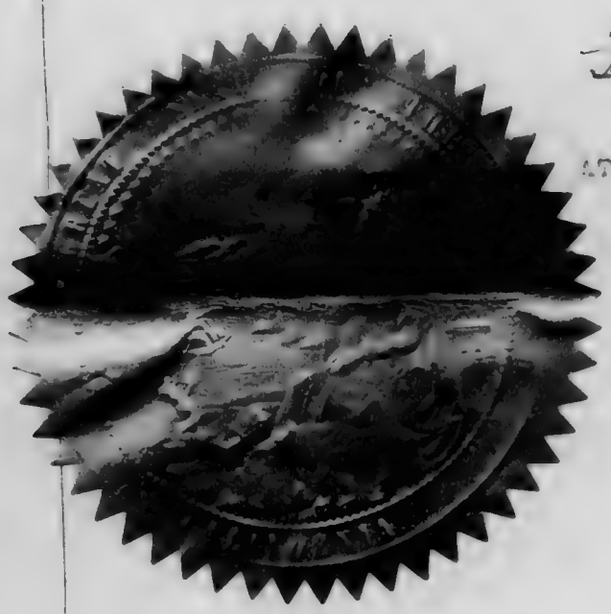
Executive Department

State of California

[illegible] that these dead shall not [illegible] that this [illegible] under [illegible] shall have a new birth of freedom; and that government of the people, by the people and for the people, shall not perish from the earth."

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, [illegible] Governor of the State of California, do [illegible] Thursday, [illegible], as Memorial Day in the State [illegible].

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 21st day of [illegible], A. D., 1935.



Governor [illegible]

ATTEST: [illegible]

Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 1 3 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The home is an institution of supreme importance in the community life of our country, providing as it does the fundamental elements upon which the happiness and contentment of our people depend. From one of our oldest and most cherished American traditions we derive the conviction that the character of the home determines in no small degree the character of its occupants. Growing children respond quickly and freely to the influence of artistically designed and comfortably furnished homes.

Accordingly it is fitting that we give special consideration to our responsibility in providing comfortable and serviceable homes. Better Housing Programs, now being presented in many local communities of our State, are helping citizens to build new homes and modernize those in which they have lived for a period of time. This activity in turn is giving work to many unemployed men and contributing in a positive way to business and industrial recovery.

In view of these considerations and in a spirit of cooperation with other States, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim June Fifteenth, 1935, as National Better Housing Day within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of June, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [signature]
Deputy Secretary of State

893 968

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 5 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

A A BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

REVOCATION OF QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 14

Pertaining to Downy Mildew of Hops

Effective on and after June 19, 1935

WHEREAS, The disease known as downy mildew of hops (Pseudoperonospora humili), has now been found to occur in practically all of the hop growing sections of this state, and

WHEREAS, It seems apparent that this disease is now generally established in this state and that it is being transmitted long distances by other means than through the movement of hop sets, roots or cuttings, such dispersal being beyond control through the enforcement of quarantine restrictions,

NOW, THEREFORE, Effective immediately, Quarantine Proclamation No. 14, issued December 6, 1934, is hereby revoked, this revocation in no way affecting the authority provided in the Agricultural Code as regards the inspection and disposition of plants and plant products moving from other states into the State of California.

A A Brock
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: June 19th 1935

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 2 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Our Fourth of July celebration has an historical background, rich in tradition, colorful in romance and happy in expression. Clothed with the authority of public opinion, supported by the ideals of mutual helpfulness and equipped with the tools of modern democracy it was on this day in 1776 that the United States of America began to emerge as a national entity. The early pioneers had found a new way of life; the signers of the Declaration of Independence demanded a new form of government. The leaders determined its origin; the people have shaped its destiny.

The executive, legislative and judicial departments were built on the foundation principles of the Constitution in order that changes in its form and functions would always be subject to the will of the majority. The sagacity of its founders and the wisdom of its builders in discovering and enacting laws which embody the condensed common sense and embrace the high aspirations of a democratic people guarantee that this government shall endure. It has safeguarded our freedom and stimulated our growth. Today it serves us; tomorrow it will serve others.

Enlightened faith in the stability of this expanding popular government now inspires appreciative loyalty to its flag, a symbol of unity, an emblem of justice, a banner of liberty. Let us display it then on Independence Day in recognition of our noble heritage to the end that our patriotism may find expression not merely in intellectual assent to the ideas of which it is symbolic but in spiritual adherence to the progressive and constructive principles for which it stands.

In view of these sentiments, in memory of past achievements and in consideration of our future progress, nor, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim July Fourth a holiday within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of July, A. D., 1935.



Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

A A BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 5 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 16 (REVISED)

Pertaining to Colorado Potato Beetle

Effective on and after July 3, 1935

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a serious insect pest of potatoes known as the Colorado potato beetle (Leptinotarsa decemlineata) not known to occur in California, exists in all other states and territories of the United States except the State of Nevada and the Territory of Hawaii and that tubers, plants or cuttings of the so-called Irish potato (Solanum tuberosum), and plants or cuttings of tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum) and eggplant (Solanum melongena) are liable to be carriers of that insect;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said Colorado potato beetle into the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California, against all tubers, plants or cuttings of the so-called Irish potato (Solanum tuberosum) and plants or cuttings of tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum) and eggplant (Solanum melongena) grown in or shipped or brought from all states and territories of the United States except the State of Nevada and the Territory of Hawaii, and no such possible carriers of this insect pest as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. All plants or cuttings thereof of potato (Solanum tuberosum), tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum) and eggplant (Solanum melongena) grown in or shipped or otherwise brought from all states and territories of the United States, except the State of Nevada and the Territory of Hawaii, will be admitted into California only when accompanied by an official certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originated, establishing the fact that all such plants were grown in and shipped from a locality free from Colorado potato

beetle. All such plants not accompanied by certificate as herewith provided for shall be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or bailee.

Provision 2. All tubers of the so-called Irish potato (Solanum tuberosum) grown in or shipped or otherwise brought from all states and territories of the United States, except the State of Nevada and the Territory of Hawaii, will be admitted into California only upon compliance with the following conditions:

Each and every lot or shipment of such potato tubers must be accompanied by an official certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the state in which same originates establishing the fact that all of the potatoes in the shipment were either grown and sacked in and shipped from a locality free from Colorado potato beetle or passed over a screen of not less than one inch mesh prior to loading into car or vehicle, free from soil chunks large enough to contain a hibernating Colorado potato beetle, placed in new or clean sacks, loaded in a car or vehicle free from debris, and that adequate precautions were taken to prevent infestation or contamination following screening. All potato shipments certified as having been screened must be free from potato plants or cuttings thereof. All potatoes not accompanied by certificate as herewith provided for or otherwise not complying with the above requirements shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and must be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or bailee.

Potato tubers admissible under the foregoing provisions must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by a duly authorized State Plant Quarantine Officer.

The admissibility into this state of the commodities covered by the foregoing provisions shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamations or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State plant quarantine officers are hereby authorized to carry out all the provisions of this proclamation.

This proclamation No. 16 (Revised), supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 16, dated June 15, 1934, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture.

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: July 3, 1935

896 971

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 22 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

Governors Proclamation
1935

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

To the people of California:

We cannot let death take Will Rogers and Wiley Post from us without giving expression to our sense of personal loss.

They have mingled with us in private and public life, always exchanging cordial courtesies with the common man. Success did not separate them from the crowd; rather it made them participants in it. In an unusual way they were one of us.

Their lives, gracious in sentiment, noble in character, courageous in action, have elevated our standards of achievement. They inspire us to find dignity in simplicity, honor in sincerity and success in service.

In view of these considerations it is fitting that we display all flags within this Commonwealth at half-mast, pause in our ordinary pursuits and maintain silence for one minute at 2 o'clock today in recognition of these men and in appreciation of the ideals for which they stood.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 20th day of August, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

F97 972

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 6 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The observance of Admission Day in California is a tradition of extraordinary significance. Eighty-five years ago this vast and varied territory in many respects unlike that of the other states came into the Union.

With an historical background rich and colorful, it had material and spiritual resources in abundance. People who lived here had developed customs in harmony with high and noble purposes. Their institutions, many of which had their origin in the habits of another race, were supported by a gracious and kindly philosophy of life. One thing they lacked even though there was popular demand for it - a stable government.

The State Constitution adopted in 1849, in the main a compilation of parts of other state Constitutions, and for that reason peculiarly American, was presented to Congress with a request for admission to the Union on February 15, 1850. On September 9th of the same year the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled declared: "That the State of California shall be one, and is hereby declared to be one, of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever."

Since then a substantial government has given direction to our State affairs and through it "We the people" have maintained law and order. This is an individual and social inheritance of intrinsic value. We shall cherish and preserve it.

In view of these sentiments and considerations, and in harmony with the laws of California, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Monday, September Ninth, as Admission Day in the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of September, A. D. 1935.

[signature]
Governor of California.

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By [signature]
Deputy Secretary of State

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 10 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

On May 25th, one hundred and forty-eight years ago, a group of fifty-five civic and governmental leaders met in Philadelphia for the purpose of writing one of the most significant documents in the records of human achievement. Representing people of wide and varied interests they drafted a national Constitution "in order to form a more perfect Union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty" to themselves and to their posterity.

Their adherence to fundamental American principles determined the nature of their deliberations and brought forth decisions surcharged with lofty and yet practical idealism. They believed in the inalienable rights of people but not in the divine right of Kings. They held that the land should belong to the individual rather than the individual to the land. They spoke of the people and their government not of the government and its people.

Their success in establishing this Constitution which was signed on September 17th is attested by the fact that it is now the supreme law of the oldest Republic in the world. It maintains stability without stagnation; it allows reform without revolution. In it, the authority of public opinion is recorded and through it, the inherent rights of free people are protected.

Supplied with abundant material resources that came from a benevolent Creator, equipped with a system of education that originated in the intellectual impulses of the common people and endowed with a spiritual heritage that has its roots deep in the moral experience of the past, let us look with confidence to the future, under the guidance of this tested instrument of democratic government, in order that we may attain an even wider diffusion of happiness and success.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Tuesday, September seventeenth, as Constitution Day within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of September, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: [illegible]
Secretary of State

S99
974
Department of Agriculture

A. R. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 21 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 6

Pertaining to Vetch Weevil

Effective on and after September 14, 1935

WHEREAS, It has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to vetch seed, known as the vetch weevil (Bruchus brachialis), new to and not heretofore prevalent in the State of California, exists in the states of Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania and Virginia, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that vetch seed is liable to be a carrier of said vetch weevil;

NOW, THEREFORE, In order to prevent the introduction of the said vetch weevil into the State of California and in accordance with provisions of Section 106, Agricultural Code thereof, it is necessary that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of California against said vetch weevil and vetch seed grown in, or shipped or brought from said infested territory. Seed as quarantined against by this Proclamation shall not be permitted to pass said quarantine lines hereby established except as provided herein.

Provision 1. Each shipment or lot of vetch seed from the said infested territory must be accompanied by a certificate signed by an inspection official of the state in which same originated, certifying that all the vetch seed in the shipment or lot has been fumigated using 12 oz. of sodium cyanide per 100 cubic feet of space in an air tight container for a period of four hours, and at a temperature of not less than 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Any and all lots or shipments of vetch seed arriving in California from the said infested territory without the required certificate shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their agents.

Provision 2. Vetch seed admissible from the said infested area under the foregoing provision or when originating in areas outside of the said infested territory must, upon arrival in California, be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by a State Plant Quarantine Officer.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing provisions shall be

further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamations or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

Deputies of the Director of Agriculture and State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to enforce the provisions of this Proclamation.

This Proclamation shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: Sept 14th 1935

G00 975
Department of Agriculture

A A BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 21 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after September 14, 1935

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil exists in Coconino County in Arizona, and in Scotts Bluff and Sioux Counties in Nebraska, the said infested territory as now set forth in Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, issued effective January 11, 1934, as amended effective July 6, 1934, is hereby amended to include, in addition to the areas therein described, the County of Coconino in Arizona and the Counties of Scotts Bluff and Sioux in Nebraska.

WHEREAS, The southern portion of Josephine County, Oregon, has been found free from alfalfa weevil, Amendment No. 1 to Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, effective July 6, 1934, is hereby amended to exclude from the said infested territory all that portion of the County of Josephine, Oregon, south of a line drawn directly east and west through the southern limits of the town of Selma, Oregon, and alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw will be admitted into California from the above described southern portion of Josephine County, Oregon, only when accompanied by an official certificate stating where grown and establishing the fact that it was not grown in the said infested territory.

This Amendment No. 2 to Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 will take effect immediately.

A A Brock
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: Sept. 14, 1935

101 976

Proclamation
Old Glory Week
Sept 30 – 1935

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Believing that the people of our country appreciate their birthright of freedom the Legislature of our State recently designated the second week of October as "Old Glory Week." It is fitting and appropriate that our Flag should receive such recognition.

Its creation and acceptance as a national emblem is one of the greatest achievements since the discovery of this continent more than five centuries ago. It stands today, among the Flags of the world, as a symbol of popular sovereignty and as a banner of individual liberty and justice. It represents the ennobling characteristics of personal success that inevitably comes through service in a common cause.

The history of our Flag and the record of American civilization have been woven into the customs and ideals of a loyal and devoted people. To study the literature covering the story of our Flag is a challenge then to which we may respond with energy and enthusiasm during the week set aside for this purpose. Through patriotic exercises, educational, religious and civic organizations will have opportunity to make a contribution of far-reaching importance to the youth of our country.

In view of these considerations and in keeping with these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the second week of October as "Old Glory Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 30th day of September, A. D., 1935.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Secretary of State

902 977

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 8 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The second week of October marks the sixty-fourth anniversary of the Chicago fire, one of the most disastrous events in the history of our country. For three days it swept through the business and residential sections of that great city with irresistible force, leaving death and destruction in its course. This tragedy aroused public opinion in favor of an extensive program of fire prevention.

Since then civic and commercial organizations, religious and educational institutions under the leadership of public spirited officials have carried forward a program of education that has resulted in preserving vast material resources and in saving innumerable lives. They have stimulated interest in promoting measures of public and private protection, in extending instructions in fire prevention, in arousing public opinion and in correcting and removing fire hazards, all to the end that greater safety might be enjoyed by our people.

Accordingly, it is fitting and appropriate that we cooperate annually in observing a period of time in which the attention of our people is focused upon this all important state and national problem.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week of October sixth to twelfth, inclusive, as Fire Prevention Week within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 4th day of October, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [signature]
Deputy Secretary of State

703 978

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 8 - 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

During the past quarter of a century much progress has been made in improving the methods of communication and transportation throughout our Nation. Important results have been achieved by persons whose initiative and inventive genius have stimulated them to work continuously in the service of society.

Aircraft has been developed to a point where it renders a necessary and useful service to all lines of business and industry. Its facilities are at the command of organizations and institutions interested in rapid and efficient delivery of goods and commodities. Many of our citizens are enjoying the superior advantages offered for travel by aircraft corporations which have enviable records of speed and safety.

It is particularly appropriate that we set aside a given period of time for the purpose of becoming acquainted with past achievements, present activities and future possibilities in this department of transportation.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning October 14th as "Air Navigation Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 7th day of October, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

404 979

Proclamation
Gen Pulaski
Oct 10 - 1935

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 10 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Through legislative enactment by more than one-half of the states of the United States, the eleventh day of October has been designated as General Pulaski Memorial Day. It was on that day in 1779 that Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski died from wounds received two days earlier at the siege of Savannah, Georgia.

In commemorating the death of this distinguished hero of the Revolutionary War it is appropriate that the flag of the United States be displayed on all government buildings and that the people of our state be called upon to observe the day with fitting commemorative exercises.

Pursuant, therefore, to Assembly Concurrent Resolution adopted in 1933, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim October eleventh as General Pulaski's Memorial Day within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed this 10th day of October, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: Robert G. Jordan
Assistant Secretary of State

60
980

REGULATIONS
AGRICULTURAL CODE

STATE
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WHEREAS, The Agricultural Code of the State of California passed by the State Legislature of 1933 and amendments thereto requires the issuance of rules and regulations by the Director of the Department of Agriculture pertaining to certain of its provisions; and

WHEREAS, At subsequent hearings attended by interested officials and by representatives of all branches of the industry, it was found that certain other regulations were necessary, setting forth methods of procedure and interpretations of certain requirements of the code in order to accomplish the purposes thereof; and

WHEREAS, Certain advances have been made in dairy control work during the two years just past, making revision of dairy regulations heretofore promulgated necessary;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in the Director of Agriculture under the General Provisions and Division Four of the Agricultural Code, I hereby proclaim the following Dairy Regulations, numbered one to twenty-four, inclusive, to be in force and effect in the State of California on and after this fifteenth day of October, 1935, and that all previous dairy regulations promulgated are hereby annulled.

Director of Agriculture

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 1 1935
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

DAIRY REGULATIONS

REGULATION I

1. The phrase "properly fed and kept," as used in section 471 (b), is construed to mean that milk must be produced from animals fed only such feeds as will not impart strong disagreeable flavors or odors to the milk or the products thereof. (The intentional or wilful feeding of mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc., is specifically prohibited and the use of pastures where such feeds as mustard, turnips, rape, onions, etc., are growing to such an extent that the quality of milk from cows grazing on such pastures is injured thereby (tainted) does not constitute proper feeding, whereas, most natural grasses, alfalfa, clover, vetch, peas, ensilage, beets, carrots, cocoanut meal, grains, etc., which are not moldy or decayed are entirely suitable for feeding animals producing milk.) All feeds must be wholesome and fed in such quantities as will nourish and not impair the health of the animals. Milk producing animals must be kept reasonably clean and must not be subjected to undue exposure so that their health is injured thereby.

2. Milk for manufacturing purposes may be graded into three classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE MILK is milk free from foreign substances, is well cooled, will pass the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, contains no undesirable flavors or odors and contains not more than one million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

SECOND GRADE MILK is milk showing some foreign substances, may have some undesirable flavors, is uncooled, shows a questionable reaction to the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator, or contains more than one million and not more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination.

THIRD GRADE MILK is milk that is unclean; strong; sour; contains extraneous matter; contains numerous flies, or other insects; gives a distinct yellow curd by the alcohol test containing brom cresol purple as an indicator; or contains more than five million bacteria as indicated by direct microscopic examination; or is otherwise unfit to be manufactured into a food product. Third grade milk which in the judgment of the inspector is clearly unfit for human consumption, or which is known to have been produced under insanitary conditions, shall be condemned and marked for identification by the addition of a suitable amount of charcoal paste and rennet.

REGULATION II

1. Cream being defined as a portion of milk (section 478) infers, and is construed to mean that the milk from which it is separated must conform to the established definitions and standards for milk.

2. Cream for manufacturing purposes may be graded into four classes as follows:

FIRST GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of ninety-two score butter or above (first quality), being clean, smooth, free from undesirable flavors or odors, sweet or acid not to exceed three-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid), and containing at least thirty per cent of milk fat.

SECOND GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself readily to the manufacture of butter scoring less than ninety-two but not less than ninety (second quality), being somewhat fermented, contains some undesirable flavor or odor, and contains more than three-tenths and less than six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid).

THIRD GRADE CREAM is cream which lends itself to the manufacture of butter scoring less than ninety but not less than eighty-eight (third quality), may be slightly foamy or slightly curdy, has distinct off flavors, is old, and contains in excess of six-tenths of one per cent acid (figured as lactic acid).

CREAM UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION (rejected cream) is cream which is very strong; tainted; rancid; moldy; dirty; very curdy; contains numerous flies, or other insects or vermin; or is in an advanced state of fermentation or putrefaction; or is otherwise unwholesome; or which is known to be produced under very insanitary conditions.

REGULATION III

1. In accordance with the requirements of section 475, the following alkaline materials are approved for use in neutralization of acidity in cream for making butter:

Calcium Hydroxide (lime water, milk of lime).
Calcium Oxide (quick lime).
Calcium Carbonate (chalk).
Magnesium Oxide (magnesia lime).
Sodium Bicarbonate (baking soda).
Sodium Carbonate (soda ash).

Other compounds or proprietary preparations may be used on special written permit from the State Department of Agriculture.

REGULATION IV

1. In accordance with the requirements of section 509, standards of composition have been promulgated for special varieties of cheese as follows:

(a) After dinner, breakfast, brie, camembert, hand, limburger, neufchatel, petaluma, schlosskase, sierra and teleme shall contain not less than fifty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese, and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance, in the case of part skim cheese.

(b) Cacio-cavallo and casseri types shall contain not less than forty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(c) Canestratto, romano and romanello types shall contain not less than forty-two per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(d) Feta type shall contain not less than forty-eight per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(e) Brick cheese shall contain not more than forty-two per cent of moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(f) Queso blanco mexicano (white Mexican cheese) shall contain not more than forty-eight per cent of moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

(g) Queso duro mexicano (hard Mexican cheese) shall contain not more than forty-six per cent moisture; not less than fifty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of whole milk cheese and not less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance in the case of part skim cheese.

2. All special varieties of cheese containing less than thirty per cent pure milk fat in the water-free substance must be labeled skim cheese.

3. All special varieties of cheese shall be labeled at the factory where manufactured to indicate the variety, grade and factory number. The name and address of the manufacturer may be used in lieu of the factory number.

4. Special varieties of cheese shall be sold only under labels approved in writing by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

5. Permits for the manufacture and sale of special varieties of cheese shall expire unless revoked for cause after a hearing before the Director of Agriculture, or some officer designated by said director.

6. The term "red bandage" as applied to granular cheese in section 505 is construed to mean cheese bandage which has been colored to a shade not lighter than a deep orange.

7. Factory numbers required by the law to be assigned annually will be reassigned each year to each cheese factory upon application for renewal of factory license.

8. All labeling of cheese required by the Agricultural Code and this regulation, except as otherwise provided or authorized by special permit, shall be in plain block letters or numerals at least one-half inch in height, with

stencils, stamps or labels approved by the Department of Agriculture.

REGULATION V

1. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon of ice cream and/or ice milk shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from, at least thirty separate containers, except in those plants where a less number of filled containers is available, in which case the determination shall be based upon the weights of, and representative samples from, all filled containers which are present. Net weights may be determined by deducting from the gross weight of all filled containers examined, the weight of an equal number of representative empty containers of exactly the same style and pattern. If a tentative determination made in this manner indicates that the contents of the containers examined are deficient in weight of total food solids per gallon the filled containers may be emptied and the actual net weight of the same containers after being emptied may be exactly determined, except that manufacturers who request it in writing may designate on each container its tare weight for the purpose of which designation he shall be responsible, as provided in the net contents act.

2. If fresh egg yolks are used in compliance with the egg requirement of section 13, said egg yolks shall have been secured from eggs having an average weight of not less than twenty and one-half ounces per dozen, or the equivalent in other terms. (See proposed weight requirements United States Standard and Grades for eggs.)

3. Application for permit to use butter, eggs, and/or egg products in the manufacture of ice cream or ice milk shall be made annually at time application for renewal of factory license is made, within thirty days prior to the expiration of each calendar year. Such permits will be issued for one year at a time only.

4. Chocolate ice cream is construed to be a nut ice cream and must, therefore, contain at least eight per cent of milk fat and one per cent by weight of [illegible] chocolate or cocoa.

5. Ice cream may be made with the use of artificial coloring and flavoring without labeling the same "artificial flavor and color," provided it is merely labeled "ice cream." If, on the other hand, an ice cream were to be labeled "vanilla ice cream" or "maple ice cream," then the ice cream in question would have to be made from the pure extracts and pure flavorings. (See opinion of Bureau of Foods and Drugs of the Department of Public Health of the State of California, July 19, 1927.)

6. Coated (dipped), plain (undipped) bars, cakes, pies, suckers, lollypops, etc., sold under such trade names of "Eskimo Pie," "Zero Bar," "Alaska Cake," "Arctic Cake" and all other such trade names or terms, and containing ice cream and/or ice milk as a filling are considered to be a form of frozen products and must comply with the labeling provisions of the code applying to ice cream and/or ice milk. The ice cream and/or ice milk used in their preparation must meet with the standards and requirements, for such products, as set forth in the code.

7. Where any trade name, word or phrase is used in connection with the advertising, labeling, sale or distribution of ice milk, there must also appear in connection with such trade name, word or phrase, the words "ice milk" in a conspicuous manner.

8. The term "package" as used in section 592 is construed to include any carton, can, bag, case, box, or any receptacle or container immediately coming next to said product. The provision does not apply to containers commonly known as "ice cream cones."

REGULATION VI

The use of neutralizer for the adjustment of ice cream mix shall not be permitted when the milk and/or cream used exceeds two-tenths per cent acidity or when the acidity of the entire mix exceeds twenty-five hundredths per cent acidity.

REGULATION VII

1. The use of the phrase "manufacture and sale of soft drinks under a trade name" as used in section 473, is construed to mean the preparation and distribution of soft drinks having milk or skim milk as a base, and does not apply to the mixing of milk shakes, etc., at soda fountains.

2. Plants desiring to secure a license for the manufacture of [illegible] milk or malted milk, as provided for in section [illegible], may do so by letter, indicating therein the qualifications of technician who is to be employed and under whose supervision these products will be produced. The Department of Agriculture will, at its discretion, examine into the qualifications of such technician as an essential consideration in determining whether or not the license for manufacture shall be issued.

REGULATION VIII

1. Imitation ice cream shall contain a minimum of one and six-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. Imitation ice milk shall contain a minimum of one and three-tenths pounds of total food solids per gallon. The determination of the weight of total food solids per gallon, and method of sampling, shall be the same as that set forth in paragraph 1 of Regulation V.

2. Imitation ice cream and imitation ice milk may be made with the use of artificial color and artificial flavor provided the labeling and sale of such products shall be in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Pure Foods Act, approved March 11, 1907, as amended.

REGULATION IX

1. Wholesale dealers required by the provisions of the Agricultural Code to keep a record of sales of oleomargarine shall once each month prepare and alphabetically arrange a list of all customers of the month just preceding, showing the total amount sold to each customer for the month, and shall forward a copy of said list to the office of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California at Sacramento.

REGULATION X

1. Two or more cows in full lactation or freshening within four months of each other, and producing milk or cream sold to the public, constitute a commercial dairy. A milk house must be provided, and other requirements of the dairy law observed. The sale of small quantities of milk from one cow producing more than enough milk to supply domestic need, may be actuated by a desire to avoid waste and not to compete with commercial dairies. Therefore a milk house may not be required, provided the milk sold is wholesome and handled in a sanitary manner.

2. The word "sterilized" as used in section 691 of the Agricultural Code, is construed to mean that the process of destroying all micro-organisms shall be accomplished by heat. Such process shall be carried to a point equivalent to that accomplished by subjection to water or water vapor at a temperature of 170 degrees Fahrenheit for fifteen minutes as required by said act. Immersion in boiling water (water at 212 degrees Fahrenheit) or subjection to superheated steam or steam under pressure for less than fifteen minutes must accomplish the same degree of efficiency reached in fifteen minutes by water or water vapor at 170 degrees Fahrenheit. Scalding as used in the ordinary sense and which consists of rapidly pouring hot water over utensils is insufficient, in that some of the surfaces, especially of tubular equipment, are frequently entirely missed and always some parts of the utensils are inadequately heated.

3. The practice of emptying and holding milk in cans in barns, corrals, etc., where milking is done is construed to be in violation of section 691, wherein it is required that milk must not be canned or kept in a place occupied by cows or other animals.

4. The phrase "cooled to as low a temperature as practicable" as used in section 691, is construed to mean that the milk or cream is to be cooled to within four degrees Fahrenheit of the temperature of the ground water on the premises.

. In accordance with the requirements of section 693, the following form is adopted as the official dairy farm score card in the State of California:

DAIRY FARM SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO

[redacted], DIRECTOR

DIVISION OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY
BUREAU OF DAIRY CONTROL

County ..... Name .....

Town ..... Business address .....

Total No. cows ..... ; No. milking ..... ; Gals. milk daily ; Cream

Disposition ..... Date .....

EQUIPMENT—30%	Perfect	Allowed
Cows	8	
Apparent good health	3	
Tested and reactors removed	4	
Food (clean and wholesome)	1	
Water (clean and fresh)	1	
Utensils	10	
Hooded buckets (or less according to opening)	4	
Necessary equipment available (or less according to efficiency)	2	
Construction and condition	3	
Clean milking suits	1	
Milk House	7	
Location; free from contaminating surroundings	2	
Construction	2	
Floor, walls and ceiling	1	
Light, ventilation and screens	1	
Separate rooms for washing utensils and handling milk	1	
Water clean, pure and convenient	1	
Steam or boiling water convenient	1	
Stables	5	
Location; free from contaminating surroundings	1	
Drainage	2	
Construction	2	
Floor, walls and ceiling	1	
Light and ventilation	1	
Total	30	

METHODS—70%	Perfect	Allowed
Handling Utensils	30	
Thoroughly washed	12	
Sterilized and dried	15	
Protection from contamination	3	
Cleanliness of Milking	20	
Cows clean	4	
Udders washed and wiped	8	
Cleaned with moist cloth	5	
Brushed	1	
Sterile milking machines or clean dry hands	8	
Handling of Milk	15	
Milk removed immediately to milk house without pouring from pails	3	
Protection from dust and insects	5	
Cooled and held below 40° F.	6	
Below 50° F.	5	
Below 60° F.	4	
Below 70° F.	3	
Below 80° F.	1	
Aerated	1	
Cleanliness of Buildings	5	
Cleanliness of milk room	2.5	
Cleanliness of stable	2.5	
Total	VII	
Deduct for:		
Very filthy utensils	.....	.....
Very filthy milk room	.....	.....
Equipment+methods=final score.		

Inspector

B.D.C. FORM 2. 97766 9-32 20M
CALIFORNIA STATE PRINTING OFFICE

REGULATION XI

1. In accordance with the requirements of section 693 of the Agricultural Code, the following form is adopted as the official score card for factories of dairy products in the State of California:

INDIVIDUAL FACTORY REPORT AND SCORE CARD

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, SACRAMENTO
A. A. BROCK, DIRECTOR
DAIRY SERVICE
DIVISION OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

Trade Name ..... Owner or Manager .....
Town ..... Business Address .....
Products Manufactured or Processed .....
Factory License No. ..... Date .....

EQUIPMENT [illegible]	Perfect	Allowed
Building	10	
Location:		
Free from [illegible] surroundings	2	
Arrangement	4	
Proper rooms, 1; lavatory facilities, 1; adequate size, 1; convenient, 1.		
Construction	10	
Interior surfaces—tight, sound and cleanable	4	
Floors, 2; walls, 1; ceilings, 1.		
Light and ventilation—adequate	2	
Drainage—adequate	2	
General appearance—attractive	1	
Apparatus	20	
Facilities for cleaning, sterilizing and drying	7	
Transportation containers	4	
Plant equipment	3	
Facilities for handling the product	7	
Adequate, 3; condition of, 4.		
Temperature indicators and controls	6	
Condition of, 3; sufficient, 2; check thermometer, 1.		
Water Supply	4	
Clean and fresh	2	
Convenient and abundant	2	
Total on Equipment	40	

METHODS [illegible]	Perfect	Allowed
Building, Cleanliness	8	
Freedom from odors, 2; orderly, 1; floors, 1; walls, 1; ceilings, 1; doors and windows, 1; shafts, pulleys, pipes, etc, 1.		
Apparatus	20	
Transportation Containers	10	
Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Plant Equipment	10	
Thoroughly washed, 3; sterilized, 4; dried, 3.		
Handling the Product	22	
Protection from contamination (flies, dust, vermin, etc.)	8	
Expeditious Operation, Celerity and dispatch	3	
Proper Temperature Control	14	
Receiving, 2; processing, 6; storage, 5; transportation, 2; records, 1.		
Packaging and Labeling	8	
Technical Control of Product	4	
Raw materials, 3; finished product, 1.		
Miscellaneous	6	
Cleanliness of employees	4	
Personal, 2; clothing, 2.		
Transportation facilities	2	
Cleanliness, 1½; appearance, ½.		
Total on Methods	90	

Score—Equipment ..... Methods ..... Total .....
NOTE.—The following instructions constitute an official order and must be observed.

.....

.....

.....

Necessary new equipment must be installed and repairs or other improvements required must be completed by

..... 193....

Duplicate copy received.

..... Operator ..... Inspector

D.S. FORM 30. 10407 3-35 5M
CALIFORNIA STATE PRINTING OFFICE

REGULATION XII

Containers while in use for the purpose of delivering or receiving milk or cream at a milk products plant shall be properly identified with the patron's name or number in a manner that will not erase. Said name or number shall correspond with the name or number of the patron appearing on the records of the plant.

REGULATION XIII

1. Any person making application for a factory license as required by sections 631 and 632, or the renewal thereof, shall file a properly executed affidavit in connection therewith, setting forth therein such facts as may be indicated in an appropriate form, supplied for the purpose, by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

2. Any person desiring to secure a milk and cream tester's license as required by section 631 shall file with the Department of Agriculture an application in writing, on an appropriate form provided for the purpose, by the said department. Each applicant shall specify the method intended to be used and for which the license is desired. Before any such "tester's license" is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a satisfactory written examination, securing a grade of at least seventy per cent, and an oral laboratory examination and demonstration of technique sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant to take correctly, individual and composite samples which are truly representative of the lot from which the sample was taken in any and all of the different ways that accurate and legitimate samples of milk and cream are secured in California and to conduct accurate tests on milk and cream and secure a grade of at least eighty per cent. The examination shall be adapted to the particular method of testing specified in the application. The license, if issued, shall specify the method to be used by the licensee and shall not be construed to permit tests to be made by the applicant using any other method than that specified in the license.

3. Any person desiring to secure a license to weigh, or sample milk, or cream, or both, for testing as required by section 631 shall make application in writing on an appropriate form supplied by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Before any such sampler's and weigher's license is issued, the applicant shall be required to pass a grade of at least seventy per

cent on both parts of the examination. Before any such license is issued, the applicant shall have satisfactorily demonstrated his ability to take correctly, individual and composite samples which are truly representative of the lot from which the sample was taken in any and all of the different ways that accurate and legitimate samples of milk and cream are secured in California. He shall also prove himself capable of answering intelligently any questions pertaining to his work as a sampler and weigher of milk and/or cream and demonstrate the legibility of his writing and figures by properly completing a satisfactory form of weigh sheet which shall contain the four necessary essentials that must appear on a weigh sheet, namely: Full date on which the milk and/or cream was received; name or number of the patron; net weight of the milk and/or cream of the delivery or shipment and the full name of the licensed tester or licensed sampler and weigher who does the weighing.

4. Any person desiring to secure a license to make bacteriological determinations upon milk or cream which determinations are to be used as a basis of payment or determining value as required by section 631, shall make application in writing on an appropriate form supplied by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Before a technician's license is issued to such applicant he shall be required to pass a written, oral and laboratory examination and demonstration of technique sufficiently thorough to indicate the ability of the applicant in making bacteriological determinations on milk and cream which are reasonably accurate, and secure in each of these examinations a grade of at least seventy per cent.

5. (a) Except as otherwise herein provided, the collection of samples of milk or cream for bacteriological examination, when taken for determining value or upon which basis of payment is made, shall be secured under the supervision of a licensed technician and the technique followed in determining the bacterial content of milk or cream shall be in a manner described in the

current edition of the "Standard Methods of Milk Analysis" of the American Public Health Association. Such samples must be representative and shall be taken from the original containers direct from the delivery wagons, trucks, dairies, milk plants or other places of business at least once a week and at irregular intervals without previous notice to any producer.

(b) In all cases where the shippers' initial bacteria count exceeds the payment basis, at least one additional sample shall be tested in the same manner.

(c) The initial bacteria count of the shippers' milk may be reported on the results obtained from one plate, provided, however, if the initial count is above the payment basis the recount shall be reported on the average of two plates.

6. When payment is based upon the bacterial content of milk or cream, such payment shall be made on the count or average of the counts obtained for each individual week. The average bacterial counts of two or more weeks shall not be used as a basis for payment except in those cases where bacterial counts are in excess of the payment basis, in which event the bacterial counts of the two preceding weeks may be included in computing the average, only when the shipper's bacterial counts have been maintained below the payment basis for the preceding four weeks. When this method is used, the average bacterial count shall be computed and determined by the north curve rating.

7. All person holding a technician's license shall make duplicate records of the result of each test, the original to be made with indelible pencil or ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

8. The forms on which bacteria counts are kept shall be of satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information. Such forms shall be approved in writing by the California Department of Agriculture.

10. Each sheet shall be authenticated by the signature of the licensed technician [illegible] with the date upon which the tests were made.

10. Whenever a change in the records, while still in the possession of the licensed technician, is necessary, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen without defacing the figure and the correction noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the technician, which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever for any cause a change in the records is necessary after the duplicate sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made and deposited in the official sealed box and this sheet authenticated by the signature of the licensed technician. When necessary changes are made on the original test sheet, such changes shall be made only by the licensed technician.

11. The original bacteriological record sheet shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the bacterial examination.

12. The duplicate bacteriological record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official box supplied at cost for the purpose by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, at Sacramento, or made in accordance with the blue print specifications obtained from said Department of Agriculture, such official sealed record box to be kept in the test room or [illegible] approved by an authorized representative of said Department of Agriculture at all times. The same official box may be used for both milk fat test record sheets and bacteriological examination record sheets.

REGULATION XIV

Governing the operation of the Babcock, Gerber (Fucoma equipment) and Mojonnier methods of determining the milk fat content of milk and cream where the product is purchased, received or sold on the basis of its milk fat content.

Rule 1. Samples, Sampling and Weighing

1. (a) Milk or cream to be sampled shall be stirred or mixed until all parts are homogeneous and uniform. Samples shall be representative of the fat content of the product sampled, and in cases of composite samples shall be proportionate in amount to the amount of product from which the sample is taken, and no part of the composite sample shall be spilled or lost while transferring it to the sample bottle. When any style of tube is used to secure composite samples and the lot of product to be sampled is in containers or cans of different sizes and diameters, different tubes with diameters in proportion to the diameters of the cans or containers must be used. Sampling tubes and dippers that are badly dented, or leak, must not be used. Cylindrical shaped dippers, only, shall be used when samples are secured with dippers. The sampling devices shall be rinsed in the product to be sampled before any part of the product is transferred to the sample bottle. With reference to the last sentence in section 632, further provision is hereby made permitting the use of time composite samples of cream from patrons where regular deliveries of cream contain three pounds or less of milk fat in each regular delivery. Time composite samples of cream must not represent a period of more than eight days.

(b) When composite samples of milk are taken, whether from two deliveries of the same day's milk or from several deliveries from the same patron, covering a certain number of days, and the lots of milk are dumped into a weigh tank before being sampled, tube sampling device shall be used. The same size weigh tank shall be used during the entire sampling period and shall have a

flat bottom. The samples shall be taken from the same position in the weigh tank each time and the sampling tube shall be held in a perpendicular position when the sample is being taken. This does not prohibit the use of dippers or mechanical sampling devices for the taking of composite milk samples provided that changes in weights be observed and samples increased or decreased accordingly.

(c) Time composite samples of milk, when used as a basis for payment for the milk fat contained in the product when purchased, received or sold, must not represent a period of more than eight (8) days.

(d) Samples shall be marked for identity in a manner that will not erase, and in case an identification number is discontinued in any case, the same number may not be reapplied to another patron for a period of at least two months.

(e) Weights must be read and recorded to the nearest half pound graduation on the scales for cream, and the nearest one pound graduation for milk.

2. (a) Cream samples for testing shall be held in wide mouthed bottles of at least two-ounces capacity and must contain at least two fluid ounces of sample when they are received in the test room to be tested, and when taken on truck routes sample bottles must be filled to the top to prevent churning in transit, closed with a tight fitting rubber stopper or otherwise hermetically sealed in a manner approved in writing by an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

(b) Milk samples for testing may be held in a container of the same style specified for cream, or in milk bottles with a tight fitted, paraffined milk bottle cap.

3. (a) For preserving milk samples for milk fat determination solid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the milk, but must not exceed one per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added in sufficient amount to preserve the sample, but must not exceed

two drops of preservative per fluid ounce of milk.

(b) For preserving cream samples for milk fat determination, solid preservative may be added if necessary, but must not exceed three-tenths per cent of the total weight of the sample; or liquid preservative may be added not to exceed two drops of preservative per fluid ounce of cream.

(c) Time composite samples must always be well mixed whenever an addition is made to any such sample in order to diffuse the preservative throughout the sample and to thoroughly mix, any cream which may have adhered to the walls of the sample bottle, but not violently enough to cause churning or allowing any milk to escape from the sample bottle.

(Note.--Mixing with a rotary motion of the sample bottle is preferable.)

4. (a) Completed samples shall be placed in the possession of licensed testers as soon as is practicable after having been taken.

(b) The licensed tester shall retain in his custody unmodified samples of all milk and cream tested by him for a period of at least forty-eight hours after the tests have been completed, and shall be personally responsible for their safe keeping.

(c) The management of any concern purchasing, receiving or selling milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content must provide a cool place in which all samples may be kept for forty-eight hours by the licensed tester and in which they may be locked if such is deemed necessary by the licensed tester or an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

Rule 2. Babcock Testing

1. Test room equipment:

(a) All glassware shall be in conformity with the specifications set forth in section 635 and shall bear a legible and indelible distinguishing mark indicating official approval.

(b) Test bottles must be well cleaned after each using and rendered entirely free from fat.

(c) Milk and cream test bottles that have become badly pitted on any part of the graduated part of the necks from constant use or any other cause, and such pits or marks interfere with correct determination of any individual graduation or figures such bottles must be discarded and not used.

(d) The scales or balances used in weighing the charges into cream test bottles must be accurate and shall have a sensibility of not more than thirty milligrams.

(e) The scales or balances must be fixed in position or set on an even, solid and level support while in use.

(f) The scales or balances used must be free from vibration and draughts of air while being used.

(g) Weights for weighing cream samples must be correct within a tolerance of 10 milligrams for the nine-gram weight and 20 milligrams for the eighteen-gram weight.

(h) The pipette used for measuring milk samples shall be whole and must not have a broken tip nor any portion of the delivery end removed.

(i) The centrifuge must be level, firmly secured on a solid foundation and when in operation, free from vibration due to loose bearings, or other cause.

(j) The arms of dividers or other measuring devices must work smoothly and joints and bearings must be tight enough to prevent slipping at any possible position of measurement.

2. Accuracy in weighing cream tests:

(a) Empty test bottles must be accurately balanced before receiving the charges of cream and outside surface of bottles must be entirely free from moisture or other substances.

(b) Cream samples must be thoroughly mixed to an even consistency before being weighed into the test bottle.

(c) Cream samples when cold, sour, thick, or lumpy, must be carefully heated to a temperature that will allow thorough mixing before the charge is weighed into the test bottle, but at no time shall the water in the tempering bath exceed 110 degrees Fahrenheit, and all samples must be weighed into the test bottles at a uniform temperature.

(d) When, from any cause, cream samples have become churned and contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to 110° Fahrenheit, but to no higher a temperature, and this temperature maintained until all particles or lumps of gathered fat are liquefied and then mixed and shaken violently, taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

(e) The pipette used for filling the charges into the test bottles must be rinsed out with water at about 110° Fahrenheit between weighings. The water must be shaken or blown from the pipette. The pipette must be rinsed with the next sample to be weighed by drawing a portion of the sample into the pipette and discharging it before any portion of the sample is placed in the test bottle.

(f) The weight of the charge of cream in the test bottle must be accurately balanced.

3. Accuracy in measuring milk tests:

(a) Samples must be thoroughly mixed before being measured into the test bottles. If the samples are cold or have been held until dry or hardened cream has formed at the surface, they must first be warmed to near 100° Fahrenheit in order that thorough mixing of all parts of the samples may be accomplished.

(b) When, from any cause, milk samples have become churned and/or contain particles or lumps of gathered fat, such samples shall be heated uniformly to a temperature of 110° Fahrenheit, but to no higher a temperature, and this temperature shall be maintained until all particles or lumps of gathered fat are liquefied and then mixed and shaken violently, taking the charge for testing quickly before the liquefied fat has a chance to rise.

(c) The samples must all be pipetted into the test bottle at a uniform temperature best suited to allow proper mixing. Accurate measurements must be made of all charges of milk to be tested and the last drop or two clinging in the delivery end of the pipette must be shaken or blown into the test bottle.

4. Mixing samples and acid:

(a) Temperatures of samples and acid shall be approximately 70° Fahrenheit when mixed.

(b) Samples and acid must be thoroughly mixed for at least one minute immediately after mixing is begun. In cases where samples have been preserved with formaldehyde, the mixing process must be continued for a much longer time than where this preservative is not present in samples, in order to allow the acid time to thoroughly dissolve all solids not fat. After formaldehyde has been in a sample of milk for as long as twenty-four hours, it requires a full five minutes shaking of the acid and milk to thoroughly dissolve the solids not fat.

(c) Cream samples should be a chocolate color after being thoroughly mixed with the proper amount of acid and standing for two or three minutes, and milk samples, under the same condition, should be a deep chocolate color.

5. Operation of centrifuge:

(a) Test bottles must be properly balanced in carrier.

(b) Samples must be centrifuged three times, with addition of hot water (temperature of water within a range of 140° to 165° Fahrenheit) to near the bottom of the neck after the first, and to near the top of the graduated

part of the neck after the second centrifuging, and the length of time for whirling shall not be less than five, two and one minutes in the order named. Time for whirling shall not be commenced until centrifuge has reached full standard speed.

(c) In determining diameter of centrifuge carrier, measurement must be made with cups extended, the measurement being from bottom of cups in every instance.

(d) In all testing of milk or cream, where the same is received, purchased or sold upon the basis of the amount of milk fat contained therein, the Babcock tester shall be operated at the proper speed, which is as follows:

	Diameter of carrier	Speeds shall be between
(1)	14 inches ----------	875 and 925 revolutions per minute
(2)	16 inches ----------	825 and 875 revolutions per minute
(3)	18 inches ----------	775 and 825 revolutions per minute
(4)	20 inches ----------	725 and 775 revolutions per minute
(5)	21 inches ----------	710 and 760 revolutions per minute
(6)	22 inches ----------	700 and 750 revolutions per minute
(7)	24 inches ----------	675 and 725 revolutions per minute

(e) The temperature of the centrifuge chamber when in operation shall be held within the range of 140° and 165° Fahrenheit as indicated by an accurate thermometer set permanently in cover or shell of centrifuge.

6. Reading cream tests:

(a) The color of fat columns must be clear, translucent, golden yellow.

(b) The solution adjoining the bottom of the fat column must be clear.

(c) The fat columns must be practically free from precipitations or foreign matter.

(d) The completed tests must be held in a hot water bath, at a maintained temperature of between 130° and 140° Fahrenheit with the fat columns entirely submerged, for at least ten minutes before readings are commenced, and the measurement and reading of the tests must be made immediately after removing each individual test from the hot water bath.

(e) Test bottles must be held in a perpendicular position when the fat columns are measured.

(f) The meniscus at the top of the milk fat column shall be destroyed by the use of an overlying foreign oil approved by the California Department of Agriculture, and the milk fat column shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the plane of separation between the fat column and the overlying foreign oil. Foreign oil must not be added to more than six tests at one time and only just immediately before readings are made.

(g) When undissolved solids not fat, charred material, or any other foreign substance is present in or at the base of the milk fat columns in the completed tests in sufficient amount to prevent an accurate measurement and reading of the fat columns, retests must be run on these samples until results are secured that will allow accurate measurements and readings.

(h) The light used, whether natural or artificial, during the readings of the fat columns shall be such that the shadows or refraction of light will not cause inaccuracies in the true measurements.

7. Reading milk tests:

All laws, rules and regulations governing the reading of cream tests shall also apply to reading milk tests except that the top meniscus on the fat columns of milk tests shall not be destroyed and the fat columns of tests on milk in milk test bottles shall be read from the extreme bottom of the fat column to the top of the top meniscus.

8. Keeping records of tests:

(a) All persons holding a State license to conduct tests of milk and cream shall make duplicate records of the results of such tests, the original to be made with indelible pencil or ink and the duplicate to be made by the use of carbon paper.

(b) The forms on which test records are kept shall be obtained by the management of any concern receiving, selling or buying milk or cream on the basis of its milk fat content from the California Department of Agriculture at Sacramento, or the said management may adopt a form on satisfactory paper stock of suitable size and providing space for necessary information, and submit the same to the said Department of Agriculture, whose approval in writing must be secured before said forms may be used.

(c) Each sheet shall be authenticated by the full signature of the licensed tester; marked with the complete date on which the tests were made; and the name of the person, firm, company or association purchasing or receiving the product that has been tested shall appear on the test sheets.

(d) Whenever a change in the records, while still in possession of the tester, is necessary by reason of accident or failure to properly record the test, or when a retest is made, and the retest is different from the first test, the original entry on the records shall be marked out with a single stroke of the pencil or pen, without obliterating the figures, and the correction noted immediately adjacent to the original entry. The change shall be identified by the initials of the tester, which are to be written on the record immediately adjacent to the correction. Whenever, for any such cause, a change in the records is necessary, after the duplicate test record sheet has been deposited in the official sealed box maintained for this purpose, a record of such change shall be made by the licensed tester on a retest sheet. Any changes or corrections occasioned by these retests are to be made on the original test record sheet in the office, by the licensed tester only, and then this retest sheet deposited in the official sealed test record sheet box. Any grade or color of paper as large as 6 by 8 inches will serve for a retest sheet and it is not compulsory that the retest sheet be made in duplicate. If the employer requires the licensed tester to make retest sheets in duplicate and the

licensed tester does not make the occasioned changes or corrections on the original test record sheet in the office, the original retest sheet must be permanently fastened to the original test record sheet in the office to which it belongs, and the duplicate retest sheet deposited in the official sealed test record sheet box. Two dates must appear on all retest sheets--one showing the date the retest was made and the other showing the date that the milk and/or cream that was retested was received. All retest sheets must be made with indelible pencil or ink and be signed with the full name of the tester. Initials alone are not a legal signature. All retests must be accompanied by the patrons name or number in order to determine to whom the sample that was retested belonged.

(e) When a retest on a sample of milk shows a variation not exceeding one-tenth of one per cent (.1%) the original test must be used as the basis for payment. If the variation exceeds one-tenth of one per cent (.1%) then the retest must be used.

(f) The original test record sheets shall be delivered to the management of the concern for whom the tests are made immediately upon completion of the tests on the day's samples.

(g) Upon completion of the tests on the day's samples the duplicate test record sheets shall be deposited immediately in an official sealed box supplied at cost for the purpose by the California Department of Agriculture, at Sacramento, or made in accordance with the blue print specifications obtained from said Department of Agriculture, such official test record box to be kept in the test room at all times, or in an appropriate and secure place convenient to the test room and duplicate test record sheets must not be left out of the sealed test record sheet box over night for any reason whatsoever.

9. Character of work:

(a) A licensed tester shall not work faster than will permit thoroughness and accuracy.

(b) Variations between the licensed tester's first tests and his retests on the same samples, amounting to one per cent or over on cream tests and over one-tenth of one per cent on milk tests, are considered to be excessive.

(c) All active and relief licensed testers must be checked for the accuracy of their work as often as is possible. Inactive licensed testers will not be checked for the accuracy of their work so long as they remain inactive but as soon as they become active they must notify the inspector in their district or the office of the Department of Agriculture, at Sacramento, by letter, so that they may be properly checked. The results of such check test must show not more than 10 per cent excessive variations between their first tests and their retests, or between their tests and the official dairy laboratory tests, on the same samples, before a milk and cream tester's license for the following year will be issued to them.

(d) Any person engaging or employing a licensed tester to conduct tests on milk or cream received, purchased or sold on its milk fat content must at the time determine if such tester has been inactive, and, if so, must immediately notify the Department of Agriculture, at Sacramento, of such employment so that said tester may be checked as soon as possible.

(e) The term "active" applies to licensed testers engaged in conducting milk fat test on milk or cream received, purchased, or sold on its milk fat content. The term "relief" applies to licensed testers relieving active testers or licensed testers maintained in a plant to test during emergency periods. The term "inactive" applies to licensed testers failing to come within the classification of active or relief licensed testers.

10. Observation of laws, rules and regulations:

(a) A licensed tester shall at all times thoroughly understand and comply with all laws, rules and regulations governing the testing of milk or cream purchased, received or sold on the basis of the amount of milk fat

contained therein by any method or process and must secure accurate results.

Rule 3. Gerber Testing (Fucoma Equipment)

1. The Gerber test, using Fucoma equipment, may be used for tests on milk only (not cream), when the results obtained are to be used as a basis of payment for milk fat contained therein.

2. Licensed testers using Fucoma equipment for tests on milk must follow explicitly the instructions recommended by the manufacturer for conducting this test, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

3. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

4. All of Rule 1 and paragraphs 1 (b), (c), (h), (i); 3 (a), (b), (c); 4 (b); 5 (a); 6 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), and all of paragraphs 7, 8, 9 and 10 of Rule 2 also apply to the Gerber method (Fucoma equipment).

Rule 4. Mojonnier Testing

1. Licensed testers using Mojonnier equipment for determining the milk fat content of milk or cream on which payment is based, must follow explicitly the current instructions for conducting the test issued by the manufacturer, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

2. All equipment shall be accurate and kept in good working condition to the satisfaction of an authorized representative of the California Department of Agriculture.

3. When Mojonnier fat tests on milk are used as a basis for payment, and the charges used for testing are measured instead of being weighed, the pipettes used for measuring the charge must first be examined for accuracy as specified in section 635, covering the examination of Babcock testing glassware.

4. All of Rule 1 and paragraphs 1 (d), (e), (f), (h); 2 (b), (c), (d), (e) and all of paragraphs 8, 9 and 10 of Rule 2 also apply to the use of the Mojonnier method.

Rule 5. Posting Regulation XIV

The Director of Agriculture may cause to be placed in a conspicuous manner in test rooms or laboratories conducting tests on milk and/or cream received, purchased or sold on its milk fat content a copy of Regulation XIV. Said copy to be securely fastened and permanently kept in test room or laboratory. (This is State property and must not be removed or destroyed.)

REGULATION XV

1. Any person desiring to register any brand, as provided by section 071, shall file a properly executed application on a form supplied upon application by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, whereupon the department, after holding for a period of three weeks during which time the proposed brand shall be advertised in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the locality in which the applicant is engaged in business as provided by the act; and if at the end of such period there appears to be no contest of right or ownership to said brand, the department will formally register such brand as the correct and legal designation for the property of the applicant.

2. In the event that any brand has been registered by an association whose members are engaged in receiving, producing, manufacturing, packing, canning, bottling, handling or selling milk or any product of milk in containers on which such brand or any part thereof appears, such brand or part thereof may be used by all members of such association. Should any member of such association cease at any time to be a member for any reason whatever then such member shall thereafter have no right to use the brand, or any part of the brand, registered by such association, whether the containers bearing such brand or part thereof shall have been acquired by such member before or after his membership shall have terminated. The foregoing shall apply to all brands registered by such association.

REGULATION XVI

1. Whenever it is not possible for milk products plants purchasing milk or cream direct from farmers to furnish addresses in connection with the list of patrons as required by section 652, the approximate location may be given in lieu thereof by indicating the distance and direction from certain local landmarks, and it shall be the duty of all such plants to keep a record of the approximate location of all patrons, which record shall at all times during working hours be accessible to duly authorized representatives of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

REGULATION XVII

1. Whenever a manufactured product of milk is found to be impure, unclean, unwholesome, stale, adulterated, or found to be produced, manufactured or kept in an insanitary place, by an authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California, he shall proceed to attach to such manufactured product, or the containers thereof, in an appropriate manner, a tag or label bearing the words "California Inspected and Retained" and a copy of this regulation. Whereupon such manufactured product of milk may not be sold or moved or transported to any place or premises until the owner thereof has been given due notice and hearing as provided by section 456. Whereupon said labels shall be removed by an authorized representative of the said Department of Agriculture and the product or products so held either released or condemned and marked, or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as determined by such hearing.

REGULATION XVIII

1. In accordance with specific authorization provided in section 564, market cream may be pasteurized for thirty minutes at a temperature not to exceed 150° Fahrenheit.

2. Any special permit for the modification of prescribed methods of pasteurization shall be permitted by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California only with the concurrence of the Department of Public Health.

3. Milk to be separated for the production of market cream may be heated upon arrival at the plant to a temperature not to exceed 110° Fahrenheit. If heated to a higher temperature the milk must be carried through the complete process of pasteurization and the market cream produced therefrom must be labeled with the word "pasteurized."

REGULATION XIX

1. No pasteurized market milk may be sold under a label indicating that it is produced by nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows unless the entire milk supply of that plant is obtained from nonreacting tuberculin-tested cows, except in those plants where an official representative of any approved milk inspection service or full-time inspector is maintained during the entire period of receiving, handling, processing and bottling of any such market milk.

REGULATION XX

1. Ungraded, raw market milk is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than one hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count.

2. Ungraded, pasteurized market milk is declared unclean, impure, unwholesome and unfit for sale for human consumption as such, when it contains more than five hundred thousand bacteria by official plate count before pasteurization; or when it contains more than fifty thousand bacteria by official plate count per milliliter after pasteurization.

3. Sour market cream is clean market cream which has been fermented by the action of one or more strains of lactic acid bacteria, such that the product contains distinct acidity, but which otherwise conforms to all the requirements for market cream. This product may be sold under the designation "sour market cream."

4. (a) Homogenized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process for dividing the fat globules into fragments, thereby increasing the viscosity of the product, but which otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

(b) Viscolized cream is cream which has been subjected to a process similar to homogenization, except that the fat globules are not as finely divided as in the case of homogenization. It otherwise conforms to all of the requirements for market cream.

5. Ungraded market cream shall conform to all standards and requirements set for ungraded market milk except those relating to milk fat and solids-not-fat and except that the maximum bacterial count shall not be more than three times as great as that for the corresponding class of milk. The provision relating to bacterial count shall not apply to sour market cream as defined in this regulation.

REGULATION XXI

Rule 1. Milk Inspection Services

1. Any unit of government or other group desiring approval of a milk inspection service shall make application for approval in writing to the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Upon receipt of said application the said Department of Agriculture shall determine if such unit of government or other group is entitled to such approval. If such approval is given the said Department of Agriculture, with the concurrence of the Department of Public Health, shall issue a certificate of approval to the milk inspection service, provided such approval may be withdrawn should the milk inspection service later become inefficient, whereupon the certificate of approval shall be forfeited.

2. To secure and hold such approval a milk inspection service must:

(a) Provide a sufficient force of qualified inspectors, under the general direction of a regularly licensed physician, and sufficient laboratory facilities to enforce efficiently any and all laws and regulations relating to graded milk. In the absence of a laboratory, arrangements may be made with a person or firm, approved concurrently by the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Public Health of the State of California, to do bacteriological and other laboratory work.

(b) Provide for the efficient physical examination of employees as required by law and in accordance with detailed instructions of the Department of Public Health, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(c) Provide for the physical examination, under the supervision of an approved milk inspection service, of all cattle producing milk to be sold in its jurisdiction, as required by law. This shall consist of a general physical examination for manifest evidence of diseases such as enlarged glands, mastitis, pyometra, tuberculosis, open sores, ulcerated teeth, abscesses, etc., in

accordance with detailed instructions of the Department of Agriculture, which will be issued directly to authorized examiners from time to time.

(d) Maintain the standards for the various grades of milk as established by the Agricultural Code and the rules and regulations hereby established.

(e) Cooperate in the holding of official surprise milk scoring contests, surveys or other related work, whenever requested to do so by a duly authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

(f) Provide for the grading of market cream on the same basis as market milk whenever possible. Whenever market cream is graded within an area under jurisdiction of an approved milk inspection service, the entire cream supply must be graded. The grading of only a portion of the cream supply is not permissible.

Rule 2. Inspectors

1. No dairy inspector appointed under the provisions of Division IV of the Agricultural Code shall accept any compensation, directly or indirectly, for any advice rendered to any dairyman, nor shall any such inspector be the agent for, or be interested in, any firm or corporation selling or handling any supplies used by dairymen, creameries or other factories of dairy products, nor shall he be employed by or connected with any dairy, milk plant or factory of dairy products.

2. The inspectors whose duty it will be to participate in the enforcement of the Agricultural Code, and other laws pertaining to the grading of milk and cream, shall have passed a civil service examination given either by the Civil Service Commission of the city, county, or city and county in which the milk inspection service is situated, or by the State Civil Service Commission. Such examination, if given by a city, county, or city and county, shall be of

equal or higher standard than that given by the State Civil Service Commission for the position of dairy inspector; provided, that all persons holding the position of dairy inspector in any city, county, or city and county, for a period of six months prior to the first day of October, 1914, and performing the duty of such office to the satisfaction of the board of health of such city, county, or city and county during that time, shall not be required to take the said examination. In the event that the inspector has not taken the civil service examination at the time of his appointment, the qualifications of such an inspector shall be determined by an examination conducted by the dairy service of the Department of Agriculture of the State of California. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require the health officer of the State, or of any city, county, or city and county to take an examination before being qualified to inspect dairies, milk plants, creameries, cheese factories, or any other factory where milk products are handled; and nothing in these rules shall be construed to interfere with the inspection of such places by employees of the Department of Public Health of the State of California.

Rule 3. Inspection

1. Inspection shall consist of laboratory examinations of the products and adequate supervision of the equipment and methods of the various producers and distributors.

2. Samples of retail milk for bacteriological and chemical examination shall be taken in original containers direct from delivery wagons, dairies, milk plants, or other places of business at least once every two weeks at irregular intervals and without previous notice to any producer or distributor. Additional samples of milk retailed at stores, etc., shall be taken as frequently as conditions will permit. Samples shall be taken from stores in all cases where complaint is made regarding the condition of same. Special attention shall be

directed to the temperature at which store samples are kept. Samples of wholesale milk for bacteriological examination shall be taken at time of arrival at the milk plant at least once a month. The term "wholesale milk" is construed to mean milk from a producer who sells his product to a distributor and shall not be construed to include the wholesaler of the finished product, to restaurants, stores, bakeries, etc. All milk samples shall be kept at a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit until plated. Laboratory technique shall be in accordance with the "Standard Methods of the American Public Health Association for Milk Analysis." The direct microscopic count of bacteria (Breed method) is recognized as a standard of official technique where used for judging the quality of unpasteurized milk.

3. Dairy farms shall be inspected at least six times a year. Pasteurizing plants shall be inspected at least once every two weeks. Plants of producer-distributors of raw milk shall be inspected at least once each month. Scores on the methods and equipment of dairy farms or products plants shall be made at least twice each year. Visits of inspectors shall be unannounced and at irregular intervals. Pasteurizing equipment shall be given special attention and recording thermometers tested for accuracy at least once every two weeks.

4. All persons engaged in handling milk, either before or after pasteurization, shall be required to exercise scrupulous cleanliness and must not harbor the germs of typhoid fever, tuberculosis, diphtheria, or other communicable diseases liable to be conveyed through the milk. Absence of such communicable disease may be determined by cultures, and physical examination to the satisfaction of the local health officer of milk inspection service.

5. Each dairy or distributor of milk and cream may be kept informed of the results of the laboratory examinations and scoring of their individual products and equipment. On the basis of these determinations the inspection service shall issue written authorization to each person or concern who desires to sell milk under its jurisdiction; provided, that authorization shall be

revoked in every case when the product or equipment of any person or concern does not consistently meet the requirements of the Agricultural Code or the rules and regulations for its enforcement.

6 (a) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained on the retail sample from a distributor, the milk inspection service shall make at least three recounts within a period of two weeks in addition to the routine milk examination, whereupon if the count is persistently high and the average count obtained during the two weeks' period exceeds that established by the Agricultural Code, such milk may be degraded, or, at the option of the milk inspection service, excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded, or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be reestablished at its previous standing for a period of at least four weeks during which time it must have met the requirements of the Agricultural Code and rules and regulations thereunder. All recounts are considered as official samples in computing final milk scores.

(b) In case an official plate count exceeding the legal standard is obtained from a producer delivering milk at wholesale in bulk to a distributor whose supply is drawn from a number of producers, the milk inspection service shall make at least one recount in verification of the first as quickly as possible. If the first count is verified by an illegal recount, the milk of such producer may be degraded, or, at the option of the local milk inspection service, excluded from the local market. Whenever the product has been degraded or excluded from the local market by this procedure, such product shall not be reestablished at its previous standing until at least two recounts have been taken, indicating that it is again in conformity with legal requirements. (First recount must be taken within at least five days of date of degrading or sooner if expedient with good inspection service; second to follow immediately.)

7. All publications or public statements relating to the quality of milk or cream, or the condition of dairies or milk plants, shall be expressed in terms of percentage, one hundred being considered perfect. In rating milk or cream this percentage shall be based upon an average of results obtained by the examination of at least four samples taken at intervals of at least a week. The method used for computing milk scores for publication shall be approved by the Department of Agriculture of the State of California.

Rule 4. Standards

1. Market milk shall be delivered in sterile containers and the standards shall be those established by the Agricultural Code, and in addition the following maximum temperatures with respect to cooling:

(a) Grade "A" raw milk shall be cooled to a temperature of 50° Fahrenheit or below immediately after being drawn from the cow, and so maintained until delivery to the consumer.

(b) Grade "A" milk for pasteurization must be cooled immediately after being drawn from the cow to as low a temperature as practical and so maintained until delivery to the plant. After pasteurization, milk must be cooled to a temperature of 50° Fahrenheit or below, and so maintained until delivery to the consumer.

2. A milking shed or barn with tight, nonabsorbent cleanable floors shall be required of each dairy producing graded milk, such milking shed or barn to be acceptable to the local inspection service under whose jurisdiction the dairy is conducted.

Rule 5. Labeling

1. Graded market milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define the grade:

Certified Milk	Grade "A" Raw Milk
Guaranteed Raw Milk	Grade "A" Pasteurized Milk
Guaranteed Pasteurized Milk	Grade "B" Pasteurized Milk

(b) Name of producer or original bottler.

(c) Address of producer or original bottler.

2. Ungraded milk must be labeled to give the following information:

(a) Name of product, using one of the following legal terms to correctly define it:

Market Milk Raw
Market Milk Pasteurized

(b) Name of producer or original bottler.

(c) Address of producer or original bottler.

3. Special designating words such as "Inspected Milk," "Extra-Quality Milk," "Purity Guaranteed," "Special Baby Milk," etc., must not be used.

4. Market cream shall conform to the standards established in section 478 of the Agricultural Code, except that the milk fat content for whipping cream and pastry cream shall be not less than 30 per cent.

5. The words "whipping cream," "pastry cream," "table cream," and "coffee cream" may be used for labeling market cream. Otherwise, the requirements for labeling market cream are the same as those relating to market milk.

6. Breed designations may be used in the labeling of market milk, provided all individual animals producing such milk are indistinguishable in appearance from a pure bred animal of the same breed.

REGULATION XXII

1. In accordance with the requirements of sections 495, 496, and 497 of the Agricultural Code, standards of composition have been fixed for certain products as follows:

(a) Evaporated milk (unsweetened) shall contain not less than 7.8 per cent of milk fat, nor less than 25.5 per cent of total milk solids; provided, however, that the sum of the percentages of milk fat and total milk solids be not less than 33.7 per cent. If sweetened, it shall contain not less than 28 per cent of total milk solids, and not less than 8 per cent of milk fat.

(b) Dried milk shall contain not less than 26 per cent of milk fat and not more than 5 per cent of moisture.

(c) Dried skim milk shall contain not more than 5 per cent of moisture.

REGULATION XXIII

1. The heating of milk or milk by-products, to be returned to farms for feeding purposes to a temperature of 185° Fahrenheit, or above, as required by the provisions of section 701, may be accomplished by the direct injection of steam into the vat containing such milk or milk by-product, without the use of a recording thermometer to indicate the temperature, upon receipt of special written permit from the Department of Agriculture; provided, that such permit shall be revocable if at any time it is found upon investigation that such product is returned to the farms without actually bringing it to the required temperature, as hereinabove specified.

REGULATION XXIV

In accordance with section 728 of the Agricultural Code (Chapter 635, Statutes 1935) quality designations are to be affixed on butter packages as follows:

1. The lower side panel of wrappers is to be used only for quality designations, which are required to appear on one and two pound wrappers in the 24 point type in caps for the letters and 48 point type for the numerals. For quarter pound wrappers, the 12 point type in caps is to be used for the letters and 24 point type for the numerals.

2. The quality designation must be spelled out with no abbreviations being permitted. The terms to use are as follows: "1 First Quality 1," "2 Second Quality 2," "3 Third Quality 3," and "4 Fourth Quality 4."

3. On butter cartons, the quality designation must appear on the two end panels with nothing else appearing thereon, except that the name of the manufacturer or the brand of the butter may appear. The same terms as appearing on the wrapper shall be used, except that the words "First Quality," et cetera are to appear in the following arrangement: FIRST QUALITY The numerals shall also appear on each side of the end panel.

4. On the one pound carton, the numerals shall be three-fourths of an inch in height and the lettering one-fourth of an inch in height. On the two pound cartons, the numerals shall be one and one-fourth inches in height and the lettering one-half inch in height.

5. When the name of the manufacturer or the name of the brand of butter appears in connection with quality designations, they shall be in letters not larger than half the size of the type used for quality designations.

6. Quality designations are to be of the same color as used for the manufacturer's name or butter brand. Yellow and similar colors are not to be used for quality designations.

NOTE.-- For further information relative to these rules, address inquiries to Dairy Service, Division of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

INDEX TO AGRICULTURAL CODE

	Section No.
Aciuophilus milk defined	500
Approved milk inspection service	491
Authority to enter, for dairy inspection	454
general	15
Babcock tests	633
Butter, defined	502
method of scoring	728
quality of butter	727
renovated, defined	503
substitute, manufacture	596
Butterfat, defined	477
Buttermilk, defined	498
cultured, defined	499
Certified milk defined	484
Cheese defined	504
varieties	508
Containers for dairy products	671
Cream defined	478
Creamery, insanitary	692
license	622
Dairy apparatus	635
by-products	701
inspection, interference with illegal	452
products containers	671

	Section No.
condemnation of	696
Factory license	622
imitation	531
labels	581
provisions, general	451
sanitation	691
score cards	693
statistical reports	651
Definitions, general	2
Entrance for dairy inspection	454
Goat's milk defined	471
Ice cream	510
imitation	538
varieties	511
Ice milk	510
Imitation dairy products	531
Labels for dairy products	581
License, dairy products	621
products factory	622
Butter cutting and grading	731
Licenses, dealers in oleomargarine	627
Market milk defined	479
Milk, certified, defined	484
defined	471
dried	496
skim	497
evaporated	495
Grade "A," raw	488

	Section No.
Grade "A," pasteurized	488
Grade "B"	489
guaranteed pasteurized	487
raw, defined	487
inspection by cities	491
counties	491
market defined	479
modified, defined	501
or milk products, coloring of prohibited	475
products, standards for	471
preservatives in prohibited	474
standards	471
testers' licenses	030
unpasteurized from tuberculous cows prohibited	480
Milk fat defined	477
Oleomargarine defined	534
labeling	596
license	626
manufacture of	596
Pasteurization	561
apparatus	565
Peace officer's authority	6
Penalty, general	8
Prosecutions by district attorneys	7
municipal prosecutor	7
Raw milk, guaranteed, defined	487
Rules and regulations authorized	16

	Section No.
Sanitation of dairies	691
Scoring dairies	493
Sheep's milk defined	471
Skim milk defined	494
dried, defined	497
Statistics, dairy	651
Tester's license	630
Ungraded market milk labeling	585
Vehicles delivering dairy products, requirements for	584

905

981

Proclamation

Theodore Roosevelt

Oct 24 - 1935

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible] seventy-seventh anniversary of the birth of Theodore Roosevelt the people of America will have opportunity to give expression to their individual and national appreciation of one of our most distinguished historical characters.

[illegible] President of the United States he exemplified the strongest elements of manhood and advocated national policies for the advancement of our people regardless of race, color or creed. His principles of government were in keeping with the high ethical ideals of a free nation.

Interested in all phases of good government he was vitally concerned with the work and standing of the Navy. He considered this arm of the [illegible] first line of national defense.

[illegible] will in his honor [illegible] give not only to bring the attention of the American people to his qualities of statesmanship, but will also emphasize the necessity of building and maintaining a Navy commensurate with the [illegible] that will be made upon our [illegible].

In view of these considerations, [illegible], Governor of California, [illegible] urge all [illegible] to unite with me in [illegible] of our Commonwealth.

In [illegible] whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 23rd day of October, A. D., 1931.

Governor of California

Attest:

Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

90682

Proclamation
American Educational
Week
Oct 27 - 1935

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

[illegible] observance of American Education [illegible] has become a well established custom throughout our nation. [illegible] fifteen years public exercises [illegible] held under the auspices of the National Education Association, the United States Office of Education and the American Legion.

[illegible] education in the United States is now recognized as an integral part of our national democracy. Our schools under the [illegible] who have been technically and professionally trained provide an environment [illegible] and [illegible] advancement. [illegible] the wide and varied courses of study children are introduced to the problems of life in a [illegible] society. They become familiar with the requirements of our local and national institutions. They catch the spirit of a free people and learn to work together in the common tasks of mankind. They become acquainted with the traditions and ideals of the civilization of which they are a part and by so doing equip themselves to carry their share of the responsibilities of an ever enlarging social order.

In view of these considerations and in [illegible] with the sentiments, now, therefore, I, [illegible], Governor of California, do [illegible] the week of November 11 to 17 as American Education Week within the limits of our [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible]

Frank C. Jordan

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

By [illegible]
Deputy

907 983

Proclamation
Mark Twain
Oct 29 – 1935

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the State of CALIFORNIA
OCT 30 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] have been called upon to pause in their daily [illegible] pay fitting tribute to the memory of a great American author whose life and writings have been an inspiration to children throughout the [illegible].

[illegible], a world traveler and humorous writer of [illegible], was one of the most distinguished citizens of his generation. In life, as in literature, he had a definite influence in creating a democratic spirit and [illegible]. His devotion to [illegible] of life and [illegible] American traditions and ideals, have given him a place in the respect and admiration of all.

[illegible] in his honor will encourage the children of today to appreciate the common people whom he loved so much and served so well.

In keeping with these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim November first as Mark Twain Day within the limits of our commonwealth.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of October, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible] Deputy

984

Proclamation
Will Rogers
Oct 29 - 1935

FILED

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

During the past quarter of a century many world-renowned people, engaged in wide and varied fields of service, have come to California. Our social institutions, cosmopolitan in nature and cordial in spirit, have made the acceptance of these distinguished people easy for them and delightful for us.

The coming of Will Rogers as a citizen a few years ago was an event of great significance. His residence here at a time when he was rapidly becoming a world figure gave us the privilege of becoming acquainted with him as a neighbor and friend. In accepting our customs and traditions he developed a loyalty to our state that made him one of us. Following the admonition of an ancient philosopher who said, "A good name is rather to be chosen than great riches," he sought the one and found both.

Accordingly, it is appropriate that we celebrate his birthday anniversary by exalting the fine characteristics and wholesome virtues of the man who taught us to find satisfaction in the simple and common things of life.

In keeping with these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Monday, November fourth, as Will Rogers Day within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of October, A. D., 1934.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Chas. Hodges
Deputy Secretary of State

No. 985

Proclamation
Universal Bible Sunday
Nov 1 - 1935

FILED

Office of the Secretary of State
of the State of CALIFORNIA

OCT 1 - 1935

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

[illegible] century leaders in the field [illegible] to the conclusion that the [illegible] of the common people in [illegible] and helped in its [illegible]. [illegible] necessary to teach people [illegible] universal interest [illegible] to cure the public [illegible] to be vitalized [illegible] universal [illegible] material for [illegible] civilization [illegible] a whole became [illegible] and principles of Jesus [illegible] as we know it, took its [illegible] of the world.

[illegible] will [illegible] Sunday, now, therefore, [illegible], governor of California, do hereby [illegible] as Bible Sunday within the limits of the Commonwealth.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 31st day of October, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam

By:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

Gov. Office

7/11 986

Proclamation

Red Cross

Nov 6 - 1935

FILED

1935

Executive Department
State of California

By

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The annual roll call of the National Red Cross, which will be held this year between November eleventh and twenty-eighth, will give the citizens of America another opportunity to assist this remarkable organization in its work of relief and rehabilitation. Men and women representing many different vocations will contribute time and effort in collecting funds with which to carry forward the work of this association.

During the past year approximately ten million dollars have been used by the local and national organizations in alleviating suffering and distress. People in all walks of life, regardless of race, color or creed, when in need have received assistance. In turn they have expressed appreciation for the service rendered. Comfort and hope have been brought to under-privileged and handicapped children by nurses and social workers who through their kindness and courtesy have revealed the spirit of the "Greatest Mother in the World."

Accordingly it is appropriate that we set aside a period of time when we voluntarily assume our share of the responsibility of providing finances for the American Red Cross.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the time between November eleventh and twenty-eighth as American Red Cross Roll period within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 5th day of November, A. D., 19[illegible].

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Secretary of State

7/11 987

Proclamation
Armistice Day
Nov 7 - 1935

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
- 1935
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Seventeen years ago on the eleventh of November the most tragic war in the history of mankind came to an end. That struggle began because of a difference of opinion; it continued because of a conflict of ideas. It was fought on the basis of a materialistic philosophy that did not adequately recognize the highest human and spiritual values. As a nation we engaged in it in order to preserve and perpetuate the liberal ideals of a free people.

Armistice Day is now an occasion of review and rejoicing. Through exercises held in observance of this [illegible] we learn the futility of war and develop appreciation of neighborly ideals. On this day we honor those who fought bravely in the defense of their country thus winning the distinction of being called "the soldiers of yesterday, the builders of today and the guardians of [illegible]." We honor those who gave their lives in order to outlaw war as an instrument for settling international disputes and to the end that the world might enjoy the benefits of democratic government.

[illegible], it is appropriate that we should pause in our business and professional pursuits for two minutes at eleven o'clock and direct our thoughts to these considerations which should influence our plans for future progress.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, [illegible], Governor of California, do set aside and proclaim the eleventh day of November as Armistice Day within the limits of the State of California.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 7th day of November, A. D., 1935.

By the Governor:

Secretary of State

Air Mail Service
"1" 988
Proclamation -
Nov 12 - 1935

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 12 1935
ARTHUR H. BRICE
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The inauguration of the first Trans-Pacific air mail service between the mainland of the United States and the Orient is an event that should arouse the interest of every American citizen and claim the attention of the whole world.

This courageous and responsible undertaking is a credit to the [illegible] under whose authority the mail will be sent and to the Pan American Airways under whose management it will be carried. These ships of the air will overcome the barriers of time and distance to a degree that will make possible easy communication among the people of the Pacific area.

Accordingly, it is fitting that officials and citizens of our State should assemble in the San Francisco Bay Region for suitable exercises in dedicating the first plane with its messages of good will to our neighbor nations.

In view of these considerations now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Friday, November twenty-[illegible] Pan American Airways Day.

IN [illegible] WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of November, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

Quarantine Proclamation
Pertaining to
alfalfa Weevil
Nov 18-1935

686 E16

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 18 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7 (Revised)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after October 30, 1935

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil exists in Scotts Bluff and Sioux Counties in Nebraska, and in that portion of Coconino County, Arizona, north of the Colorado River, the said infested territory as now set forth in Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, issued effective January 11, 1934, as amended effective July 6, 1934, is hereby amended to include, in addition to the areas therein described, the counties of Scotts Bluff and Sioux in Nebraska, and all that portion of Coconino County, Arizona, north of the Colorado River.

WHEREAS, The southern portion of Josephine County, Oregon, has been found free from alfalfa weevil, Amendment No. 1 to Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, effective July 6, 1934, is hereby amended to exclude from the said infested territory all that portion of the County of Josephine, Oregon, south of a line drawn directly east and west through the southern limits of the town of Selma, Oregon, and alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw will be admitted into California from the above described southern portion of Josephine County, Oregon, only when accompanied by an official certificate stating where grown and establishing the fact that it was not grown in the said infested territory.

This Revised Amendment No. 2 to Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 supersedes Amendment No. 2 to Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, issued September 14, 1935, and will take effect immediately.

[signature]
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: [signature]
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: October 30, 1935

914 990
Proclamation
Thanksgiving
Nov 19- 1935

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 19 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Since the observance of the first Thanksgiving day we have enjoyed more than three hundred harvests that have been plentiful enough to provide food for our people and substantial enough to give continuity to our civilization. The season in which we gather the products of the soil for winter use has always stimulated an appraisal of our work and achievements. It is the time of year in which we take an inventory of our material possessions and spiritual advantages.

Throughout the years we have done this in the spirit of thanksgiving because on the whole we have been favored with an inheritance, rich in natural resources, and endowed with intellectual, social and religious opportunities unsurpassed in the history of mankind. We have learned that a gracious attitude in receiving that which others give and a generous spirit in sharing that which we possess are not only the highest tests of individual character but the strongest indications of national integrity.

If on this Thanksgiving Day we can be grateful for an enlarged capacity to cooperate and an increased desire to live at peace with our neighbors, here and abroad, under the guidance of Divine Power, we have much for which to be thankful.

In keeping with these sentiments and in cooperation with the President of the United States, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Thursday, November twenty-eighth, as Thanksgiving Day within the limits of our Commonwealth and urge our people to assemble in their homes or accustomed places of worship to give thanks to God for all the blessings received through His loving kindness.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 19th day of November, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy

915 991

Proclamation
Olive Week
Dec 2 – 1935

FILED

in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of CALIFORNIA

NOV 2 1935

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Consideration of the beauty and fruits of some of the most widely known trees of California stimulates inquiry into the sources from which they came and a survey of the purposes they now serve.

The olive tree is of particular importance because it is as old as the history of man. It is of long life, exceedingly rugged and productive even in an environment of neglect. Throughout the centuries its fruit has furnished delicate and yet wholesome nourishment for people [illegible] ages and in all walks of life.

Our growers and packers are now increasing their acreage and enlarging the yearly output of processed fruit and oil. Accordingly, it is appropriate that the people of our state cooperate in bringing the many and varied benefits of this [illegible] attention of the American public.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, [illegible], Governor of California, do proclaim the week of November [illegible] as Olive Week throughout the State of California, and I call upon the citizens of the commonwealth [illegible].

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 30th day of November, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

416 992

Reward $500.00

Mary Louise Stanner

Dec 16 - 1935

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
...etary of State
...FORNIA
... 1935
... STATE
By ... DEPUTY

REWARD

WHEREAS, on or about the 24th day of ...ovember, 1935, one Mary Louise Stummer was murdered in the County of Fresno, State of California, by a person unknown, and

WHEREAS, the said person has not been apprehended;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the laws of said State, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, ($500.00), for the apprehension of said murderer, to be paid to the person or persons making the arrest immediately upon the conviction of the person so arrested.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th day of December, A. D. 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

ATTEST:
...
Secretary of State

917 S93

Proclamation
For Winter Sports
Dec 23 - 1935

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 2 3 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

California, with its broad valleys, expansive deserts and snow covered mountain ranges, is a Commonwealth of extraordinary contrasts. Along with its diversified social and economic pursuits it offers a wide range of recreational activities suited to the taste and income of the most exacting participant.

Many of the mountain areas while serving as natural reservoirs for the preservation of snow as a source of water supply for the summer months at the same time provide opportunities for winter sports comparable only to the most famous playgrounds of other countries.

Snow and ice events offer stimulating and healthful recreation for the active and energetic people of California and for our guests from other parts of the world.

It is appropriate that we take statewide recognition of this important winter program and heartily cooperate in making the nineteen thirty-six season of great benefit to all who enjoy these sports.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Winter Sports Season officially opened on December twenty-fourth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 21st day of December, A. D., 1935.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

934

Proclamation re
National League of
Women Voters
Dec 23 - 1935

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 23 1935
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The [illegible] campaign which is being conducted by the National League of Women Voters commends itself to the careful consideration of the citizens of our Republic who are interested in [illegible] and progressive government.

The employees of the State and National governments should naturally be people who, because of innate ability and professional training, are equipped to render efficient public service. While adequately fulfilling the professional requirements of their departments they should be appreciative of the high ideals of our country and loyal to the traditions that have established its worth. Neither prejudice nor partisanship should be allowed to stifle their cooperative interest in promoting the public welfare.

In order to establish these standards of action in governmental procedure, we must emphasize the necessity of "career service." The Civil Service program having been inaugurated for this purpose, it is altogether appropriate that we concentrate attention upon this phase of good government.

In view of these considerations, now, [illegible], by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, I hereby proclaim the period between January [illegible] as "Better Governmental Personnel Week" and invite all citizens to give due consideration to this important department of government.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 21st day of December, A. D., 1935.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

719 895

Governor's Proclamation
Jan 15 - 1936

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 15 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

During the past century and a half our country has made much progress in uniting widely scattered groups of people with diversified beliefs and interests in support of the ideal of human brotherhood.

But achievement in this phase of national life has come not without effort. Early in our national history fixed ideas developed through centuries of experience and rigid customs passed from generation to generation, came into conflict with modern needs and objectives. Now and then prejudice became so pronounced that resultant action threatened to disrupt the social order. However, just as the great industrial and commercial organizations were beginning to organize intensive programs of expansion, it was indeed fortunate that the churches began to discuss the social principles of Jesus and to apply them to group action. With this background the brotherhood movement began to function by giving support to many interdenominational activities which carried the benefits of religion out of the cloistered halls of the individual church into the many channels of business and finance. Today, the whole of American life feels the dynamic influence of loyal churchmen as they strive to make effective their aims of "justice, amity and understanding among Protestants, Catholics and Jews."

Accordingly, it is fitting that we cooperate with the National Conference of Jews and Christians in observing a special period when we shall assemble in our accustomed places of worship in recognition of the validity of the words of Emerson when he said: "There can never be deep peace between two spirits, never mutual respect, until, in their dialogue, each stands for the whole world."

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, February twenty-second, and Sunday, February twenty-third, as Brotherhood Days within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of January, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

996

920

Governors Proclamation

Jan 1936

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 2 3 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hagit
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Near the close of the winter season many organizations begin to formulate plans of cooperation with State and Federal departments of government in their efforts to conserve the vast natural resources of California. The opening of the spring season always stimulates interest in the upthrust of nature as it finds expression in the growth of plants and trees.

Citizens interested in all phases of progress have learned that conservation of natural resources is not only more economical but more beneficial than restoration.

Inasmuch as we have within our State a wider variety of plants than are found in any other area of equal size in our country, it is of great importance that we should nurture and protect them in such a way as to preserve their value and beauty. The oldest and largest trees in the world which have their homes in our hills and mountains stand as monuments indicative of the dynamic and enduring processes of life.

Accordingly, it is fitting that the period opening March seventh, Luther Burbank's birthday and California Arbor Day, should be set aside as Conservation Week in order that we might give proper attention to the many natural advantages of California.

In view of these considerations now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the time between March seventh and fourteenth as Conservation Week within the limits of our commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 23rd day of January, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
SECRETARY OF STATE
By Chas. Hagit
Deputy Secretary of State

P 897

Gov. Proclamation

Jan 31 - 1936

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 31 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

One of the most important subjects of human interest before the citizens of our country today is good government. With this ideal in mind the United States Junior Chamber of Commerce is sponsoring a program of Americanism that will bring to the attention of our people some of the fundamental principles upon which our government was founded and is maintained. Members of this commercial body are inviting all other civic and social organizations to join with them in using the many avenues of publicity to foster and create a spirit of devotion to all items of private and public life. It is distinctly American in origin and purpose.

Consideration of our civilization in this way will emphasize the value of our traditions, the effectiveness of our policies and the strength of our purposes.

Accordingly, it is fitting that we designate the period between the birthday anniversary of Abraham Lincoln and that of George Washington as a time for a survey of our American system of government.

In view of the need of a better understanding of our institutions, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the time between February twelfth and twenty-second as National Americanism Week within the limits of our Commonwealth.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 31st day of January, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [signature]
Deputy Secretary of State

Governors Proclamation

972 998

Feb 19-1936

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 10 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Consideration of the problem of national defense during the period between the birthday anniversaries of Abraham Lincoln and George Washington is appropriate because of the meaning and influence of these names in our National history.

Under the leadership of George Washington the people of America gained their freedom and established a national government; while under the guidance of Abraham Lincoln they extended the principles of liberty and preserved the Union. These men loved peace and constantly sought to promote it at home and abroad. They believed in National independence attained through methods of mutual helpfulness. At the same time, they recognized the possibility of misunderstanding and unwillingness to compromise in matters pertaining to international interests. Accordingly, they supported an adequate program of national defense which has been accepted by strong state and national executives throughout the decades that have intervened.

Under the inspiration, then, of these two national characters, we promote the ideals of peace without forgetting the necessity of preparation for emergency in times of international crisis and disturbance.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the time between February twelfth and twenty-second as "National Defense Period" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of February, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

Governors' Proclamation
Sutter Gold
923
999
Mar 9 1936

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 9 - 1936
[illegible] KAMAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The Picture depicting the life and times of John A. Sutter will stimulate interest again in the customs and traditions that made early California history both colorful and romantic.

"Sutter's Gold" the production of which involved extensive documentary research, skillful executive management and devoted individual and group performance, merits popular approval and support. It extols the personal qualities of the Western pioneers and at the same time praises the broad vision and courageous character of the founders and builders of California. It inspires devotion to the ideals of the men and women who laid the foundations of an enduring civilization.

The presentation of the World Premiere of this picture permits us to review the stirring events of one of the most striking and important periods in the story of American Progress and thereby confers a distinct honor upon our State.

Accordingly, it is appropriate that we give official recognition to this event.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and set aside the period between March twenty-fifth and thirty-first as "Gold Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 9th day of March, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

924000
Mar 10 - 1936

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 10 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Under the inspiration of the slogan "Women unite for effective democracy," business and professional women of America during the week beginning March fifteenth, will stress the necessity of a sound educational program fitted to the requirements of modern youth; emphasize the granting of rewards for work well done in order to raise the standard of living throughout the nation; and seek to elevate the aims and ideals of all business and professional people. Such a program will naturally assist in the development of a more substantial, social, economic and governmental order.

Accordingly, it is appropriate that we give official recognition to this important movement and cooperate in making it beneficial to all.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the state of California, do hereby proclaim the week of March fifteenth to twenty-first, inclusive, as "National Business Women's Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of March, A. D., 1936.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

Governors Proclamation

92-E
1001

Shade Tree Week
Mar 12-1936

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 12 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The movement having as its main purpose the propagation and culture of trees should have the hearty support of all our people because of the general benefits derived from rural and urban beautification.

A proper distribution of shade trees along the city streets, in the parks or on the country lanes, indicates artistic appreciation on the part of the residents of the community. Trees furnish an environment of rest for the traveler, relaxation for the laborer and contentment for the visitor. Properly nurtured they become a great social asset to the neighborhood.

Every effort should be made to cultivate them in their natural or selected setting.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week of March sixteenth to twenty-first, inclusive, as "Shade Tree Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of March, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

926 1007

Annual Agricultural Report
Pub. 12-1926

A. A. BROCK,
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 12 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 14

Pertaining to Peach Mosaic Disease

Effective on and after March 7, 1936

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an injurious plant disease known as peach mosaic exists in the county of Mesa in the State of Colorado; county of Grand in the State of Utah; and counties of Bexar, Brown, Callahan, Childress, Kerr, Limestone, Palo Pinto, Wheeler, Wichita and Wilbarger in the State of Texas, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infected territory, and that all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds of all species and varieties including the flowering forms of peach and nectarine are liable to be carriers of this disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction into and spread within the State of California of the said peach mosaic disease, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of California, against all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds of all species and varieties including the flowering forms of peach and nectarine, grown in or imported, shipped or brought from the said infected territory, and no such possible carriers of this disease as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds as quarantined against in this proclamation and arriving in the State of California from the said infected territory in violation of the provisions of this proclamation shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 7, 1936

926 1002

Agricultural Experiment
July 12 - 1926

A A BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A C FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 12 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 14

Pertaining to Peach Mosaic Disease

Effective on and after March 7, 1936

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an injurious plant disease known as peach mosaic exists in the county of Mesa in the State of Colorado; county of Grand in the State of Utah; and counties of Bexar, Brown, Callahan, Childress, Kerr, Limestone, Palo Pinto, Wheeler, Wichita and Wilbarger in the State of Texas, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infected territory, and that all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds of all species and varieties including the flowering forms of peach and nectarine are liable to be carriers of this disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the further introduction into and spread within the State of California of the said peach mosaic disease, that a quarantine be, and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of California, against all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds of all species and varieties including the flowering forms of peach and nectarine, grown in or imported, shipped or brought from the said infected territory, and no such possible carriers of this disease as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Any and all trees, cuttings, grafts, scions or buds as quarantined against in this proclamation and arriving in the State of California from the said infected territory in violation of the provisions of this proclamation shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: March 7, 1936

previous Proclamations
re Flood Disaster

~~#~~ 10

Mar 24 - 1936

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 24 1936
JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

News of the devastating floods in the eastern section of our country has aroused the interest and sympathy of our citizens here in California many of whom have relatives or friends among the victims of those disasters. Thousands of families deprived of the bare necessities of life are heroically battling against severe weather and the spread of disease.

In this great emergency, the American Red Cross has mobilized its forces to prevent [illegible] loss of life, to provide food, shelter, clothing and medical supplies and service for the sufferers and to assist them in a program of rehabilitation. It serves as a central agency in gathering and distributing the resources so gladly given by people who understand the urgent [illegible].

[illegible] are engaged in raising funds to supply the Red Cross with adequate finances to meet this crisis. In response to this call of neighborly duty [illegible] give concrete expression by generous [illegible] to this most worthy cause.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do proclaim that an emergency exists and [illegible] all citizens to give quickly and [illegible] to this humane work.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of March, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: [illegible]
Secretary of State

Governors Proclamation
Army Day Apr 6 1936

97 1004

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 26 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

In conformity with a well established custom, the War Department has recognized Monday, April sixth, as Army Day. Coincidental with the nineteenth anniversary of the formal entry of the United States into the World War that date will be observed at all Army posts and other military installations in California.

The occasion will give opportunity to express loyalty to our country and its ideals through exercises which, at the same time, will show something of the efficiency of our armed forces. Through intelligent analysis of facts, we learn that the national government guarantees security to the individual by preserving a social order in which liberty, justice and fairplay are considered organic elements and that it assures protection through the maintenance of an army trained and equipped for service in times of emergency. A general understanding of the relationship between security and protection will stimulate interest in and support of world peace--a condition so essential to human progress.

In order that this distinction should not be forgotten it is appropriate that we set aside at least one day for consideration of its meaning and significance.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim April sixth as Army Day within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of March, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

By Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

Governor's Proclamation
for Good Friday

March 27- 1936

1005

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 2 7 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The observance of Good Friday by means of appropriate exercises has become an approved [illegible] custom among our people. Contemplation of this [illegible] has always enriched our appreciation of the Christian Religion.

Even though He was ridiculed because of His manner of life, criticized because of His teaching, ostracized because of His associates and finally crucified because of His influence Jesus Christ became the greatest character of history, loved as the Son of Man and worshiped as the Son of God.

[illegible] and sacrifice He exemplified the strong of virtues of simplicity, sincerity and cordiality. He emphasized the significance of the doctrine of the Fatherhood of God in furthering the program of the Brotherhood of Man. Christianity thus became a unifying and creative force in human affairs. From it we derived the modern philosophy of friendship which involves the fundamental principle of giving as well as getting.

In view of these sentiments now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim April tenth as Good Friday within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge proper recognition of this day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 27th day of March, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

[illegible] Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

Governor's Proclamation

1006

030

California Rodeo

Salinas Mar 27 - 1936

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 27 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

California noted for its vast natural resources and its many important institutions is rapidly gaining recognition because of its interest in popular events, of a day or a weeks duration.

[illegible] these annual events worthy of popular approval is the [illegible] which will be held at Salinas July sixteenth to nineteenth inclusive, for the purpose of perpetuating pioneer equestrian performances such as feature [illegible] and fancy roping so much enjoyed by early Californians both men and women, and in order to lend encouragement to the development of skill in horsemanship among the high school students of today. Because of scholastic achievements and by virtue of their [illegible] determined by means of contests conducted in [illegible] districts within the borders of this [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] sixteenth [illegible]

[illegible]

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 27th day of March, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

931/1007

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 7 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Personal identification is an item of major concern to the individual who normally responds to the urge of self preservation. At the same time, it is a matter of great importance to the Nation and its governmental subdivisions charged with the responsibility of keeping the permanent records of people.

Fingerprinting is now recognized as the most dependable method of determining the identity of a person whose history or name may not be immediately available. Even though approximately one-fourth of the population of the United States have been fingerprinted, there is an urgent demand for education in this field in order that complete statistical data may be kept for the convenience and safety of society.

Accordingly, it is fitting that the California Junior Chamber of Commerce should have official recognition in its campaign to disseminate knowledge of and secure support for this means of making and preserving identification files.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period between April twentieth and twenty-fifth as "Fingerprint Education Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 7th day of April, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

1008

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 9 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The ideal of international good-will, as demonstrated by the observance of Pan American Day, is rapidly becoming a well established policy of constructive government throughout the world. Statesmen everywhere recognize the necessity of creating and fostering a spirit of interdependence, in order that civilization itself might survive.

Accordingly, it is especially fitting that our state join in the national celebration of our peaceful relationship covering a period of years, with our sister American Republics, by arranging public ceremonies that will stimulate cordiality and co-operation.

In view of these neighborly considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Tuesday, April fourteenth, as "Pan American Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth, and invite all of our people to participate in this friendly gesture.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 8th day of April, A. D., 1936.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [signature]
Deputy

933

1009



FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 9 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

During recent months public opinion has crystalized in favor of a rather extensive program of economic security. Leaders in this field of human endeavor, at once realize the importance of developing and preserving strong individual physique, in order that the general movement concerned with social security might be advanced.

One phase of this work has to do with accident and health protection insurance now advocated by many strong organizations, and offered by substantial underwriters. Since the stress and strain of modern life creates the necessity of this type of mutual helpfulness, it is appropriate that we set aside a period of time for consideration of its merits.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period between April fifteenth and twentieth as "Accident and Health Protection Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth, and urge all to give attention to this problem.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 9th day of April, A. D., 1936.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[signature]
~~Secretary of State~~

By [signature]
Deputy

1010

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

2nd Senatorial District

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 9 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

I, [illegible], Governor of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 5th day of May, 1936, within the Second Senatorial District of the State to fill the vacancy in the office of State Senator from said District caused by the death of Senator Henry McGuinness.

[illegible] offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one of the Penal Code, such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten thousand dollars.

IN [illegible] WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this Ninth day of April, 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 16 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

A definite indication that civilization is making progress is noted in the increased tendency of people to appreciate and properly evaluate all forms of life.

The nation-wide movement to set aside a period of time in which to create and develop a general attitude of kindliness toward animals is worthy of careful consideration and support.

Throughout the centuries, as servants of mankind, they have carried the heavy burdens involved in the task of making a living while, at the same time, many of them, as silent companions, have brought comfort to lonely and disheartened people. For all this, they merit our appreciative attention.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period between April nineteenth and twenty-fifth as "Be Kind to Animals Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 14th day of April, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

936 1012

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 16 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

California has within its borders one of the oldest and most outstanding wonders of the world, the mighty forests of gigantic ancient Redwood and other diversified natural, scenic, historic and recreational attractions.

To further promote the general interest of our citizens and of the many tourists who visit our State in this realm of beauty, the Sixth District Agricultural Association is providing a realistic replica of the territory known as the "Redwood Empire," as one of its most prominent permanent exhibits in the State Exposition Building in Exposition Park, Los Angeles, to be dedicated Saturday, April eighteenth.

This exhibition will give opportunity to our people to become more intimately familiar with the resources and attractions of this great state which should serve to increase our pride in California's natural advantages.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, April eighteenth, as "Redwood Empire Day" at the Sixth District and urge Californians and visitors who can conveniently do so to view the new Redwood Empire Exhibit and other displays in the State Exposition Building.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th day of April, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

93/1013

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 16 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

For many years April eighteenth has been recognized and officially designated as fire prevention day in California. The San Francisco fire which occurred on that date thirty years ago annually reminds us of the dangers involved when this destructive agency moves beyond control. Consideration of that disaster has stimulated interest in the establishment of policies and the inauguration of methods designed to prevent major and minor disasters.

Inasmuch as many public spirited citizens and organizations are working diligently to develop an attitude of caution on the part of our people, it is appropriate that we express hearty approval of this significant movement.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, April eighteenth, as "Fire Prevention Day" and urge all to give serious attention to this problem.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th day of April, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

938 1014

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 24 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Educators, charged with the responsibility of giving direction to the public school system of our state, have often urged parents and taxpayers to visit their local institutions in order that they might become familiar with the plant, equipment and methods of procedure. The custom has thus become established of setting aside the last week in April for inspection, exhibitions and lectures all of which stimulate interest in and support for the schools.

This opportunity for exchange of ideas and social contacts has created a better understanding of the problems and purposes of education and by so doing it has strengthened the foundations of American Democracy. Because of these annual events children are better educated and the funds required for the maintenance and operation of the schools are more enthusiastically and intelligently provided.

Accordingly, it is fitting that we heartily cooperate in acquainting our people with these plans to the end that our educational activities may be properly understood and appreciated.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning Monday, April twenty-seventh, as "Public Schools Week" in our State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of April, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

939 1015

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 27 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The cultural life of a Nation is often measured, and rightly so, in terms of popular appreciation and enjoyment of music. To it people everywhere respond with sensitive intelligence and with happy emotions. It is an artistic medium of expression, easily and generously [illegible] associated either with or without [illegible] spoken or written symbols of communication. For this reason, it is not only a means of pleasant entertainment; it is an effective [illegible] of good will.

Inasmuch as a movement is now under way to stimulate public interest in musical activities throughout our country it is appropriate that we urge our citizens to join in [illegible] effort to "strengthen our resources" in [illegible].

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period between May third and ninth as "Music [illegible]" in this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 27th day of April, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

940 1016

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 28 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The last century has been a period of remarkable progress in every realm of human experience. To a significant degree the well-to-do has been complemented by the desire-to-save. Together these normal impulses have stimulated both the individual and the family to seek permanent security.

In response to this worthy ambition the modern American Life Insurance organizations with an aggregate present enrollment of sixty-five million policy holders carrying over one hundred billion dollars of life insurance protection have been organized and successfully operated.

By providing financial resources for the dependents of the insured in the event of the family's greatest emergency, the companies have always rendered effective assistance. Cooperative in purpose, they have served as bulwarks of safety in times of economic stress and as agencies of constructive leadership in times of rapid expansion.

Accordingly, it is appropriate that we [illegible] the underwriters of our State in their program of education to the end that our people may enjoy the benefits to be derived from life insurance investments.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning May eleventh as "Life Insurance Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 25th day of April, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 28 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

A growing philanthropic interest in the prevention and cure of ill health during the past century has resulted in the establishment of a system of hospitals throughout our country, the importance of which is recognized in appropriate exercises held annually on the anniversary of the birth of Florence Nightingale, ... twelfth.

The modern hospital under the administrative direction and professional leadership of technically trained doctors and nurses is an institution wherein science and service complement each other to a degree of remarkable efficiency. The urge to regain health on the part of the patient and the desire to assist on the part of the staff have so exemplified and stimulated the spirit of mutual helpfulness as to make it an effective element in all work concerned with the public good.

Accordingly, it is an official duty to suggest that our people participate in making this anniversary celebration a successful occasion.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, [illegible] Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Tuesday, May twelfth, as "Hospital Day" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of April, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

FILED

in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 6 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In observing Mother's Day throughout the Nation we recognize parental affection as the noblest of all human sentiments. Devotion to mother, with its origin in the intimate experiences of the family circle, becomes at once the richest and most enduring personal emotion and the highest social quality.

Her earnest solicitude, continuously expressed in her readiness to bear burdens, creates a sympathetic response toward others in need of assistance. Her enthusiastic loyalty, often demonstrated in her eager defense of [illegible], encourages thoughtful consideration of new methods of mutual helpfulness. Her ready [illegible], frequently shown in her zeal for intellectual and spiritual improvement, stimulates adherence to sound moral principles and lofty ethical ideals.

These virtues preserve our heritage, enhance the value of life and give purpose to civilization.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, May [illegible], as "Mother's Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of May, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 13 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The ideal of a permanent world peace deeply imbedded in our American philosophy gained great impetus through the tragic activities and results of the World War. Conditions that caused the conflict and the suffering and sacrifices involved in its prosecution prompted our government to indicate an interest in its termination as an instrument of settling international disputes.

Out of this situation has grown a widespread sentiment in favor of solving international problems by methods in harmony with the high social and spiritual principles of friendly people. Efforts now being made, in this connection by diplomatic leaders in all parts of the world should be encouraged and supported by intelligent public opinion.

For these reasons it is fitting that we commemorate the thirty-seventh anniversary of the first International Conference for World Peace held at The Hague in 1899 by conducting appropriate exercises in our civic, religious and educational institutions to the end that good will might be properly recognized as a constructive force in human affairs.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, [illegible] Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Monday, May eighteenth, as "Peace Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of May, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

944 1020

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 13 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

[illegible] its extensive coast [illegible] connected [illegible] with [illegible] interested in [illegible] trade.

[illegible] exchange of goods and commodities stimulates local industry and commerce in such a way as to make a permanent system of shipping advantageous to all countries of the world. It provides a wide variety of foreign merchandise and by so doing creates an interest in the ideas and manners of the inventors, manufacturers and producers. As a result of all this the citizens of one country become familiar with the customs and traditions of their neighbors across the sea and by virtue of this relationship they extend the borders of their own culture.

Foreign trade then becomes an intellectual and social necessity as well as an economic benefit. Honestly and fairly conducted it furnishes the basis of mutual understanding [illegible]. It is the cornerstone of effective international diplomacy.

In view of these considerations, now, [illegible], Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning May seventeenth as "Foreign Trade Week" in this Commonwealth.

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of May, A. D. [illegible].

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
[illegible]
Secretary of State

945

1021

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 13 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The [illegible] state [illegible] has become a common meeting place for people interested in [illegible].

For more than eighty years residents of our Commonwealth, together with visitors from other parts of the country, have come to the fair to learn about the improvements made in agriculture, industry and animal husbandry. Inventors and manufacturers of farm machinery and producers of general commodities together with educators and artists, have enjoyed the privilege of exhibiting their products to an appreciative and enlightened group of observers.

Instruction and entertainment have been combined in such a way as to make them practical and impressive. For this reason the fair has always appealed to our people as an institution interested in their activities and concerned with their advancement.

Attendance at this great annual event should increase one's appreciation of his [illegible] strengthen his faith in his own efforts.

In the interest of progress may I urge hearty cooperation in making this year's exhibition representative of our outstanding social and economic achievements. To all enjoying these privileges I extend greetings and cordial good wish[illegible].

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of [illegible] to be affixed this 11th day of May, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

946
1022

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 1 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The annual sale of poppies by the American Legion Auxiliary is an event that merits the hearty cooperation and support of our people. Such an effort is evidence of the fact that we have not forgotten the sacrifices made and the suffering endured by the men who now need medical attention.

Veterans of the World War, registered in our hospitals, receive a two-fold benefit from this work. They find satisfaction in making the paper poppies and in using the funds derived from their sale.

Members of the Auxiliary engaged in the distribution of these tokens of appreciation are rendering an unselfish service of a commendable character. Cordial cooperation on the part of the public in this important campaign will bear beneficial results in bringing comfort to men greatly in need of assistance.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Friday and Saturday, May twenty-second and twenty-third, as "Poppy Days" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 18th day of May, A. D., 1936.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

1023
947
Proclamation
1936

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the State of California
MAY 21 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The observance of Memorial Day, instituted for the purpose of honoring those who rendered sacrificial service during the Civil War, is annually assuming deeper meaning and wider significance.

While paying homage to our illustrious dead by means of civic, military and religious exercises held at both private and public shrines in all parts of our country we do not forget those who have gone from the family circle.

As a Nation we visit and decorate their final resting places, in an attitude of patriotic devotion and as individuals in a spirit of affectionate remembrance. We recall, with thoughtful sentiment, incidents of their kindly companionship and evidences of their unselfish love.

Because of these experiences we again dedicate ourselves to the task of becoming loyal friends, good neighbors and helpful citizens.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, May thirtieth, as "Memorial Day" in this Commonwealth and urge our citizens to observe it with public exercises in keeping with its significance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 21st day of May, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

948 1024

Proclamation

1936

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 21 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In order to provide a suitable Will Rogers Memorial the members of the profession to which he belonged are paying tribute to his cheerful memory in many of the theatres throughout our country during the week beginning May twenty-second.

It is particularly appropriate that residents of California participate in these exercises because of their pride in his work and their appreciation of his personality. It was here, among friends and neighbors, that he found satisfaction in expressing his happy philosophy.

As he arose to a position of public recognition he carried with him the loyal support and enduring admiration of those who knew him best.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank C. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period between May twenty-second and twenty-eighth as "Will Rogers Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge attendance at public gatherings held in his honor.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 21st day of May, A. D., 1936.

Frank C. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

149. 1025

Proclamation

1936

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 25 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION by the GOVERNOR CONVENING the LEGISLATURE in EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

WHEREAS, An extraordinary occasion has arisen and now exists, requiring that the Legislature of the State of California be convened; now, therefore,

I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by section 9 of Article V of the Constitution of the State of California, do hereby convene the Legislature of the State of California to meet and assemble in extraordinary session, at Sacramento, California, on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six at ten o'clock a.m. of said day, for the following purposes and to legislate upon the following subjects, to wit:

1. To consider and act upon an act to make available during the eighty-seventh fiscal year, as well as the eighty-eighth fiscal year, the moneys heretofore appropriated by section 1 of the "California Unemployment Relief Act of 1935," for the same purposes as in said section now provided, creating in the State treasury a

special fund for the handling of such moneys and providing for loans to said fund and for the repayment of said loans with such moneys heretofore appropriated by said section 1, by adding to the "California Unemployment Relief Act of 1935" a new section to be numbered 1a.

2. To consider and act upon an amendment of section 2 of Chapter 352, Statutes of 1935, said amendment to relate exclusively to providing definitely for refunds to employers and employees of contributions deposited in the Unemployment Fund in the State treasury (including funds deposited to the credit of this State in the United States Unemployment Trust Fund) in the event that Title IX of the Federal "Social Security Act" is hereafter repealed, amended, affected or otherwise changed in such manner that the contributions required by Chapter 352, Statutes of 1935, or some portion thereof can not be credited against the tax required to be paid under the provisions of said Title IX.

3. To consider and act upon an act to make registered warrants of this State legal investments for funds the investment of which is restricted by law, and to make registered warrants of this State acceptable as security in all cases in which security is required by law.

Executive Department
State of California

4. To consider and act upon an amendment to section 613 of the Fish and Game Code to make applicable to fish and game district 1½ the provisions of said section which relate to open season and bag limit for steelhead trout.

. To consider and act upon an act to validate bonds of all school districts, high school districts and junior college districts of every kind and character.

6. To consider and act upon amendments to sections 821 and 827 of the Agricultural Code to eliminate and reduce certain standards for Gravenstein apples in order that such apples may be marketed.

7. To consider and act upon an act providing, in the manner provided in Chapter 313, Statutes 1935, for the extension of periods of redemption, reduction and remission of penalties, and postponement of times of sale, resale, and execution of deeds in respect to delinquent county taxes upon real property sold to the State on or before July 6, 1936.

. To consider and act upon an act to provide for redemption, in ten annual installment payments, of land sold prior to September 30, 1935, to any irrigation district for any delinquent

irrigation district tax or assessment if the district still holds the certificate of sale.

9. To consider and act upon an act to provide for the revival and restoration of corporate powers, rights and privileges suspended or forfeited for the nonpayment of taxes or penalties due the State under the provisions of sections 3664a, 3664c and 3664d of the Political Code as said sections existed at any time prior to September 15, 1935, and to validate such revivors made subsequent to September 15, 1935.

10. To consider and act upon an act to validate bonds of water conservation districts organized under the Water Conservation Act of 1929 as amended or reenacted.

11. To consider and act upon an act to make the laws of this State relating to aid to the needy blind conform to the requirements of the Social Security Board pursuant to section 1002 of the Federal "Social Security Act."

12. To consider and act upon an act to validate the formation, organization and existence of sanitary districts and the bonds, including refunding bonds, of such districts.

Executive Department
State of California

13. To consider and act upon an act to amend sections 2, 3, 13, and 14 of the Old Age Security Act of the State of California in relation to residence of recipients of aid, appeals to the State Department of Social Welfare, amount of aid granted, time of approval and payment of aid to a person discontinuing attendance at a home or institution, and requiring counties to comply with the act and with orders of the State Department of Social Welfare.

14. To consider and act upon an act to delete from the law the provision that artifically colored canned tomatoes or tomato products are adulterated food, by amending section 4 of Chapter 181, Statutes of 1907.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed hereunto the Great Seal of the State of California, at my office in the State Capitol, this twenty-third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred thirty-six.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

050 1026

Proclamation

1936

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 15 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

For more than one hundred and fifty years the American Flag has served as a symbol of liberty and an emblem of justice. Under the inspiration of this banner, people from all parts of the world have cooperated in establishing and maintaining in this Republic social, civic and spiritual institutions for the mutual benefit of an enlightened citizenry. The advantages thus derived have stimulated loyalty to the principles of Democracy and devotion to the ideals of a free society.

Accordingly, it is fitting that we should observe with appropriate exercises the anniversary of the day upon which Congress adopted the resolution making it the official Flag of our United States.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, June fourteenth, as Flag Day in this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 13th day of June, A. D., 1936.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]

95-1027
Proclamation
1936

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The observance of the fourth of July is an annual event in which all of our people may participate with equal rights and privileges. It is a national holiday set aside for patriotic demonstration in order that the ideals of representative government may be preserved and the benefits derived therefrom extended.

One hundred and sixty years of self-government has given to us a deep appreciation of personal integrity and national honor.

We have learned the meaning of liberty in an environment of law and order, established the principles of justice in a society of free men and favored the policy of guaranteeing individual opportunity in a republic of mutually helpful citizens. At the same time we have developed an attitude of kindly consideration toward our neighbors in other lands.

Accordingly, on Independence Day in 1936 it is appropriate that we give expression to our sentiments through public exercises in keeping with our high spiritual and social objectives.

In memory of past achievements and in consideration of future progress, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, July fourth, a holiday within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of June, A. D., [illegible].

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Deputy Secretary of State

95 1028

Proclamation

1936

FILED

IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUL - 1936

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Much of the romantic and colorful history of California has been made and written in connection with the building and operation of its railroads. The vision and courage required on the part of the men who first conceived these extensive projects and the loyalty of the workers who built them have inspired all enterprising citizens to greater devotion to the principles of public service.

The railroads have eliminated many of the barriers which naturally separate people and by so doing have strengthened the facilities of communication. They have brought individuals and groups from all sections of the nation into California and in turn they have carried our products into every state in the Union. This intermingling of people and exchange of commodities have made possible the building of a state with vast material resources and significant social and spiritual qualities.

Accordingly, it is appropriate that official recognition be given these important enterprises and the men who established and now maintain them.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period between July thirteenth and eighteenth as "Railroad Week" within this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of July, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1029

Proclation Elks

1936

Executive Department
State of California

FILED

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The service rendered by the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks of the United States of America since its origin in 1868, has been sufficiently significant to merit official recognition and general approval.

The Seventy-second National Convention to be held the week of July twelfth will bring to Los Angeles a large group of men who enjoy the high privilege of membership in this fraternal organization.

Because of a sincere belief in good fellowship they readily sacrifice items of personal benefit in order to serve their associations; because of a common concern for people often in need of assistance they heartily assume moral and financial obligations in keeping with their challenging philosophy of brotherhood; and because of similar patriotic sentiments they earnestly promote the spirit of mutual helpfulness among themselves and inspire others to loyal adherence to fundamental American principles.

For these reasons, every encouragement should be granted and every courtesy extended to all Elks to the end that all their efforts might be properly and adequately rewarded.

In appreciation of the past achievements and present objectives of this great association, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period embracing July twelfth as "Elks' Week" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 3rd day of July, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By Chas. J. Hagan
Deputy

95 41030

Department of Agriculture
Quarantine Proclamation
August 6 — 1936

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FREUDY, CHIEF

FILED
[illegible] Secretary of State
[illegible]

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7 (REVISED)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after August 5, 1936

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa, known as alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), not heretofore generally prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in certain hereinafter described areas in the United States and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, salt grass packing, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping equipment, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery and implements that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting, or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further dissemination of said alfalfa weevil in the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, salt grass packing, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping equipment, used alfalfa meal milling machinery and all machinery and implements that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, shipped, brought or otherwise moved from said infested territory and no such articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Infested Territory:

Utah: Entire State.

Idaho: Entire State.

Wyoming: Entire State.

Colorado: Entire counties of Delta, Garfield, Gunnison, Mesa, Moffat, Montezuma, Montrose, Rio Blanco, Routt, San Juan and Ouray.

Nevada: Entire counties of Churchill, Clark, Douglas, Elko, Humboldt, Lincoln, Lyon, Mineral, Ormsby, Pershing, Storey, Washoe and White Pine.

Nebraska: Entire counties of Scotts Bluff and Sioux.

Oregon: Entire counties of Malheur, Baker, Union, Jackson and that portion of Josephine County north of a line drawn directly east and west through the southern limits of the town of Selma, Oregon.

Arizona: All that portion of Coconino County north of the Colorado River.

Provision 2. Except as hereinafter provided in this proclamation, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, as packing or otherwise, that has been grown or stored in the said infested territory, is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw, the same shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Owing to the fact that Nevada is the only source of supply of fodder for animals in certain mountain and desert communities in California near the California-Nevada border during the greater portion of the year, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in the said infested territory and intended for feed for animals, will be admitted into only those portions of California which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions. Persons contemplating such importations shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture. Written application for such permit must specify the name and address of the grower or dealer, the kind and quantity of hay or straw it is desired to import, the purpose for which it is intended, the destination of same, the name and address of the importer and such application must be accompanied by a sworn statement of the applicant in the following form:

State of .....)
County of .....) ss

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the .....
(Kind and
..... for which I have applied to the Director of Agri-
quantity of hay)
culture for permit to import from ..... at .....
(Name of shipper) (Address of
..... will be transported or shipped by .....
shipper) (Kind of vehicle)
directly from ..... to .....
(Where now stored) (Destination)

for feed for animals at that point and that no portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported or brought will be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any wagon, automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

.....
(Importer)

Subscribed and sworn to before me ....., a notary public in and for the State of ....., County of ....., this ..... day of ..... 19...

.....
(Notary Public)

My commission expires ....., 19 .....

Any lot or shipment of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw arriving in California on which a permit has not been issued by the Director of Agriculture as above, or otherwise not complying with the provisions of this quarantine, will be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately shipped out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 3. Except as hereinafter provided in Provisions 9 and 10, alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestations or contamination of the alfalfa meal. Such approvals by the Director of Agriculture shall specify in the case of each mill, whether such shipments are limited to the period November 1 to March 31 or whether such shipments can be made during the entire year, the determination of the period during which alfalfa meal shipments may be made to this state, shall, in the case of each mill, be contingent upon the installation and use of protective measures in accordance with plans approved by the Director of Agriculture. Year-round shipments will be admitted only from those mills which have installed protective measures approved by the Director of Agriculture as adequate to prevent weevil contamination of the meal or the cars during the period April 1 to October 31 when the weevil is active; provided, further, that all alfalfa meal must be shipped in bulk or in new or recleaned burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars which are free from alfalfa hay and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill; provided, further, that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a State inspection official of the State in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of

the importer in California, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval by the Director of Agriculture, as above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Provision 4. Except as hereinafter provided in Provisions 9 and 10, the material known locally in the State of Utah as "salt grass packing," will be admitted into the State of California only when each shipment is accompanied by an official certificate signed by the crop pest inspector of the State of Utah, setting forth that all of the following requirements have been complied with, to wit: That the material in the shipment was cut between the dates of October 1 and April 1; that the raking, shocking, stacking, baling or shipping of t his material was not allowed until the maximum daily temperature of the season had fallen below sixty degrees Fahrenheit, and that none of the material in the shipment had been held in the field from one season to another. All shipments of salt grass packing from the State of Utah not accompanied by certificates as herewith provided for, shall be refused admittance into the State of California, and shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their r esponsible agents.

The use of such salt grass as a packing material shall be permitted, provided it has been cut and removed from the field between October 1 and April 1, and stored in warehouses remote from alfalfa fields and alfalfa hay.

Provision 5. Except as hereinafter provided in Provisions 9 and 10, all household effects, household implements, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory and shipped or otherwise transported into the State of California must be free from alfalfa hay as packing or otherwise and held intact at destination until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the State plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which such shipment is received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued. Certificate of release as above will not be issued to cover any such lot of household effects or emigrant movables with alfalfa hay present until the entire lot has been fumigated and such hay has been destroyed by burning to the satisfaction of the inspector making the inspection, and at the expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 6. Except as provided in Provisions 2, 9 and 10, it is the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used in the transportation of live stock or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, in or through any part of the said infested territory before the same enter the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California which have not been cleaned as above shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputies or State plant quarantine officers until all such hay or straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into California from or through any part

of the infested territory shall be deemed to have originated within the infested territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this Proclamation unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by an agricultural inspection official of the state where the hay was loaded in the cars, establishing the fact that the hay was grown in a noninfested territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Provision 7. Except as hereinafter provided in Provisions 9 and 10, used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only when same have been thoroughly cleaned of all alfalfa hay or other possible source of alfalfa weevil infestation before being transported into the State of California. Any such machinery and/or implements must be held intact at destination until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the State plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which such machinery and/or implements are received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued. Certificate of release as above will not be issued to cover any such machinery and/or implements contaminated with alfalfa hay until same have been fumigated or otherwise treated and all alfalfa hay cleaned out and burned to the satisfaction of the inspector making the inspection and at the expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 8. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, camping effects and camping equipment, from the said infested territory arriving in California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or state plant quarantine officer of the district or county into which same arrives until it has been determined by inspection that same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Provision 9. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of any of the commodities and articles as quarantined against in this Proclamation from the said infested territory into that portion of the State of California now generally infested with alfalfa weevil and adjacent to the said infested territory and described as follows: The county of Sierra, the county of Plumas, the county of Alpine; all that portion of Mono County lying north of the boundary between Township 7 North and Township 8 North, M.D.B.&M., running west from the California-Nevada state line to the west boundary of Mono County; all that portion of the county of Lassen lying south of boundary line between Townships 35 North and 36 North, M.D.B.&M., running west from the California-Nevada state line to the west boundary line of Lassen County.

Provision 10. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of any of the commodities and articles quarantined against in this Proclamation from the said infested territory to (a) that interior portion of the State of California now generally infested with alfalfa weevil and described as "Regulated Territory B" in California Quarantine Regulation No. 9; (b) areas immediately adjacent to said "Regulated Territory B", providing the importer first secures a written permit from the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county of destination and accompanies each such shipment or lot with a duplicate copy of such permit, provided that

such shipments will be admitted only during the period October 1 to May 31; in carload lots; in tight railroad cars with all cracks and other openings sealed before arrival at the California state line in a manner to prevent any possible escape during transit of any weevils that might be present; and provided that each such shipment is consigned only over the Western Pacific Railroad Feather River Canyon Route, via Sacramento and Stockton; the Southern Pacific Railroad Ogden Route, via Truckee and Sacramento, or the Southern Pacific Railroad Shasta Route, directly to a point within the infested area in California described above, each car to be sealed, placarded and billed at origin in a way to prevent any openings or diversion of the car en route; and further provided that each such shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the state inspection official of the state in which the shipment originates establishing the fact that the railroad car in which the commodity is shipped was inspected before loading and found tight and in good condition and that following loading of the hay all cracks and openings around the doors and otherwise were tightly sealed in a manner to prevent any possible escape of weevils en route. Such certificate must also state the number and initials of the car containing the shipment, the amount of the shipment, the name and address of the consignor, the name and address of the consignee, the route, and the date of shipment. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. It is further provided that upon arrival at destination and immediately the hay is unloaded the empty car shall be placed in quarantine and shall not be moved to any point outside of the alfalfa weevil infested area in California, described above, until it has been thoroughly cleaned and disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which it arrives. Upon arrival in the above described infested area in interior California, such commodity will assume the same status, and be amenable to the same quarantine restrictions, as though originating in the above described infested area in California.

All articles admissible under the foregoing provisions must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state plant quarantine officer.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing provisions shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamations or regulation now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state plant quarantine officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this Proclamation.

This quarantine Proclamation No. 7 supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 dated January 11, 1934, as amended July 6, 1934, and October 30, 1935, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: AUG - 5 1936

955 1031

Proclamation
Susan B. Anthony
Aug 19-1906

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 17 1936

PROCLAMATION

The history of the progress of American civilization would not be complete without reference to the life and work of Susan B. Anthony, whose efforts during the last half of the Nineteenth Century broadened the privileges of women everywhere.

She clearly understood that important changes in our social customs and institutions rarely take place accidentally; rather she believed, and rightly so, that they are brought about by conscientious and devoted leaders who are willing to assume the responsibility of arousing and directing public opinion.

Her support of the doctrine of equal rights for women was inspired by a lofty spiritual ideal that caused her to work unceasingly and without thought of personal reward, for the enactment of laws governing marriage, education, suffrage, property ownership, vocational opportunity and the control and custody of children.

Accordingly both men and women who now enjoy the benefits of her far-reaching humanitarian program welcome the opportunity to express their gratitude by celebrating the Sixteenth Anniversary of the ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment to the National Constitution - a living and enduring monument to a great woman.

In view of these facts, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, hereby proclaim the period between August twenty-fourth and thirtieth as "Susan B. Anthony Week" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eighteenth day of August one thousand nine hundred thirty-six A. D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

956 1032
Proclamations
Aircraft Week
Aug 1936

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
[illegible] of the Secretary of State
[illegible] of California
AUG 2 1 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Aircraft development during the past quarter of a century has attracted the attention of the whole world. Covering this period experiments in this field have enlisted the interest of men endowed with great wealth on the one hand and gifted with unusual genius on the other.

Aerial exhibitions have served from time to time to keep the public informed upon the points of mechanical improvement, while great national contests have proved the reliability and shown the quality and endurance of our ships of the air.

The flight from Cleveland to Los Angeles on September Fourth will open an event of statewide significance. Owners and pilots of machines will have the opportunity to demonstrate the art and science of flying. The occasion will be one of contrasts and comparisons with the devices and performances of other years. It will be both informative and inspiring.

In view of the importance that aviation is destined to attain in our civilization, and the significance of the national air races, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period beginning September Third as "Aircraft Week" in this state.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this Twentieth day of August One Thousand Nine Hundred Thirty Six, A. D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

9571033

Proclamation

Aug 31 – 1936

FILED

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as the voyages of discovery and exploration of Lief Erickson and his intrepid followers greatly contributed to the advancement of knowledge and progress of civilization, it is fitting that the people of California join with those of Scandinavian descent throughout the United States in giving proper recognition to this remarkable man.

In honoring the memory of this explorer and commemorating his great achievements the people of his race stand pledged to perserve and perpetuate the wholesome customs and lofty ideals of our forefathers, to support the Constitution of the United States of America, and to promote the general welfare of our people by teaching, through precept and example, the duties and responsibilities of good citizenship.

In this way they encourage people everywhere to subscribe to the principles of noble and honorable living.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim October 9th as Lief Erickson Day in this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred thirty six, A. D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: Chas Hagen

958 1034
Proclamation
Aug 31 – 1936

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

September 9th is a day of unusual significance in the history of California. On that day eighty-six years ago this state was admitted to the Union on an equal footing with all the other states of the Confederation and took its place. The resolution of admission by the National Congress gave to the people of this territory all the rights and privileges provided by the national government. Such action carried with it the acceptance by our part of the responsibilities imposed, involving the creation and maintenance of a united program of political progress.

Thus, our people inherited the practical benefits of constitutional government. Just as we enjoy the rich heritage of today because of the wise judgment and unselfish efforts of the authorities who served this State, so must we remedy successful group when associated.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of [illegible], do hereby proclaim September 9th as Admission Day within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have
hereunto set my hand
and caused the Great Seal
of the State of California
to be affixed.
Done in Sacramento this thirty-
first day of August,
A. D.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

Deputy

954 1035

Proclamation

Aug 31 - 1936

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

When John Rodriques Cabrillo anchored his two Spanish ships in San Diego Bay on Thursday, September the 28th, 1542, it was merely an incident to be recorded in his diary covering some of the experiences enjoyed or endured by this courageous seaman and his intrepid followers during their nine and one-half months of exploration. Today, supported by extensive historical research, we point to that event as the time and place of the discovery of the territory which later became California.

While the expedition in itself, because of the hardships and dangers involved, and because of the skillful and persevering leadership required is worthy of wide recognition, its social significance should not be forgotten. Cabrillo's kindly treatment of the Indians, who often initiated friendly contacts, is a record unexcelled in the annals of American adventure.

Accordingly, it is appropriate that we memorialize his daring deeds in the official papers of the state in order that they might be permanently registered in the memory and affection of all.

In view of these achievements, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim September 28th as Cabrillo Day within the limits of this Commonwealth, and urge all civic, religious and cultural organizations to conduct exercises in keeping with the [illegible] this anniversary.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 31st day of August, 1935. A. D.

Governor.

Secretary of State.

FILED

[illegible] State

[illegible]

By [illegible]

96 1036
Proclamation
Aug 31 – 1936

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 1 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as the California Pacific International Exposition has been of great value to the entire State of California in the stimulation of tourist travel, in the promotion of industry and business and in the advancement of culture and education through its various exhibits and forms of entertainment and to the nation as a whole through the promotion and extension of the cause of international good will, it is appropriate that wide recognition be given the events of the closing days.

[illegible] anniversary [illegible] will bring to a fitting climax the activities of the exhibition that has brilliantly reflected the vision and courage of the enterprising and hospitable citizens of San Diego and the entire Southern United States. The opportunity to make a final visit to the grounds upon which are located many varied and wonderful displays will be a distinct adventure to all who can attend the events.

In view of the splendid accomplishments involved in this important enterprise, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period between September Fifth and Ninth, as "California Days" at the California Pacific International Exposition in San Diego.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this First day of September, A. D. 1936.

Governor.

ATTEST:

Secretary of State.

96/1037
Proclamation
Aug 31 - 1936

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The summer of 1787 was one of the most important periods in all American history. From May twenty-fifth to September seventeenth of that year a representative group of public spirited men met in convention in Philadelphia under the authority of their respective states to write a document that would serve as the instrument of Government in a newly organized society seeking to relieve itself of some of the burdensome customs of the past and, at the same time, to guarantee life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness to the individual. For nearly one hundred and fifty years the structure of Government thus established has guided this nation through many difficult and tragic experiences, always providing a way of life that has attracted people from all parts of the world.

The splendid success of this nation has been attained because of the even balance generally maintained between social control and individual effort. The protective provisions of the Constitution have made possible the highest standards of living found among men because they have prevented the Government from stifling the individual and they have kept the individual from disrupting the Government. Regardless of temporary maladjustments this fundamental principle of cooperative action stands today, and always will, as the cornerstone of good Government.

It is appropriate that our schools, colleges, churches and other civic and social organizations conduct exercises on the anniversary of the signing of this document in keeping with its value to a happy and prosperous people.

In consideration of this rich legal heritage, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do proclaim the period between September thirteenth and seventeenth as "Constitution Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth, and urge all to observe it in the spirit of constructive and devoted patriotism.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this day of September, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By
Deputy Secretary of State

96 A1038
Proclamation
1936

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Inasmuch as the newspaper of today is not only a highly organized business enterprise but a social institution of general public interest, it is fitting that a period of time be set aside for special consideration of its merits.

The editor and his staff of associates gather and disseminate wide and varied news items of human interest. Through their professional and technical training they naturally develop a comprehensive appreciation of life that makes them constantly conscious of the fact that civilization is an ever changing series of events. Covering these events for the purpose of analyzing and recording them in such a way as to provide accurate information for the reader is a responsibility that deepens their sympathy, broadens their vision and strengthens their sense of public service.

In presenting incidents of local, state, national and even international concern under this type of leadership the newspaper becomes an agency of civic and spiritual progress; and as a member of a great fraternity it's influence reaches even to the ends of the earth.

In view of the importance of the press in moulding public opinion, now, therefore, I, [illegible] Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period between October [illegible] twelfth [illegible] Newspaper Week" in this Commonwealth.

[illegible] I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th. day of September, A. D.

Frank F. Merriam

By [illegible]

Secretary of State

961039
Governors Proclamation
Sept 1936

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 24 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

While fire prevention is naturally a matter of continuous concern, nevertheless it is appropriate that a definite period of time be set aside for a consideration of the problems involved in this important national movement.

Paradoxical as it may seem, fire is one of the most constructive and at the same time, by virtue of the same power, it is one of the most destructive agencies of human progress: and it may be the one or the other without changing its elemental qualities. Whether or not it creates or destroys value depends upon the care or carelessness with which it is released. For this reason the use of fire is fundamentally a matter of control, involving accidental, thoughtless or intentional action on the part of the individual or the group.

Accordingly, too much attention cannot be given to the general and specific efforts to encourage people everywhere to support measures of private and public fire protection in order that habits of thoughtfulness and caution may be permanently established.

In view of the importance of developing an attitude of practicing extreme care in this connection, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period between October fourth to tenth as "Fire Prevention Week" in this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 24th day of September, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]

964 1040
Governor's Proclamation
Oct 2 - 1936

FILED

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

By designating the second week in October as "Old Glory Week" the members of the 1935 Legislature of the State of California officially recognized an important American tradition of commemorating great events. To the resolution passed by that body our people respond with a devotion that has often found expression in patriotic exercises held under the auspices of our civic and social organizations.

The American Flag stands as an ensign of soverign authority, legal justice and personal liberty for all those who enjoy the privileges and carry the responsibilities of this Republic. It has always served as an emblem of inspiration and protection for the intrepid pioneers on their voyages of discovery in the frontier regions of the world. It has waved in the frigid winds of the polar wastes and in the torrid breezes of the equatorial jungles. As a medium of neighborly contact it has had a unifying effect upon international relationships and a stabilizing and coordinating influence upon our domestic affairs.

For more than fifty years the schools of our country have followed the practice of displaying this banner of freedom and opportunity so prominently that it has become a national custom of unusual significance. Our pledge of allegiance to it is more than a mental attitude; it involves an element of spiritual solicitude.

In recognition of the necessity of creating and maintaining loyalty to the Flag and to the ennobling principles of which it is a symbol, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period between October fifth and eleventh as "Old Glory Week" in this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 1st day of October, A. D., 1936.

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

765-1041

Election Proclamation
For Pres. + Vice Pres
Oct 3 - 1936

FILED

...FORNIA

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

Executive Department
State of California

Election Proclamation

I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a General Election will be held throughout this State on Tuesday, the third day of November, 1936, at which the following offices are to be filled:

TWENTY-TWO ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES;

REPRESENTATIVES TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES from each of the twenty congressional districts of the State;

STATE SENATORS from each of the following twenty senatorial districts of the State: First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-third, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-ninth, Thirty-first, Thirty-third, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-ninth;

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the eighty assembly districts of the State;

JUDICIAL OFFICES—

For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court

Shall DOUGLAS L. EDMONDS be elected to the office for the term expiring January 1, 1949?

For Associate Justice, District Court of Appeal, First Appellate District, Division Two

Shall GEORGE A. STURTEVANT be elected to the office for the term expiring January 1, 1949?

For Presiding Justice, District Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division One

Shall FREDERICK W. HOUSER be elected to the office for the term expiring January 1, 1949?

For Associate Justice, District Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division One

Shall WILLIAM C. DORAN be elected to the office for the term expiring January 1, 1949?

For Presiding Justice, District Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division Two

Shall CHARLES CRAIL be elected to the office for the term expiring January 1, 1949?

For Associate Justice, District Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division Two

Shall WALTON J. WOOD be elected to the office for the term expiring January 1, 1949?

JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT in each of the following respective counties of the State, the number of judges to be elected and the terms thereof being as follows:

KERN One (Full Term)

LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Eight

LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Nine

LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Thirteen

LOS ANGELES—One (Full Term) Office Number Fifteen

STANISLAUS One (Full Term)

ALSO, such other state and county, township, district, or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, and initiative and referendum measures as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

And I do hereby offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of title four, part one of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed hereto this third day of October, 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

...LIFORNIA

966 1042

Proclamation
Oct 6 — 1936
Gen. Pulaski

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 6 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The name of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski has become familiar to all historians interested in the heroic achievements of the founders and builders of our Republic. After serving with distinction in Poland where he was born and reared, he came to America in response to a desire to assist in the establishment of the principles of liberty and justice among men.

Having joined the Revolutionary forces as a Private, he quickly arose to a position of leadership because of his personal and professional qualifications. Recommended by Benjamin Franklin and commissioned by Congress, he became the first Commander of the American Cavalry under the generalship of George Washington. Wounded during the siege of Savannah on October 9, 1779, he died two days later and was buried at sea, thus making the supreme sacrifice at the age of thirty-one in order that a free government for free people might be formed.

In view of his unselfish service and in consideration of his courageous deeds, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim October eleventh as "Pulaski Memorial Day" in California and urge all our people to become acquainted with the biography of this distinguished character.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 5th day of October, A. D., 1936.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

96043

Proclamation
Navy Day
Oct 6 - 1936

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 6 - 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

During the past fourteen years Navy Day has developed into an annual occasion of great importance. Through exercises held on October twenty-seventh, the anniversary of the birth of Theodore Roosevelt, our people honor the memory of the man whose policies stimulated general interest in naval requirements and won for him national distinction. At the same time, they pay tribute to the many heroes of the sea whose participation in international affairs helped to make our country a great Republic.

The American Navy founded in October, 1775, by the Continental Congress, has grown in size and importance along with other governmental divisions until today it merits and commands the respect of the entire world. While it is a national agency of protection it is, by virtue of the same quality, an instrument of peaceful progress.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim October twenty-seventh as "Navy Day" in this Commonwealth and urge that it be observed in a manner commensurate with its significance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of October, A. D., 1936.

[illegible]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

968 1044
Governors Proclamation

Executive Department
State of California

OCT 20 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]

PROCLAMATION

The past quarter of a century has been one of the most important periods in the history of American education.

During that time many new methods and instrumentalities of instruction have been discovered and used to the increasing benefit of our children and young people. Teachers trained in both private and public colleges, have definitely learned that sympathetic understanding and mutual confidence are essential qualities of all constructive and progressive educational processes. Splendid school plants have been built and equipped with scientific and literary facilities to an extent that universally commands the respect and loyalty of students and encourages the appreciation and cooperation of parents.

Accordingly education has become a great community and state enterprise in which one and all may participate with equal pleasure and advantage.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do proclaim the period between November Ninth and Fifteenth as Education week in California and urge all our people to become better acquainted with the personnel and work of our schools.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of October, A. D. 1936.

[illegible]
Governor.

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

969 1045

American Red Cross

Proclamation

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 30 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The annual Roll Call of the American Red Cross is an event sufficiently challenging to enlist the interest and active support of all our people.

This association is now engaged in reducing the appalling loss of life through preventable accidents, in providing relief for victims of disasters, in promoting welfare work with the Veterans and enlisted men of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard. In addition, the various Chapters in the Pacific States are maintaining Highway Emergency First Aid Stations and mobile First Aid units, thus making quickly available the services of trained personnel in emergencies. Moreover, many important policies are being outlined and measures adopted in connection with a general program of public health. Accordingly the Red Cross merits the loyal support and cordial cooperation of all our people.

In view of the work accomplished and the purposes of this national organization, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period between November 11th and 26th as Red Cross days in California and urge all who can to enroll quickly and enthusiastically.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this thirtieth day of October one thousand nine hundred thirty six, A. D.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

9701046

Armistice Day
Proclamation

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV - 4 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Eighteen years ago on the eleventh of November when the guns of the war ceased firing great enthusiasm broke the tension that had gripped the world for more than four years. Men, women and children everywhere began to rejoice and to express their gratitude by participating in celebrations unparalleled in the history of mankind. That sentiment still lives.

During the years that have passed since the close of that conflict, which was a clash of ideas as well as of arms, a sincere effort has been made on our part to live peaceably with our neighbors. We have endeavored to re-engage in the ordinary pursuits of normal living, hopeful of our ability, because of the lessons learned in the recent difficulty, to adjust our problems in an amicable and diplomatic manner.

We have not forgotten those who carried the responsibilities and burdens of the war. Appreciating their services and sacrifices, at home and abroad, we approach this season of the year in a spirit of prayerful solicitude, directing our thought particularly toward those who still suffer the wounds of war to the end that we may "follow after the things which make for peace."

In order that we may be conscious of our duty in these matters, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim Wednesday, November eleventh, as "Armistice Day" in this State and urge all to observe it in an attitude of patriotic loyalty.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty six, A. D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [signature]
Deputy

9711047

Thanksgiving Day
Proclamation
Nov 26 — 1936

FILED

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Instituted by the Pilgrims and first set aside as a national holiday by Abraham Lincoln, the observance of Thanksgiving is the only religious festival held in the United States by virtue of a proclamation of the civil government. Enjoying the results of more than three centuries of unprecedented growth, with harvests sufficiently varied and abundant to meet our physical needs, we deeply appreciate this custom which allows the individual to worship God, the Giver of all good things, in his own way.

In this season of the year we rejoice in the thought that life does not consist in the abundance of the things we possess but rather in our attitude toward others in receiving that which they freely offer and in supplying that which they greatly need. This exchange of courtesies and commodities has made us a neighborly people happy in our social and spiritual attainments. We are glad that the kindly consideration of a Divine Father has sustained us in times of hard difficulty and that His solicitous concern for our welfare has strengthened our loyalty even in times of great distress.

Appreciative of this relationship and invoking His continued blessing we move forward with renewed determination in our efforts to be worthy of His generous benefactions.

In order that we may perpetuate this important American tradition, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Thursday, November twenty-sixth as "Thanksgiving Day" in California and urge all to assemble in their accustomed places of worship for prayer, meditation and thanksgiving.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this sixth day of November, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

9 7 1048

Universal Bible Sunday

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 24 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The observance of Universal Bible Sunday is one of the most important events in the church calendar.

Through appropriate religious services attention is called to the significance of the bible in moulding public opinion, establishing moral standards and determining spiritual ideals. As a record of the common struggles of men in their relationship with God and with each other it encourages the disheartened, brings cheer to the disconsolate and gives hope to all. Its portrayal of the lives of great characters has always inspired its readers to seek larger fields of unselfish service. Its presentation of the words and principles of Jesus Christ has revealed the nature and purposes of God to men of all races, colors and creeds.

Accordingly, this sacred Book is recognized as an instrument of human progress. For more than three centuries our people have tried to follow its precepts in a spirit of loyal devotion. Upon this foundation we have built our civilization.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim December sixth as Bible Sunday in California to the end that we may become more familiar through study and meditation with the meaning and contents of the Scriptures.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 23rd day of November, A. D., 1936.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: _____
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

FILED

State

Executive Department
State of California

By [illegible] Deputy

PROCLAMATION

The year which is just coming to a close will long be remembered as a period of growth and expansion. Individuals with conviction and courage have accepted new responsibilities. They have learned to assume in larger measure the obligations of leadership imposed by the needs and aspirations of a constantly changing civilization.

In keeping with these high standards of mutual helpfulness, the Happy New Year Dinner Club is attempting to make the first day of the year a time of neighborly solicitude. Those interested in rendering friendly service are invited to provide a suitable dinner for some person who might otherwise fail to enjoy the occasion. Such a plan helps to translate our New Year's resolutions into effective human service. They become at once helpful and practical.

Accordingly, I cordially invite all our people to participate in this far-reaching program to the end that all may enjoy a happy introduction to the year just ahead.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 29th day of December, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

9 14 1050

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 12 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The President's annual Birthday Ball to be held on January thirtieth has assumed the proportions of a national institution. Community leaders throughout the nation have responded to the challenge of combating the menace of infantile paralysis by joining the chief executive of our nation in contributing and soliciting funds to be used in the prevention and cure of this disease.

The entertainment provides an appropriate method of appealing to people everywhere for support of this movement and at the same time furnishes a means of neighborly association. Such a social occasion provides good fellowship which under the commanding ideal of a desire to serve creates a spirit of good will toward those unfortunate enough to be deprived of the full use of the body through paralysis.

Quite aside from its altruistic benefits the anniversary celebration will serve as a medium through which we can offer our cordial congratulations and extend our sincere felicitations to our President in an acceptable and practical way.

Accordingly, the benefits resulting from a large number of entertainments held simultaneously can be measured in terms of both material and spiritual values.

In view of these sentiments, now therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, January thirtieth, as "The President's Anniversary Day" in California to the end that all may participate in a work worthy of our greatest concern.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th Day of January, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

971051

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JAN 14 1937

____ o'clock ___ M.

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

In accordance with the customs of the past four years the National Conference of Jews and Christians is again sponsoring the observance of Brotherhood Days on Saturday and Sunday, the twentieth and twenty-first of February.

This movement is of great importance because of the sharp contrast that it brings to mind. While tendencies appear to be developing in other parts of the world to suppress or to regiment the religious opinions of individuals, we encourage every man and woman to respond to the guidance of conscience. Our way of life not only guarantees religious liberty to each individual but demands respect for the other man's viewpoint.

It is, therefore, eminently fitting that a definite period should be set apart to stress this ideal. I trust that the citizens of California will assemble in their various houses of worship and that followers of all religious faiths will cooperate wherever possible in union services to further this fine American ideal.

In keeping with these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim February twentieth and twenty-first as "Brotherhood Days" in this Commonwealth.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 14th day of January, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank [illegible]
Secretary of State

By [illegible]

976
1052

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JAN 15 1937

____ o'clock ___ M.

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 15

Pertaining to European Corn Borer

Effective on and after December 18, 1936

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that a dangerous insect pest known as European corn borer (Pyrausta nubilalis Hubn.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in the states of Connecticut, Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin, all of which are included and hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that corn and broom corn (including all parts of the stalk); all sorghums; Sudan grass; Lima and green shell beans in the pod; beets with tops; and rhubarb are liable to be carriers of said European corn borer into the State of California;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said European corn borer (Pyrausta nubilalis Hubn.) into the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against the said European corn borer and all stalks, ears, cobs or other parts or debris (except seed and shelled grain free from fragments of cob and other plant debris) of corn, broom corn, sorghums of Sudan grass; Lima beans in the pod, green shell beans in the pod (of the variety known as cranberry or horticultural); beets with tops; and rhubarb, imported, shipped or brought from said infested territory, and none of the articles or commodities as quarantined against in this order shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Each shipment or lot of stalks, ears, cobs or other parts or debris (except seed and shelled grain free from fragments of cob and other plant debris) of corn, broom corn, sorghums or Sudan grass from the said infested territory must be accompanied by a certificate signed by an inspector of the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine of the United States Department of Agriculture, certifying that the material contained in the lot or shipment has been disinfected or treated under supervision of such

inspector in such a manner as to eliminate all risk of transmitting European corn borer.

Provision 2. Each shipment or lot of Lima beans in the pod, green shell beans in the pod (of the variety known as cranberry or horticultural); beets with tops; and rhubarb from the said infested territory must be accompanied by a certificate signed by an inspector of the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine of the United States Department of Agriculture certifying that the material contained in the lot or shipment has been inspected and found free from infestation by the European corn borer or has been disinfected or treated under supervision of an inspector in such a manner as to eliminate all risk of transmitting such infestation.

Provision 3. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of seed or shelled grain free from fragments of cob and other plant debris of corn, broom corn, sorghums or Sudan grass.

Any and all of the articles or commodities quarantined against in this proclamation arriving in California from the said infested territory and not properly certified shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing provisions shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamations or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this Proclamation.

The foregoing provisions do not apply to experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 15 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 15 (New Series) issued March 7, 1933, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: DEC 18 1936

977/1053

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JAN 22 1937

at ____ o'clock ____ M.

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

By ____
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The observance of Founder's Day by the National Congress of Parents and Teachers during the past twenty-five years has enlisted the interest and support of the membership of this important organization. Through appropriate exercises the local associations have been able to present the work of the National Congress to the public in a manner worthy of general approval and by so doing they have developed an appreciative attitude toward the services rendered by the officials.

Under the guidance of their leadership parents and teachers have worked together in community enterprises for the common good of our schools. They have outlined objectives, conducted projects and assisted in the formulation of measures and policies to the benefit of our children and young people.

Accordingly, it is fitting that we give official recognition to the Congress by setting aside a time for consideration of its contributions to our Commonwealth.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Wednesday, February seventeenth as "Founder's Day of the National Congress of Parents and Teachers" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 22nd day of January, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. [illegible]
Governor of [illegible]nia

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

978 1054

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JAN 26 1937

o'clock M.

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

As rains continue in the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys causing the rivers to reach the highest levels in history, more than four hundred thousand persons are forced to abandon their homes suffering the hardships of freezing weather and raging blizzards.

To meet this great emergency the National Red Cross is in need of additional funds. Food, clothing, bedding and other necessary supplies must be sent into the devastated areas. Three hundred and fifty nurses are now in the field engaged in a strenuous battle against the outbreak of an epidemic of disease. They should have our loyal support.

The State and local Red Cross Chapters are urged by the National Association to raise an amount of money in keeping with the requirements of this unparalleled situation. This problem should be considered an individual and neighborly responsibility. It offers opportunity to do unto others as we would have them do unto us under similar circumstances.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby urge our people to cooperate with others in all parts of our country in rendering aid to the victims of this unusual disaster.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of January, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Secretary of State

By
Assistant Secretary of State

979 1055

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 11 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In the course of human progress it is well for us to give indication of our faith in the future. It would seem that this could best be accomplished by utilizing the cooperative influences of nature. California is known throughout the world as the land of sunshine and flowers. The natural beauty of our State can be enhanced by planting seeds and bulbs of flowering plants, and setting out a wide variety of trees and shrubs. This is possible because of the natural fertility of our soil, the conservation of our water supply and our ideal, varied climatic conditions.

Gardening forms a sound and profitable pleasure. The efforts of the gardener are not only a source of great satisfaction to himself and those associated with him, but are of inspirational value to whomsoever may chance to see the results of his efforts.

Gardening possesses both vocational and avocational values. Through this medium good citizenship is promoted, civic pride and betterment are developed. It appears to be axiomatic that the garden lover is invariably a good citizen.

In view of these sentiments and because March seventh is Arbor Day in this State, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week of March first to seventh as "Planting Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 11th day of February, A. D., 1937.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

9801053

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 13 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

It is eminently fitting that we honor the memory of Susan B. Anthony on this, the anniversary of her birth. Such tribute shows not only our recognition and appreciation of her leadership in the field of social progress, but in so doing we encourage the present generation to carry forward the work she so nobly pioneered.

Susan B. Anthony's greatest contribution to the progress of civilization was the stand she made against prejudice, custom and tradition in her support of the doctrine of equal rights for women. The 19th Amendment to the Constitution will ever stand as an enduring monument to the memory of this remarkable woman.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, hereby designate February fifteenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, as Susan B. Anthony Day within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of February, A. D., 1937.

[signature]
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[signature]
Secretary of State

By: [signature]
Deputy

98/1057

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 13 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Patriotic societies and organizations have designated the days commencing with the birthday of Abraham Lincoln, to and including that of George Washington, as "National Defense Period." There is no more appropriate season for the study, consideration and encouragement of American ideals.

These two great leaders were proponents of certain fundamental American principles involving the rights and liberties of the people.

George Washington, our first President, referred to in history as the "Father of our Country," believed in the inalienable rights of people. He and his associates established a representative form of government which has come down to us through the years with all the opportunities for individual achievement. Abraham Lincoln, commonly referred to as the "Great Emancipator" extended those rights to all our citizenry, irrespective of race or color, and unified a then divided Nation.

May we, during this period, refresh our minds with the glorious traditions of the past. It is imperative that we advocate a constructive program to promote the peace and security of the Nation by supporting such preparedness as will guarantee protection against international crises and entanglements from without and against subversive influences from within.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, declare the period February twelfth to twenty-second as "National Defense Period" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 12th day of February, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

105 ~~984~~ 982

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 18 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 18

Pertaining to Satin Moth

Effective on and after February 10, 1937

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to poplar and willow trees, known as the satin moth (Stilpnotia salicis Linn.) new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in several states of the United States, and that all varieties and species of poplar and willow trees and parts thereof are known to be carriers of this insect.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of the satin moth into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California, against all species and varieties of poplar (Populus) and willow (Salix) trees or parts thereof capable of propagation, imported, shipped or brought from the hereinafter described infested area, and no trees or parts thereof as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions.

Provision 1. Infested Area.

Connecticut: Entire State.

Maine: Entire state.

Massachusetts: Entire state.

New Hampshire: Entire state.

Oregon: Counties of Benton, Clackamas, Clatsop, Columbia, Linn, Marion, Multnomah, Polk, Washington and Yamhill.

Rhode Island: Entire state.

Vermont: Entire state.

Washington: Counties of Clallam, Clark, Cowlitz, Gray's

Harbor, Island, Jefferson, King, Kitsap, Lewis, Mason, Pacific, Pierce, San Juan, Skagit, Skamania, Snohomish, Thurston, Wahkiakum and Whatcomb.

Provision 2. Poplar or willow trees or parts thereof capable of propagation, arriving in California from the said infested area in the states of Oregon or Washington, shall be refused admittance unless each such shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the authorized inspection official of the state of origin certifying that all of the poplar and willow trees or parts thereof capable of propagation in said shipment were grown outside of the said infested area and that same, while in the said infested area, were stored in a storage in which no poplar or willow trees or parts thereof from the said infested territory had been stored.

Provision 3. Any and all poplar or willow trees or parts thereof capable of propagation, arriving in this state from the said infested area shall, except as authorized in Provision 2 hereof, be refused admittance and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Deputies of the Director of Agriculture and State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this proclamation.

This proclamation shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

DATED: FEB 10 1937

983 1053

A A BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 18 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

QUARANTINE NO. 14, REVISED

Pertaining to Peach Mosaic Disease

Effective on and after January 11, 1937

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an injurious plant disease not generally distributed in California and known as peach mosaic, exists in certain areas of the United States hereinafter described and known as infected area, and that all peach and nectarine trees or parts of these trees for or capable of propagation, except fruit pits, are liable to be carriers of this disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction into and spread within the State of California of the said peach mosaic disease, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against all peach and nectarine trees or parts of these trees for or capable of propagation, except fruit pits, grown in or imported, shipped or brought from the hereinafter described infected area, and no such possible carriers of this disease as quarantined against in this Proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Infected area:

Arizona: Coconino County - that part lying south of Highway 66.

Colorado: Counties of Garfield, Mesa and Montezuma.

New Mexico: Counties of Bernalillo, Dona Ana, Lincoln, Otero, Rio Arriba, Sandoval, Santa Fe, Sierra, Socorro and Valencia.

Texas: Counties of Bexar, Bowie, Brown, Callahan, Childress, Comanche, Eastland, El Paso, Fayette, Grayson, Kerr, Limestone, Lipscomb, Palo Pinto, San Saba, Smith, Stephens, Wheeler, Wichita and Willbarger.

Utah: Counties of Grand and Washington.

Provision 2. Regulated Products: All peach and nectarine trees or parts of these trees for or capable of propagation, except fruit pits.

Provision 3. Conditions Governing Entry: Entry into California by any means whatsoever of the said regulated products from any part of the said infected area shall be permitted only when same are accompanied by a certificate issued by an authorized inspector of the state of origin, as described in the following provision.

Provision 4. Issuance of Certificates: Certificate must accompany each lot or shipment of regulated products from the infected area and must establish the fact that for a period of at least one year previous to date of shipment peach mosaic disease has not been found or known to occur within five miles of the nursery or premises on which the regulated products were grown or from which they were shipped, or from the source of budding wood used in the propagation of such nursery stock. Apparent freedom from disease within this five mile safety zone to be determined by a careful and competent inspection by State or Federal inspectors of all peach and nectarine plantings within such five mile zone, inspection to be made each summer prior to June 20.

Any said regulated products arriving in California from the said infected territory not certified in accordance with the provisions of this Proclamation shall be refused admittance into this state and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The entry into this state of any of the said regulated products shall be further subject to the provisions of any other Quarantine Proclamation or ruling now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

The foregoing does not apply to experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this Proclamation.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 14, Revised, supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 14, issued March 7, 1936, and shall take effect immediately.

R. W. Bunk
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: JAN 11 1937

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR - 2 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
By [illegible] Secretary of State
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Nature speaks a universal language and creates an environment to which people everywhere respond with enthusiasm.

In the observance of the annual Conservation Week our attention will be called to many general activities urging the conservation of the natural resources of our great State.

Clubs and organizations will focus our attention on, and emphasize the values derived from the development of an adequate program for the preservation and the wisely regulated use of our natural resources. In dedicating ourselves to the course of true conservation we must aid in the prevention of forest fires; increase the recreational and educational use of national, state and county parks; cooperate with the Federal Government in the protection and propagation of fish and game; perpetuate our native plants, shrubs, wild flowers and encourage reforestation; maintain the fertility of our farm lands and at the same time provide protection against soil erosion, obnoxious weeds and pests; conserve the water resources by the preservation of watershed cover and the economic uses and storage of water; continue and extend the research work relative to the location and indexing of our mineral deposits; and adopt the necessary measures to further control the wasteful exploitation of our gas and oil reserves.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the time between March seventh and fourteenth as "Conservation Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth in order that we may give proper attention to the many natural advantages of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd of March, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

1851061

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 8 - 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

It is appropriate that we give official recognition to a movement initiated by the business and professional women of California, on behalf of the equality of opportunity for women.

Adopting as their slogan for 1937, "The Business Woman as a Citizen," they are striving to make good citizenship more effective by improving personal, business and community relationships through the medium of mutual understanding and helpfulness.

In the realm of national affairs the business women are sponsoring a constructive program in the interest of improving educational opportunities and facilities; advocating the ratification of the Child Labor Amendment; and recommending the extension of the merit system in Federal and State employment.

In promoting these worthy and desirable objectives, it is appropriate that the citizens of California be requested to aid this laudable program and, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby declare March fourteenth to twentieth as "Business Women's Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 6th day of March, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

976 1062

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 9 - 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION
(TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT)

I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim and order that a special election shall be held on the 4th day of May, 1937, in the Tenth Congressional District of this State, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Henry E. Stubbs in the office of Representative to the Congress of the United States from the Tenth Congressional District of this State, for the unexpired portion of the term thereof, ending on January 3, 1939.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part 1, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000.00).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this ninth day of March, 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

Attest Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

27 1063

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 2 5 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In order that Good Friday be observed in an appropriate manner, may each Californian, in his own religious way, spend a portion of the day in reflective meditation and thoughtful devotion.

May we focus our attention on, and give careful consideration to, the meaning and interpretation of the words - FORGIVENESS, SALVATION, AFFECTION, ANGUISH, SUFFERING, VICTORY and CONTENTMENT - spoken by Jesus on the Cross.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim March twenty-sixth as "Good Friday" within the limits of our Commonwealth and urge the proper recognition of this day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 25th day of March, 1937, A. D.



Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

By
Deputy Secretary of State

1064

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 26 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Science is making a great contribution to the welfare of our people in its research and improved methods in the care and prevention of cancer.

May all of us cooperate with state and national organizations in their educational campaign launched recently under the slogan "Early cancer is curable, fight it with knowledge." The records show that a large number of citizens die each year from cancer. Competent authorities advise that a large percentage of this group might have been saved for happy and useful lives had they sought treatment when the danger signals first appeared.

In view of these facts, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, March twenty-seventh as "Cancer Prevention and Control Day" within the limits of our Commonwealth.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 26th day of March, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By
Deputy Secretary of State

989 1065

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR - 7 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State
By [illegible] Deputy

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Nature's plan would be thrown out of balance and our lands would become an arid waste, without the services of animals and birds.

In the annual observance of "Be Kind to Animals Week" may we direct the thoughts and actions of our people toward a deeper appreciation and a better understanding of these allies of mankind.

As our educational program instills within the minds and hearts of our people a kindlier feeling toward all living creatures, we will gradually need to give less time to protective legislation.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim April eleventh to seventeenth as "Be Kind to Animals Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 7th day of April, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1066

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 1 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The Presidents of the twenty-one American Republics have designated Wednesday, April 14, as "Pan American Day." The people of California are happy to join in an international celebration to foster the continuation of this splendid movement. By so doing we establish a commemorative symbol of the sovereignty of the American nations. In the observance of this day may we all unite in an effort to further establish this continental community.

As civilization advances, modern inventions minimize the distance between the countries of the world. In the same proportion this distance, represented in terms of elapsed time between the nations of our own continent, is reduced to hours and minutes. This more intimate relationship embraces the desirability of promoting a proper spirit of good will and understanding among these republics.

In view of these sentiments and as an effort in behalf of peace through understanding, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim April fourteenth as "Pan American Day" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 10th day of April, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

1067

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 14 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

It is fitting that we honor the memory of William Shakespeare on the anniversary of his birth, by proclaiming the twenty-third day of April as "Poetry and Drama Day."

In our quest for a finer appreciation of the values which come from individual expression, may we on this day, give proper recognition and consideration to the many authors and players who have contributed to the happiness as well as the cultural development of our people.

In an effort to stimulate our thoughts and actions to a full realization of these objectives, it is hoped that the various interested organizations will observe this occasion with appropriate exercises.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Friday, the twenty-third day of April, as "Poetry and Drama Day" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fourteenth day of April, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

942 1068

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 19 1937

5 o'clock P M.

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

A constructive program to encourage good health habits on the one hand and for the prevention of accidents on the other, which is being sponsored by interested organizations and working in conjunction with the safety and healthful living departments of our public schools, is worthy of commendation. Its many accomplishments to date, have been the result of a purposeful campaign.

Good health is the result of both hereditary and environmental influences. Experience has proven the value of the practical application of the old adage "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." Unfortunately, carelessness and negligence continue to be responsible for a large percentage of the accidents in industry, on our streets and highways and within our homes.

Adequate protection against the loss occasioned by accidents and sickness is a goal which merits our consideration and support. Accordingly, it behooves us to encourage, cooperate and assist in this humanitarian program.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, [illegible] Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim April twenty-sixth to thirtieth, inclusive, as "Accident and Health Week" in California and urge all of our citizens to cooperate in this splendid movement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this nineteenth day of April, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By
Deputy Secretary of State

9731069

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 20 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State
By [illegible]
Deputy

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Because of the importance of the restaurant industry, the week beginning May third will be observed throughout our Nation as "National Restaurant Week."

This industry ranks fifth in importance in the Nation and is conspicious for its efforts in the scientific preparation of food, for high standards of sanitation and for the efficient and convenient service to its many patrons. It is significant that restaurants are the third largest employers of labor in the Nation and, in addition to this, pay a greater percentage of their income for wages, than any other retail industry.

In view of these considerations, and in recognition of the influence this industry has upon the physical, social and economic welfare of our country, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim May third to ninth, inclusive, as "National Restaurant Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twentieth day of April, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

1070

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 21 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The week beginning with the twenty-sixth day of April marks the eighteenth annual observance of "Public Schools Week."

The remarkable increase in public interest during the seventeen years of this observance, constitutes the best evidence of how close the schools are to the people of California, and how close the people, in turn are to our schools--the most cherished of our American institutions.

The welfare of public education and educational progress in any community depends on an intelligent understanding of the educational needs and problems. The success of our educational program however, is measured by the results obtained in interpreting the experiences of life to the youth of our land, and the degree to which it places the proper emphasis on the necessary character qualities, which, in the final analysis, are the fundamental factors in worthy citizenship.

May we during this week, give the necessary impetus to this movement to the end that our interest in this program continue each week in the school year.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim April twenty-sixth to thirtieth, inclusive, as "Public Schools Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth and urge the citizens of each community to visit their public schools.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-first day of April, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

77-1071

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 22 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as the future of the people of California and of their government depends upon the health and welfare of their children, it is fitting for us to give proper consideration to those things which influence the child's normal growth and development.

The health of the present generation is our first responsibility and our greatest asset. A balanced program developing the physical, mental and moral attributes, is essential to the preservation of our society and of our institutions of government.

Sound minds directing the activities of strong bodies and inspired with worthy ambitions, are necessary in mastering the problems which the youth of today must face in assuming the responsibilities of citizenship.

In accordance with the custom observed throughout the Nation and in order that the people of California may remember the importance of protecting its children's health, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Saturday, May first, as "Child Health Day" and urge its observance throughout the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-second day of April, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

9961072

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 27 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The annual observance of Music Week has become a well established custom throughout our nation.

In adopting the slogan "Foster Local Music Talent" an attempt is being made to encourage individual and group participation in the various types of musical expression.

Increasingly Music Week observance is being used to focus public attention upon musical activities in the community and to launch year-round musical projects. This movement is a voluntary manifestation of the public's interest in music and reflects the desire of friends to advance the art as a cultural contribution to the education of the individual and the community, and to spread enjoyment of music more widely among the general public.

May this week serve as a stimulus to a greater interest and a more intelligent appreciation of music.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the second day of May, as "National Music Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-seventh day of April, A. D. nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

997 1073

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 28 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Mother's Day is recognized as one of the most impressive days of the year because it is observed in honor of that unselfish and sympathetic personality whose patience and counsel was invaluable to each of us during the experiences of childhood, youth and the later years.

The emblem of Mother's Day, through the universal language and beauty of a flower, a Carnation, is expressive of an ideal and is associated throughout the world with the name, "Mother."

On this day, some of us will be fortunate enough to wear a red carnation and by so doing will have an opportunity to express our appreciation in a tangible manner. Others of us will be privileged only to wear a white carnation and have the pleasant memories of that kind and understanding personality to whom we refer as "The Best Mother Who Ever Lived."

In an effort to emphasize the significance of this day and as a reminder of the many features included in the Mother's Day program such as The Letter, The Carnation, The Memory Tree and The Home Pilgrimage, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, the ninth day of May, as "Mother's Day" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-eighth day of April, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1074

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 29 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In recognition of the importance of the asparagus industry in the State of California, it is fitting that during the week beginning the sixteenth day of May, we call attention to its growth and development and the significance of one of our basic agricultural commodities.

During the past ten years the acreage devoted to the raising of asparagus has been greatly increased in the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys. It has expanded from 18,007 acres to the present producing area of 80,159 acres and an estimated production for this year of 4,028,790 boxes each weighing 40 pounds.

Ninety per cent of the nation's production of this commodity is grown and processed in California. The industry contributes to a vast amount of employment in the care, harvest and canning of the annual crop.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the sixteenth day of May as "Asparagus Week" within the limits of our Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-ninth day of April, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

999 1075

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY - 4 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State
By [illegible] Deputy

PROCLAMATION

The progress of the last one-hundred years in the social and economic development of America has been signally marked by the evolution of the institution of life insurance. It is, therefore, appropriate that we in California cooperate in the observance of life insurance week, and in this way focus public attention upon the achievements of so great a movement.

Coincident with the tremendous strides that the people of our State have made in recent years has been a growing tendency toward thrift and security. No index to this trend is more noticeable than that which is demonstrated by the interest our people take in the employment of the facilities of the institution of life insurance in the solution of their individual and personal, social and economic programs. It is significant of our day when so much thought is given to the subject of security that a week should be set aside for the national observance of the achievements of this institution.

By providing financial resources at the time of greatest need for the insured or his beneficiaries, life insurance has made it possible for our people to work out their own economic stability and security. It is inspiring to know that so great a proportion of our people have availed themselves of these opportunities.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the seventeenth day of May as "Life Insurance Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven. A. D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

by: [illegible]
Deputy

1076

/000

1000

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 11 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The fourteenth day of May, nineteen hundred and thirty seven marks the one hundred fiftieth anniversary of the first meeting of the convention in Independence Hall, assembled to consider and adopt the Constitution of these United States of America.

In view of the significance of this historic event, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby request that on Friday, the fourteenth day of May, the flag of the United States be properly displayed on public buildings, business houses and within our homes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this tenth day of May, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

R. [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

1001

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 15 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

The first International Conference for world peace was held at The Hague, May eighteen, eighteen hundred ninety-[illegible]. The thirty-eighth anniversary of this first conference has been designated as "World Goodwill Day."

Peace and Goodwill among the nations is the ideal toward which the leaders and the people of the various countries of the world strive continuously.

In an effort to further the realization of this ideal through mutual interest alike among the people of all faiths, races and nations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Tuesday, the eighteenth day of May "World Goodwill Day" within the limits of this commonwealth and urge the schools, churches, and other civic and educational organizations to observe this day in an appropriate manner.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 15th day of May, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]

1078

1002

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 18 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

In order that we perpetuate pioneer equestrian performances and love of horses, it is desirable that we lend encouragement to the development of skill in horsemanship among the high school students of today. Recognizing this fact the California Rodeo, Horse Fair and Stock Show is sponsoring elimination contests for girls throughout the state. The contestants are judged on both scholastic achievements and riding ability, the winners of each county contest competing in the annual state-wide contest held at the Rodeo in Salinas on the fourteenth and fifteenth days of July.

The final winner, together with her chaperone, will be given a personally conducted educational tour to many points of interest in Mexico. As the recipient of this honor the young lady becomes an ambassador of good will, carrying greetings to our neighboring country in the south.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning the fourteenth day of July as "Horsemanship Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth, and urge cooperation with the citizens of Salinas in their efforts to make this enterprise a success.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 18th day of May, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

1079

1003

1003

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 19 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The general balancing of International trade is an objective to which we strive continuously in International relationships and for which Foreign Trade Week adds a stimulus.

It is highly appropriate that the interest consistently manifested by the people of California in the interchange of commodities and services with other nations be emphasized in this way.

California, with its extensive coast line, excellent harbors ideally located with reference to world markets, and supported by vast productive agricultural areas, is interested in the development of foreign trade along lines consistent with sound economics. Established on a sound business basis, and conducted honestly and fairly, it also becomes a medium of international good will.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the seventeenth of May as "Foreign Trade Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 18th day of May, A. D., 1937.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

1004

1080

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAY 19 1937

o'clock M.

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

Memorial Day is one of the most significant and beautiful occasions of the year. It exemplifies the sentiment of the people toward those who labored and in many cases paid the supreme sacrifice, and teaches a valuable lesson in patriotism.

Established originally as an occasion for public honors to the soldiers and sailors who fell in the Civil War, it has come to have a more comprehensive meaning. It provides an appropriate time for quickening the pulse of our national pride, for recalling the debt of the past, for reviving the memories of our love and affection for departed relatives and friends, for visits to the graves of our cherished dead, and for pilgrimages to our national cemeteries.

To recall the human sacrifices of Antietam, Vicksburg, and Gettysburg should challenge our thoughts and inspire us toward carrying out the principles of "peace through understanding" advocated by a great leader some 5000 years ago.

In view of these sentiments, now therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the thirtieth day of May "Memorial Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this nineteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty seven, A. D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By
Deputy

1005

1081

1005

ENTERED

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 22 1937
o'clock M.
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 8 (REVISED)

Pertaining to Cherry Fruit Flies

Effective on and after April 20, 1937

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that either or both of two species of Trypetidae and known as cherry fruit flies (Rhagoletis cingulata and Rhagoletis fausta), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California exist in certain hereinafter described portions of the States of Oregon, Washington and Idaho, and that cherries are a host fruit and possible carrier of these insects:

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said cherry fruit flies (Rhagoletis cingulata and Rhagoletis fausta) into the State of California that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against all cherry fruits grown in, imported, shipped or brought from the States of Oregon, Washington and Idaho, and no cherry fruits as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Noninfested Area.

Oregon: Counties of Baker, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Hood River, Jackson, Josephine, Lake, Malheur, Umatilla, Wallowa and Wasco.

Washington: Counties of Adams, Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Douglas, Ferry, Franklin, Garfield, Grant, Kittitas, Klickitat, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pend Oreille, Stevens, Walla Walla and Yakima.

Idaho: Entire state except Benewah and Latah Counties.

Provision 2. Cherry fruits that have been grown in or shipped from those areas in Oregon, Washington or Idaho outside of the noninfested area as described in Provision 1 hereof are hereby prohibited entry into California for any purpose whatsoever.

Provision 3. Cherry fruits which have been grown, packed and stored in and shipped from the said noninfested area will be admitted into California provided each such lot or shipment from the said noninfested area is accompanied by a certificate signed by a duly authorized inspection official of the state of origin, setting forth the exact locality where the cherries were grown and packed, where stored, if stored, the name and address of the grower, the name and address of the shipper and the name and address of the person or firm in California to whom the cherries are consigned. A copy of each certificate shall be mailed in advance of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California.

Provision 4. Any and all lots or shipments of cherry fruits arriving in California in violation of the provisions of this proclamation shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or bailee.

The admissibility into the State of California of any cherry fruits covered by this proclamation shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamation or ruling now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this proclamation.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 8 (Revised) supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 8, issued June 8, 1933, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: APR 20 1937

1006

1082

1006

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 22 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 9 (REVISED)

Pertaining to Sweet Potato Weevil

Effective on and after May 11, 1937

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to sweet potato tubers and sweet potato plants, known as the sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the States of Florida and Texas; and in that portion of the State of Louisiana south of the south boundary of the parishes of Vernon, Rapides, Avoyelles and Concordia; and in certain counties of the State of Mississippi, to wit: Jackson, Harrison, Hancock, Pearl River, Amite, Pike, Jones, Jefferson Davis, and Lawrence; and in a certain county in the State of Alabama, to wit: Mobile; and in certain counties in the State of Georgia, to wit: Camden, Charlton, Decatur and Glynn; all of which being hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that sweet potato tubers and yams (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.) are liable to be carriers of said sweet potato weevil into districts otherwise free from said weevil;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of said sweet potato weevil into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against the said sweet potato weevil (Cylas formicarius, Fab.), sweet potato tubers and yams (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.), imported, shipped or brought from all states and districts of the United States and no such plants or tubers or parts thereof shall be permitted to pass over the quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Sweet potato tubers and yams (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, and morning glories (Ipomoea and Convolvulus spp.)

that have been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory are hereby prohibited entry into California for any purpose whatsoever and any such prohibited articles arriving in California from the said infested territory shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 2. Morning glory plants that are not grown or shipped from the said infested territory will be admitted into California without restriction under the provisions of this proclamation. Sweet potato tubers or yams (Ipomoea batatas) and parts thereof, and sweet potato plants, vines, cuttings, draws and slips, that have not been grown, packed or stored in the said infested territory will be admitted into California only upon compliance with the following conditions:

Each and every lot or shipment of material admissible under this provision shall bear an official certificate signed by the duly authorized inspection official of the State in which same originates establishing the fact that all the material contained in the lot or shipment was grown, packed and stored in a district free from sweet potato weevil. Such certificate shall state the number of packages in the shipment, where grown, the name and address of the grower, the name and address of the shipper, the point of shipment, the terminal point of delivery and the name and address of the consignee. A copy of such certificate shall be mailed by shipper, in advance of shipment, to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any and all lots or shipments of the articles enumerated in this provision arriving in California without the certificate as provided for shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing provisions shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamations or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to enforce all the provisions of this Proclamation.

This Revised Quarantine Proclamation No. 9 supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 9 (Revised), dated November 26, 1934, and shall take effect immediately.

W. W. Brant
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: MAY 11 1937

1007 1083

ENTER

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 24 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Service to humanity is a goal meriting our consideration and support.

To the end that this sentiment may be extended and made more inclusive, and in order that the citizens, and particularly the younger generation, may gain an inspiration from those who by their deeds and their devotion to community service have made it possible for the present generation to live a life almost free of famine, plague and war; the last week in May is designated as Community Service Week.

In this observance may our citizens memorialize those who have unselfishly devoted their lives to the service of mankind in religion, art, science and industry.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the twenty-third day of May as "Community Service Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge the citizens through the service clubs, churches, schools, and other civic organizations to dedicate themselves to the task of rendering community service that our people may receive the blessings of a united interest in public welfare.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty seven, A. D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By
Deputy

.008

1084

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 26 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In keeping with the sentiments of the people during the week previous to Memorial Day, the twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth days of May will be recognized throughout the nation as official poppy days.

During the past year 410,000 red paper poppies have been made in California Hospitals and will be sold by volunteer workers sponsored by patriotic organizations. All the revenue derived therefrom will be used to aid the disabled living. As these poppies commemorate the men who gave their lives in the world war, our individual participation becomes not only a patriotic privilege, it is a solemn obligation.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California do hereby proclaim the twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth days of May as "Poppy Days" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-fifth day of May, A. D., one thousand nine hundred thirty seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By
Deputy

1685

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN - 1 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

A constructive program of recreation including intelligent direction of leisure time activities is rapidly coming to be recognized as a part of governmental responsibility.

California is blessed with a great variety of natural resources for outdoor recreational activities and a temperate climate in which to enjoy them throughout the year. Boards of Education are making the school facilities available for use during the vacation periods. Cities and counties are cooperating in providing and equipping adequate public playgrounds , swimming pools, community centers and extra wilderness recreation areas. The State and the Nation are working together to protect the natural resources of our country for the present and future generations.

Only in recent years have we recognized the values derived from a balance recreation program which provides opportunities for normal growth and development, for individual expression and social adjustment, and for the wholesome enjoyment and enrichment of life in active participation under competent, professional leadership.

The problem of an adequate recreation program is not limited to the youth. Recognition must be given to the proper direction of the vast amount of leisure time resulting from shortened working hours and unemployment. It is necessary that the citizens inform themselves of the opportunities that are made available and use them to gain the needed relaxation and self-expression in both individual and group activities.

At this, the beginning of the vacation period, when approximately 1,500,000 children are being released from the supervision of our public schools, when the families are planning their vacation periods, it is desirable that all agencies respond to the challenge which this problem presents.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the twenty-first day of June "Public Recreation Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-seventh day of May, A.D., one thousand nine hundred thirty seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By [signature]
Deputy

1086

0101

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 11 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
Secretary of State

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The Continental Congress in session at Philadelphia on June 14, 1777 adopted a resolution making the Stars and Stripes the official flag of the United States of America. It is thereby fitting that we observe the anniversary of this historic day because of its rich tradition, and in order that we may more nearly appreciate its significance in stimulating loyalty to the fundamental principles of representative government.

The American flag, the symbol of national unity, signifies in its stripes the original membership of the American union and in its stars the present sisterhood of States. Under the inspiration of the ideals which this banner represents, men and women have sacrificed and suffered in order that the rights of humanity might be preserved.

May we at this time direct our thoughts and guide our actions to the full realization of the true meaning of the words when we salute the flag and repeat, "I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."

In view of these sentiments, now therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Monday the fourteenth day of June, Flag Day, within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty seven, A. D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By

Deputy

1087

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUL 2 - 1937
FRANK E. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

Independence Day is a National holiday set aside for patriotic demonstrations to celebrate the birthday of our Nation.

The American Revolution, originating as an expression of the Colonists against the principle "Taxation without representation", united and coordinated the ideas and ideals of the thirteen colonies, and resulted in the founding of a governmental control based upon human rights in representative government. The signing of the Declaration of Independence was an initial declaration to test a constitutional system, and a forward step in establishing the principles involving the rights of man.

May we, in the observance of this historic day, enter into the festive spirit of "A Glorious Fourth", yet temper our conduct, being ever mindful of the safety and welfare of our friends and associates, and pledge ourselves anew to the principles which have given each of us a birthright of freedom.

In view of these sentiments, and in recognition of our noble heritage to the end that our patriotism may find expression, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the Fourth of July, a holiday within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge that the flag of the United States be properly displayed on public buildings, on business houses and in our homes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this second day of July, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank E. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

1012 1088

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV. 1 0 1936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Agriculture

SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after November 10, 1936

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil exists in certain areas of the United States other than those now described in Provision 1 of Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, dated August 5, 1936, Provision 1 of said Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Provision 1. Infested Territory

Arizona: All that portion of Coconino County north of the Colorado River.

Colorado: Entire counties of Delta, Eagle, Garfield, Gunnison, Mesa, Moffat, Montezuma, Montrose, Rio Blanco, Routt, San Juan and Ouray.

Idaho: Entire state.

Nebraska: Entire counties of Box Butte, Dawes, Scotts Bluff and Sioux.

Nevada: Entire counties of Churchill, Clark, Douglas, Elko, Humboldt, Lincoln, Lyon, Mineral, Ormsby, Pershing, Storey, Washoe and White Pine.

Oregon: Entire counties of Baker, Harney, Jackson, Malheur and Union, and that portion of Josephine County north of a line drawn directly east and west through the southern limits of the town of Selma, Oregon.

South Dakota: All that portion of Fall River County known as Indian Township.

Utah: Entire state.

Wyoming: Entire state.

This Amendment No. 1 to Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 dated August 5, 1936, will take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: November 10, 1936

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 1 01936
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE

1089

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 10

Pertaining to Citrus White Flies

Effective on and after November 10, 1936

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect known as Dialeurodes citrifolii, Morgan, injurious to citrus trees and citrus plants, exists in the State of Florida; and that an insect known as citrus white fly (Dialeurodes citri, Ashm.), injurious to citrus trees, citrus plants, and other trees and plants exists in the states of Arkansas, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory; and that certain nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs and vines hereinafter specified, are known hosts or food plants or possible carriers of the above mentioned insects.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction into the state of California of Dialeurodes citrifolii and Dialeurodes citri, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the state of California in accordance with the provisions of section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against said Dialeurodes citrifolii and Dialeurodes citri, and against all the hereinafter specified nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines and cuttings thereof, imported, shipped or brought into the state of California from the said infested territory, and no Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, and no such nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines and cuttings thereof, as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. All the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof as specified in this provision, hosts or food plants of Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, and any other that may hereafter be declared a host, are hereby prohibited entry into the state of California from the said infested territory:

Ailanthus altissima (Tree of Heaven).
Allamanda nerifolia (Allamanda).
Choisya ternata (Mexican orange).

Citrus spp. (Orange, lemon, citron, grapefruit, kumquat, tangerine, and all other species cultivated in America.
Coffea spp. (Coffee).
Diospyros Kaki (Japanese Persimmon).
Diospyros virginiana (Common Persimmon).
Gardenia spp. (Cape jasmine, Cape jessamine or Gardenia).
Ixora spp. (Ixora).
Ligustrum spp. (Privets).
Melia spp. (China Tree or China Berry, Texas Umbrella, Pride of India).
Osmanthus americanus (Wild Olive or Devilwood).
Photinia arbutifolia (Toyon Christmas Berry).
Phyllanthus acidus (Otaheite gooseberry, West India gooseberry, Jimbling).
Prunus caroliniana (Mock orange).
Severinia buxifolia (Severinia).
Smilax spp. (Greenbriers).
Thea sinensis (Tea Plant).
Xanthoxylum clava-Herculis (Pepper wood, Prickly Ash).

Provision 2. All the following nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, as specified in this provision, possible carriers, when in foliage, of Dialeurodes citrifolii or Dialeurodes citri, are hereby prohibited entry into the State of California from the said infested territory unless same have been completely defoliated at point of origin:

Cephalanthus occidentalis (Button Bush).
Cinnamomum spp. (Camphor Tree, Cinnamon Tree, Cassia Bark Tree, Cassia Flower Tree).
Ilex spp. (English, American and all other Holly).
Jasminum spp. (Jessamine, Jasmine).
Lagerstroemia spp. (Crape Myrtle).
Laurus nobilis (Grecian Laurel or Sweet Bay).
Lonicera spp. (Honey-suckle).
Sapindus spp. (Soapberry, Wild China Tree).
Syringa spp. (Lilacs).
Viburnum spp. (Viburnum).

Provision 3. All shipments or lots of nursery stock, trees, shrubs, vines, plants or cuttings, permitted entry under Provision 2 hereof, must be held by common carrier agents at point of destination and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and released by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized State Plant Quarantine Officer.

Provision 4. Any and all shipments of nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines or cuttings thereof, arriving in the state of California from the said infested territory in violation of or not fully complying with the provisions of this quarantine, shall be immediately shipped out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The admissibility from the said infested territory into the state of California of any nursery stock, trees, plants, shrubs, vines, or cuttings thereof, as covered by the foregoing provisions,

shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamations or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this proclamation.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 10 supersedes Quarantine Order No. 10 (Revised), dated August 1, 1930, as amended March 7, 1933, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: November 10, 1936

1014 1090

Aug 2, 1937.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 2 - 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

In order that the people of California may give recognition to the petroleum industry, the public spirited leaders and civic organizations of Kern County are sponsoring the Pacific Oil Show and Black Gold Festival, to be held in Taft, California, September 16 to 19 inclusive, of this year.

The petroleum industry, together with its affiliated products, constitutes one of the major industries of this great Commonwealth. In this industrial and mechanical age we must think, not only in terms of the present, but must anticipate our needs for the future, and plan accordingly.

The future economic and financial structure of the Nation at large, and the State of California in particular, depends upon a planned program that will provide for the conservation of our natural resources and for the elimination of the needless exploitation of our petroleum reserves.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the eighteenth and nineteenth days of September, one thousand nine hundred and thirty seven, "BLACK GOLD FESTIVAL DAYS," within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-ninth day of July, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

1015 NTERF

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 27 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

The Constitution of the United States, formulated one [illegible] years ago, has attracted the attention of people throughout the civilized world, largely because of its success as a working instrument of government.

While the original Constitution was the outcome of the collaborations of a relatively small number of men, it is the result of centuries of English parliamentary government modified by over a century and a half of American experience in representative government.

Originating as the organic law of thirteen colonies, largely agricultural in interest, its fundamental issues were so well defined that it has been found adequate to cope with the situations which a highly industrialized nation presents without changing the original concepts. For this reason it has been necessary to make relatively few alterations or additions.

The success of this document is attested by the fact that it successfully guided the destinies of our nation through territorial adjustment and expansion, through years of social and racial prejudices attempted to disrupt the unity of the nation, and through the period of mechanical and industrial development when the social and economic structure of our great nation was challenged almost to the breaking point. Throughout all these varied experiences the fundamental ideas and ideals of its original framers have been preserved.

In appreciation of the heritage of our forefathers and under the guidance of this tested element of representative government, we view the accomplishments and achievements of the past with pride, and look to the future with confidence.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the seventeenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven, "Constitution Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge the schools, churches, civic and fraternal organizations to conduct appropriate exercises on this, the sesquicentennial anniversary of the Constitution of the United States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-fifth day of August, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1092
1016

1016

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP - 1 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

[illegible]

[illegible] the Constitution [illegible]

[illegible] local community, state and nation, have been borne with honor by the newspaper publishers. California may well regard with pride the inspiration and leadership which has been her heritage from her newspaper editors, dating back to the gold rush days of '49.

[illegible] of the founders of the State, the title and the nation, [illegible]

In recognition of the faithful performance of the duty to the public they serve, now, therefore, I, Frank [illegible], Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the [illegible] with the 4th day of October one thousand nine [illegible] week" within the limits of [illegible] all of our people to give considera- [illegible] service given California by her news-

[illegible]

caused the great seal of the State of California [illegible] this 1st day of September, A.D. one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1093

1017

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP - 1 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

It is altogether fitting that the people of [illegible] observance of Golf Week on the 9th day of October of this year.

[illegible] contributed much to the [illegible] is a matter of recorded [illegible]. All these accomplishments combine to form a lofty [illegible] perpetuation, both by present and [illegible].

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, [illegible], Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven, "Golf Week" in this State and urge the people to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies.

[illegible] I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of [illegible] to be affixed this 30th [illegible], A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible] of California

By: Frank C. Jordan

1084

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP - 1 1937,
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

The progress and prosperity of California since its admission into the Union as a free and independent State, the rapid increase in population, the development of natural resources, and the general welfare of the people are largely due to the development of agriculture, industry, and commerce.

In the interest of the welfare and happiness of our people it is well to advance the cause of home ownership, to establish and maintain permanent homes, to protect the investors, and to direct public attention to a better appreciation of both the opportunity and the intrinsic value of the ownership of real estate in the Golden State.

As an evidence of the growing tendency toward thrift and independence, as best demonstrated by the interest our people take in the building of splendid communities in every county of our State, more than one million owners of real property constitute the backbone of this Commonwealth. It is gratifying to know that so many of the people have availed themselves of the privilege of realty ownership.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, [illegible], Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the third of October, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven as "Real Estate and Home Ownership Week" throughout the limits of this Commonwealth, and respectfully urge that all [illegible] in its observance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this first day of September, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1097

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP - 4 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

PROCLAMATION

To the people of California, admission [illegible] the observance of our state's eighty-[illegible]. It behooves [illegible] and the fortunate circumstances [illegible] the early days when all breed of mankind [illegible] territory [illegible] were laid not [illegible] properly established. It recalls the fact that California was the thirty-first state to gain admission to the Union, and it commemorates a special day set [illegible] the [illegible], adventurous souls whose [illegible] possible.

The events leading to the admission of our Golden State to the Union are both interesting and significant. Unlike most states, California did not pass through a preliminary educational period of territorial government to attain statehood. We owe much to the pioneers whose leaders possessed the courage, the moderation and the wisdom to direct affairs during the period before and immediately following admittance to the Union.

Let this admission day and those in the future [illegible] to recall the colorful history of our commonwealth and to honor the memory of those courageous pioneers who laid the foundations for the great golden state - California.

In View of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, [illegible] Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven, "Admission Day" within the limits of this commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fourth day of September, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1096

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 13 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

General Pulaski enlisted in the Continental army as a volunteer and demonstrated his ability, courage and leadership. This was recognized by his rapid advancement in rank. He later sacrificed his life in defense of our republic. It is fitting therefore that on this anniversary we pay tribute to the memory of this hero of revolutionary times.

General Washington, as Commander-in-Chief of the revolutionary forces, wrote in behalf of Brigadier General Pulaski, "The Count's valor and active zeal on all occasions have done him great honor."

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the eleventh day of October, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven, "Pulaski Memorial Day" within the limits of this commonwealth and urge that appropriate exercises be held in commemoration of his aid to America and great sacrifice for the cause of freedom.

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this eleventh day of October, in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1097

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 16 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

A unified program to direct the thoughts and actions of our people toward a fuller realization and a deeper appreciation of the spiritual values in life merits our consideration and support.

Throughout the centuries, the character of our people has been favorably influenced by the various religious faiths and spiritual forces. As a result of this, a better understanding among men has been developed which in turn has reflected itself in more amicable international relationships.

It is through the united efforts of the progressive and thinking people of our country, that we can bring together all of the fruits of human fellowship into a program of aggressive goodwill.

In recognition of the fact that economic recovery cannot be successfully attained without a spiritual awakening, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the Second and Third days of October, Nineteen hundred and thirty-seven as "Loyalty Days" within the limits of our Commonwealth and do respectfully urge all of our citizens, regardless of creed, to gather in their respective places of worship and participate in this worthy movement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fifteenth day of September, A. D. One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By
Deputy Secretary of State

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 22 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]ATION

Civi[illegible] [illegible]tituted authoriti[illegible], under the [illegible] [illegible]nited citizens, and [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] fire fighting equipment, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Frank F. Merriam

Frank C. Jordan

[illegible]

1023

1099

ENTERED

1153

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 14 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 6 (REVISED)

Pertaining to Vetch Weevil

Effective on and after September 14, 1937

WHEREAS, It has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to vetch seed, known as the vetch weevil (Bruchus brachialis), new to and not heretofore prevalent in the State of California, exists in the states of Delaware, Georgia, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Virginia, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as infested territory, and that vetch seed is liable to be a carrier of said vetch weevil;

NOW, THEREFORE, In order to prevent the introduction of the said vetch weevil into the State of California and in accordance with provisions of section 106, Agricultural Code thereof, it is necessary that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of California against said vetch weevil and vetch seed grown in, or shipped or brought from said infested territory. Seed as quarantined against by this proclamation shall not be permitted to pass said quarantine lines hereby established except as provided herein.

Provision 1. Each shipment or lot of vetch seed from the said infested territory must be accompanied by a certificate signed by an inspection official of the state in which same originated, certifying that all the vetch seed in the shipment or lot has been fumigated using 12 oz. of sodium cyanide per 100 cubic feet of space in an airtight container for a period of twenty-four hours, and at a temperature of not less than 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Any and all lots or shipments of vetch seed arriving in California from the said infested territory without the required certificate shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their agents.

Provision 2. Vetch seed admissible from the said infested area under the foregoing provision or when originating in areas outside of the said infested territory must, upon

arrival in California, be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by a state plant quarantine officer.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing provisions shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamations or regulations now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

Deputies of the Director of Agriculture and state plant quarantine officers are hereby empowered to enforce the provisions of this proclamation.

This revised Quarantine Proclamation No. 6 supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 6, dated September 14, 1935, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: SEP 14 1937

1024

1100

1024

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 24 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7 (REVISED)

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after September 16, 1937

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to alfalfa, known as alfalfa weevil (Phytonomus posticus, Gyll.), not heretofore generally prevalent or distributed in the State of California exists in certain hereinafter described areas in the United States and that alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping equipment, used alfalfa meal milling machinery, and all machinery and implements that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting, or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks, and other vehicles are liable to be carriers of said alfalfa weevil into territories otherwise free from this pest.

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further dissemination of said alfalfa weevil in the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against said alfalfa weevil, all alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, alfalfa meal, emigrant movables, household effects, household implements, camping effects, camping equipment, used alfalfa meal milling machinery and all machinery and implements that have been used in the milling, baling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa; railroad cars, automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles imported, shipped, brought or otherwise moved from said infested territory and no such articles, materials or vehicles as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Infested Territory.

Arizona: All that portion of Coconino County north of the Colorado River.

Colorado: Entire counties of Delta, Eagle, Garfield, Gunnison, Mesa, Moffat, Montezuma, Montrose, Ouray, Rio Blanco, Routt and San Juan.

Idaho: Entire state.

Nebraska: Entire county of Sioux; townships 27, 28 north, ranges 51,52 west, in Box Butte County; townships 31,32 north, range 52 west in Dawes County; townships 21, 22 and 23 north, ranges 57 and 58 west in Scotts Bluff county.

Nevada: Entire counties of Churchill, Clark, Douglas, Elko, Humboldt, Lincoln, Lyon, Mineral, Ormsby, Pershing, Storey, Washoe and White Pine.

Oregon: Entire counties of Baker, Harney, Jackson, Malheur and Union, and that portion of Josephine County north of a line drawn directly east and west through the southern limits of the town of Selma, Oregon.

South Dakota: All that portion of Fall River County known as Indian Township.

Utah: Entire state.

Wyoming: Entire state.

Provision 2. Except as hereinafter provided in this proclamation, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, as packing or otherwise, that has been grown or stored in the said infested territory, is hereby prohibited from entering the State of California for any purpose whatsoever, and upon the arrival of any such hay or straw, the same shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Owing to the fact that the said infested territory is the only source of supply of fodder for animals in certain foothill, mountain and desert communities in California near the border, and further, based upon the fact that the admission of hay or straw to these communities for consumption there will present no alfalfa weevil menace to the alfalfa growing sections of California, alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw grown in the said infested territory and intended for feed for animals, will be admitted into only those portions of California which the Director of Agriculture is satisfied meets the above conditions, provided that the admission of such hay into foothill areas adjacent to the Nevada-California border will be permitted only during the period October 1st to May 31st during which the weevil is inactive. Persons contemplating such importations

shall first secure a permit from the Director of Agriculture. Written application for such permit must be accompanied by a sworn statement of the applicant in the following form:

State of .....)
County of .....) SS

I hereby solemnly promise and swear that the .....
..... (Kind and quantity of hay) for which I have applied to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to import from .....
(Name of shipper)
at ..... (Address of shipper) will be transported or shipped by
..... (Kind of vehicle) directly from ..... (Where now stored) to
..... (Destination) for feed for animals at that point and that no portion of such shipment or lot of hay or straw so imported or brought will be taken to any other destination nor used for any other purpose except that indicated above and that any car, wagon, automobile or other vehicle used to transport such hay or straw will be thoroughly cleaned of all such hay or straw immediately the lot or shipment is unloaded at destination.

.....
(Importer)

Subscribed and sworn to before me .....
a notary public in and for the State of ....., County of ....., this ..... day of ..... 19...

.....
(Notary Public)

My commission expires ....., 19..

Any lot or shipment of alfalfa hay or other hay or cereal straw arriving in California on which a permit has not been issued by the Director of Agriculture as above, or otherwise not complying with the provisions of this quarantine, will be refused admittance into the State of California and shall be immediately shipped out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 3. Except as hereinafter provided in Provisions 8 and 9, alfalfa meal or mixed meal which contains alfalfa meal will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only from mills which are approved in writing by the Director of Agriculture as being so constructed and operated as to conform to adequate safeguard requirements for the prevention of alfalfa weevil infestations or contamination

of the alfalfa meal or the conveyances in which same is transported, provided, that all alfalfa meal must be shipped in bulk or in new or reclaimed burlap bags and loaded in tight railroad cars or trucks which are free from alfalfa hay and which have not been used in carrying alfalfa hay to the mill; provided, further, that each shipment of alfalfa meal, as above, must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a state inspection official of the state in which the alfalfa meal originates, establishing the fact that all the alfalfa meal in the shipment has been milled and shipped in accordance with the above requirements. Such certificate must also state the name and location of the mill which manufactured the product, the name and address of the importer in California, the amount of the importation, the number and initials of the car or license number of the truck containing the shipment and the date on which the alfalfa meal was milled, sacked and shipped. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. Any approval by the Director of Agriculture, as above, may be revoked by him at any time he is convinced that such mill is not meeting adequate safeguard measures.

Provision 4. Except as hereinafter provided in Provisions 8 and 9, all household effects, household implements, or emigrant movables, originating in said infested territory and shipped or otherwise transported into the State of California must be free from alfalfa hay as packing or otherwise and held intact at destination until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which such shipment is received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued. Certificate of release as above will not be issued to cover any such lot of household effects or emigrant movables with alfalfa hay present until the entire lot has been fumigated and such hay has been destroyed by burning to the satisfaction of the inspector making the inspection, and at the expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 5. Except as provided in Provisions 8, 8 and 9, it is the duty of all common carriers to clean and free of alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, all cars that have been used in the transportation of live stock or alfalfa hay and other hay and cereal straw, in or through any part of the said infested territory before the same enter the State of California. Any and all such cars found at any point in the State of California which have not been cleaned as above shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputies or state plant quarantine officers until all such hay or straw is thoroughly cleaned from the car and burned and the car is disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the quarantine officer making the inspection. All hay or straw found in cars transporting live stock into California from or through any part of the infested territory shall be deemed to have originated within the infested territory and shall be amenable to all the provisions of this proclamation

unless accompanied by an official certificate issued by an agricultural inspection official of the state where the hay was loaded in the cars, establishing the fact that the hay was grown in a non-infested territory and setting forth the locality of origin.

Provision 6. Except as hereinafter provided in Provisions 8 and 9, used alfalfa meal milling machinery and other machinery and implements that have been used in the baling, milling, harvesting or threshing of alfalfa will be admitted into the State of California from the said infested territory only when same have been thoroughly cleaned of all alfalfa hay or other possible source of alfalfa weevil infestation before being transported into the State of California. Any such machinery and/or implements must be held intact at destination until the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which such machinery and/or implements are received, has been notified and a certificate of release issued. Certificate of release as above will not be issued to cover any such machinery and/or implements contaminated with alfalfa hay until same have been fumigated or otherwise treated and all alfalfa hay cleaned out and burned to the satisfaction of the inspector making the inspection and at the expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 7. Automobiles, automobile trailers, trucks and other vehicles, camping effects and camping equipment, from the said infested territory arriving in California shall be placed in quarantine by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or state plant quarantine officer of the district or county into which same arrives until it has been determined by inspection that same are free from alfalfa weevil.

Provision 8. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of any of the commodities and articles as quarantined against in this proclamation from the said infested territory into that portion of the State of California now generally infested with alfalfa weevil and immediately adjacent to the eastern or northern California border.

Provision 9. No restrictions are placed by this quarantine upon the movement of any of the commodities and articles quarantined against in this proclamation from the said infested territory to (a) that interior portion of the State of California now generally infested with alfalfa weevil and described as "Regulated Territory B" in California Quarantine Regulation No. 9; (b) areas adjacent to said "Regulated Territory B", providing the importer first secures a written permit from the County Agricultural Commissioner of the county of destination and accompanies each such shipment or lot with a duplicate copy of such permit; provided that hay shipments will be admitted only during the period October 1 to May 31; in carload lots; in tight railroad cars with all cracks and other openings sealed before arrival at the California state line in a manner to prevent any possible escape during transit of any weevils that

might be present; and provided that each such hay shipment is consigned only over the Western Pacific Railroad Feather River Canyon Route, via Sacramento and Stockton; the Southern Pacific Railroad Ogden Route, via Truckee and Sacramento, or the Southern Pacific Railroad Shasta Route, directly to a point within the area in California described above, each car to be sealed, placarded and billed at origin in a way to prevent any openings or diversion of the car en route; and further provided that each such hay shipment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the state inspection official of the state in which the shipment originates establishing the fact that the railroad car in which the hay is shipped was inspected before loading and found tight and in good condition and that following loading of the hay all cracks and openings around the doors and otherwise were tightly sealed in a manner to prevent any possible escape of weevils en route. Such certificate must also state the number and initials of the car containing the hay, the amount of the shipment, the name and address of the consignor, the name and address of the consignee, the route, and the date of shipment. A copy of the certificate must be mailed at time of shipment to the Director of Agriculture, Sacramento, California. It is further provided that upon arrival at destination and immediately the hay is unloaded the empty car shall be placed in quarantine and shall not be moved to any point outside of the alfalfa weevil infested area in California until it has been thoroughly cleaned and disinfected or sterilized to the satisfaction of the state plant quarantine officer of the district or county in which it arrives. Upon arrival in the above described area in interior California, all quarantined commodities will assume the same status and be amenable to the same quarantine restrictions as though originating in the above described infested area in California.

All articles admissible under the foregoing provisions must be held by common carrier agents and not delivered to consignee or agent until inspected and passed by the Director of Agriculture, his deputy or deputies, or by a duly authorized state plant quarantine officer.

The admissibility into the State of California of any article or commodity covered by the foregoing provisions shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamation or regulation now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all state plant quarantine officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this proclamation.

7

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, dated August 5, 1936, as amended November 10, 1936, and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: SEP 16 1937

1101

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of the State of California
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

[illegible]

Frank F. Merriam

Frank C. Jordan

[signature]

THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

1026

1102

1026

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 11 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

In the development of our civilization, history tries to prove the theory that those nations, whose cultures have been moulded by the beautitudes of life, have survived and thrived.

Human beings, indeed, are greatly affected by the beauty with which they are surrounded. Human satisfaction and contentment is best achieved by individual expression.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the first day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven as "American Art Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth and invite the cooperation of all our citizens to bring about a [illegible] with the [illegible] year.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eleventh day of October, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

10:7 1166

Proclamation Week

Filed Oct 16 - 1975 -

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 16 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

"American Education Week" has come to be [illegible] in the United States.

Public education has been recognized throughout the history of the United States as the cornerstone of American democracy. Representative government in order to be effective and enduring, requires an intelligent and educated citizenry.

The changes which have taken place in modern American industrial life, must be taken into consideration in evaluating the objectives of a properly integrated program. To be successful, such a program must be functional and meet the needs of the individual concerned.

The community, once isolated and self-sufficient, must now be a part of a much larger unit. The Nation, in turn must necessarily coordinate its activities and policies in accord with international understandings. The present strained conditions which threaten peaceful relations among the nations constitute a paramount problem confronting the [illegible] the entire world.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, [illegible] Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim [illegible] beginning with the seventh day of November as "American [illegible] Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge all of our citizens to visit the schools to familiarize themselves with the educational opportunities which are available in each community for both children and adults.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eleventh day of October A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible] of California

By: Frank C. Jordan
[illegible]

By: Chas. Stanley
[illegible]

1028

1104

1023

Oct. 23. 1937.

C O R R E C T E D

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 23 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

"American Education Week" has come to be [illegible] in the United States.

Public education has been recognized throughout the history of the United States as the cornerstone of American democracy. Representative government in order to be effective and enduring, requires an intelligent and educated citizenry.

The changes which have taken place in modern American industrial and social life, must be taken into consideration in determining what should be taught the students in our public schools. The results obtained from such teaching will determine the value of our system of education as a force in democracy.

The community, once isolated and self-sufficient, must now be a part of a much larger unit. The Nation, in turn must necessarily coordinate its activities and policies in harmony with international understanding. The present strained conditions threat ning peace among the nations constitute a problem which demands the thoughtful and deliberate consideration of the people of the entire world.

In view of the consideration, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the seventh day of November as "American Education Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth, and urge parents and citizens to visit the schools and to familiarize themselves with the educational opportunities which are available in each community.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this nineteenth day of October, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV - 3 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
By SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

P h o c l a m a t i o n

Inasmuch as the week beginning [illegible] thirty-first day of October of this year has been designated as "National Apple Week", it is well for our citizens to give consideration to the many values derived from consuming the entire output of our delicious California grown fruit.

The growers have worked unceasingly to produce the best fruit for the market. Our packers have been careful in maintaining a proper grade standard. Accordingly it is appropriate that the people of our State cooperate with the growers and packers of our great Commonwealth in order that we might give the necessary protection to the invested interests of the thousands of farmers and workers who are dependent upon this industry for a livelihood.

In view of these considerations, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the thirty-first day of October one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven as "California Apple Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this third day of November, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan

1030

1108

1030

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Throughout the centuries milk and its by-products have furnished wholesome nourishment to people of all ages and in all walks of life.

Inasmuch as dairying and dairy product industries are among the leading factors in the agricultural resources of our great State, it behooves us to give consideration to the stability of this vast agricultural industry.

A wider consumption of milk, commonly recognized as the most perfect food, would contribute greatly to the health and well being of all our people, and at the same time give added support to an industry which returned to California producers in excess of $74,000,000 during the last calendar year.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with November 14 as "National Milk Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth and call upon the citizens of California to join with the citizens of the Nation to assist in achieving the highly desirable results which will be obtained through the wider and more frequent use of this great natural food.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I HAVE hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eighth day of November, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

BY: _____
DEPUTY

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV - 8 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

1031

1107

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION. No. 14.

(REVISED).

Nov. 10. 1937.

ENTERED

A A BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 16 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 14 (REVISED)

Pertaining to Peach Mosaic Disease

Effective on and after October 26, 1937

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that injurious plant diseases not generally distributed in California and known as virus diseases of certain stone fruits capable of causing peach mosaic or symptoms identical with those of peach mosaic, exist in certain areas of the United States hereinafter described and known as infected area, and that all species and varieties, including the flowering forms, of peach, nectarine, apricot, almond, plum and prune trees or parts of these trees for or capable of propagation, except fruit pits, are liable to be carriers of this disease;

NOW, THEREFORE, It is declared necessary in order to prevent the further introduction into and spread within the State of California of the said virus diseases, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California against all peach, nectarine, apricot, almond, plum and prune trees or parts of these trees for or capable of propagation, except fruit pits, grown in or imported, shipped or brought from the hereinafter described infected area, and no such possible carriers of this disease as quarantined against in this Proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed.

Infected Area:

Arizona: Counties of Apache, Cochise, Coconino, Graham, Maricopa, Pima, Santa Cruz and Yavapai.

Colorado: Counties of Garfield, Mesa and Montezuma.

New Mexico: Counties of Bernalillo, Dona Ana, Lincoln, Otero, Rio Arriba, Sandoval, Santa Fe, Socorro, Sierra, Taos and Valencia.

Oklahoma: County of Bryan.

Texas: Counties of Bowie, Bexar, Brown, Callahan, Childress, Cherokee, Comanche, Denton, Eastland, El Paso, Erath, Fayette, Grayson, Kerr, Limestone, Mills, Palo Pinto, Rusk, San Saba, Smith, Stephens, Tarrant, Wheeler, Wilbarger and Wichita.

Utah: Counties of Grand and Washington.

Any possible carriers of this disease as quarantined against in this Proclamation, arriving in California from the said infected territory shall be refused admittance into this state and shall be immediately sent out of the state or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner or owners, his or their responsible agents.

The foregoing does not apply to experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

All deputies of the Director of Agriculture and all State Plant Quarantine Officers are hereby empowered to carry out all the provisions of this Proclamation.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 14, Revised, supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 14, issued January 11, 1937, and shall take effect immediately.

R. B. Brook
Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: OCT 26 1937

1032

1108

1032

TERED

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 12 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

Armistice Day brings to mind joyful celebrations which took place throughout the length and breadth of our land November 11, 1918 when the news was flashed from the battle fields of war torn Europe, telling that hostilities had ceased.

A review of the events leading up to this international conflict, the call to arms, immediately followed by the response of thousands of the best of the young manhood of America, the horrorsome experiences of St. Mihiel and the Argonne Forest, the human sacrifices which materialized Flanders Field, reveals the futility of war. This picture presents a challenge to the thinking people of our Nation to find a substitute for this method of settling international disputes.

May we pause in thoughtful and prayerful meditation at 11 o'clock, Thursday morning, in recognition of those who responded to the country's call, in sympathy to those who sacrificed their health and position, and in kindly remembrance and appreciation of those who gave their lives in the great conflict.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California do hereby proclaim Thursday the eleventh day of November 1937 as "Armistice Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge that the schools, churches, civic, fraternal and patriotic organizations hold appropriate exercises.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this tenth day of November, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1033

1109

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 19 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The first National Thanksgiving proclamation was issued by George Washington, President of the United States, on October 3, 1789 in which he recommended to the people of our Nation a day of public thanksgiving and prayer, to be observed by acknowledging with grateful hearts the many and signal favors of Almighty God, especially by affording them an opportunity peaceably to establish a form of government for their safety and happiness.

The last Thursday in November was first observed as Thanksgiving Day in 1864 when President Lincoln proclaimed: "I hereby appoint and set apart the last Thursday of November next as a day which I desire to be observed by all my fellow citizens, wherever they may be, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God".

Our people have been privileged to enjoy over three hundred harvests since the Pilgrim Fathers observed the first thanksgiving day. May we all, on this day, give thanks to Almighty God, not only for the temporal blessings of life, but for the heritage which has been handed down to us by our ancestors whose sacrifices, efforts, and achievements have made and preserved our Nation as "the land of the free and the home of the brave".

In order that we may give thanks for the blessings of peace which we enjoy at this, a time when other parts of the world are involved in strife and threats of war, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim, Thursday, November 25, 1937 as "Thanksgiving Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge all to assemble in their accustomed places of worship for prayer, meditation, and thanksgiving. As evidence of our remembrance and gratitude, may we prominently display the flag of the United States from public buildings, business houses and our home.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eighteenth day of November, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

_____
Secretary of State

BY: _____
Deputy

1034

1110

1137

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC - 1 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

[illegible] centuries the Bible has been the supreme book of mankind.

The great scientific, economic and social development of our modern civilization may prove of doubtful permanent value unless there can be a commensurate strengthening [illegible] spiritual moorings of our people.

As we observe Universal Bible Sunday on December twelfth of this year, may we familiarize ourselves with the Bible's great historic record of human achievement, more [illegible] Jesus Christ and recognize its proven value in the development of society. The fundamental purposes of Almighty God are revealed to us in His book and in the wonders of nature.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, December 12 as Bible Sunday within the limits of this [illegible].

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this first day of December, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

PROCLAMATION. 1111

1935

GOOD NEIGHBOR DAY.

DEC. 31, 1937.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEC 31 1937
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible] of January [illegible] provide for the measure [illegible]

[illegible] worthy ideal. The approach to this ideal is [illegible]

In an effort to revive [illegible] [illegible] tion into [illegible] start the New Year.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have [illegible] thirty-seven.

[signature]
Governor of California

Attest:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [signature]
Deputy



,93c

PROCLAMATION.

1031, 1112

WINTERS SPORTS SEASON.

JAN. 11. 1938.

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
of the State of California
FRANK C. JORDAN
By [illegible] Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

California is blessed with a wide range of climatic conditions which provide unlimited opportunities for our people to participate and enjoy a great variation of recreational activities.

The winter season brings us an abundance of snow throughout the extended mountain areas of our State. This "white gold" is welcomed, not only by the thousands of our citizens who find in the snow and ice sports healthful and stimulating recreation, but also by the thousands of our [illegible] who depend upon the mountain areas for the conservation of snow as a source of water supply for the vast agricultural areas during the summer months.

In view of these considerations, I, [illegible], Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the "Winter Sports Season" opened on the 8th day of January, 1938 and urge our citizens to avail themselves of this opportunity to visit the mountain areas, witness the beauty of the scenery and participate in the various outdoor activities.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this tenth day of January, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

1037

PROCLAMATION.

1037 1113

ARIZONA - CALIFORNIA [illegible]

[illegible] PROCLAMATION [illegible].

JAN. 26. 1938.

ENTERED

P_R_O_C_L_A_M_A_T_I_O_N

for

ARIZONA-CALIFORNIA BEEF RECOGNITION EVENT.

WHEREAS, beef cattle and livestock were the principle source of wealth for the States of Arizona and California when under the Spanish and Mexican flags, and have continuously increased in importance through one hundred fifty years to the present day under the flag of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the quality of Arizona and California beef has steadily advanced until today, grade for grade, our home fed beef is equal to any; and

WHEREAS, there has grown a mighty industry of livestock feeding and finishing, which provides a livelihood and income for not only all of those people connected with the many branches of the livestock business, but vast numbers of field and grain crops; and

WHEREAS, our livestock growers and feeders have an unusual number of high quality grain fed beef coming to market and are eager and expecting a decrease in price of retail beef so the same may be eaten by all.

NOW THEREFORE, We, R. C. STANFORD, Governor of Arizona, and FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of California, do hereby jointly proclaim the period from January 24th to January 31st, 1938, as the ARIZONA-CALIFORNIA BEEF RECOGNITION EVENT, and during the period of the event call upon the people of Arizona and California to familiarize themselves with the tremendous financial importance of the industry so responsible for a large percentage of both our community and individual wealth; and further urge the people of our states to realize the superb quality of genuine Western grain fed beef and to indicate their endorsement by using generous quantities of this nutritious food.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Arizona to be affixed.

Done at Phoenix, the Capitol, the 21st day of January, 1938.

R. C. Stanford
Governor of Arizona.

ATTEST: Lewis Wakefield
Secretary of State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed.

Done at Sacramento, the Capitol, the 22nd day of January, 1938.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State.

By _____

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 22 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

1038

PROCLAMATION. 1114

THE PRESIDENT'S ANNIVERSARY DAY.

JAN. 31. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the State of CALIFORNIA
JAN 31 1938
[illegible] DUNNIGAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

I [illegible] American system of representative government that shorter hours appear upon the horizon, that we shall all unite [illegible] arm in arm, and shoulder to shoulder, to protect the well [illegible] interests of our citizenry.

To [illegible] about by the [illegible] of infantile paralysis.

[illegible] If it numbers of our citizens, both young and [illegible] it has left in its wake only a vacant chair around the family fire-side. But even more tragic than this is the countless number of children who have been robbed of a normal, happy [illegible].

A national foundation [illegible] whose purpose it is to provide the necessary facilities [illegible] correct rehabilitation of the victims of this disease. In addition to this, [illegible] program of research is being initiated for the study of the proper treatment, cure, and prevention of infantile paralysis.

May we all join with Franklin Delano Roosevelt, [illegible] United States [illegible] with [illegible] in an effort to accomplish the worthy objectives [illegible] behalf of [illegible].

I [illegible], Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim, Saturday the 29th day of January 1938, as "The President's Anniversary Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge the people of our State to cooperate in this nationwide fight against infantile paralysis.

I [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-seventh day of January, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible] California

By: Frank C. Jordan
[illegible]

.039

PROCLAMATION.

1115

NATIONAL SOCIAL HYGINE DAY.

FEB. 1. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JAN 31 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

[illegible] reprieve to that end uni[illegible] of health, social welfare organizations in e[illegible] of communities throughout the whole community [illegible] conditions in an effort to curb the [illegible] of social [illegible] California and its [illegible] co-operate with State and National organizations in [illegible] that may join in recognition [illegible] of social [illegible].

Inasmuch as community knowledge and action are indispensible weapons in such a campaign, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim, [illegible], the fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight as "National Social Hygiene Day" within the limits of this Common[illegible] and urge citizens [illegible] health authorities and voluntary [illegible] together at that time to consider [illegible] practical [illegible] means to accomplish these desirable ends.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this thirty-first day of January, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

[illegible]
Secretary of State

[illegible]
Deputy

SEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

,0+C

PROCLAMATION.

1116

NATIONAL RETAIL BAKERY WEEK.

FEB. 3. 1938.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB [illegible] 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

[illegible] has been generally recognized as the staff of life.

[illegible] routine of each household, it has been gradually transferred to the community baker. By serving bakery products, [illegible]

That these facts may be emphasized and the attention of the people directed to the [illegible] for distribution of [illegible] community. By so doing [illegible] shall provide for the proper maintenance [illegible]

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this third day of February, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

,04,

PROCLAMATION . 1117

NATIONAL AMERICANISM PERIOD.

FEB. 3. 1938

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB - 3 1938
FRANK Y. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

In reviewing the history of representative government as it has developed in the United States, we find outstanding among the many of our National heroes, the names of George Washington, our first President and often referred to as the "Father of our Country" and Abraham Lincoln, "The Great Emancipator".

It was under the inspirational guidance of these two great American leaders that our Nation gained its freedom and extended the principles of liberty to all its citizenry, irrespective of race or creed.

Because of the meaning and influence of these names, in our National history, it is fitting that we designate the period between the birthday anniversaries of Abraham Lincoln and George Washington, as a time in which to review the traditional purposes and policies of our American system of government, study and take cognizance of the current problems and unite upon an educational program of Americanism in order that we may create and foster a spirit of loyalty and devotion among all people who are privileged to enjoy the blessings of liberty and the protection of the United States of America.

In view of the need of a better understanding of our institutions of government and a fuller realization of the responsibilities of citizenship, now, therefore, I, [illegible], Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the time between the 12th of February and the 22nd of February, 1938 as "National Americanism Period" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this third day of February, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

1112

1118

WILLIAM WESTBROOK MEMORY.

FEB 7. 1936.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB - 7 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

In the routine of Executive duties, there arise frequently matters with humanitarian aspects that overshadow all official issues at hand. Such was the case when this Executive Office received notice of the death of six-year-old Vera Westbrook, killed by an oncoming automobile as she alighted from a school bus in the Claremount district of Los Angeles.

It is regrettable that Vera Westbrook's life was sacrificed in a traffic accident but, that her death may not have been in vain, I urge all California motorists to remember her fate under any circumstances which might involve injuries to any child. Thus, a memory of her name shall stand as a symbol of safety, and a thought of her fate may save other children. The Law of the State explicitly requires that motorists stop for all school buses loading or unloading passengers, but the Law of Humanity requires that we remain ever watchful of children in the vicinity of schools, playgrounds, or other places where the danger of injuring a child is increased.

In view of this tragic lesson and, as a protective measure for all other children, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby ask that Vera Westbrook's memory stand as a symbol of safety within the limits of this Commonwealth during 1938 and urge the cooperation of all our citizens to revere her memory through driving with greater caution that other children may be spared her fate.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this seventh day of February, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

1043

1119

EAT MORE MEAT WEEK.

Feb. 8. 1936.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB - 8 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

P r o c l a m a t i o n

In an effort to stabilize the live stock and meat industry of our State, it is necessary that we cooperate with the live stock organizations, farm organizations, retail organizations, and labor organizations, engaged in, or affiliated with this industry, in a nation-wide campaign to bring to the attention of the people the fact that we have a plentiful supply available at reasonable prices.

In 1937 the people of the United States consumed two billion pounds less meat than they did in 1936. This loss in yearly consumption was due to the fact that live stock was scarce, the prices were high, forcing the consumer to turn to food products costing less money. Now that the supply has returned to normal and the prices to the consumer greatly reduced, it is desirous that we cooperate in this nation-wide campaign to stimulate consumption, thereby improving and stabilizing the conditions in this most important agricultural industry.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period beginning with the fifth day of February as "Eat More Meat Period" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge our people to join in this cooperative program.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fifth day of February A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By
Deputy

1044

1120

ACCIDENT AND HEALTH WEEK.

FEB. 9. 1938.

ENTERED

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 9 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

A purposeful educational campaign, designed to protect and keep intact the American family by preserving its economic security when income ceases due to disability, ill health or accident, is worthy of commendation.

The American Home should be a business enterprise - organized, managed and protected. It should always be maintained on a solvent basis and protected against bankruptcy. Yet in the majority of homes, the difference between ordinary living and actual want is only a matter of a few weeks when regular income ceases. In most cases, the only real economic asset of the family is the good health and current earning ability of its breadwinner.

During periods of disability caused by ill health or accidental injury, mounting medical and other expenses not only jeopardize any existing family accumulations, but actually threaten the security of the family unless its earning power is insured.

In an effort to [illegible] citizens, that losses occasioned by accident and sickness, may be encouraged, [illegible] information on the vital need for this protection.

In view of these facts, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 24th day of April, 1938, as "Accident and Health Week" in California and urge all of our citizens to use this period to study ways and means of formulating an adequate program of protection for each American home.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this ninth day of February, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy

1121

PROCLAMATION.

FESTIVAL OF MUSIC WEEK.

FEB. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 21 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

As a people may we join in the nation-wide festival of American music now being planned and cooperate with the various agencies in raising the level of music appreciation among our people and, at the same time, pay a lasting tribute to the American composers and American music.

In planning radio broadcasts, community recitals and orchestral programs, the artists and conductors and the various musical units will trace the history and evolution of American music from early Colonial days to the present time.

In view of the values derived from the participation in and the appreciation of musical activities, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period from the twenty-first to the twenty-third of February inclusive, as "Festival of American Music" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-first day of February, A. D., nineteen hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest: Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By
Deputy

1122

PROCLAMATION.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY DAY.

FEB. 1938
-1

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

It [illegible] dauntless cou[illegible] the
[illegible]

[illegible] thirty-three to pioneer a ne[illegible] cial justice, country [illegible].

For more than fifty [illegible] objectives involving equal rights. Unfortunately she did not live to see their enfranchisement, but it was her policies carried on by a militant younger generation that led to the adoption of the 19th amendment to the Constitution of the United States in 1920.

I[illegible] now, therefore, I, [illegible], hereby proclaim the [illegible] "Susan B. Anthony Day" in California, [illegible] civic and fraternal organizations [illegible] recital in honor [illegible] many achievements.

IN WI[illegible], hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eleventh day of February, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

1047

1128

CALIFORNIA CONSERVATION WEEK.

FEB. 23. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 23 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

California has been richly blessed with an abundance of natural resources. Less than one hundred years ago the Golden Empire was mainly a wonderful country of virgin forests containing more native species of trees and more highly colored flowers than any equal area in the United States; and verdure covered hills and valleys possessing an abundant supply of wild life.

As the guardians of this rich heritage, may we all unite in the development of an adequate program for the conservation of the existing natural resources, and for the preservation of the natural features and native beauty.

To do this we must take an active interest in, and avail ourselves of every opportunity to encourage reforestation, tree planting, and the preservation of wild flowers and native plants; to increase recreational and educational use of County, State and National Parks; to aid in the prevention of forest fires by teaching and practising safety methods to be used in handling matches and camp fires; to develop and conserve water resources by the preservation of water shed covers; to adopt modern methods of erosion control, and provide for the economic use and storage of water; to protect and promote the scientific restoration of wild life and provide for the propagation of wild game and fish; to avail ourselves of the results of research studies on soil conservation and restoration of sub-marginal lands; to preserve our public beaches and wilderness areas by means of carefully prepared regional plans; to advocate and provide well distributed wild life refuges throughout the State; to extend the work relative to the location and indexing of our vast mineral deposits; and to adopt the necessary measures to prevent the exploitation and waste of the gas and oil reserves.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank I. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 7th day of March, 1938 as "California Conservation Week" and urge all schools, churches, service clubs, civic and fraternal organizations to assist in this educational program.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-third day of February, A.D., Nineteen hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor of California

ATTEST: Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

1124

PROCLAMATION.

PLANTING WEEK. FEB. 21 ,938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FEB 21 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

It is appropriate that the week preceding Arbor Day be designated as "Planting Week" in order that we may direct the attention of our citizens to the values derived from gardening, and at the same time honor the birthday of Luther Burbank.

Goldsmith, the poet of nature and of humanity said: "Show me a person who loves plants and flowers and I will show you a lovely woman or a good man."

By planting the seeds and bulbs of flowering plants, by setting out trees and shrubs you will thereby enhance the value and add to the beauty of your property. By plowing or spading the available plots of ground in preparation of a seed bed for a vegetable garden you will provide additional delicacies for the family table.

In addition to these values, you will experience the unusual inspirational response which comes with the opportunity and privilege of showing your neighbors and friends the successful results of your efforts in cooperating with the laws of Mother Nature.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the first day of March, 1938 as "Planting Week" in California and urge all of our citizens to participate in this wholesome out-door activity.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-first day of February A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

1 c 49

1125

** PR)CLAMATIO

5th DAY OF MAY 1936.
BY THE GOVERNOR
CONVENING THE LEGISLATURE
IN EXTRAORDINARY.

ENTER

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 5 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible] the Legislature
in [illegible]

WHEREAS, An extraordinary occasion has arisen and

[illegible] of

California be convened; now, therefore,

I, Frank W. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by section 9 of Article V of the Constitution of the State of California, do hereby convene the Legislature of the State of California to meet and assemble in extraordinary session, at Sacramento, California, on Monday, the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-eight at one o'clock p.m. of said day, for the following purposes and to legislate upon the following subjects, to wit:

1. To consider and act upon an act relating to lands owned by the state, creating a state lands commission and prescribing its duties and powers with respect to such lands, and particularly the protection and extraction of oil and gas deposits and other minerals from such lands of the state.

2. To consider and act upon an act to create public bodies corporate and politic to be known as housing authorities to undertake slum clearance and projects to provide dwelling accommodations for persons of low income, and to prescribe the powers and duties of such housing authorities.

3. To consider and act upon an act declaring slum clearance and [illegible] to be public uses in behalf of which the right of eminent domain may be exercised.

4. To consider and act upon an act to authorize cities, [illegible] counties, towns, counties, and other public [illegible] housing projects of housing authorities or o[illegible] by furnishing parks, playgrounds, streets, and other improvements and facilities,

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible] certain other powers and by ruling across [illegible] to authorize cities, cities and counties, [illegible] and other political subdivisions to [illegible] and [illegible] to be paid [illegible] by [illegible], persons and facilities to be [illegible] for the [illegible] by [illegible] providing; to require certain [illegible], cities and counties, and counties to make an appropriation for the first year's administrative expenses of [illegible] authorities; and to authorize certain cities, cities and counties, towns and counties to pay moneys to housing authorities.

[illegible] and act upon an act to exempt the property [illegible] authorities from taxation and assessment and to authorize certain amounts in lieu of such taxes and assessments.

[illegible] and act upon an act to amend Chapter 784 of [illegible] relating to the institution and [illegible] criminal proceedings.

[illegible] providing for the establishment and enforcement of personnel standards for the personnel of the counties engaged in the administration of aid to the needy aged, aid to the needy blind, and aid to needy children.

[illegible] and act upon an act to enable building and loan associations [illegible] all of the advantages permitted by the National Housing Act by defining, extending and [illegible] the term loans, advances of credit, insurance, and purchases of obligations which may be made pursuant to the National Housing Act.

[illegible] and act upon the proposal to the people of the State of California at the general election in November, 1[illegible], of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of [illegible] relating to the retirement of judges and justices.

10. To consider and act upon an act to prescribe the fees of jurors in criminal cases in municipal courts.

11. To consider and act upon an act to add to the state highway system a new secondary highway to be known as Route 200 from Route 1 near Preston to [illegible].

12. [illegible] and act upon an act to provide a procedure to determine the validity of tax sales and tax deeds and the taxes for any year since a tax sale and, if invalid, to correct the cause of invalidity and render the sales and deeds valid, and stating the powers and duties of public

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible] tax sales, tax deeds, and redemptions.

13. To consider and act upon an act to amend sections 1, 2, 12, 14, and 20 of the Refunding Assessment Bond Act of 1933, relating to refunding the indebtedness of special improvement districts, and to validate refunding proceedings heretofore taken, refunding assessments heretofore levied, and refunding bonds heretofore issued under such act.

14. To consider and act upon an act to amend sections 1, 2, 12, and 15 of the Assessment Bond Refunding Act of 1933, relating to refunding the indebtedness of special improvement districts, and to validate refunding proceedings heretofore taken, refunding reassessments heretofore levied, and refunding bonds heretofore issued under such act.

[illegible] the taxation of insurers to carry into effect the constitutional amendment relating thereto.

[illegible] To consider and act upon an amendment to the Constitution of the State, for proposal to the people at the general election to be held in November, 1938, providing for taxation of insurers.

[illegible] To consider and act upon an act to authorize the California [illegible] for the Golden Gate International Exposition to procure insurance.

17. To consider and act upon an act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of portions of the state exhibit in connection with the Golden Gate International Exposition upon property of district agricultural associations, to authorize contracts between the California Commission for the Golden Gate Exposition, any institution, corporation or association, and district agricultural associations, and to permit, for that purpose, allocation of funds heretofore appropriated.

[illegible] To consider and act upon an act to empower district agricultural associations to lease, let, or grant licenses to use property of the association, to contract with corporations or associations, or with state agencies, for the conduct of exhibitions and contests upon such property, and to provide for the manner of conducting such exhibitions or contests.

[illegible] To consider and act upon an amendment to the constitution of the state, for proposal to the people at the general election to be held in November, 1938, transferring to

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible] Social Welfare all duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, property, unexpended moneys, and jurisdiction of the Relief Administration, including the Relief Commission and the Relief Administrator; abolishing the Relief Administration, the Relief Commission, the office of the Relief Administrator, and the offices and positions of all deputies, officers, and employees of or under any of them; and providing for the retention in state service, subject to the civil service laws and on terms and conditions prescribed, of salaried officers and employees holding positions abolished thereby.

21. To consider and act upon legislation providing for the payment of delinquent taxes in installments and for redemption with reduction in or elimination of penalties in respect to delinquent state and county taxes and assessments on real estate.

22. To consider and act upon an act relating to apportionment of moneys, otherwise appropriated, to counties and district agricultural associations for the encouragement of agricultural fairs, and the expenditure of and accounting for [illegible].

23. To consider and act upon an act to provide for the annexation of uninhabited territory to municipal corporations.

24. To consider and act upon an act to validate bonds of all school districts, high school districts and junior college districts of every kind and character.

25. To consider and act upon an act to validate bonds of municipal corporations.

26. To approve or reject amendments to the charter of the City of San Jose ratified by the electors of that city at an election held on October 19, 1937.

27. To approve or reject an amendment to the charter of the City and County of San Francisco ratified by the electors of that city and county at an election held on November 2, 1937.

28. To approve or reject amendments to the charter of the County of San Mateo ratified by the electors of that county at an election held on June 22, 1937.

29. To approve or reject amendments to the charter of the City of Santa Monica ratified by the electors of that city at an election held on November 7, 1937.

Executive Department
State of California

30. To consider and act upon an act to appropriate additional moneys in the sum of three million dollars to the emergency fund created by chapter 157 of the Statutes of 1937.

31. To consider and act upon an act to appropriate additional moneys in the sum of four million nine hundred thousand dollars for expenditure during the eighty-ninth and ninetieth fiscal years for the relief of hardship and destitution due to and caused by unemployment, as provided by the California Unemployment Relief Act of 1935.

32. To consider and act upon a joint resolution relating to the acceptance of a permit from the United States Government for rights of way through the Presidio of San Francisco for the construction of a portion of a state highway, and relating to the retrocession by the Congress of the United States of jurisdiction over the rights of way.

33. To consider and act upon an act to clarify the status and define the rights of retired and active employees of the University of California with respect to the State Employees' Retirement System.

34. To consider and act upon an act to appropriate, from moneys received under the Use Fuel Tax Act of 1937, moneys for the administration of said act and for the repair, reconstruction of, or additions to, those bridges on state highways which have been posted for less than legal speeds or weights.

35. To consider and act upon an act regulating the issuance and redemption of bonds and fixing of tolls by the California Toll Bridge Authority in connection with the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge; and, in the event of insufficiency of revenues therefor, making an annual appropriation of money from that portion of the State Highway Fund available for state highway purposes in the Northern California counties, to guarantee redemption of such bonds.

* * *

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto
hand and caused the Great
lifornia to

36. To approve or reject amendments to the charter of the City of Alhambra ratified by the electors of that city at an electi[illegible] June, 1937.

Frank J. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

[illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

1128

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVE"NOR
AMENDING THE PROCLAMATION CONVENING
THE LEGISLATURE IN EXTRAORDINARY
SESSION.

MARCH . 10 1938.

ENTERED

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 10 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR AMENDING THE PROCLAMATION

CONVENING THE LEGISLATURE IN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of California convened on March 7, 1933, in extraordinary session, pursuant to a proclamation of the Governor dated March 5, 1938, and is now in session; and

WHEREAS, on account of extraordinary occasions which have arisen and now exist, it is deemed desirable and necessary to submit additional subjects to the Legislature for consideration; now, therefore,

I, Frank F. Merriam, by virtue of the power vested in me by law, do issue this my proclamation amending the aforesaid proclamation convening the Legislature of the State of California, by adding the following purposes thereto, and thereby permitting the Legislature to legislate upon the following subjects, to wit:

37. To consider and act upon an act to appropriate, in addition to aid otherwise provided to counties, $6,000,000 to the counties of the state for maintaining or supporting aged persons who come within the provision of the old age security law.

38. To consider and act upon an amendment to Chapter six hundred nine (609) of the Statutes of 1931 prohibiting the sale of motor vehicle fuels at less than the price displayed and preventing the evasion of such prohibition.

39. To consider and act upon an act relating to soil conservation through the prevention or control of soil erosion, and to create a soil conservation committee and to define its duties and authority.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this tenth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

1127

PROCLAMATION .

ARMY. MAY.

MARCH 12, 1938.

FILED

Secretary of State

MAR 12 1938

FRANK C. JORDAN, Secretary of State

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

In conformity with a well-established custom, Congress in its seventy-fifth session has designated Wednesday, April 6th as Army Day and requested the President of the United States, as Commander and Chief of the various military units throughout the United States, to assist civic organizations in appropriate exercises and celebrations. Coincidental with the twenty-first anniversary of the entry of the United States into the World War, this date will be observed at all army posts and by all military organizations in California.

In the present disturbed condition of the world, the observance of this day will focus the attention of the people of California on the importance of our national defence system.

In order that the importance of this date should not be forgotten, it is appropriate that we study its meaning and significance and, at the same time, give our people an opportunity to express loyalty to our country as they review the efficiency of our armed forces.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the 6th day of April, 1938 as "Army Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth and respectfully request that our country's flag be displayed on all public buildings, business houses and on our homes, and that we may reaffirm our devotion to our Government and its institutions; renew our support of an adequate national defense program and pledge ourselves anew to a constructive program for the promotion and maintenance of world peace.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eleventh day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

1128

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR AMENDING THE PROCLAMATION CONVENING THE LEGISLATURE IN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

MAR 12 1938
at 3:45 o'clock P M.
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
Deputy

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR AMENDING THE PROCLAMATION CONVENING THE LEGISLATURE IN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of California convened on March 7, 1938, in extraordinary session, pursuant to a proclamation of the Governor dated March 5, 1938, and is now in session; and

WHEREAS, on account of extraordinary occasions which have arisen and now exist, it is deemed desirable and necessary to submit additional subjects to the Legislature for consideration; now, therefore,

I, Frank F. Merriam, by virtue of the power vested in me by law, do issue this my proclamation amending the aforesaid proclamation convening the Legislature of the State of California, by adding the following purposes thereto, and thereby permitting the Legislature to legislate upon the following subjects, to wit:

40. To consider and act upon an act declaring associations mentioned in section 94 of the Agricultural Code instrumentalities of the state for the purposes therein mentioned, and providing for the escheat to the state of the property of such associations upon the dissolution thereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twelfth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy Secretary of State

PROCLAMATION. 1129

1053

PAN AMERICAN DAY.

MARCH 24. 1938.

1153

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 24 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

In an effort to foster [illegible] mutual understanding among the twenty-one [illegible] republics of the Western hemisphere, Thursday, the fourteenth [illegible] day, and will be observed throughout the United States and in all the Latin American countries.

[illegible] I [illegible] to join in this [illegible] celebration, as a tribute to the many years of peaceful relationships which our Nation has enjoyed with our sister republics of this hemisphere.

In view of these neighborly considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Thursday, the fourteenth day of April 1938 as "Pan American Day" in California, and invite all of our citizens to [illegible] in [illegible].

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-fourth day of March, [illegible] thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam

[illegible] California

By:

Frank C. Jordan

[illegible]

[illegible] County

GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

PROCLAMATION. 1130

1054

CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS.

WEEK.

MARCH 26, 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 28 1938
EARL C. ...
... DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as April 5th, 1938 marks the completion of the fifth year of the operation of the Civilian Conservation Corps, it is well to give attention and consideration to the educational and vocational values which have been, and are now being derived from this program.

Accordingly, the authorities in charge of the Civilian Conservation Corps Camps throughout the State, are holding appropriate exercises for the celebration of this fifth anniversary and are urging our citizens to visit these camps and observe the work which is being done. An opportunity is thus provided our citizens to see the type of work which is being accomplished, its effect upon the lives of young men who are participating in this program of activities and, at the same time, get an appreciation of the lasting benefits being derived from this constructive program and its value to the people of the State of California.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 31st day of March 1938 as "Civilian Conservation Corps Week" in California and request our citizens to show their interest by visiting these camps and encouraging the young men who are participating in this educational and vocational program.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-eighth day of March A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By ... Deputy

PROCLAMATION 1131

1055

WATER CONTROL WEEK.

MARCH. 29. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE ST[illegible] OF CALIFORNIA
MAR 2[illegible] 1938
FRANK C[illegible]AN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

A constructive educational program, the purposes of which is to make available to the people of our State, the results of research studies providing [illegible] the prevention of cancer [illegible] treatment of those people who have been stricken with [illegible] malignant disease, merits our active support and consideration.

Each year, approximately one hundred and fifty thousand men and women of our Nation are sacrificed as a result of the ravages of this dreaded disease. The most significant and encouraging fact about cancer, is that if this disease is discovered in its early [illegible], it may be cured. To make this possible, however, [illegible] must secure proper advice and treatments as soon as the symptoms appear.

In an effort to save human life, to prevent the waste of material resources and to eliminate untold suffering among our people, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period from April 1st to April 30th as "[illegible] control month" in the State of California, and [illegible] urge all men and women, the newspapers and other [illegible] concerned with the problems of public health to [illegible] wholeheartedly to make more effective the [illegible] under which this program has been launched: "Early cancer is curable. Deal with it with knowledge."

IN [illegible] I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-eighth day of March, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible] Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
[illegible] Secretary of State

PROCLAMATION 1132

1056

HORSEMANSHIP WEEK.

APRIL 7, 1938.

ATTESTED

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

JUN - 1938

o'clock M.

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible] has been developed to the point that it is now recognized as one of the most outstanding, famous frontier celebrations in the entire west.

[illegible] is a great civic event, offering a graphic [illegible] the historic background of the pioneer period.

[illegible] is [illegible] this great western frontier. In an effort to perpetuate this most desirable outdoor activity and to encourage interest in horsemanship, the [illegible] sponsor elimination contests among the various high [illegible] on point basis in scholastic attainment, [illegible] contest, which is scheduled to be held this year in Folsom on the 14th and 15th days of July.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, [illegible], do hereby proclaim the 14th day of July as "Pioneer Day" and call upon the citizens of California in their efforts [illegible].

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of California to be affixed this 1st day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

PROCLAMATION.

1957 1130

ACRABUS [illegible].

APRIL [illegible], 1[illegible].

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 12 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as the State of California produces approximately eighty-five percent of the world's yearly production of asparagus, and in recognition of the importance of the asparagus industry to the people of the State of California, it is fitting that the week beginning with the 16th day of May be set aside for the public's serious consideration of the many values of this industry.

The industry has grown from a small acreage to the present producing area which exceeds eighty-seven thousand acres, the majority of which are located in the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys. Not only does this industry contribute materially to the economic structure of the Nation by exporting more than two thousand cars annually to the markets of the world, but it provides numerous opportunities for employment both in the local fields and in the canneries.

Accordingly, it is well that we take cognizance of these many values by becoming more familiar with asparagus, which is recognized to be one of the most healthful vegetable products, and attach a greater significance to it as one of the basic agricultural commodities of our State.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with Monday, May 16th, 1938, as "Asparagus Week" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twelfth day of April, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

1134

PROCLAMATION.

APRIL 25. 1938.

PUBLIC SCHOOL WEEK.

APRIL. 22. 1938.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 22 1933
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P [illegible] A T I O N

I [illegible]

[illegible] youth in lines of useful endeavor, to help build [illegible] qualities, the prerequisites of good citizenship and useful living.

The people of California have every reason to be proud of our public school system. It has developed along modern lines to the extent that progress is assured, but it has not abandoned the well established customs of the past. This has given continuity and stability to the whole [illegible].

Accordingly, it is fitting that we heartily cooperate in acquainting our people with the [illegible] in- [illegible] ly understood and appreciated.

In view of these considerations, [illegible] by proclaim the week beginning with the [illegible] of April, 193[illegible] [illegible] in California and urge the citizens [illegible] community to visit their public schools.

IN [illegible], I [illegible] hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-second day of April, A. D., one thousand nine hun[illegible] thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible]

[illegible]:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
[illegible]
Deputy

1135

PROCLAMATION.

MAY. 9.th. 1938.

UNION LABEL WEEK.

APRIL. 26. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 26 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

[illegible]

[illegible] In view of these considerations, [illegible] I, Frank F. [illegible], Governor of [illegible] do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 9th day of May, 1938 as "Union Label [illegible] week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have [illegible] the State of California to be affixed this twenty-third day of April, A.D., [illegible] nineteen hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam

By Frank C. Jordan

[illegible]

1136

PROCLAMATION.

BE KIND TO ANIMALES ANNIVERARY WEEK.

APRIL. 23. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 23 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

[illegible]

One of the three cardinal tests of character, as set forth by Plutarch many centuries ago, was included in the maxim, "Kurt N[illegible]."

Throughout the ages the great leaders of advanced thought have proclaimed man's responsibility for the protection of animals. As servants of mankind they merit recognition for their worth, and as members of the animal kingdom, they are deserving of protection from needless pain and hunger.

In an effort to direct the thoughts and actions of our citizens toward a more universal appreciation of these allies of mankind, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California do [illegible] proclaim Sunday the 24th day of April, 1938, [illegible] "Humane Sunday" and the week following this date to be known as "Be Kind to Animals Anniversary" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN [illegible], I have [illegible] caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-third day of April, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [illegible]
Deputy

1137

1061

PROCLAMATION.

CHILD HEALTH WEEK.

APRIL 28. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 28 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

A P P O I N T M E N T

The [illegible] State of California is one of its most cherished assets. The dividends of good health are paid in terms of happiness and contentment, both of which are allies of good citizenship. The health of the child influences the daily routine of the home, which in turn affects the [illegible] community [illegible].

It is a solemn duty of the various governmental agencies to safeguard the health of nearly one hundred thousand children [illegible] in California. To make such a program functional, it is imperative that their parents, teachers, physicians, nurses, welfare workers and health officers [illegible] every possible effort to create a wholesome [illegible] environment [illegible] facilities in order that our children may be free from all disabling [illegible], so that their childhood days may be normally happy and [illegible] free.

In an effort to honor these workers and to remind the people of the State of California of the values attendant upon [illegible], I, [illegible], Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the first day of May, 1938, as "Child Health Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth and urge our citizens to observe this day in an appropriate manner.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-sixth day of April, A.D., one thousand nine hundred [illegible].

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

By the Governor:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

1138

PROCLAMATION

APRIL 25. 1938.

GOOD FRIDAY.

1938.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

APR 14 1938

o'clock M.

FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE,
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

[illegible]

[illegible] Proclamation [illegible]
[illegible] by

[illegible]

[illegible] to [illegible]

[illegible] prayerful devotion.

[illegible] Now, therefore, I, [illegible] California, [illegible] the 19th [illegible] out its observance by [illegible] our citizens [illegible] that the [illegible] of the various [illegible] employees who may desire to attend civic services but on the hours of 1:30 noon and 2:30 P.M. to be absent from their [illegible] at this time.

In witness whereof, I have [illegible] of California [illegible] to be affixed this fourteenth day of April, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

1139

PROCLAMATION.

MOTHER'S DAY.

SUNDAY MAY. 8. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 1 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

In the annual observance of "Mother's Day" each of us is afforded an opportunity to give expression to deep and abiding sentiments to that unselfish and sympathetic personality to whom we devotedly refer to as Mother. These sentiments have come to be evidenced in many different ways, such as the letter, the carnation, the memory tree and the home pilgrimage. While certain inherent characteristics are present at birth, the love and devotion to Mother is the result of the close association of babyhood and childhood days, the shared experiences of early adolescence and the understanding counsel of youth and early adult life.

In an effort to preserve this great heritage, and in order that we may give expression to this heartfelt appreciation of that understanding personality, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, the 8th day of May, 1938, as "Mother's Day" within the limits of this Commonwealth and respectfully urge all schools, churches, civic and fraternal organizations to arrange and conduct suitable exercises so that each of us may observe this day in an appropriate manner.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-eighth day of April, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
GOVERNOR

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

1064

1140

PROCLAMATION.

NATIONAL MUSIC WEEK.

APRIL 29. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 29 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Music appeals to all classes and groups of people and is a mode of inter-racial and international expression that is universally understood.

In addition to its values of self-expression, it has a beneficial and stimulating effect on each individual, by enriching his cultural life, which in turn is reflected in the happiness and contentment of the people of each community.

Unfortunately, not all people possess talents in the field of music expression, but we can all avail ourselves of the opportunities afforded us to become familiar with the marvelous works of the Masters, and thereby add to the understanding and appreciation of good music and, at the same time, encourage and inspire the younger generation to become interested and proficient in this worthwhile cultural ideal.

In order that we may create additional interest and enthusiasm in the promotion of music programs, with a view of discovering and developing the musical talents in each community, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 1st day of May, 1938, as "National Music Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-eighth day of April, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

1141

PROCLAMATION.

NATIONAL RESTAURANT WEEK.

APRIL 29. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
APR 29 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

This [illegible] day of May, marks the observance of the Second Annual National Restaurant Week in the State of California.

Inasmuch as the restaurant industry is fifth in the nation in relative importance, it is interesting to study and give consideration to the many factors which give it such a high rank in comparison to other national industries.

It is significant to note that the restaurant owners of this country are the third largest employers of labor, and that a greater percentage of the total income is used for the payment of labor than in any other retail industry.

In recognition of the daily service which is rendered its many patrons, and in order that we may help to focus the attention of the people on the importance of maintaining high standards of sanitation in the preparation and serving of healthful foods, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the second day of May, 1938, as "National Restaurant Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth.

IN [illegible] I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-eighth day of April, A.D., one thousand nine hundred [illegible].

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
[illegible]
Secretary of State

By:
[illegible]
Deputy

1142

PROCLAMATION.

YOUTH WEEK.

MAY. 4. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 4 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The youth of today is faced with problems that have been created by a complex civilization - economics of industry, commerce, science, social adjustments, international relations.

I have the utmost of confidence in the younger generation in that they will be able to cope with these complex problems, by assuming the responsibilities of citizenship and developing sound and constructive leadership so necessary for the effective solution of all our problems.

In order that we may further the interests of the young people of the State of California and in cooperation with the various organizations, whose chief objectives are to foster and promulgate worthwhile youth activities, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 1st day of May, 1938, as "Youth Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth and respectfully urge the schools, churches, civic and fraternal organizations and governmental agencies to sponsor appropriate activities and festivities for the youth of this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this thirtieth day of April, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
SECRETARY OF STATE

By: _____
DEPUTY

1143

PROCLAMATION.

NATIONAL AIR MAIL WEEK.

MAY 4. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 4 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

I[illegible] this year marks the twentieth anniversary of regular Air Mail Service in the United States, it is fitting that the people of the Golden State cooperate with the Post Office Department at Washington in sponsoring the various activities held in connection with the observance of "National Air Mail Week" in California.

[illegible] of California have always taken [illegible] interest in fostering this relatively new method of mail transportation [illegible] increased rapid transit to the Northern, Southern, Midwestern and Eastern sections of the United States, and also because [illegible] has been fortunate to be chosen as [illegible] terminal for trans-Pacific service.

In view of these considerations, now, [illegible], I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 15th day of May, 1938, as "National Air Mail Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth, and urge [illegible] people of California to familiarize themselves with the excellent service which is available [illegible] of the year, and evidence their [illegible] liberally patroni[illegible] the [illegible] service.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fourth day of May, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
GOVERNOR of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
SECRETARY OF STATE

By: _____
DEPUTY

1144

PROCLAMATION.

WORLD GOOD WILL DAY.

MAY. 5. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 5 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

May 18th, marks the thirty-ninth anniversary of the first International Conference for World Peace which was held at the Hague, and in accordance with a well-established custom this day will be observed throughout the United States and other nations as "World Good Will Day."

Inasmuch as peace and good will among the nations should be the normal status of human relations, it is fitting that we cooperate with the various organizations, whose aims and objectives are directed toward the achievement and consummation of this worthy ideal.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the 18th day of May, 1938, as "World Good Will Day" and the month of May as "World Good Will Month" in California and urge the civic, religious and educational institutions to arrange appropriate exercises in an effort to properly recognize international good will and understanding, as a constructive force in human affairs.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this fifth day of May, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

1

1145

PROCLAMATION

EMPLOYMENT DAY.

MAY 7. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
Office of the Secretary of State
THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 7 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as the welfare and happiness of all the people of the State of California is dependent upon the opportunity which the employable head of each family has to obtain gainful employment, it is imperative that we all cooperate with the industrial, commercial, labor, civic, fraternal and church organizations in a unified effort to find or create work opportunities for capable men and women of this Commonwealth, particularly in the interest of those over forty years of age, many of whom are finding it increasingly difficult to obtain steady employment. This group including, as it does, heads of families, property owners and large numbers of loyal citizens who have contributed much to the development of this State, by virtue of their experience, have much to offer the employers in competence and judgment.

In an earnest effort to help alleviate this deplorable condition, by bringing the unemployment problem more forcibly to the attention of all employers of labor, and with the wholehearted cooperation of the American Legion and churches of all denominations throughout the State, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, the 22nd day of May, 1938, as special "Employment Day" and urge all the people of this Commonwealth to attend their respective church services on this day in order that proper consideration and encouragement be given this worthy program.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this seventh day of May, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:

Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

1146

PROCLAMATION

NATIONAL ICE CREAM WEEK.

MAY. 11. 1936.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 11 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

I [illegible] and as one of the most important of our dairy foods.

This wholesome and delicious food is appetizing to young and old alike, is easily digested and is recommended by nutrition and medical authorities for its food value as well as its appeal to its many users as a delectable dessert.

The ice cream industry is an important outlet for the milk of the dairy farmers of our State, their products being purchased by 832 ice cream manufacturers operating in California, making 16,000,000 gallons of ice cream annually.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 15th day of May, 1938, as "National Ice Cream Week" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eleventh day of May, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

1147

PROCLAMATION.

FOREIGN TRADE WEEK.

MAY. 24. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 24 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

[illegible]

An equitable trade understanding between nations of the world provides one of the most valuable mediums in protecting and preserving the prosperity of our people and, at the same time, paves the way to continued peace relations[illegible].

The State of California strategically located as it is from a geographic standpoint, has a convenient and accessible connection with all the most important ports of the world.

In an effort to encourage the interchange of goods and services with other nations, it is appropriate that the citizens of California cooperate with the various shipping agencies of other countries as well as those in this country, in bringing about a restoration of commercial exchange with our neighbors in foreign lands.

In order that this important phase of our industrial and commercial life be more forcibly brought to the attention of the citizens of this State, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 22nd day of May, 1938 as "Foreign Trade Week" in California.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this thirtieth day of May, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible] of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:

[illegible]
Deputy

1148

PROCLAMATION.

SMALL BUSINESS MENS WEEK.

MAY. 24. 1938.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 24 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature] DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Americans have always prospered because they had an abundance of confidence in themselves. Lack of confidence, [illegible] on a mass scale periodically in this country, has caused depressions and recessions.

A return of confidence at this time would mean that this State and this Nation with her abundance of resources would once again be returned to more prosperous times.

As Americans we have moved by majorities to control our own affairs. A new group, which has never before had a concerted voice in government, is now forming. This group is composed of small business men, many of whom have stood alone and through rugged determination held on to their means of livelihood against all onslaughts.

This return of confidence in so large a group promises to be most helpful to our State and our Nation in the days beyond tomorrow.

When it is realized that 75 per cent of the business of the State and the Nation is done by those manufacturers, retailers and wholesalers, which are termed "small business", it is easy to recognize why this group should be given full cooperation.

There are nearly 500,000 small business firms in California. They employ about 2,000,000 people and could, under favorable circumstances, employ so many more that our unemployment problems would be eliminated.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, hereby proclaim the week of June 5th to 11th, inclusive, as "Small Business Men's Week" within the state and hereby urge the newspapers, churches, civic and fraternal organizations and all the people to grant the small business men appropriate recognition.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this nineteenth day of May, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1149

PROCLAMATION.

BUDDY POPPY DAYS WEEK.

MAY. 24. 1938.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 24 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

[illegible] by the Veterans of Foreign Wars, serves as a reminder of those who have sacrificed their lives in defense of the Nation, and provides funds to assist those who suffer from the ravages of war in recovering their health and to regain their physical strength and morale of the pre-war days.

The poppy is a California flower and its adoption throughout the Nation as a symbol of gratitude and helpfulness should especially awaken the sympathy and generosity of all Californians.

In view of these sentiments and in order that the success of this worthy cause may be enhanced, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Friday and Saturday, the 27th and 28th days of May, 1938 as "Buddy Poppy Days" in California and urge all the people to participate and cooperate in this worthy veteran program.

IN [illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-fourth day of May, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
[illegible]

By Frank C. Jordan
[illegible]

[illegible]

1150

PROCLAMATION.

PUBLIC RECREATION WEEK.

MAY. 25. 1938.

PROCLAMATION

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 25 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

The enthusiastic response to the first California "Public Recreation Week", inaugurated by proclamation in the spring of 1937, resulted in such a well coordinated, state-wide program of sustained recreational activities that educators, civic and county bodies and recreation directors have indicated their wish that the program be continued not only during the present year but that it become an established custom and be observed appropriately during the years to come.

A constructive program of recreation, the purpose of which is to unite and coordinate the various agencies in training all of our people, both young and old in the worthy use of leisure time, merits our wholehearted consideration and support. The people of California are fortunate in that we have within the boundaries of our State, one of Nature's greatest outdoor playgrounds, located within a varied and temperate climatic zone and accessible each of the twelve months of the year.

The public schools of California are exerting a constructive influence by advocating a more universal participation in useful leisure time activities, not only during the school year but during the vacation time as well. Citizens are making a fuller use of their opportunities granted them under recently approved legislation, which creates a civic center at each and every public school house within the boundaries of our State. Under the provisions of this act, Parent Teachers' Associations, Boy Scout Troops, Camp Fire Girls, 4-H Clubs, Future Farmers and all other character building and educational organizations may meet under responsible and trained leadership to conduct useful and wholesome recreational activities. With some 1,500,000 children released from school supervision at the end of the current term, this problem becomes even more acute. We can perform no more useful service to the community, State or the Nation than to make it possible for young and old alike to find a proper mode of expression and an opportunity for the selection of, and participation in, a wide range of recreational activities which are physically wholesome, mentally stimulating and socially sound.

In recognition of the need of such a program, and in an effort to stimulate a further coordination of the various agencies in each community, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 19th day of June, 1938 as "Public Recreation Week" in California and urge the schools, churches, service clubs and all other community agencies to respond favorably to the challenge which this great program presents.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-fourth day of May, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1075

1151

PROCLAMATION.

MEMORIAL DAY . MAY. 30. 1938.

ENTERED

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 27 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Frank F. Merriam
California

Frank C. Jordan

1152

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7.

[redacted]

MAY. 27. 1938.

ENTERED

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
Of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 27 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
By [illegible] DEPUTY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 7

Pertaining to Alfalfa Weevil

Effective on and after May 11, 1938

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that the alfalfa weevil exists in certain areas of the United States other than those described in Provision 1 of Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, dated September 16, 1937, and that the alfalfa weevil has apparently been eradicated from Clark County, Nevada, Provision 1 of said Quarantine Proclamation No. 7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Provision 1. Infested Territory.

Arizona: All that portion of Coconino County north of the Colorado River.

Colorado: Entire counties of Delta, Eagle, Garfield, Gunnison, Mesa, Moffat, Montezuma, Montrose, Ouray, Rio Blanco, Routt and San Juan.

Idaho: Entire state.

Nebraska: Entire county of Sioux; townships 27, 28 north, ranges 51, 52 west, in Box Butte County; townships 31, 32 north, range 52 west in Dawes County; townships 21, 22 and 23 north, ranges 57 and 58 west in Scotts Bluff County.

Nevada: Entire counties of Churchill, Douglas, Elko, Humboldt, Lander, Lincoln, Lyon, Mineral, Ormsby, Pershing, Storey, Washoe and White Pine.

Oregon: Entire counties of Baker, Harney, Jackson, Malheur and Union, and that portion of Josephine County north of a line drawn directly east and west through the southern limits of the town of Selma, Oregon.

South Dakota: Entire county of Custer and that portion of Fall River County known as Indian Township.

Utah: Entire state.

Wyoming: Entire state.

This Amendment No. 1 to Quarantine Proclamation No. 7, dated September 16, 1937, will take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: MAY 11 1938

1179

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION NO. 43

RELATING TO THE ORIENTAL FRUIT MOTH

MAY 27, 1930

A. A. BROCK
DIRECTOR

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE
A. C. FLEURY, CHIEF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
Department of Agriculture
SACRAMENTO

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 27 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By DEPUTY

QUARANTINE REGULATION No. 3

Pertaining to Oriental Fruit Moth

Effective on and after April 22, 1938

, The Fact has been determined by the Director of Agriculture that an insect injurious to peach trees and fruit and other trees and fruit, known as the Oriental fruit moth (Laspeyresia molesta, Busck), new to and not heretofore prevalent or distributed in the State of California, exists in the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia, and in the District of Columbia, and in the Province of Ontario, Canada, all of which are included in and hereinafter referred to as the infested territory, and that all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear, apple and haw or hawthorn (Crataegus sp.) trees and plants and fresh fruits thereof, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers of these fruits are liable to be carriers of said Oriental fruit moth;

NOW, , It is declared necessary in order to prevent the introduction of the said Oriental fruit moth into the State of California, that a quarantine be and the same is hereby established at the boundaries of the State of California, in accordance with the provisions of section 106 of the Agricultural Code of the State of California, against said Oriental fruit moth, and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear, apple and haw or hawthorn (Crataegus sp.) trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets, or other containers that have been used to contain these fruits, grown in or imported, shipped or brought from the said infested territory, and no such possible carriers of this insect as quarantined against in this proclamation shall be permitted to pass over the said quarantine lines so hereby established and proclaimed, except under and subject to the following provisions:

Provision 1. Budwood or scions of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, quince, pear and apple trees grown in or shipped from the said infested territory will be admitted into the State of California in limited amount and only during the dormant period from November 1st to April 1st, provided a permit to cover same is first issued by the Director of Agriculture. Persons contemplating the importing into this State of any such budwood or scions from the said infested territory shall first make application to the Director of Agriculture for a permit to do so, stating in the application the name and address of the shipper, the locality where the budwood or scions were grown, the amount and kind of budwood or scions it is desired to import, and the name and address of the importer in this State to whom the permit should be sent. All such permits issued by the Director of Agriculture will specify the amount of the importation, and the manner and method of shipment and treatment which must be complied with as a condition of entry.

Provision 2. Any and all varieties and species including the flowering forms of peach, nectarine, almond, apricot, plum, cherry, choke-cherry, quince, pear, apple and haw or hawthorn (Crataegus sp.) trees or plants or parts thereof, including the fresh fruits, and all boxes, barrels, baskets or other used containers of these fruits, arriving in the State of California from the said infested territory in violation of the provisions of this proclamation shall be refused admittance into California and shall be immediately sent out of the State or destroyed at the option and expense of the owner, or owners, his or their responsible agents.

Provision 3. The entry into this State of any budwood or scions as provided in Provision 1 hereof shall be further subject to the provisions of any other quarantine proclamation or ruling now in force or which may hereafter be promulgated.

The foregoing does not apply to the experiments of the United States Department of Agriculture in the State of California.

This Quarantine Proclamation No. 3 supersedes Quarantine Proclamation No. 3, dated August 23, 1933 and shall take effect immediately.

Director of Agriculture

APPROVED: Frank F. Merriam
Governor of the State of California

ISSUED: APR 22 1938

1154

PROCLAMATION.

TO CALL UPON THE PEOPLE TO

BUY MORE MILK.

JUNE. 1. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 1 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as more than 60,000 families in California are dependent upon dairy products for the major part of their income, and because increased consumption of milk and its many healthful by-products help to decrease the ravages of disease caused by malnutrition and low-body resistance, it is altogether fitting that we give attention and consideration to ways and means of facilitating the maintenance and development of this great industry.

It is encouraging to note that the total American milk production for 1938 is five per cent higher than in 1937, as of this date, and that quantities of manufactured dairy products have increased seven per cent.

Any reduction in the dairy farmer's income has a direct bearing upon the prosperity of the State, by materially reducing the aggregate purchasing power, by denying each dairyman an opportunity of purchasing other articles from retail merchants. This curtailment reduces the number of orders to the jobber, which in turn reduces the orders which are placed with each manufacturer.

In recognition of this great industry which contributes so much to California and to our Nation in dollars, employment and good health for all, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do call upon all citizens to buy milk and dairy products in additional quantities, thus helping reduce the surplus caused by the record peak production in the month of June, and urge every merchant and business man in all cities, towns and villages to join with us in this highly important movement to increase milk consumption.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this first day of June, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

By:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

1155

PROCLAMATION.

PHARMACY. WEEK.

JUNE. 1. 1938.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 1 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P r o c l a m a t i o n

The value of any business [illegible], in the last analysis, dependent upon [illegible] service it is able to provide for the citi[illegible] each community, the State and the Nation.

It is to the excellent service of the neighborhood pharmacist, available and accessible on each of the 365 days of the year, for which we owe a debt of gratitude and a word of appreciation.

His ready and helpful service is a valuable asset in each community, and is found useful not only in cases of emergency, but in caring for the needs of the people in every day living.

In view of these considerations, now, [illegible], I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim [illegible] beginning with the 19th day of June [illegible] as [illegible].

I [illegible], [illegible] hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this first day of June, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

By: Frank C. Jordan

By: [illegible]

1156

PROCLAMATION.

FLAG DAY. JUNE. 14. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 14 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

[illegible]

[illegible] the inspiration for the [illegible]

In view of these sufferers [illegible] public expression of [illegible] opportunity [illegible] affirm our belief in [illegible] its destiny, [illegible] of June [illegible] "[illegible]" in [illegible] state building, [illegible] by the flag on [illegible] building, [illegible] of in our [illegible]. [illegible] our American [illegible] by in [illegible], [illegible] of the [illegible], [illegible] abolished [illegible] America.

I, [illegible], [illegible] the state of [illegible]

Frank F. Merriam

By Frank C. Jordan

[illegible]

1157

PROCLAMATION.

FATHERS DAY,

JUNE. 14. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 14 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The success of the American home is dependent upon the responsibilities which each of its members assume in carrying on the duties of every day livin .

Father has been traditionally known as the breadwinner, providing first the necessities of life and in addition thereto, the luxuries commensurate to the efforts of his daily labors and responsibilities.

In an effort to recognize the many benefits derived from Father's tempered experience and wise counsel, and in order that we may give an adequate expression of our innermost thoughts of appreciation for his many unselfish deeds, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, do hereby proclaim Sunday, the 19th day of June 1938 as "Father's Day" in California and urge our citizens to arrange appropriate exercises for its proper observance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this thirteenth day of June, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

1082

1158

PROCLAMATION .

THE 4th OF JULY PROCLAMATION.

JUNE. 21. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
JUN 21 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

July 4th, a state and national holiday, is at hand, when thousands of individuals will abandon their work-a-day programs to observe the historic occasion.

Experience shows that every observance of July 4th is accompanied by its complement of disasters resulting from highway tragedies, fireworks accidents, and drownings. With July 4 falling on Monday, the observance will cover a longer period than usual and increase the hazards, particularly on the highways.

In view of the experience of the past, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, proclaim the urgency and the necessity of every citizen doing his part to guard against the disasters which have been enumerated to the end that the tragedy toll may be greatly reduced or eliminated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-first day of June, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[illegible]
Secretary of State

By:

[illegible]
Deputy

1159

PROCLAMATION.

FOURTH DAY OF JULY

JULY. 1. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
of the State of California
JUL 1 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
By SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

[illegible]

The annual observance of the Fourth of July refreshes our memory and recalls the heroic struggles which our forefathers endured to make it possible for the United States of America to become a national entity. While those early leaders determined this new form of government, the people themselves have, by ensuring the responsibility given to them in the Constitution, shaped its destiny as problems presented themselves for consideration.

[illegible] one hundred and forty-two years of self government, we have learned to appreciate the need of individual liberty as guaranteed to us by our Constitution.

In honor of this heritage and in recognition of the countless loyal men and women who have remained true to the fundamental principles of personal liberty and freedom, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the Fourth day of July, 1938 as a holiday in California and respectfully request that the flag of the United States be appropriately displayed on all public buildings, on business houses, in our homes and at [illegible].

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this first day of July, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

By:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

NO. 1084.

1160

PROCLAMATION.

CALIFORNIA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
PERIOD.
SEPT 2th to 11th

AUG. 2. 1938.

ENTERED

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 2 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] Deputy

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The California State Fair and Exposition is a great agricultural and industrial exposition, which serves not only as a dramatic symbol of the continued progress and achievement of the six million people in the State of California, but as a mecca for the people of the Western part of the United States. It brings together the inspiring evidence of California's development in agriculture, industry, commerce, education and art.

It is fitting that we give recognition to those who have cooperated to make the State Fair this year the greatest in all California history. It is a cooperative enterprise in which official, exhibitor and spectator play equally vital roles.

In view of these considerations and in an effort to emphasize the values which may be derived from attendance at this annual exposition of the Pacific, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the days of September 2nd to 11th, inclusive, as "California State Fair and Exposition Period" and cordially invite each of you to set aside the dates for your vacation in order that you might be privileged to visit the 1938 California State Fair.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this second day of August, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:

Deputy

1085.

PROCLAMATION. 1161

REAL ESTATE AND HOME OWNERSHIP WEEK.

AUG. 8. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
of the State of California
OCT 3 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The growth of the State of California and its steady advance and progress since admission to the Union has been one of constantly increasing population accompanied by commensurate construction of homes and the development of agriculture, commerce and industry.

In furtherance of the welfare, contentment and protection of the citizens in this Golden Empire, it is desirable to advance the cause of home ownership and maintain sound real estate values. This is a program which will insure our people a greater security and, at the same time, develop a finer appreciation of the benefits which flow from the widespread individual ownership of land.

The interest which Californians have displayed in home-building in the various communities throughout the State bears witness to the increasing thrift of our citizens. It is indeed gratifying to note the splendid efforts of those engaged in home and farm land development, and to know that we have, at this time, more than a million owners of real property in this State. We should direct our efforts to increase home and land ownership many fold.

In view of these considerations, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 3rd day of October, 1938, as "Real Estate and Home Ownership Week" within the limits of this Commonwealth, and respectfully urge that all our people join in its observance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this sixth day of August, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1086. 1162

AMERICAN LEGION DAY.

SEPT 20. 1938.

FILED aug. 10. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AUG 10 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

California will be host to the [illegible]th An. National Convention of the American Legion on September 12th to 22nd, inclusive of this year.

All the departments of State Government are glad to join with the various commercial, industrial and civic organizations in cooperating with the American Legion, Department of California to make this annual convention an outstanding success, and in extending a most cordial welcome to the many delegates and guests who will be privileged to be in attendance.

As a further indication of this cooperation, it is suggested to the heads of departments that employees of the State of California, who hold membership in the American Legion or its Auxiliary, be privileged to attend this convention without loss of time and thus may act as hosts and hostesses to our Legionnaire guests and members of kindred organizations who will be present in California for the occasion.

In view of these considerations and inasmuch as the annual parade is scheduled to be held on September 20th, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Tuesday, the 20th day of September, 1938, as "American Legion Day" in California and urge all citizens to join in welcoming the many delegates and friends of the American Legion.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eighth day of August, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:

Robert V. Jordan
Assistant Secretary of State

NO. 1087.

1163

PROCLAMATION.

GREATER MOTION PICTURE PERIOD.

SEPT. 1th. 1938 to. DEC. 31. 1938.

FILED

1938

DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

[redacted]

[redacted]gressive action has ever been the tradition of the film industry. It is therefore particularly fitting that [redacted] should be [redacted]ering at this time and display its confidence in general business conditions by presenting this series of unusually fine productions.

Under the slogan, "Motion Picture. Greatest Year", the Motion Picture Industry has marshalled its forces and will present its new productions of the season during the period between September 1st [redacted] December 31st of this year.

[redacted] New York and from Maine to California, studios, distributors, and theaters will celebrate the occasion in the best and only possible manner in which it should be observed, that is, by the presentation of the best program of motion pictures which it has been possible for [redacted].

For years the motion picture has played an important part in American life. It has widened the horizon of the average citizen and has given him a more comprehensive idea of living conditions in all walks of life and in all parts of the world. The motion picture has provided an optional outlet for countless millions of people and has placed fine, educational entertainment within reach of most persons.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, [redacted] Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period between September 1, 1938, and December 31, 1938, as "Motion Picture Period" in California, and urge [redacted] of this State to cooperate with the film industry in [redacted] the various celebrations which will be held throughout the State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this first day of September in the Thousand Nine Hundred Thirty Eight, A.D.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor of California

Attest:

[redacted]

Secretary of State

NO. 1088. 1164

PROCLAMATION.

ADMISSION DAY. SEPT. 9 1938.

sept. 12. 1938.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE ST... ...ORNIA
APR 19 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
By ... SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

The Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled on the ninth day of September, 1850, declared: "That the State of California shall be one, and is hereby declared to be one, of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever." Since that date, and cooperating with the other States of the Union, the people of California have gradually but securely developed a substantial government, giving direction to the affairs of State, maintaining law and order and at the same time recognizing the individual and collective rights of people guaranteed in the Constitution of the United States.

California, blest as it is with an abundance of natural resources, its varied temperate climatic conditions, and world famed scenic beauty, has a rich historic and colorful background which gives the people of this State a heritage for which they may well be proud, and one which we must strive to preserve for our posterity.

In view of these sentiments and considerations, and in harmony with the laws of California, now therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Friday, the ninth day of September, 1938, as Admission Day in the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and seal of the Great Seal of the State of California, this seventh day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight, A.D.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Secretary of State

NO. 1069. 1165

PROCLAMATION.

NINTH DAY OF OCT. AS LEIF ERICSON DAY.

SEPT. 14. 1938.

Executive Department
State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 14 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Inasmuch as the explorations of Leif Ericson greatly contributed to the advancement of civilization, it is fitting that the people of the State of California pay tribute to his memory by commemorating his many achievements.

It is hoped that by preserving and perpetuating the memory of this early explorer all Americans may strive to emulate the ideals which guided his life and were responsible for his many contributions to society.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the 9th day of October, 1938, as "Leif Ericson Day" in this State, and urge the people to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and seal of the Great Seal of the State of California, this fourteenth day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight, A.D.



Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

NO. 1090.

1166

PROCLAMATION.

NATIONAL AIR TRAVEL WEEK.

SEPT. 26. 1938.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 26 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

PROCLAMATION

As the end of the first decade of the successful use of air transportation and interstate commerce comes to a close, it is well for every citizens, every State organization, and every patriotic American to give cognizance of, and consideration to, the great advancement and increased public convenience, which all phases of the Aviation Industry have so nobly accomplished during this time.

We have every reason to be proud of the developments which have put the United States of America in the leading position in the world of aviation. We can also be proud of the initiative our National Government has taken in giving the Aviation Industry a bulwark of strength upon which it can build during the next decade and through which it can make even greater advancements than those we are honoring during National Air Travel Week.

We have been fortunate in that those men in our aviation industry are men of vision, courage, resourcefulness and action. Such men have given this country better equipment, more convenient schedules, a choice of dependable airlines criss-crossing the country, and have brought about economies which give our travellers today the opportunity to take advantage of these improvements. Our men in aviation today have accelerated business and pleasure travel which brings to all parts of the nation, including our own State, accelerated progress.

In view of these considerations and in an effort, not only to pay tribute to the progress which has been made in the Aviation Industry, but to begin another era for which we may forecast even greater advancements and prestige to our State and Nation in commercial, civil and military aeronautics, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning October 1, 1938, as "National Air Travel Week" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-sixth day of September, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By [signature]
Deputy

NO. 1091. 1167

PROCLAMATION.

GENERAL PULASKI'S MEMORIAL DAY.

SEPT. 27. 1938.

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 27 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski came to America in response to a desire to assist in any way possible in the establishment of liberty and justice as fundamental precepts in the organization of a national representative government.

The name and heroic deeds of General Pulaski are known to all people who are familiar with the early history of our Republic and it is, therefore, appropriate that the anniversary of this American hero of the Revolutionary War be observed with suitable patriotic and public exercises in commemoration of his death.

In view of his unselfish service and in consideration of his courageous deeds, now therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the 11th day of October, 1933, as "General Pulaski's Memorial Day" in this State, and urge the people to observe the day in schools and churches and other suitable places with appropriate ceremonies.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-seventh day of September, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Attest:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

1168

NO. 1092.

PROCLAMATION.

READ YOUR POLICY WEEK.

SEPT. 28, 1936.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 26 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

A measure of protection and security is afforded hundreds of thousands of homes in the State of California through the medium of the various types of insurance policies.

Only a small percentage of the policyholders have ever taken the trouble to read their insurance policies and thus be properly informed as to the protection provided.

In knowledge there is security. This lack of knowledge many times causes policyholders to overlook benefits guaranteed by their respective policies. The insurance carriers desire the policyholders to receive all the benefits of their insurance contracts.

In view of these considerations and in order that each policyholder might have the opportunity to be more fully informed as to the protection afforded by their insurance contracts, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the twenty-fourth day of October, 1938 as "Read Your Policy Week" in this State and urge that each policyholder carefully read and study their respective insurance contracts and confer with their agent, broker or insurer on any questions in relation thereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-sixth day of September, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By:
Deputy

NO. 1093. 1169

PROCLAMATION.

BOOK WEEK.

SEPT. 26. 1938.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 26 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [signature]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

For the past two decades librarians, educators, bookmen and others have united in an effort to interest Americans in books and their place in our cultural life. That crusade comes to a focus annually in common observance of Book Week - this year to be November 13th to 19th.

The State of California has definitely demonstrated its belief in education as the bulwark of democracy. Our school system and our public libraries offer tangible proof of our conviction that every citizen has not only the right to secure an education but has also the facilities to continue the educative process throughout his life time. Books constitute the universal medium of education since it is through them that we receive the wisdom of the ages, that we acquire the facts which enable us to understand the economic and scientific changes that are taking place before our eyes, that we acquire or enlarge the practical knowledge which makes us more efficient in whatever jobs we hold, and through them that we may find enrichment of every department of our lives.

California is a leader among the states in the distribution and reading of books, through its book stores and through its state-wide system of libraries that offer this basic means of education to the rural as well as to the metropolitan residents of our commonwealth.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 13th day of November 1938, as "Book Week" in the State of California, and respectfully urge the people of the State to give special attention to the agencies, both public and private, that make books a real and significant part of our life.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-sixth day of September, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

[signature]
Secretary of State

---NO. 1094.--- 1170

PROCLAMATION.

GOLDEN GATE INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION. DAY.

SEPT. 26. 1938.

ENTERED

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
In the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 26 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By _____ DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

California and her sister States of the West have joined as hosts to the millions of visitors from all over the world who will come to the Golden Gate International Exposition on Treasure Island in 1939.

This Exposition offers a fine opportunity to present to the world a glowing and dramatic picture of the cultural, economic and recreational advantages of our golden State. The welfare and success of this great civic undertaking is therefore of vital concern to each and every citizen and to each and every community of California.

Inasmuch as the officials of this great Exposition of the West are making plans to throw open its gates to the world on the morning of February 18, 1939, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim this date as "Golden Gate International Exposition Day" in California, and urge all the people of the State to join in the spirit of fiesta, hospitality, and good fellowship throughout the entire two hundred and eighty eight days of the Exposition.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-sixth day of September, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:

Deputy

NO. 1095.

1171

PROCLAMATION.

NEWSPAPER WEEK.

SEPT. 27. 1938.

ENTERED

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
SEP 27 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

As a power for good and a bulwark against evil the newspaper has ever been the friend and servant of the people.

The people's confidence in the integrity of the news and the honesty of the editorial opinion expressed, have made the freedom of the press possible and kept it intact through all the years that the United States Constitution and that of the State of California have guided their destinies.

As the guardian of the freedom of our people, the editor and his staff of trained professional and technical associates gather and disseminate the news of the day and, in turn interpret its relationship and effect upon the general trend of events. Thus, the newspapers mold public opinion and become an agency of civic and spiritual progress.

In view of these sentiments and in recognition of the faithful performance of their duty to the public they serve, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim the period beginning with the 2nd day of October, 1938 as "Newspaper Week" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-seventh day of September, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By:
Deputy

No. 1096. 1172

PROCLAMATION.

FIRE PREVENTION WEEK.

OCT. 3. 1938.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 1 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Each year preventable fires are the cause of serious personal injury and loss of life to hundreds of persons, and are responsible for great economic losses, due to the destruction of properties.

A great number of these fires occur in the homes of our people and are caused by carelessness and negligence on the part of one or more persons who have not taken the proper fire safety precautions.

In consideration of these facts, and in order that the people in every community of this State may individually and through various organizations, discover and correct existing fire hazards, promote measures of public and private fire protection and extend instruction in fire prevention to adults as well as school children, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 9th day of October, 1938 as "Fire Prevention Week" in this State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-seventh day of September A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: [illegible]
Deputy

---1097.---- 1173

PROCLAMATION.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

OCT. 8. 1938.

ENTERED

FILED
In the Office of the Secretary of State
of the State of California
OCT 7 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

Executive Department

State of California

Election Proclamation

I, FRANK F. MERRIAM, Governor of the State of California, do hereby proclaim that a General Election will be held throughout this State on Tuesday, the eighth day of November, 1938, at which the following offices are to be filled:

GOVERNOR;
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR;
SECRETARY OF STATE;
CONTROLLER;
TREASURER;
ATTORNEY GENERAL;

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION from each of the four equalization districts of the State;

ONE UNITED STATES SENATOR;

REPRESENTATIVES TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES from each of the twenty congressional districts of the State;

STATE SENATORS from each of the following twenty senatorial districts of the State: Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-eighth, Fortieth;

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY from each of the eighty assembly districts of the State;

ONE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT (Full Term)
THREE ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT (Full Term)
ONE ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, FIRST APPELLATE DISTRICT, DIVISION ONE (Full Term)
ONE PRESIDING JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT, DIVISION ONE (Full Term)
ONE ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT, DIVISION ONE (Full Term)
ONE ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT, DIVISION TWO (Full Term)
ONE ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, THIRD APPELLATE DISTRICT (Full Term)
ONE PRESIDING JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, FOURTH APPELLATE DISTRICT (Full Term)
ONE ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, FOURTH APPELLATE DISTRICT (Full Term)

JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT in each of the following respective counties of the State, the number of judges to be elected and the terms thereof being as follows:

MODOC—One (Full Term)
ORANGE—One (Full Term) Office Number One
ORANGE—One (Full Term) Office Number Two
SAN LUIS OBISPO—One (Full Term)
SAN JOAQUIN—One (Full Term) Office Number One
SANTA CLARA—One (Full Term) Office Number Two

ALSO, such other State and county, township, district, or other offices as are provided by law to be filled at such election.

I further proclaim that at said election there will also be submitted to the vote of the electors such proposed constitutional amendments, questions, propositions, initiative and referendum measures as are required to be so submitted by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

And I do further offer a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of ~~title four, part one~~ of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed hereto this seventh day of October, 1938.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor

Attest:

[signature]
Secretary of State

NO. 1098. 1174

PROCLAMATION.

9th. DAY OF OCT. 1938.

AS

BUSINESS WOMENS WEEK.

OCT. 13. 1938.

ENTERED

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 1 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The aims and objectives, and the ideals to which the business and professional women of America are striving, will be brought to our attention during the week beginning with the 9th day of October of this year. During this week, plans are being made to stress the necessity of a sound educational program which is fitted to the requirements of modern youth; to emphasize the granting of awards for work well done in order that the standard of living throughout the Nation might be raised, and to seek to elevate the motives and ideals of all business and professional people. Such a program will naturally assist in the development of a more substantial social and economic order.

Accordingly, it is appropriate that official recognition be given this important movement, and that the people throughout the State cooperate in making it beneficial to all.

In view of these considerations and in order that an impetus may be given to these worthy and desirable objectives, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 9th day of October, 1938, as "Business Women's Week" in California and urge the people to cooperate in every way possible to make this program successful.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this seventh day of October, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

by [illegible]
Deputy

NO. 1099. 1175

PROCLAMATION.

10 TH DAY OF OCT .1938.

AS

NATIONAL RETAIL GROCERS. WEEK.

OCT. 13. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 1 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The value of any business enterprise is determined not only by its invoice or book value, but in addition thereto, by its good will which is built up over a period of years in establishing a reputation of fair dealing and excellent service to its patrons.

In an effort to direct the attention of our people to the conveniences which are made available each day as the result of the services rendered the residents of each community by the retail grocers, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 10th day of October, as "National Retail Grocers Week" in California and urge the people to take cognizance of the types of service which is accessible to them in each of the various communities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this seventh day of October, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

by:

[illegible]
Deputy

NO. 1100. 1176

PROCLAMATION.

27TH DAY OF OCT. 1938.

AS

NAVY DAY.

OCT. 17. 1938.

ENTERED

Executive Department

State of California

FILED

PROCLAMATION

Navy Day was inaugurated in 1922 and has been observed throughout the United States on the 27th day of October in each of the succeeding years. This date was selected because it is the anniversary of the birth of the late President Theodore Roosevelt, so much of whose life was devoted to the establishment of a sound naval policy for the United States of America.

The observance of Navy Day has proved a valuable means of fostering a better understanding of the Navy and of the part it plays in our naval defense system. This day also provides an opportunity to pay a deserving tribute to the sea heroes of the Nation and to recall the splendid part the Navy has played in making and keeping us a united Nation.

In an effort to emphasize the importance of the Navy and the Merchant Marine, and in order that we might have an opportunity to appropriately observe this phase of our national defense system, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the 27th day of October, 1938 as "Navy Day" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this thirteenth day of October, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

By

Deputy

NO 1101.

1177

PROCLAMATION.

AMERICAN ART WEEK.

OCT. 17. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
OCT 13 1938
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

Beautiful surroundings and artistic landscaping exert a positive influence on, and enhance the happiness of, the people of our State.

Artists and craftsmen can do much to improve the happiness of our person, homes, cities and country sides by the application of their specialized training and technical knowledge to each and every walk of life.

In view of these considerations and in an effort to encourage and bring about a greater understanding, use and appreciation of the fine arts and allied crafts, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 1st day of November, 1938, as "American Art Week" in California and urge all the people to give attention to the activities appertaining thereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this thirteenth day of October, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By: _____
Deputy

1178

PROCLAMATION.

" ARMISTICE DAY".

NOV. 9. 1938.

ENTERED

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 3 - 1938
SECRETARY OF STATE
By DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

The Congress of the United States in the 75th session, [illegible] has seen fit to set aside the eleventh day of November [illegible] as a legal public holiday. It is further provided that said day is to be dedicated to the cause of world peace and to be hereafter celebrated and known as "Armistice Day."

The cause of continued world peace represents a goal mankind should never forget and one which we should always strive to attain. It is therefore fitting that during the observance of the [illegible] anniversary of the signing of the Armistice, we should attempt to make all humanity more deeply conscious of the sacrifices which have been made in the continuous struggle for world peace.

In order that we may help to create a spirit of patriotic loyalty throughout the length and breadth of our state, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the eleventh day of November, 1938, as Armistice Day in California and urge that we pause in thoughtful meditation on Friday morning at 11:00 o'clock as a tribute to those who responded to their country's call, in sympathy to those who sacrificed health and positions during that emergency, and in kindly remembrance and appreciation to those who gave their lives to the desire and hope for world peace.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed at Sacramento, this third day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

--- 1103.--

1179

• PROCLAMATION.

VETERANS WEEK.

NOV. 9. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 9 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible]
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

A score of years have passed since the memorable date of November 11, 1918, when millions of people throughout the world received the welcome news that the Armistice had been signed, ceasing hostilities and bringing to a close the most tragic war in the history of mankind. Let us not forget those who carried the responsibilities and burdens of this armed conflict and may we take every opportunity to express our sincere appreciation of the services and sacrifices both at home and abroad.

May we all on this day join in the spirit of prayerful solicitude and direct our thoughts and attention toward those who still suffer the wounds of war that their needs may be bountifully supplied and their pathway down years be made pleasant by a grateful people.

In view of these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period beginning with Armistice Day, November 11, 1938, to November 19, 1938, as "Veterans Week" and urge that this period be observed and celebrated in every community with patriotic programs under the sponsorship of all organized veterans organizations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed at Sacramento, this third day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty eight.

[illegible]
Governor of California

[illegible]
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

--- 1104.---1180

proclamation.

" AMERICAM LEGION APPRECIATION.

N OV. 9. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 9 - 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By [illegible] DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The eleventh day of November of this year marks the twentieth anniversary of Armistice Day and recalls the welcome news released at eleven o'clock on the morning of November 11, 1918, that the guns of war had ceased on the battlefields of Europe, bringing peace to the people of the world. The memories of this eventful day will ever remain clear in the minds of those soldiers, sailors and marines who had responded so nobly to our country's call.

During the two decades which have elapsed since this memorable date, the American Legion and its Auxiliaries have initiated a humanitarian program, the objectives of which are to achieve those things which tend to improve the cultural and social conditions of each community, the state and the nation. An educational program has been launched for 1938 under the slogan "For Enduring Peace" and is being carried forward by those who know first-hand the meaning of war.

In an effort to cooperate in the achievement of these worthy objectives, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the period from the fourth of November, 1938, to the eleventh day of November as "American Legion Appreciation Week" and urge the people of California to observe this week in an appropriate manner and cooperate in every way possible in this program "For Enduring Peace."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed at Sacramento, this third day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

By _____
Deputy Secretary of State

1181

1105

** PROCLAMATION. **

* "AMERICAN EDUCATION WEEK".**

NOV. 9. 1938.

...ED

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 9 - 1938
SECRETARY OF STATE
DEPUTY

P R O C L A M A T I O N

A representative government, in order to be effective and enduring, is necessarily dependent upon an intelligent and an enlightened citizenry. The founders of the Republic were aware of this most important premise, and as a result, public education has ever been recognized throughout the history of the United States as the cornerstone of American Democracy.

Civilization presents an ever changing picture, challenging the mature and more experienced leaders and teachers of our State and Nation to proceed along lines that will insure economical security and social progress.

These objectives must not be achieved, however, by sacrificing the right to speak, to learn, to teach, to write, all fundamental freedoms so essential to successful self-government.

The modern school provides the student with the tools of learning, teaches the fundamental techniques and skills, and gives him information in the areas of cultural enrichment. The successful achievement of all these attributes becomes of little value to the individual as a citizen, unless accompanied and upheld by worthy ideals and sound character.

In view of these considerations and in keeping with these sentiments, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 6th day of November, 1938, as "American Education Week" in California and urge our people to become better acquainted with the schools during these days so that they can more intelligently serve and support the public education program during the remainder of the three hundred and sixty-five days of the year.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this first day of November, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State

1182

** PROCLAMATION. **

"UNIVERSAL BIBLE WEEK".**

N OV. 16. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED

By

DEPUTY

PROCLAMATION

The Bible, almost universally accepted as the Book of Mankind, has been translated, either in full or in part, into over one thousand languages.

In these times of general economic and social unrest, it is well to review the historic record of the development of civilization as portrayed in the Bible. In so doing, we may better realize and recognize that any great civic and social progress of civilization must be predicated on a commensurate spiritual and moral stability of the people.

In an effort to give encouragement and awakening to the furtherance of a world-brotherhood through the greater acceptance of this Supreme Book of Mankind as a rule for daily guidance and standard of living, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Sunday, the 11th day of December, 1938 as "Universal Bible Sunday" in California and urge all the people to join in the observance of this day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this sixteenth day of November, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam

Governor of California

ATTEST:

Frank C. Jordan

Secretary of State

By

Deputy

-- 1107 --

1183

- PROCLAMATION. -

WEEK OF NOV. 20th. AS

' CLIVE WEEK. '

N OV. 16. 1938.

Executive Department

State of California

FILED
in the
OF THE
STATE
OF CALIFORNIA

PROCLAMATION By the Governor

cent of the processed olives which are consumed in this country. Taking into consideration, however, the olives used for processing and canning and those used for the making of olive oil, California produces approximately 7 per cent of the total amount consumed in the United States.

It is therefore well for us to give consideration to the promotion and development of one of California's most important agricultural industries, and especially desirable that in these times of over-production in many lines, that consideration be given to producing a sufficient supply for our home market. California has the soil, climatic conditions, labor and genius to profit in such production. Each year the California olive industry provides over 240,000 working days' employment in harvesting our great olive crop, and an even larger number of working days in canning and processing this crop for the consumer market. This can be increased many times.

In order that we may cooperate in every way possible to assist in promoting this most important California industry, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim the week beginning with the 20th day of November, 1938, as "Olive Week" in California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this sixteenth day of November, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

By:

Deputy

PROCLAMATION.

NOV. 24.th 1938.

N OV . 18 1938.

ENTERED

FILED

in the

Executive Department

State of California

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Thanksgiving Day is, both by origin and by tradition, distinctly an American holiday.

Since the observance of the first Thanksgiving Day, our people have had the opportunity to enjoy more than three hundred harvests that have been plentiful enough to provide sufficient food and substantial enough to give continuity to our civilization. The season of the year in which we gather the products of the soil for the coming year, has always stimulated an appraisal of our work in achievements and is also the time of year in which we take an inventory of our material possessions and spiritual advantages.

In the annual observance of this day may we lend our every effort to the development of a greater interest in and appreciation of the traditions and accomplishments of the American people.

"Gratitude has been regarded by mankind in every age and in every state of society as of the highest obligation."

In view of these sentiments and in an effort to provide an opportunity for each and every one of our citizens to give thanks to God for the blessings of our land, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor of California, do hereby proclaim Thursday, November 24th, 1938 as "Thanksgiving Day" in California and urge all of our people to properly display the flag of the United States of America as evidence of our remembrance and appreciation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this eighteenth day of November, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight.

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:

Secretary of State

1185

** PROCLAMATION.*

"RACE RELATION WEEK".

NOV. 29. 1938.

FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
NOV 29 1938
FRANK C. JORDAN
SECRETARY OF STATE
By
DEPUTY

Executive Department
State of California

PROCLAMATION

All of the great racial groups in the world are represented in the citizenship of the State of California.

In marking this cosmopolitan group and in order to insure the social, cultural and [illegible] well being of all its citizens, it is necessary to develop and maintain a mutually representative and sympathetic attitude among all the people in an effort to resist traditional racial prejudices and, at the same time, eliminate fear and intolerance.

[illegible] of this nature are not solved by mere statutory enactments, decrees of court or military enforcements, but by fostering ideals and principles set forth in the Golden Rule.

In view of these sentiments and in order that we may cooperate in every way possible to achieve all that is good [illegible] in human relationships and understanding, now, therefore, I, Frank F. Merriam, Governor [illegible] do hereby proclaim January, December 4th, [illegible] as "Race Relations Day" in California, and [illegible] churches, civic and fraternal organizations [illegible] arrange programs, the object of which will be to foster better race [illegible] throughout the State.

[illegible], I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this twenty-ninth day of November, A. D., one thousand nine hundred [illegible].

Frank F. Merriam
Governor of California

ATTEST:
Frank C. Jordan
Secretary of State
By
Deputy

State of California
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

I, MARCH FONG EU, Secretary of State of the State of California, hereby certify:

That each of the microphotographic copies of any paper document or record following in this roll of film is a full and correct copy of the original filed in my office, and that each said copies was microphotographed under my direction and control this 12th day of DEC, 1985.

Authority for this microfilm reproduction is Section 1551 of the Evidence Code.

Filmed by:

J. R. Wainscott
Microfilm Tech. II
State Archives



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I execute this certificate and affix the Great Seal of the State of California this 12th day of DEC, 1985.

March Fong Eu

Secretary of State

CALIFORNIA STATE ARCHIVES

Microfilm Processing

TITLE OF WORK

GOVENOR'S PROCLAMATIONS

ROLL NO.

2

C

A

IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-1)

10 PT. ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
1234567890
8 PT. ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890
6 PT ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890

MICRO

150mm

6"

D

B